

NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

February 12, 2024, 6:00 PM

Boardroom, County Administration Building, 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124 - REGULAR MEETING

AGENDA

CALL TO ORDER

INVOCATION and PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL

CONSENT AGENDA

(Matters included here under may be the subject of one motion to approve provided no Board member requests an item to be separated.)

1. Approval of Minutes

- a. October 20, 2023 Budget Retreat Minutes
- b. October 31, 2023 Work Session Minutes
- c. November 15, 2023 Regular Session Minutes
- d. November 28, 2023 Work Session Minutes

2. Miscellaneous

- a. Approval of Easements & Compensation for the Rt 249 Waterline Project
- b. New Development Street Names for Forge Industrial Park, Forge Logistics Building Two
- c. Resolution R-06-24 Street Acceptance Rochambeau Estates, Section 1
- d. Resolution R-07-24 Street Acceptance Rochambeau Estates, Section 2

3. Refunds

- a. REFUND Gault Electric LLC BP#17977-2023 \$91.88
- b. REFUND Gault Electric LLC BP#17849-2023 \$132.38
- c. REFUND Ryan Homes \$427.50
- d. REFUND Real Estate Tax Veteran Exemption \$6,751.24

4. Supplemental Appropriations

a. FY24 Supplemental Appropriations

5. Interdepartmental Budget Transfers

a. FY24 Interdepartmental Budget Transfers

6. Treasurer's Report

a. Treasurer's Report - December 2023

CITIZENS COMMENT PERIOD

RESIDENCY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

Residency Administrator's Report for January 2024

PRESENTATIONS

ITEM 1 Heritage Public Library Update

Public Hearings to be held at 7:00 p.m. or as soon thereafter as possible. Speakers are <u>limited to three minutes each, should come to the podium and state their name and address.</u>

PUBLIC HEARINGS

- ITEM 2 PUBLIC HEARING Ordinance O-09-23(R1), Creating the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development (PUD-01-22) Principal Planner Kelli Le Duc and Applicants
- 1TEM 3 PUBLIC HEARING Application CUP-02-23, Polish Town Solar 1, New Leaf Energy, Inc. and Jonathan Kinney Resolution R-02-24 Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW Solar System (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 276J (GPIN #I-28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County Principal Planner Kelli Le Duc and Applicants
- ITEM 4 PUBLIC HEARING Ordinance O-03-24, Amendments to New Kent County Code Chapter 82, Articles V and VI Environmental Director Josh Airaghi

ELECTED OFFICIALS REPORTS

STAFF REPORTS

OTHER BUSINESS

APPOINTMENTS

Appointments - Delegated by District

Appointments - Not Delegated by District

Appointments - Regional Boards and Commissions

ADJOURNMENT

Adjournment

MEETING SCHEDULE: The next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors will be held at 6:00 p.m. on Monday, March 11, 2024 and the next work session will be held on Tuesday, February 27, 2024, both in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building.

If a meeting cannot be held because of the closing of State and/or County offices, the meeting will be held on the next business day that the County offices are open.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Approval of Minutes

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move	a part of the record		d and that it be made		
(not required for Conse Agenda items)	I move to approve	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record, with the following changes:			
Subject	October 20, 2023 E	Budget Retreat Minutes			
Issue					
Recommendation					
Fiscal Implications	5				
Policy Implications	5				
Legislative History	/				
Discussion					
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:			
	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687		
Copy provided to:					
ATTACHMENTS:					
Description		Type			

Description Type

October 20, 2023 Budget Retreat Minutes (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:38 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 1:47 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:24 AM

A JOINT MEETING WAS HELD BY THE NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AND THE NEW KENT COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD AT 9:00 A.M. ON THE 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE, AT THE PROVIDENCE FORGE RECREATION CENTER, 9900 CARRIAGE ROAD, PROVIDENCE FORGE, VIRGINIA.

IN RE: CALL TO ORDER

Chairman C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. called the meeting to order and welcomed everyone to his last budget retreat. (Mr. Tiller had served for 16 years and was not running for reelection.)

IN RE: ROLL CALL

Thomas W. Evelyn Present
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Present
Patricia A. Paige Present
Ron Stiers Present
John N. Lockwood Present

All members were present.

IN RE: SCHOOL BOARD CALL TO ORDER

School Board Chair Wayne Meade called the School Board meeting to order. Other School Board members present included Kristin D. Swynford and Sarah Grier Barber. School Superintendent Dr. Brian Nichols, Assistant Superintendent of Operations Jonathan Hochman, Chief Administrative Officer Haynie Morgheim and School Board Clerk Johanna Davis were also present.

IN RE: NEW KENT SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT – YEAR END AND CAPITAL

IMPROVEMENTS UPDATE

Copies of the School Board presentation was distributed prior to the meeting. New Kent Superintendent Dr. Brian Nichols noted they had made a lot of progress in partnership with the County. His presentation began with an overview of FY25 Capital requests.

<u>Capital Requests</u> – The list of Capital Improvement requests was broken down into two parts, the first being items needed to continue maintaining and moving forward and the second being a look forward at larger projects to be on the Board's radar. First part projects totaled \$2,210,000 and included:

- A \$100,000 transfer to the General Operating Fund for the digital conversion.
- Five school buses totaling \$720,000. School buses had a 15-year life span and replacing five buses each year would meet requirements of that maintenance plan. The next purchase of five buses would result in all buses being air conditioned. The buses would be GPS enabled and fully equipped with interior/exterior cameras leaving no blind spots.
- \$25,000 for General Roof Maintenance.
- \$25,000 for miscellaneous improvements/equipment and painting.
- High School roof replacement (year 3 of 3) totaling \$495,000.
- Paving Districtwide baseball/softball complex totaling \$80,000.
- School Vehicles (non-bus) maintenance truck with lift gate at \$75,000.
- Districtwide Lighting NKHS LED totaling \$425,000.
- NKHS WIFI network refresh totaling \$160,000.
- New Kent Elementary School playground replacement totaling \$80,000.
- NKHS Theatre upgrade (curtains only) totaling \$25,000.

Projects mentioned in the second part included:

- Athletic upgrades to Ed Allen Stadium and baseball/softball fields including a turf field and track at \$2,000,000, lighting for baseball/softball fields at \$600,000 and new locker rooms/concession stand/ticket booth/storage at \$3,500,000. New Kent was the only school in the division other than Smithfield that was not playing on turf. Nine teams were using this field in the fall and it was not holding up well. Although turf would be a significant investment, maintenance costs would be reduced. PE classes were no longer allowed to use the fields and the limited space available for these classes was causing concern. There had been several instances where games had been called at the baseball/softball fields due to darkness. The lack of lighting was preventing New Kent from hosting regional and state games even though we had State Baseball and Softball Championship teams. New Kent was not able to host regional or state jubilees due to the lack of a regulation soccer/field hockey field. Drawing attention to the locker rooms/concession stand, etc. component, he stated he believed this was a high estimate. He reported there were some safety and security concerns which could be addressed by redoing access points and providing for separation of visitor and home spectators.
- NKMS HVAC replacement project second phase at \$1,500,000. A \$1.2 million grant funded HVAC project was currently in progress to replace the second floor system. The proposed \$1.5 million project would address first and third floor needs.
- Baseball/softball fields cameras totaling \$97,000.
- HS parking lot cameras price to be determined. Some portions of the parking lot currently had camera coverage.

Quinton Elementary School Success - Dr. Nichols announced Quinton Elementary School was now in its second year. This school had opened on time and under budget during a pandemic with almost \$600,000 having been saved. He added this had been accomplished through a great partnership with the County, a little bit of luck and an operations team that had stayed on the project keeping the number of change orders at a minimum.

New Kent Elementary Feasibility - New Kent had received a \$1.7 million school construction grant through the Virginia Department of Education. This and the \$600,000 savings on Quinton Elementary School would be available for the next construction project and the school division felt the next project would be New Kent Elementary. Approximately \$100,000 was currently available in the New Kent Elementary renovation fund and they were also planning to move \$100,000 from the year end set aside funding to this project. This would give them approximately \$2.5 million to start the project. They were currently conducting a feasibility study which included a facility assessment. Stakeholder sessions had included a faculty meeting on August 28th, a community meeting on September 14th and a programming meeting on September 26th. The School Board had received some planning options and budgets and referencing a recent article in the New Kent Charles City Chronicle, he suggested Supervisors may have been shocked to see the sticker price for new construction. Quinton Elementary had been built for \$35 million but the going rate was now \$55-\$58 million. Three planning options provided by Moseley Architects all attempted to address the lack of a secondary access out of the high school, middle school and elementary school properties. There was only one road in and out with 2,700 students and 300 staff on that road at any given time. This issue had been an ongoing conversation with the Sheriff and Fire Chief when discussing the possible need to mass exit these facilities. Preliminary estimates from a renovation to a full new construction ranged from \$43 million to \$60 million. Better numbers would be available once they moved forward with the design process. There were some opportunities for collaboration with New Kent County working on the Historic School and the Schools Board's plans for New Kent Elementary. A part of the Historic School project included the relocation of the School's Maintenance Shop. He said

one of their biggest issues was traffic and with Moseley having both projects, they could look at the total landscape to seek opportunities to connect and collaborate. He also suggested the potential for some cost savings by using the same architect. A presentation to the Board of Supervisors would be scheduled for a date to be determined.

<u>Enrollment Projections</u> – Dr. Nichols provided enrollment outlook information projecting a five-year increase of 489 students. Enrollment projections were as follows:

Year	Enrollment
	Projection
2023-2024	3,448
2024-2025	3,501
2025-2026	3,607
2026-2027	3,697
2027-2028	3,778
2028-2029	3,895
2029-2030	3,990
Five Year	
Growth	489

Current enrollment was 3,448 which did not include 50 or so Pre-K students. He reported Ms. Morgheim had done an incredible job of looking at all factors to project enrollments. These projections were slightly lower than previous numbers which he said may suggest the economy was slowing. These projections also did not take into account new projects which had not started. There continued to be good growth at Quinton Elementary and George Watkins Elementary. Both schools had opened well under enrollment since they knew these service areas were expected to see significant growth. New Kent Elementary, which was expected to see the least amount of growth, currently had about 660 students. Middle school projections were for enrollment to hold under 1,000 for the next five years. There were currently 825 students and capacity would be approximately 950. Enrollment at the high school was 1,100 students and was expected to stay consistent and possibly reach 1,200 in the five year projection. This school could accommodate up to 1,500 students. A five classroom addition had been completed at New Kent Middle School just before he had come to New Kent a little over four years ago and there would be an opportunity for another five to six classroom addition on top of the kitchen area. This was not something they would consider doing in the next year or so but would be an opportunity to expand the life of the school. Mr. Evelyn asked if core facilities would accommodate additional students. Dr. Nichols reported the gym would be the biggest issue but noted the cafeteria was now serving six lunches. They had begun the practice of splitting each class in half during COVID and had found having half the students was a good thing and had continued that. Gym space was already an issue and students were currently using the P&R and middle school gyms. He also noted one opportunity in the New Kent Elementary School project was that if the decision was to build a new school on the same site, there would be an opportunity to leave the existing gym and add an additional gym. This could help address the need for gym space for P&R as well as the schools' needs. Mr. Lockwood noted the middle school projection would be at capacity in five years. He asked what the additional five to six classrooms would do to extend the life of the school. Dr. Nichols reported the addition would give space for an additional 100 to 120 students. Mr. Lockwood asked if that would equate to one to two years. Dr. Nichols confirmed and stated the best time to build a new middle school would be today and indicated he was concerned about the cost in five to six years given that the current market price for a new middle school was \$80 million.

<u>FY25 Operating Budget</u> – Dr. Nichols reported the School Board's budget priorities would be very similar to those of the County. He reviewed a list of considerations including:

- Competitive salaries They would love to be number one and while they did not have to be number one, they did have to be competitive with the region. He said some school divisions were doing interesting things that were making it even harder. Richmond City had offered \$12,000 bonuses and two New Kent staff had taken this offer. Henrico had announced an eight week paid family leave separate from sick leave.
- Growth maintaining class sizes.
- Rising cost of healthcare This continued to be a significant factor and they would continue looking for possible partnership opportunities.
- State funding was unpredictable The FY24 budget that should have been adopted months ago had just been adopted a few weeks earlier. He said an independent study on education funding in Virginia had stated funding for schools was abysmal and completely under-funded and the burden was shifting to localities. He said he was hopeful, although he was reminded that hope was not a strategy, that the independent report given to the General Assembly and the Governor may result in shifting the funding formula and providing state funds to help schools.
- Federal pandemic funding would be expiring in September 30, 2024. They had been good about managing pandemic funding and grant funds to make sure they were still able to operate efficiently once the funded ended. They had been able to complete a number of projects without the use of capital or operating funds.

Next Steps -

- Budget forums with staff Dr. Nichols and Ms. Morgheim would be hosting a half day open house in each workplace to allow staff members to share their thoughts and ideas. They had started this the previous year with over 100 individuals participating and they had tried to make their budget requests reflect that voice.
- Finalizing CIP requests To be presented to the School Board in November.
- Presentation on renovation options for New Kent Elementary School to the Board of Supervisors.
- Budget review with the Board of Supervisors. There would be many opportunities such as this to meet and discuss early to facilitate a smooth and effective budget process.

Dr. Nichols noted that was the end of their presentation and he entertained questions and comments.

Mr. Lockwood congratulated the School Board and Dr. Nichols on the awards New Kent Schools were receiving. He said they made a great team and thanked them for all they had done. Dr. Nichols expressed appreciation for the comments and noted any award received was for all of New Kent County and that was why they used the "Team New Kent" phrase. He stressed the importance of the partnership between the two boards and specifically thanked County Administrator Rodney Hathaway.

Mr. Evelyn concurred and said he was hopeful the partnership could continue for the next four years. Referencing the New Kent Elementary project, he asked how students would be managed if the decision was to renovate. Dr. Nichols said that was a part of why a renovation would be so expensive. For continuity of operations and because there wasn't enough space to move 600 students between the other schools, it would be necessary to have a phased renovation over multiple years. This would also require the rental of trailers estimated at \$2 to \$3 million. He also noted all three proposed options would remove the old tennis courts and help address the need to get traffic off Rt. 249.

Mr. Meade noted this would also be his last budget retreat and said it had been a pleasure to serve for the past four years with the School Board and the Board of Supervisors, Mr. Hathaway and staff. The experience had been completely enlightening and eye opening even though all of his daughters had gone through New Kent County Public Schools and he and his wife had been involved for many years. The experience had put a light on the excellence the school division was bringing to the community/state and it spoke volumes when continually being reminded that New Kent Schools were in the bottom five for per pupil funding while also being nominated as one of the best run school divisions in Virginia. He also noted Dr. Nichols was on the "Most Watched List" of Superintendents in the United States. He said that this showed New Kent was probably the most efficiently run school division within a 100 mile radius. They worked to be good stewards in all they were doing. He also said he did not believe there had ever been a construction project of the magnitude of Quinton Elementary in the history of New Kent that had been completed on time and under budget. This told him that when you put the right people in the right place, meaning the School Board, the Board of Supervisors and the administration, things were done efficiently and effectively. He said this spoke to the integrity and excellence of what happens when you have synergy among boards.

Drawing attention to the capital expenditures shared by Dr. Nichols, he said the School Board understood the County could not fund everything and suggested that as New Kent continued to grow, surrounding communities would be looking at the County's long term investment in education. He suggested that when comparing per pupil spending to the state average and other localities, a \$4 to \$5 million investment in capital projects to bring the division to the 21st century was a small investment based on the return. Those looking to New Kent for economic development would also be looking at the excellence of the school division where they would be sending their children. He understood no one wanted to raise taxes and stressed the need to maintain the current level of excellence in schools, but noted economic growth alone could not fund school divisions and keep them competitive in the area of health care. They understood they could never catch up with Henrico and Charles City but they were asking that they be able to be competitive. He said the New Kent school division was about 98% staffed where counterparts in Henrico, Chesterfield and James City County were lucky to be 80% staffed. He knew all departments in the County needed things and he didn't know how much would be enough. He felt needs of today should be addressed today and not put off thinking there would be more revenue. He hoped that as the Board considered the CIP requests that they would think not only about the needs of today but also the future. He also felt residents would be doing themselves a grave injustice if they did not reelect the people sitting at the table. He suggested that if the County wanted to see the progress needed to be efficient, effective and to continue to be good stewards, it would be the people sitting in this room that would make it happen. He stressed that New Kent did not have four years for people to get on the job training to learn how the County worked. Even though he would no longer be on the Board, his goal was to support both boards in a way that would continue to promote synergy. He thanked the Board, Mr. Hathaway, Dr. Nichols and his staff for the last four years of working together.

Mr. Meade said being a School Board member was much more than just being on a board and the relationships went deeper than sitting at several meetings a month. The family atmosphere helped get things done because they trusted each other enough to tell each other the truth, to have the hard conversations and to come to the table with compromises. He said this was not the time to change what had been started and they needed to make sure they could move forward as boards to get things done. Addressing the Supervisors, Mr. Meade stated it was a joy to work with boards but noted he would not have said that four years ago. He was not a politician but if this was what politics looked like, he was willing to do it long-term. This was about relationships rather than politics and when

relationships were put over politics, things could be accomplished in a way that respected one another and moved a county forward. He said the County still had a long way to go but because of the relationships, was a lot better today than four years ago. He thanked the Supervisors and Mr. Hathaway for the relationships with Dr. Nichols and School Board staff.

Ms. Barber expressed appreciation for Mr. Meade's comments and said they spoke volumes about where they were today. Referencing Quinton Elementary and the collaboration that had facilitated the success of that project, she noted they would need to go through the same difficult decisions again, meeting needs, working with the County budget and making decisions about the timeline for the next project. She reminded the group that they could work through all of this and be successful again just as they had with Quinton Elementary. She thanked Supervisors for all they were doing in collaboration with the School Board.

Mr. Stiers said he was really going to miss Mr. Meade. He reported he had said from the day Mr. Meade had taken office, "there's the man with a voice of common sense" and he had appreciated that.

Ms. Swynford said being here was bittersweet and noted she had been serving for eight years and would miss the people. She had learned a lot and hoped she had contributed in meaningful ways. She noted there was a lot going on in schools, some things you could control and others you could not, and it was very complicated. She thanked Dr. Nichols and his team for everything they were doing for students and teachers. To the Supervisors she said it was about the relationships they had built and she was grateful for their partnership, she trusted them and knew they had the needs of the County at heart. She wished everyone running for reelection well and noted she was looking forward to the future and was very grateful and humble to have been able to work with them. To Mr. Hathaway, she said he was an amazing administrator and she respected him and his team immensely. She was proud to be a citizen of New Kent and would miss her fellow Board members but would continue to watch them as they continued to do good things in their roles.

Mr. Evelyn said he had enjoyed working with his School Board counterpart, Wayne Meade. Mr. Meade had been the most passionate of seven School Board members representing his district during his years of service as a Supervisor. He congratulated him on the success of his term and said he was looking forward to continuing to work with him in the County.

Mr. Tiller thanked the School Board and staff for attending and expressed appreciation for their presentation, comments and hard work.

The School Boad adjourned their meeting at 9:50 a.m. Mr. Tiller called for a brief recess at 9:50 a.m. The meeting reconvened at 10:03 a.m.

IN RE: FY25 BUDGET DISCUSSION WITH DEPARTMENTS

Each department was given five minutes to discuss budget priorities for FY25. Mr. Tiller said County Administrator Rodney Hathaway would call departments to make their presentations and Public Information Specialist Krista Eutsey would be operating the timer. He turned the floor over to Mr. Hathaway. Mr. Hathaway indicated departments would present goals and objectives for FY24-25 budget planning.

<u>Administration</u> – Mr. Hathaway began his presentation with a review of accomplishments which included:

- Shared Cost of Health Insurance Increase The County had experienced a significant increase in premiums which had been driven by claims. A portion of the increase had been passed on to staff.
- Holiday Bonuses
- Cost of Living and Years of Service Salary Increases
- Appropriated Additional Funding for a New Animal Shelter The procurement process was well underway and staff would soon be selecting a contractor.
- Appropriated Funding for Fire Station 6 and Apparatus
- Broadband Project Over 400 connections A celebration recognizing the success of the project had been held earlier in the week. The project was on schedule to be completed by the end of 2026. All unserved residents would have access by the end of 2024. Cox had indicated this was a pilot project, was their biggest project and they had never gone into an area to serve the entire community with fiber to the home. Mr. Lockwood said he had heard an overwhelming majority of connections were in District 5. Mr. Hathaway confirmed and added that Cox had also started connections in Talleysville.
- Lighting at Pine Fork Park A contract had been signed and the project was to be completed by the end of February in time for the spring sports season.
- Emergency Radio System Update
- Elimination of Bottoms Bridge Ad Valorem Tax This had been a goal for several years.
- No Tax Increase All of these accomplishments had been achieved without a tax increase and the real estate rate had held at \$0.67 per \$100.

FY25 Operating Budget Priorities – The focus would be on the following:

- Personal Property Tax Rate Adjustment The General Assembly had authorized localities
 to set a different tax rate for vehicles other than campers, boats and trailers. He
 believed this authorization would expire next year and the Board would have some
 decisions to make. Would they want to decrease the rate for campers, boats and
 trailers to that of vehicles, raise vehicles, and reduce campers, boats and trailers to
 meet in the middle or raise vehicles to the current rate for campers, boats and trailers?
- Rising Cost of Health Insurance Last year had been tough and he wished he could say
 he expected this year to be better. He reported this year's claim history was not good
 and it would impact rates. They were actively looking at other health insurance options.
 They had worked with the schools to look at possibly joining their health insurance plan
 but the numbers did not make sense for the County. No savings would have been seen
 and the rates were projected to continually increase.
- Competitive Salaries This would be key to recruiting and retaining good employees.
- Staffing There were a number of departments with significant staffing needs which would be given a hard look during the budget process.
- Technology/Cybersecurity New Kent had learned a lot from the cybersecurity incident earlier in the year. Planned software upgrades would make the system more secure.
- Set Aside for Future Debt Service of Capital Projects Referencing big ticket projects totaling \$140 million mentioned earlier by the schools, he noted the County would need to begin planning now. They would be looking for the capability to begin setting aside revenues to cover future debt service.

<u>FY25 Capital Budget Priorities</u> – The focus would be on the following:

- Parking Lot Paving at Administrative Complex General Services Director Rick Stewart would be sharing more on this project.
- Additional Funding for Animal Shelter & Fire Station 6
- Set Aside for Future Capital Projects
- Pamunkey River Withdrawal Easement Acquisition and Withdrawal Infrastructure This
 would be a huge project for the County. He believed ground water withdrawal would be
 one of the top issues to be faced in FY25 and thereafter. The draft DEQ (Department of

Environmental Quality) permit for groundwater withdrawal being considered would have the County reaching capacity in three to five years. This would mean the County would not be able to accommodate another new customer. In year twelve, the capacity would be cut by approximately a third and in year fifteen, the capacity would be further reduced. Not only was the DEQ not willing to give the County the water needed for the future, they were proposing to cut consumption and by doing so, working to force the County off ground water. Public Utilities Director Mike Lang was working hard on this and was talking with neighboring localities regarding options for purchasing water as well as pursuing the surface water withdrawal from the Pamunkey. Water would be a huge issue and he suggested the possibility of having to say no to some developments because of water. Mr. Lang would have more to report.

Future Capital Projects

•	New Kent Elementary School	\$60,000,000
•	New Kent Middle School	\$80,000,000
•	New Kent Administration Building	\$45,000,000
•	Fire Station #2 Replacement	\$7,000,000
•	Courthouse Expansion	\$10,000,000
•	Additional Funding For Historical School Renovation	\$6,000,000
	TOTAL	\$208,000,000

He reported if the total \$208,000,000 was borrowed for 30 years, annual debt service would be \$15,110,974 which would equate to a \$0.37 increase on the real estate tax rate. Annual debt service on new school projects alone would equate to a \$0.25 increase on the rate. This was the worst case scenario and they could be creative and use an out of the box approach with financing. He again stressed the importance of planning for these projects.

FY25 Issues

- Ground Water Withdrawals
- Re-write of Development Ordinances
- Financial Plan for Future Capital Needs
- I-64 Exit 211 Reconstruction

<u>Sheriff's Office</u> – Sheriff Joe McLaughlin said this would also be his last budget meeting and he was happy/sorry for that. He thanked the Board for all they had done for the Sheriff's Office and for their support of him personally. He said they had created and provided their CIP request to Financial Services and he would turn the floor over to future Sheriff, current Chief Deputy Lee Bailey for the presentation.

Operating Budget – Chief Deputy Bailey reported on several personnel priorities including:

- Career Development Program This program had originally been approved but had been taken off the table when COVID hit. They would be asking for its reinstatement.
- Decompression Funding There were currently personnel with years of experience who
 were making just above the starting salary. As starting salaries continued to increase,
 salaries for employees with service remained just above starting levels.
- Pay Plan They would like to have a pay plan with pay bands/ranges to compensate for experience/training/service and merit. He said employees needed to be able to see what they could expect to make from year to year. Having this in place would help with recruiting officers from other jurisdictions. A calculator similar to what was being used by Chesterfield (.765%) would be used to determine where an employee would fall on the pay plan. A recruit with 20 years of experience in another jurisdiction would fall on the 15 year mark on our plan for starting salary. Someone coming to New Kent today with 15 years of experience would be within \$2,000 of the current starting salary. This

did not make New Kent competitive with surrounding jurisdictions. He stated he understood they would not make salaries paid in larger jurisdictions but they did have to stay within reasonable proximity. Officers with an opportunity to work in New Kent would rather be here than some other locality but noted an officer with eight to ten years with New Kent could make \$15,000 to \$18,000 more a year without overtime.

- Additional Officers Requesting fourteen new positions including:
 - Communications four additional positions to allow for four on each shift. There
 were currently five vacancies. He said staffing communications seemed to be the
 biggest hurdle around the state and reported a neighboring locality had pulled
 sixteen officers out of patrol to cover dispatch.
 - Patrol six additional officers. There were currently no vacancies. Growth in the County as well as the I-64 expansion would increase the burden on existing resources. State Police shortages were resulting in the need for local law enforcement to respond to crashes that would normally be handled by State Police.
 - Courts two additional court/civil process deputies. The number of court cases was expected to continue increasing and there were currently no vacancies.
 - Investigations one additional officer. Investigations was overwhelmed with drugs, child pornography, sexual assaults and sexual abuse cases which were very complex with some requiring months of investigation. There were currently no vacancies.
 - SRO (School Resource Officer) one additional officer. There was currently one
 vacancy and they were asking for an additional position to be assigned to the high
 school to float as needed among other schools.

Chief Deputy Bailey reported the per diem cost for confinement at the Henrico Jail would increase to \$66 per inmate effective January 1, 2024. Although this was a big increase, it was still well below the per diem rates for the region and state. Referencing the request for additional court officers, Sheriff McLaughlin reported indictments had doubled over the past year resulting in more court days, more transports, more incarcerations and many more hours of investigation.

<u>Capital Budget</u> - Chief Deputy Bailey reviewed capital requests including:

- Ongoing vehicle replacements were becoming more difficult. He reported they were finding an eight to twelve month turnaround from the time a vehicle was ordered to receipt. They were also having issues with vehicle repairs and he reported his vehicle had been in the shop for almost a month and another vehicle had been in the shop a little longer waiting on parts. He also noted that as the number of officers increased, they would also need to add to the number of replacement vehicles in the rotation.
- Ongoing County scheduled computer replacements.
- Two additional consoles for dispatch and associated software licensing.
- Radar Feedback Trailers with Message Capabilities Additional trailers would give the Sheriff's Office the ability to position trailers in key locations with messages being set remotely. These trailers could be used for diverting traffic during the I-64 expansion as well as County events such as Grand Illumination or the Independence Day Celebration. They could also be used by Fire-Rescue as needed.
- Community Officer Safety Vehicle The types of incidents were getting more involved and with many carrying a weapon, the unknown of whether a weapon was involved was becoming more of an issue. The sense of lawlessness, speeds seen on highways and people running were a constant issue. This vehicle would allow officers to get closer to an officer or a citizen in a barricade situation as well as allow for the retrieval of an injured officer. He said they would research possible grant funding for this type of purchase and they were also considering the possibility of a used vehicle. Sheriff McLaughlin reported the company providing these vehicles had inhouse grants and were willing to work with the County. He stated it would cost the County more to have one

officer or one citizen killed and not have provided the ultimate protection possible than it would cost to buy the vehicle. Chief Deputy Bailey also reported the State Police had this equipment but they were currently almost 400 officers short and getting a State Police team assembled and to New Kent could take hours. He also reported the State Police were considering disbanding some specialized units due to trooper shortage. He stressed the importance of New Kent being able to rely on its own tactical team rather than another jurisdiction that may or may not be available.

Sheriff McLaughlin expressed appreciation to the Board and to the citizens of New Kent. He said "I feel like I've been blessed to serve with you and for you for the last 42 years and particularly the last eight serving as your Sheriff." He stated elections were coming up and not everything needed to change. He added that the Sheriff would be changing and that would be enough. Mr. Evelyn thanked him for everything he had done for the County over his years of service. These comments were followed by a round of applause.

Commissioner of Revenue - Commissioner of Revenue Laura Ecimovic and Business Tax Director Shannon Micali were representing the department. Ms. Ecimovic reported her department was in the middle of a general reassessment that would be effective January 1, 2024. She did not have any updates at this time but indicated that given the real estate market, the overall reassessment was expected to be significant. She also noted there would be significant increases in a few neighborhoods that had previously been depressed and suggested a few Supervisors may experience constituents with a little more angst over the reassessment. She specifically mentioned the Brickshire community and noted lots that had once been selling for only \$5,000 were now selling at \$75,000 to \$150,000 which was a significant change for the community. On the positive side, this would be good for those with upside down mortgages; their equity would be restored and those who had wanted to sell would be able to do so and move on. In regards to personal property, she noted the "Big Three" auto manufacturers were on strike and the longer the strike lasted, the greater the possibility of issues with supply and demand. She reported J.D. Power (used for vehicle valuations) was not indicating that they believed prices would go to pre-pandemic. She suggested if the strike continued, used car prices would continue to be driven up. January 1, 2024 rates would be set in the last quarter of 2023 and she was concerned about where personal property rates would be going. Referencing Mr. Hathaway's earlier comments about the General Assembly allowing different rates for vehicles, she reported this past General Assembly had removed the sunset clause and it appeared they would be making the option for multiple rates permanent but noted rates could not be higher than the general rate which was currently \$3.75 in New Kent. She noted the County could continue to make adjustments to personal property in reflection to vehicle values and the Board could consider enacting a percentage of assessment with keeping the set rate. She reported her department could not assess a percentage of value and was required to assess at 100%. They were currently using the lowest value available from J. D. Power.

In summary, they expected cars and real estate to increase. This would result in a lower rate to produce the same level of revenue for real estate. She reported her office was currently processing more transfers than the City of Richmond. One staff member was responsible for entering each transfer in triplicate but she expected some of the multiple entries would be alleviated by the purchase of new software. The department had not felt the assessment software offered by Tyler Munis would meet their needs and as a result they had not upgraded when much of the County had. Transfers were currently entered into three systems and the new software would provide the ability to enter the information into one system and then update the other two systems. She noted that as much as she would like to request additional positions, there was no available room. She closed by noting she

would have more information regarding assessments as they got further into December or the beginning of the year. She thanked the Board for their time.

Commonwealth's Attorney - Commonwealth's Attorney T. Scott Renick reported the good news was that New Kent was the fastest growing County in Virginia but the bad news was that New Kent was the fastest growing County in Virginia. He said that with growth also came additional responsibilities and noted the numbers were through the roof. He reported when he had first become Commonwealth's Attorney four years ago, General District Court had been in session five days a month, Juvenile Court two days a month and Circuit Court two days a month. General District Court was now in session ten days a month, Juvenile Court ten days a month and Circuit Court three days a month. He reported serious charges came through Grand Jury indictments. Previous Commonwealth's Attorney, Linwood Gregory had reported an average of 138 indictments a year over the last ten years of his service. Mr. Renick reported there had been 368 indictments in New Kent the previous year alone. There was a great deal more work and the case load and responsibilities for the Sheriff's Office and Commonwealth's Attorney Office continued to grow. He had recently heard that a second Circuit Court Judge may be added to the 9th District to address some of the load. There was currently one Circuit Court Judge for four counties. If a second judge was added, one judge may cover Charles City and New Kent and the other judge cover King William and King and Queen. Current staffing was one full time assistant and one part time assistant and he noted another staff member was needed. He further noted he didn't know where he could put an additional staff member given the current space. The part time assistant was currently working out of the file room. He hated to use the word "trailer" but noted they would have to find some way to get more space for the Commonwealth's Attorney's Office. Another serious issue was security. He reported that in all neighboring localities, the Commonwealth's Attorney's Office was a separate secured facility with access gained only by passing through a secured check point and then being "buzzed" into the office. Here in New Kent, the Commonwealth's Attorney and staff were in the hall with other employees. He reported that during a recent Juvenile Court session, he had walked from the courtroom to his office and had passed three individuals he had put in jail the previous year. He noted this could potentially be a problem for him or one of his staff members. A short-term request would be a more secure layout in the Commonwealth's Attorney's Office and a long-term request would be for an additional staff member and space to accommodate that staff member. He reported he was currently one Assistant Commonwealth's Attorney down and was in the process of trying to fill the position. He said there were three Assistant positions and one had left for a position paying significantly more in King William County. He thanked the Board for their time.

Mr. Hathaway reported one option being considered was approaching Jon Kinney about the possibility of purchasing the small field near the T-ball fields and the existing Courthouse. He felt this property would allow for an addition to the facility.

<u>Treasurer</u> – Treasurer Charles Evelyn reported everything in the Treasurer's Office was going pretty well. The department's only CIP request would be computer replacements which were due in about three years. He also noted the workload was getting heavier as the population increased and although he would need another staff person in a couple of years, he was also out of space. The Treasurer's Office was also working on several software upgrades one of which was a replacement for Bright previously mentioned by the Commissioner and a new payment portal for the Utility Office. He entertained questions.

<u>County Attorney</u> – <u>Capital Budget</u> - County Attorney Joshua Everard reported his department of two employees would have no capital requests.

Operating Budget – The FY24 budget in regard to salary and benefits had been based on educated guesses and since the County Attorney and Paralegal positions were filled, FY25 would be based on actual numbers. He was expecting those numbers to be lower than the previous year. There was no need for any additional employees but if there was a need, there was no space. He had no data for other operating expenses and would most likely ask for the FY24 budget amounts again in FY25. His office was currently providing services for all departments and Constitutional Officers with the exception of the Economic Development Authority and the litigation of abuse and neglect cases for the Department of Social Services. He had spoken with these two departments and they were pleased with the services currently provided. (These departments/agencies were represented by Hefty, Wiley & Gore P.C.) Mr. Everard said if the Board would like to reshuffle these representations, he could work on that in the future. He entertained questions.

Fire-Rescue - Fire Chief Rick Opett reported his department had unfortunately been trending on social media over the past few months in a way that had him both disappointed and disgusted. He said it seemed some new candidates challenging Board members in the upcoming election were "hijacking" public safety in their campaigns and using them as a spring board to pull at heart strings in an effort to get votes. He felt they had "weaponized" social media in an effort to instill fear in the community and battling this for the past few months had taken him away from his usual daily duties. These individuals were failing to recognize the relationship developed over the past ten and a half years and the general understanding of the public safety needs as the County grew. He stated that "at no point did I or any of my staff ever pressure this Board to get the things we feel that we needed." He expressed appreciation for the relationship and the support. He said that because of what had been done in the past ten and a half years, this Board and the previous Board had saved lives. He reported response times had been 30 to 40 minutes when he had first come to New Kent and were now eight minutes. It was difficult to combat social media and give a true account of what had been done but he felt the support and the funds made available had been incredible. Because of this relationship, he felt the Board knew their needs.

<u>Capital Needs</u> - He reported Station 2 would be the next area of focus. Station 2 was not a County facility and noted there were many structural needs including issues with the roof. Because this building was not County owned, he suggested the County should not be investing in the building. Referencing Mr. Hathaway's earlier comments suggesting approximately \$7 million would be needed to replace the existing station, Chief Opett said he felt a smaller station would be sufficient. They had run models and felt the current location of an old home near G. W. Watkins School that was owned by the County and currently used for training purposes could be a good location for a smaller substation facility. This station could help address some of the growth in the Rt. 106 corridor, Bottoms Bridge and the Talleysville area. He suggested the cost would be more in the \$4.9 to \$5 million range. He also noted ambulance replacement was an issue with early order placement being necessary in order to get equipment in a timely manner.

Operating Budget – Increases in operations would be needed to staff new Station 6 as well as upstaff Stations 2 and 4. He also noted compression issues previously mentioned by the Sheriff's Office were also a big issue in Fire-Rescue. In closing, he said that because of the open communication between the Board and his office, they knew the needs going forward. He expressed appreciation to Mr. Tiller and said he had been a "fabulous advocate for public safety" and would be missed. He noted Mr. Tiller had been one of their biggest advocates and he had appreciated that. Mr. Tiller noted it had been his pleasure. Referencing Chief Opett's comments regarding a smaller substation, he asked if this would be a station with fewer staff members. Chief Opett confirmed and suggested it would include an engine company and medic. He distributed an architect's rendering of the possible replacement

station. Mr. Hathaway asked if the plan would be to keep existing equipment at current Station 2 or move it to a new station. Chief Opett reported equipment and staff would leave the existing Station 2 leaving that station to the volunteers for their uses. Mr. Evelyn asked if he was referring to community events. Chief Opett agreed and specifically mentioned Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners. Mr. Tiller asked if the picture was a smaller version station. Chief Opett confirmed and noted this was a 5,500 sq. ft. station vs. 10,000 sq. ft. Mr. Stiers asked when the next opportunity would be to apply for a SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response) grant. Chief Opett reported SAFER grant opportunities were usually announced in December with a February submittal date.

Mr. Tiller thanked Chief Opett for his report and for his service over the past ten and a half years and added that the County had come a long way.

<u>Financial Services</u> - Financial Services Assistant Director Andrea Gardner reported Director Rebecca Guthrie was unfortunately not able to attend due to a family emergency. Ms. Gardner reported today was the last day of the audit. The department would be requesting the conversion of a current part time position to full time. Making this position full time would assist with the distribution of support staff duties as well as some of the functions Ms. Guthrie was currently addressing. She said making this position full time would be the only request other than the usual operational supplies. She entertained questions.

<u>Airport</u> - <u>Operating Budget</u> - Airport Manager Duane Goss reported the Airport's FY25 budget would remain somewhat stable/flat with no significant changes in operating costs.

Capital Budget - Mr. Goss said he had one capital request and reported there was a great opportunity of which he was hopeful the County would take advantage. He said constructing additional hangars at the Airport to support economic growth and development had been an Airport goal for a number of years. An opportunity to begin working toward this goal was available and he would be requesting funds to support the design phase for site prep. He reported Congress had passed infrastructure legislation in November 2021 which would benefit all airports with federal funding available over a five year period. New Kent would be eligible for approximately \$800,000 to apply to the construction of additional hangars. Actual construction would most likely not come until FY27 but this was the time to begin moving forward with the FAA's (Federal Aviation Administration) blessing. Mr. Goss also reported that during the COVID years, all airports had been offered three different relief/rescue grants. New Kent had taken advantage of these opportunities which had resulted in \$75,000 to apply toward this project. The goal was to leverage the \$75,000 as local funds to maximize state and federal funds. \$75,000 in local funds would support a state-funded project of \$375,000 or a federally-funded project of \$3,750,000. He stressed the importance of leveraging local funding to maximize state and federal funding through grants. He would be meeting with FAA, Delta Airport Consulting and Department of Aviation representatives in November to discuss additional sources of funding in the form of grants as they approached FY27. He had shared this information with Mr. Hathaway and there would be more discussions to come.

Mr. Hathaway said he had big plans for the Airport and ultimately his goal was to make the Airport a self-sufficient operation. They were almost there and the additional hangar space would bring in more lease revenue as well as result in more fuel sales which would bring the Airport that much closer to self-sufficiency. He felt they had a great opportunity and a good vision for the Airport and the possibility of acquiring additional land was being considered. Mr. Tiller asked if the Airport would still be eligible for state and federal funding if it became self-sufficient. Mr. Hathaway confirmed it would. Mr. Stiers asked how many people were on the waiting list for hangars. Mr. Goss reported having a list of at least 45 individuals and

said there was a deficit of available general aviation aircraft hangars in the state. He also reported out of state wealthy individuals were flying into New Kent to support Rosie's, thoroughbred racing and local golf courses and he felt the outlook was very positive.

General Services - Operating Budget - General Services Director Rick Stewart reported the department had worked diligently since his arrival in 2020 to improve facility conditions and critical equipment reliability. Referencing earlier comments regarding the Courthouse, he reported the department had been able to defer a \$3 million plus contract for Courthouse HVAC replacement. The system had been problematic with frequent service calls and Circuit Court Judge B. Elliott Bondurant and other occupants were not pleased with the situation. This had been accomplished by spending \$200,000 and doing the work inhouse which he felt was quite an accomplishment. Mr. Hathaway reported New Kent University had been in the Courthouse the previous night and Circuit Court Clerk Amy Crump had said she had never thought she would need to wear two sweaters in the courtroom. Mr. Stewart thanked him for that comment and stated he hoped that was a demonstration of their stewardship and he was appreciative of the trust placed in the department.

<u>Capital Budget</u> – One of the biggest needs in refuse and recycling was in the western end of the County. There were frequent closures of the Rt. 612/Airport Road site due to capacity issues and volume at that site was almost matching that of the main Rt. 618 site. The Board had appropriated funds the previous year for the purchase of land and they would be asking for \$1.8 million to move forward with construction. \$430,000 was also being requested for the replacement of paved surfaces at the Administration Building, Courthouse, Sheriff's Office and RCC/Bridging Communities parking and bus areas. Another \$42,000 would be requested to replace all HVAC systems at the five public safety communications equipment shelters. These systems were fifteen or more years old and were considered critical equipment.

The department was doing more with less and he would be requesting two additional staff members including one in maintenance and the other in grounds. He asked the Board to consider how the County was growing and reported the department had been impacted by considerable increases in square footage, equipment and acreage during that time with no increases in manpower. Some of the additional workload included maintenance and repair of 14 commercial generators and associated transfer equipment, five life-safety radio communications shelters, Pine Fork Park, groundskeeping and grass cutting for all fire rescue stations/sites and the 200+ acre Makemie Woods property which also included a burial site. The department currently had only one maintenance man, one helper and one grounds man. He thanked the Board for their time and entertained questions.

Mr. Tiller reported he was receiving many complaints about the Rt. 612 refuse site. He had watched the changing out of containers at the site and suggested there should be a more efficient way. He said there was a lot of back and forth and suggested it was like a circus. Mr. Stewart agreed and noted they were at the mercy of the vendors. A new contract was in place and they were pushing them hard to live up to the terms and conditions of the agreement. They had not been living up to the terms to provide spare compactor cans and recycling containers at the site. If they would do this, a new container could be moved into service without having to drive the existing container to the landfill for dumping and then drive it back to the site. He said the contractor had not held up their end of the bargain to date and they would be pressing them to do so moving forward. Mr. Tiller asked if the new site would have more compactors. Mr. Stewart confirmed and reported plans were for three compactors and three open top containers.

Mr. Evelyn asked for any update on the new containers with the taller drop in points. Mr. Stewart reported he had not received any additional citizen usage complaints at sites with the taller containers. They had stopped the installation but unfortunately, given the regulations, there wasn't much leverage to be able to push back against the supplier. Staff had been asked to be more hospitable and attentive to the citizens and he felt the complaints had waned as a result. Citizens knew staff was there to help.

Environmental - Environmental Director Josh Airaghi thanked the Board for not only hearing the space needs reported the previous year but for also taking action to make it happen. He said the new space would allow for departmental growth in both Environmental and Building, spacing of existing employees and ultimately more efficient streamlined customer service. The intent would be for the departments to share the new space with administration moving into new spaces and providing additional space for inspectors. Department budget requests for FY25 would revolve around outfitting the new space.

<u>Capital Budget</u> – There would be no vehicle requests and no computers were scheduled for replacement. Requests would include a color printer capable of printing 11×17 pages for citizens and taking into the field. This would leave existing printers for inspector use and cut down on the back and forth between administration and inspector areas. This would also eliminate interrupting the Planning Department to use their printer.

Operating – Environmental would be coordinating with Building to outfit the new office space. They would need two administrative/front desks to replace existing built in units, a conference table with chairs, lobby table and chairs for customers to fill out applications and additional miscellaneous items. He said current staffing numbers were good. Plans were to have the two front desk staff members positioned side by side in the new space and there had been preliminary discussions regarding cross training these individuals. This would alleviate the need to hire an additional front desk staff member and save the County in the long run. He suggested this would require pay adjustments since it would include additional duties beyond what the individuals had been hired to perform. He thanked the Board for their time and entertained questions.

Mr. Stiers indicated he would be okay with the furniture purchases but noted the last time he recalled someone needing a desk, the price had been \$6,000. Mr. Airaghi assured him the cost would not be \$6,000.

<u>Information Technology</u> – <u>Capital Budget</u> - Chief Technology Director Jonathan Stanger reported capital requests would include previously scheduled equipment replacements.

<u>Operating Budget</u> – There would be significant increases in operating requests in FY25 to support cyber security. Some cyber security measures taken this year and paid from the capital budget would require ongoing annual operating expenditures. The department would try to keep costs as low as possible but there were some security measures taken in the past four months that would need to be maintained into the future.

Mr. Hathaway thanked the Board for their FY24 budget approval of the purchase of CrowdStrike software. He reported this software had identified a cyber threat quickly and as a result, the threat had been contained preventing much of the possible damage. He stressed the importance of the County continuing those investments. Mr. Evelyn said he knew this threat had affected the whole County and he appreciated all County staff and especially the IT Department for working through the process.

Public Utilities – Public Utilities Director Mike Lang reviewed a list of goals and objectives for FY25. He reported costs were up, water and sewer flows were up, the number of customers was increasing and regulations were tightening.

Capital Budget – They continued working toward the provision of an alternative water supply to offset groundwater restriction. A priority project was in the works to complete work in the Pamunkey River bed before the end of 2026. They would also be seeking to acquire land for the river intake and to perform the required cultural resources surveys. Plans were to present the Board with three options for water supply alternatives by the end of calendar year 2024. Those options would include a purchase from Henrico, a Countyowned and operated river withdrawal from the Pamunkey River and an unsolicited PPEA (Public-Private Education and Infrastructure Act of 2002) proposal from Aqua Virginia for them to construct and sell the County finished water. Plans were to bring these options with costs, benefits, pros and cons in order to make the best short-term and long-term decisions. Mr. Evelyn asked if other localities were receiving this level of pressure to get off ground water. He asked Mr. Lang if he believed the State would stop someone from connecting to the water. Mr. Lang said there were two issues to consider. The first being the operational capacity - how much water could physically be pumped and distributed before there were too many users and the other being the ground water permit issue with the DEQ (Department of Environmental Quality) saying New Kent needed to use less water and New Kent saying we're the fastest growing county in Virginia. They were working with a legal advisor who worked closely with the regulators in Richmond. He said they would not turn the water off but the County could get backed into a corner where there would be limited options. He wanted to be sure the County knew its options before getting backed into that corner. Mr. Hathaway asked Mr. Lang if he would say New Kent was a little unique because of its position to the aquifer and the fall line. Mr. Lang agreed and noted withdrawers farther east had been hit fifteen years ago with these cuts. DEO was trying to minimize the use of groundwater in the Virginia Coastal Plain.

Capital requests would also include infrastructure improvements to meet projected demand and prepare for an alternate water supply. This would involve more work on putting together a central water system that would make distribution of an alternate water supply possible. He believed an excellent water model and forecast had been prepared for the next twenty years by Dewberry Engineers. Dewberry had laid out the project, timeline and the estimated cost based on proposals in hand. The Route 249 waterline would be the next big part of the project. They were currently in the easement acquisition phase and just a few weeks out from contacting property owners with easement valuations. They were also looking at an elevated storage tank to mitigate low pressure issues in the Brickshire area. Wrapping up improvements to the County's small water systems, he reported there were some punch list items remaining at Sherwood Estates and Whitehouse Farms. The contractor had been given to the end of the month to address these items. Plans were to move forward with significant improvements to the Colonies water system.

Capital requests on the sewer side of operations would include a Talleysville trash grinder and removal system. A new grinder would also be installed at Clint Lane to address an increasing amount of garbage being flushed down the sewer. Preliminary engineering was also planned for sewer pump stations that had reached the end of its useful life. He reported most of these stations were in Brickshire. The sludge handling project at the Parham Landing Wastewater Treatment Plant was moving forward. The design was being finalized with construction expected to begin in July 2024. This would be a big capital project but would create a substantial savings in sludge hauling and disposal costs to Henrico County. He also reported Henrico had limited New Kent's volume and the County was now going to HRSD (Hampton Roads Sanitation District) which was a longer trip with

higher hauling costs and disposal fees. The volume of liquid sludge was becoming unmanageable to haul by truck so it was becoming increasingly necessary to dry the sludge here and then haul it. He also said it would be a much more valuable commodity as dried fertilizer than as liquid sludge.

Customer service and work management improvements were also in the works. They had been working to improve payment options through a third party provider. The department didn't want to terminate service or charge unnecessary fees and they understood there were many who struggled to pay their bill and couldn't do the online payment system. They wanted to provide as many payment options as possible. The option they were moving forward with would take PayPal, Venmo, payments at Walgreens and CVS, PIN entry on a phone and a variety of other options. They were also looking into a mobile work order system to improve efficiency in the field. They were also working to get the Utilities Operations Center site and building plan to shovel ready for FY26. They would also invest more funding into advertising, marketing and customer education specifically in the area of water conservation related to irrigation.

With new construction and new compliance regulations with the Health Department, he would be requesting an additional inspector and felt a construction/contract administrator would offset a good amount of engineering costs when projects were in construction.

Mr. Lang reported modeling of revenue and expenses had included consideration of proposed developments. They were seeing a decrease in connection fees with the completion of Patriots Landing and many of the Brickshire fees and all of the Farms of New Kent fees had been prepaid. This would mean they would need to look toward new development in order to get connection fees back up. They would also be evaluating rates and the department engineer would be looking at the impact of an irrigation specific rate or an additional tier on the rate structure. He also wanted to put some thought into penalties and fees. He understood the need for them but had some concerns. He reported they had just done cutoffs that week. He shared an example of a customer with a \$1,300 bill who had been asked what they could pay to get turned back on, and the response had been they could bring a check for \$650. When he had looked at the account, \$650 had been the usage rates and the remainder was penalties and fees. He said he felt the hole was getting deeper for many people with the addition of penalties. He didn't know the answer and didn't know if penalties motivated people to pay on time or not but being cutoff was motivating people to pay. He said he would do some more research and come back to the Board. He indicated it was not a significant amount of revenue for the utility and they didn't want to make money off of penalties and fees. He entertained questions.

Mr. Lockwood asked how far in arrears a customer would be before having service cutoff. Mr. Lang reported a customer would be seventy days past due which would mean two bills were late and nothing had been paid in 130 days. He reported there had been an issue with the payment software that had prevented some from making payments resulting in some customers with bills that had not been paid in six months. He suggested keeping cutoffs to every other month, was keeping the list relatively short but there had still been 63 on the cutoff list and 420 who had received termination notices. Mr. Hathaway asked if the 70 days was per State Code. Mr. Lang confirmed. Mr. Lockwood asked how someone with a \$650 would get to \$1,300 if the County only went a couple of months before cutting off service. Mr. Lang reported this customer had both water and sewer and had some penalties and fees that had not been paid from prior bills. Mr. Lockwood asked if partial payment would restart the clock. Mr. Lang confirmed. He said there were two types of people involved, those who didn't pay their bills and those who couldn't pay their bills. People who couldn't pay their bills would call seeking help and those who didn't pay their bills would call

and yell at staff because their service had been cut off. They worked to help people who needed it but ultimately, they needed to collect the revenue in order to run a utility.

Mr. Stiers reported he had recently spoken at the Oakmont Villas annual meeting and attendees had heard the County was running short of water and had questioned what was being done. He had told them the County had spent some funds looking into withdrawal from the Pamunkey River. One attendee had indicated she was a Pamunkey Indian, the river belonged to them and New Kent was not paying them to take their water. He asked for guidance on how best to respond to such a comment. Mr. Hathaway reported the Pamunkey Indians had been involved in the permitting process and they had been given an opportunity to object to the County's application. Mr. Lang agreed and said the Pamunkey Indians had been involved through the permitting process and had been consulted through the Division of Historic Resources. He added that a cultural resources survey at the site was still required and any findings would be collected and preserved.

Social Services Director Suzanne Grable asked if customers could be put on a payment plan. Mr. Lang reported payment plans were available and stressed the importance of the customer coming to Public Utilities prior to service termination. Ms. Grable indicated they were seeing a number of clients who were not able to pay water bills in her office. Mr. Lang also reported The Low Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIHWAP) was available to assist residents with paying utility bills. This assistance took a month or more for approval and he stressed the importance of coming to Public Utilities prior to service termination.

<u>Social Services</u> - <u>Capital Budget</u> - Social Services Director Suzanne Grable reported they would have a relatively flat budget again this year. They had submitted a CIP request for a storage building/shed. They were currently maintaining two off-site storage units at an annual cost of approximately \$2,000 and would like to bring stored items closer to their office. Vehicles were in great condition and replacements would be deferred until FY26.

Operating Budget – The department's staffing and operating budget would include a request for two additional positions. An additional Front Desk Office Associate was needed to address the increased number of visitors as well as calls for service. The second position would be a Human Services Assistant to help Community Resource Coordinator, Shana Abdus. Ms. Abdus had been doing a fantastic job and had identified many other funding streams to assist clients with paying bills such as rent, mortgage and power. As a result, the amount of work on the community resource side had increased significantly and was more than one person could handle. She also noted housing concerns in the County had limited Ms. Abdus' ability to meet the needs in a timely and efficient manner. The County graciously provided \$21,000 each fiscal year to be used to help citizens in the County. Because of Ms. Abdus' efforts to identify other funding streams, the County dollars were being stretched further and further each year. Assistance was needed with processing funding stream requests and coordinating with community partners such as United Way and the Salvation Army to get funds to those in need. She reminded the Board that the Social Services Department was reimbursed by the state at a rate of 85%. The shed on the CIP request would cost approximately \$10,000 but the cost to the County would be only \$1,500. Mr. Hathaway reported he and General Services Director Rick Stewart had met earlier in the week and they had a plan for the location of the shed. Ms. Grable entertained questions.

Mr. Lockwood thanked Ms. Grable for the work they were doing. Referencing the Little Free Panty in the Health and Human Services Building parking lot, Mr. Evelyn asked how the pantry was operated. Ms. Grable reported the pantry was maintained by a group of anonymous volunteers. She was in contact with some of them and let them know if they

ever noticed any issues. Mr. Evelyn asked if it was going well. Ms. Grable confirmed and reported it was accessed frequently both during the workday and on weekends.

Parks and Recreation (P&R) - P&R Director Kim Turner distributed a handout outlining goals, challenges and capital projects for P&R. She felt School Board Chair Wayne Meade had hit the nail on the head regarding relationships and collaborations and she felt there were a lot of opportunities for the two entities. P&R had worked with the schools just as much over the past year as with the County. The department theme for the year was maps and they used many maps both figuratively and literally. Referencing Wahrani Trail, she noted that just as some hikers tended to wander off trail, the same was sometimes true for other areas in P&R resulting in the need for new trails or the need to start over. In these cases, staff, the P&R Advisory Commission and volunteers were encouraged to go back to the mission, vision and values. The handout indicated the department supported its mission by identifying six core values including community focus, safety and security, customer service, collaborations, health and wellness and environmental stewardship. They worked to tie these values back to strategies identified in the County's Strategic Plan. Although they could not meet the needs of all individuals, plans were in place to be a guiding point and most of what P&R provided focused on quality of life which was difficult to measure. As previously noted in the schools' report, PE classes were no longer allowed to use the football field because it was being used too much. The schools had come to P&R asking to use their field and as a result New Kent Middle School football and field hockey had been using the field and other classes/sports were in the gym. P&R was now having to turn them away because of the wear on the field. She felt there were many opportunities for collaboration with the schools and she hoped to tap into that over the next year.

<u>Capital Projects</u> – Capital requests for the next five years would total over \$3 million. She stressed that while some of the requests may not be considered as needs, they were things the community wanted and while there would not be any easily measured financial return on investment, they would enhance quality of life. She noted that although P&R was not a state mandated department, their services were something the County was giving the community. The list of projects included:

- Explore public kayak/canoe launch (Cumberland Marsh)
- Quinton Park parking lot and path improvements
- Pine Fork Park Phase 2 parking
- Pine Fork Park basketball court
- Quinton Park splash pad
- Maintenance equipment replacement
- Playground equipment replacement
- Pine Fork Park (rear of property additional baseball/softball fields or athletic building
- Historic School Concession Stand upgrades

She noted that providing access to the three rivers in the County was among the list of strategies for P&R in the County's Strategic Plan. Although the County had no property on any of the rivers, she suggested there were opportunities. She further suggested funds should be set aside for land acquisition. She referenced Cumberland Marsh and suggested private/public entities and partnerships should be considered.

She stressed the importance of moving forward with the renovation of the Historic School. The senior adult population was growing and the number of senior adults was now almost equal to the number of residents under the age of eighteen. This facility would provide additional opportunities and flexibility for senior adult activities. Referencing earlier comments regarding renovation/replacement of New Kent Elementary School, she reported it was possible the fields behind the P&R Office could become a part of the school property.

Operating Budget - Recommended operating budget considerations included:

- Continued support for but not limited to staff education, uniforms, advertising and outreach, promotional materials, programs, contracted instructors, lawn and park maintenance and office supplies.
- She stressed the importance of competitive salaries and benefits and noted this was helping the department maintain personnel.
- Personnel requests included a full time Sports and Fitness Programmer, full time Therapeutic Recreation/Inclusion Specialist and a part time Grounds Maintenance position.

She closed by noting they may be canceling the November P&R Advisory Commission meeting due to it being the day after the election. She encouraged Board members to review the remainder of the information provided and entertained questions.

Human Resources (HR) – HR Director Korita Jones reported she had just completed her first year with New Kent County and was very proud of HR's accomplishments. She thanked the Board and County Administration for making the past year a wonderful year. She listed some of the department's accomplishments most notably the revamping of the employee service award program and the reimplementation of the recruitment incentive program which provided employees the opportunity to be monetarily rewarded for referring prospective employees who were ultimately hired. She reported the HR budget would be relatively flat but she did support continuing funding to provide competitive salaries. She said she was excited about Buc-ee's coming to New Kent but from an HR perspective, she was also concerned about the impact staffing Buc-ee's would have on the County and the possible need to mitigate staff losses. She also noted the increased costs of benefits was still an unknown and projections would be received around February or March. She cautioned that there had been some significant claims that could negatively impact rates and may result in increases passed on to employees.

She also stressed the importance of career development as a means to retain existing employees and attract new hires. Having plans in place allowing employees to see growth potential within their career path was crucial. She had been working with Building Official Brian Mikelaites to develop a career ladder certification/licensure plan for his department. They were also exploring a performance management system including a more robust recruitment component to more effectively manage performance which could possibly be tied to future pay increases. This system would also allow departments to track applicants from the time they applied for a position until hired. CIP requests for HR would include the usual computer replacements. She expressed appreciation to the Board for all they were doing and for listening to all of the asks from the departments. HR would be coming back with a request for the performance management system as well as possibly some other software programs that would help with recruitment and retention. She didn't want New Kent to become a training ground with the County investing in training of employees only to have them leave for positions in other localities. She entertained questions.

Mr. Tiller reported he had attended a conference the previous year where another attendee had approached him saying New Kent had gotten a great new hire. They had been referencing Ms. Jones and he felt they had been correct. Ms. Jones thanked him and asked if she could add to her report. She noted her department was HR and much of what they did touched everyone. She had recently seen the comradery and family component of New Kent County when her daughter had broken her leg. The way departments and employees had rallied around her family, had prayed for them and had brought them meals had shown who New Kent County was as a community, an employer and an organization. She thanked

everyone for all they had done, noted it went beyond 8:00–4:30 each day and said she would not want to work with anybody else other than the people at New Kent.

Economic Development (ED) – Assistant County Administrator/Economic Development Director Matthew Smolnik said what Ms. Jones had just said and what Mr. Meade had said earlier about schools was exactly what he tried to sell to decision makers every day. ED would have no CIP requests other than computers and they were anticipating a flat budget with no requests for additional personnel. The EDA (Economic Development Authority) had met the previous day and had expressed appreciation to the Board for the recent \$100,000 allocation to continue support to the small business community. He also reported a new tourism brochure was available as well as two new brochures developed by part time staff who were freshmen at Virginia Tech. Four graduating New Kent High School seniors had been hired to work at the Visitors and Commerce Center over the summer and he felt this had been great for the County. He also reported staff member Christian Meyers (retired Secret Service) had been working in collaboration with Parks and Recreation to develop a coloring book focusing on tourism destinations in New Kent. He noted these were the kinds of things they were selling to the people walking through the Visitors Center doors and added it could be a family traveling or the CEO of a company. Mr. Hathaway and he had recently attended a conference in Texas where they had learned New Kent was on the map. He had been in an Austin Buc-ee's and had walked up to the Merchandising Manager and had asked him how he liked his job, the size of the store, etc. He had also mentioned that he had been part of a team working on Virginia's first Buc-ee's and the Manager's immediate response had been, "You must be from New Kent." He noted it had felt good to hear that people in Austin knew about New Kent. He added it was a good time for both big and small businesses as well as mega corporations and Fortune 500 companies. He said there were rumors in the community about what was or was not coming to New Kent and in most cases his response was, "I cannot comment on any project, real or fictitious." Over the past year, New Kent had been able to secure a \$2 million TPOF (Transportation Partnership Opportunity Fund) grant and had worked in partnership with the Shaia family to build the road into the AutoZone property and have it taken over by VDOT at no expense to the County. Scannell to the south of I-64 was putting in all private capital for another road that would open up an additional 612 acres making 900 acres of commercial with a road, water and sewer available. New Kent would also be applying for to the VEDP (Virginia Economic Development Partnership) for a \$500,000 grant to get to the east side of New Kent City Center. They were constantly looking for grant opportunities and that a lot of eyes were on New Kent. It was a very exciting time. He entertained questions.

Planning – Planning Director Amy Inman echoed the earlier comments of HR Director Korita Jones and noted she had been with New Kent since January. She stated it had been a pleasure and that Mr. Hathaway, Mr. Smolnik, the various Department Heads and staff had been wonderful to work with. She said there was no shortage of things to do in Planning and Zoning and reported that since January, there had been four rezonings, over 40 subdivisions, 21 site plans, 12 boundary line adjustments, one Planned Unit Development, two Conditional Use Permits and constant calls. They had also been working on the Comprehensive Plan update and she thanked departments for their participation. There had been a great public outreach process over the summer with over 150 people attending and they had been able to gather a great deal of input from the community. An update on the Comprehensive Plan was scheduled for the Board's next work session. She reported the Comprehensive Plan update process had been great and staff and the consultants had been wonderful. The department had also been working with the Board of Road Viewers to develop the FY24 Transportation Work Program. They would be asking for two major projects to be added to the CIP including improvements at the Route 106

interchange. Although local funding was not available for this project at this point, they were seeking regional, state and federal funding (\$86 million). She stressed the importance of having this project identified in the CIP when seeking funding from other sources. The second project was the Route 155 Courthouse Road/Kentland Trail roundabout. The current roundabout was considered "temporary" and the work program included design and engineering for a permanent roundabout. They had been in conversations with VDOT and she felt they had a good path going forward. She also noted there were other County road projects that were receiving attention and although they were not identified in the CIP, they were included in the work program. They were also developing an ongoing maintenance program for rural rustic roads. She said CVTA (Central Virginia Transportation Authority) local funding could be used to support these efforts as well as other infrastructure projects that were more local in nature. These two projects were high-dollar and it would be important to make funding sources clear.

The department would be asking for video conference equipment for the Planning Conference Room, modernization of the reception area and replacing several desks. They would also be asking for an increase in the operating budget for signs. This line item was difficult to budget and was frequently overspent. They would not be asking for any additional personnel but would be requesting additional funding for consultant services. They would like to be able to perform online reviews but she did not believe that was something that would happen within the next fiscal year. She entertained questions.

Referencing Ms. Inman's comment regarding consultant services, Mr. Hathaway reported that once the Comprehensive Plan was completed, they would be looking at utilizing consultant services to look at all development ordinances. He noted the Comprehensive Plan would describe what we want to look like and how we want to grow and the next step would be looking at the development ordinances to be sure the tools to get there were in place. Ms. Inman agreed.

Referencing Ms. Inman's comment regarding rural rustic roads, Mr. Lockwood noted the repairs and maintenance of those roads typically fell under VDOT's purview but asked if New Kent would be able to leverage local funds with VDOT to receive a better return. He asked if the County would be putting money into what was VDOT's responsibility. Ms. Inman stated they could work with VDOT on this but also noted funding allocated for rural rustic roads was very limited. She said they would work with VDOT on needed improvements and New Kent's funding would come in to cover areas above and beyond what VDOT would normally address. Mr. Lockwood asked if there was anything like a Smart Scale program for this. Ms. Inman indicated there was nothing like that for rural rustic roads. She did note however, that they would be seeking Smart Scale funding for other projects.

Building Development – Building Official Brian Mikelaites thanked the Board for their continuing support and the opportunity to provide an update. He said they knew the Board listened and paid attention to their needs and the proof was in the much needed space being provided for expansion. The department was looking forward to sharing a permitting station with the Environmental Department as well as being able to expand their footprint to provide suitable space for staff. The new shared space would benefit both departments and customers. He reported there would be an increase in the FY25 operating budget associated with the purchase of additional furniture to outfit the new space. The Building Department continued to operate to the best of their abilities with respect to timely permitting and inspections. The pace was ever increasing and not sustainable at current staffing levels. Because of the current pace, they had not been able to be proactive in their positions. Inspectors needed the opportunity to take advantage of continuing education opportunities and associations that would take them beyond the borders of New Kent and

help their services grow New Kent. The department would be requesting one additional inspector position. Without this position, he felt the department would continue to fail at growing its services to the community and he feared they would at some point fail at providing an acceptable level of services deserved by customers. He said the department had fallen short in providing on line services for customers. Staff had discovered current software had the ability to provide on line scheduling of inspections but unfortunately, they had not had the time to work with IT to initiate a changeover. With the high rate of single-family dwellings and ever-increasing commercial activity, the Building Department was already overburdened for available resources. He also reported the pace had taken a toll on staff's ability to study and take required exams for certifications.

He reported the proposed Career Development Program would encourage staff to move beyond minimum required certifications. This program would incentivize all staff to reach beyond minimum requirements to advance their education and ultimately increase services. He said Ms. Jones had been instrumental in bringing this program to life and he urged the Board to find it favorable. His goal for the department was to continue to provide the best services possible with the resources provided while working toward increasing the level of performance. He felt this could be accomplished through education and networking with other jurisdictions through associations. He thanked the Board for their support.

Mr. Tiller asked if the additional inspector would be for residential or commercial. Mr. Mikelaites said his hope would be for a Senior III level inspector. He noted this was the same position he had requested the previous year to assist with the growing commercial development. Mr. Tiller noted the need for support for commercial development had been discussed and the possibility of hiring a contractor had been considered. He said he was sure County inspectors were frequently at the AutoZone project. Mr. Mikelaites reported an existing staff member had stepped up and was training diligently to get his certifications in commercial inspections. Without this individual, there would not be enough time to do what they were doing. He personally was spending more time on commercial reviews and inspections which was taking him away from his responsibilities as a director. He stated they were not moving forward and were barely keeping up. Mr. Tiller stated he felt the requested position should be a priority.

Mr. Tiller called for a brief recess for lunch at 12:09 p.m. Mr. Lockwood blessed the meal. The meeting reconvened at 12:36 p.m.

IN RE: ANNOUNCEMENT OF UPCOMING MEETINGS/ADJOURNMENT

Mr. Tiller announced the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors would be held at 6:00 p.m. on Wednesday, November 15, 2023, and the next work session at 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 31, 2023, both in the County Administration Building.

Mr. Stiers moved to adjourn the meeting. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye Patricia A. Paige Aye Ron Stiers Aye John N. Lockwood Aye C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned at 12:37 p.m.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Approval of Minutes

Agenda items) approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it a part of the record. or I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it a part of the record. I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it a part of the record.			s presented and that	
Subject	October 31, 2023	October 31, 2023 Work Session Minutes		
Issue				
Recommendation				
Fiscal Implication	ıs			
Policy Implication	ns			
Legislative Histor	У			
Discussion				
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:		
Request prepared by:	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687	
Copy provided to:		<u> </u>		
ATTACHMENTS:				
Doccrintion		Type		

Description Type

October 31, 2023 Work Session Minutes (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:41 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 1:47 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:24 AM

A REGULAR WORK SESSION WAS HELD BY THE NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON THE 31ST DAY OF OCTOBER IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE IN THE BOARDROOM OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING IN NEW KENT, VIRGINIA, AT 9:00 A.M.

IN RE: CALL TO ORDER

Chairman C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. called the meeting to order.

IN RE: ROLL CALL

Thomas W. Evelyn Present
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Present
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Present
John N. Lockwood Present

All members with the exception of Ms. Paige were present. Mr. Tiller thanked everyone for attending.

IN RE: FARMS OF NEW KENT (FONK) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (CDA)

BOND RESTRUCTURING/FINANCING

The following individuals joined the meeting by Zoom: Preston Hollow Community Capital Managing Director Ramiro Albarran, Director Marc Armentrout, Associate Madeleine Rehfeld and Assistant General Counsel Michel Benitez as well as Attorney Brendan Staley with Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP (Bond Counsel during the 2021 refinancing) and Attorney Dan Siegel with Sands Anderson PC (representing the FONK CDA). Davenport and Company Co-Director Ted Cole (New Kent Financial Advisor) was present in the boardroom.

Mr. Albarran's presentation was in regard to a 2023 bond issuance for the Farms of New Kent (FONK) Community Development Authority (CDA) including refunding of a portion of bonds issued in 2021 and new money. Two series of bonds had been issued in 2021 one of which was the 2021A bonds secured by special assessments on residential lands in all remaining land bays (primarily Land Bays IV and V). These bonds would not be a part of the refunding. The 2021B bonds secured by special assessments on commercial lands in Land Bays IV and V as well as special assessments on Land Bay III would be refunded. Bonds secured by the special assessments were also secured by the development's net cash flow which had been a source of revenue dating back to 2006. The real estate had been taken over by the bond trust estate due to delinquencies and the cash flows from the sale of real estate had been made available to pay the indebtedness. These cash flows were also securing the 2021B bonds. He again noted this discussion would be in regard to the refinancing of the 2021B bonds. The primary reason they were asking for a refunding was that commercial development was accelerating much faster than anticipated in 2021. He referenced several projects including Buc-ee's, a grocer and a potential office campus. Bucee's had closed on property in Land Bay V and was currently working with the County and VDOT on infrastructure to support the demand of their project. The announcement of Bucee's had driven significant demand for other commercial property in Land Bay V and, in response, they would be moving aggressively to install infrastructure to support Land Bay V commercial development. Due to a non-disclosure agreement, he could not share the name of the potential grocer but he did announce that a LOI (Letter Of Intent) had been executed with a national grocer. The grocer had expressed interest in Land Bay III and the LOI was for 22 acres to include a grocery store and fully functional retail center. Significant

infrastructure would be needed in Land Bay III to support this center and a potential office campus was being explored for Land Bay IV. As Land Bay V commercial filled, they anticipated aggressively moving into the infrastructure development in Land Bay IV. He reported all of this work had been planned when the 2021 transaction had been completed but, due to interest, the timeline was accelerated. He said the cost of preparing these lands for infrastructure would be tens of millions of dollars. Residential demand was higher than anticipated despite marketplace turmoil. Increasing mortgage rates had not impacted the velocity of sales and Ryan Homes was currently selling 15 to 20 homes per month. He also noted another 150 lots had been under development in Land Bay IV. The initial lots had been sold to D.R. Horton, Inc. and a second sale of lots to D. R. Horton was expected in a few weeks. These sales were contributing to the need to accelerate the installation of infrastructure in Land Bay V. As demands on capital were put in place, Preston Hollow had been providing the liquidity facility to the Kent Farms Holding Company for development costs. The land was owned by Kent Farms Holding Company and Preston Hollow was acting on behalf of the trustee of the bonds. They currently had \$9.6 million to facilitate the development but he noted this was an inefficient taxable liquidity facility they wished to replace with the proposed new bonds. Almost all monies going into the ground were eligible for tax exempt financing and they would be replacing the inefficient taxable liquidity facility with long term taxes and bonds to provide a more stable funding source. The refinancing would provide for a consolidated, tax-exempt funding for current and future development.

Mr. Albarran drew attention to the existing development site plan. Given the accelerated residential and commercial demand, approximately \$47 million was projected to be spent to complete new development (Land Bay III) as well as existing development in Land Bays IV and V. They were in active conversations in three land bays all of which would initiate the need for additional capital. He provided an overview of the proposed 2023 financing structure. The focus would be on refinancing the 2021B bonds to provide additional capital to fund future development. The following chart was provided:

Series 2023B Bonds	2023B-1	2023B-2	2023B-3	Total
Max Par	\$17MM	\$35MM	\$45MM	\$97MM
Max Rate	5.25%	7.875%	7.875%	-
Term	13 Years	13 Years	13 Years	13 Years
	Special	Lot Sale	Lot Sale	-
Source of Repayment	Assessments	Revenues	Revenues	

All numbers in the table were "not to exceed."

The B-1 and B-2 bonds would refinance existing indebtedness. The distinction between the two was the B-1 bonds would be secured by special assessments on commercial lands similar to the 2021A bonds which had been secured by special assessments on residential lands. These liens already existed and there would be no increase or change to the special assessments. The B-2 bonds would be the portion of the 2021 bonds secured by net cash flows from the development rather than by special assessments. This refinancing would segregate the 2021A bonds into two pieces with the cash flow and special assessments funding different portions of the 2023 bonds. With the B-1s secured by special assessments and the B-2s secured by cash flow, the funding structure would be much cleaner.

Another significant portion of the proposed financing would be the \$45 million in B-3 bonds which the CDA would be asked to approve. Mr. Albarran said he did not expect the total would reach this level because lot sale revenue would also be a source of funding. The "not to exceed" had been set high to avoid coming back to the Board for another refinancing. Interest rates provided were maximum rates but he expected the rate to be closer to 7%. Preston Hollow intended to be the sole owner throughout the remaining term of the B-2 and

B-3 bonds. They believed the property cash flow would be sufficient to secure these but they had concentrated the risk into the B-2 and B-3 bonds because if the B-1 bonds were not paid, there was a special tax foreclosure remedy available to the B-1 holders. He said Preston Hollow would likely be the B-1 owner but they may consider selling them over time. They would however, always be the owner of the B-2 and B-3 bonds.

He said there were several things his team wanted to make clear. First, the special assessments were not going to change. These assessments had been in place since 2006 and were represented in the B-1 bonds. Preston Hollow was prepared to buy all of the bonds and may sell the B-1 bonds over time. The B-1 bonds would be senior to all of the B-2 and B-3 bonds. If Preston Hollow did not keep special assessments current, the B-2 and B-3 bonds could be foreclosed against. The security behind the B-1 bonds would be enhanced by the subordinated position of the B-2 and B-3 bonds also owned by Preston Hollow. The questions of why this was so important and why it needed to be done so quickly had also been raised. Mr. Albarran said the property was feeling a tremendous capital strain. They were currently involved in a large earth moving project and were filling an area in Land Bay III with excess dirt from Land Bays IV and V. They would soon be entering into a purchase agreement with the grocer and they needed to move quickly. Bucee's was in the midst of discussions with the County and VDOT and they would quickly move into infrastructure development the first of the year. They also intended to begin work on the master backbone infrastructure in Land Bay IV to support expected demand. He stated this transaction was critically important to provide for up to \$45 million in new money to address demand. He again noted the across the board demand was occurring much quicker than anticipated and without this financing, they would have to pick, choose and delay projects. They definitely did not want to delay Buc-ee's and would not want to delay the grocer. He also noted he was excited about plans for Land Bay IV but could not discuss details at this time. He asked his team if there was anything more they wished to add. There were no additional comments. Mr. Albarran entertained questions.

Referencing the NDA/LOI for the grocer, Mr. Stiers asked for the timeframe for announcing the grocer's name and if he could not tell who it was, could he tell who it was not? Mr. Albarran said it was a grocer they would know and was not currently in the County. The timing for when the County would know the identity would be driven by the grocer who would need to begin conversations with the County regarding engineering plans and grading permits. The LOI had been executed by the corporate parent and a draft announcement had been initiated. The infrastructure development timeline would run 18 to 19 months and during that time, the grocer would be in conversations with the County. He felt the County would be happy and again noted it would be a grocer not currently in the County.

Mr. Evelyn asked how quickly Preston Hollow was expecting action from the Board. Mr. Albarran said they would be asking for CDA approval to move forward with closing in December. They would be able to enter into contracts soon thereafter. Mr. Hathaway noted that in order to meet the timeline goals, the Boad of Supervisors would need to schedule a public hearing for November 15th. The CDA would hear a presentation at their November 6th meeting and would be asked to take action at that time.

Mr. Tiller noted Mr. Albarran kept referencing commercial development in Land Bays III and V and future housing development in Land Bay IV and asked what would happen to the funds in fifteen years if interest rates increased, the economy slowed and the commercial backed out? Mr. Albarran pointed out the B-1 and B-2 bonds were already outstanding and the B-3 bonds would be funded only on an as needed basis. This would give them the ability to measure the expected demand. He said they believed the development was mature to the point it would not stop even in the face of increased interest rates. He noted

the possibility it could slow down but said the demand was already in place for the Buc-ee's and the commercial surrounding it. He also said the grocer saw the demand and would open today if they could. He felt very good about the commercial in Land Bays III and IV and reported there had been a lot of interest from Ryan Homes and they had also been approached by four national home builders wanting to be part of the FONK. He noted the risk on master planned communities was higher on the front end when there was very little development. He had been in the business for 33 years and although developments would slow down, they passed the point of where they would stop because there was enough integrity in what was present to continue. He felt the FONK was now at this place and reported both club houses were in. The Land Bay V club house had been open for almost a year and the Land Bay IV club house would open in a few months. These two amenities would ensure continued residential and commercial demand regardless of the market.

Mr. Evelyn said it would be three to five years before Buc-ee's would be here and they would be dependent on funding from the state and county. He said Preston Hollow had been talking about a LOI with a grocer for four to five years and asked if this transaction fell through, where would that put them? Mr. Albarran reported they initially had a LOI with a developer representing a grocer. That developer had not gotten the support of the grocer because the grocer wanted to be the developer themselves. More recent conversations with the grocer had identified several points that were not satisfactory to Preston Hollow and they had been able to come to terms for the benefit of the community. The grocer had been spending money on site plans and had pursued Preston Hollow for a LOI. Despite hearing about a LOI for a number of years, this was the first time there had been a LOI with the parent company. This was radically different than what had previously been in place. Mr. Lockwood asked if the original LOI with the developer had been for the same grocer as the current LOI with the parent company? Mr. Albarran confirmed.

Mr. Cole said he would like to recap a couple of things and add some commentary. He noted today's presentation was informational only and it was anticipated that on November 6th the CDA board would be asked to approve the proposed transaction. The schedule anticipated the Board of Supervisors would hold a public hearing on November 15th and take action to approve the transaction. He reported that when the bonds had originally been issued in 2006, they had been for a 30-year term which would run through 2036. He pointed out that the charts provided indicated a 13-year term which would keep the original maturity date of 2036. The 2021A bonds secured by special assessments would stay in place as they were, the 2021B bonds which had been secured by a combination of special assessments and lot sales would be refinanced and broken into two pieces. One of the pieces would be secured by special assessments alone which would be a lower risk investment. The plan would be to market these to investors but Preston Hollow would be prepared to buy the B-1s if needed. Mr. Albarran stated Preston Hollow would be prepared to buy 100% of the B-1 and B-2 bonds and would intend to finance 100% of the B-3 bonds as needed over time. He stated they had an affiliated investor that may take some of the bonds but Preston Hollow was prepared to buy 100% if necessary. Mr. Cole said the 2023B-1s and 2023B-2s would clean up the mixed security of the 2021Bs. The 2023 bonds would go out to the same final maturity as the 2006 bonds and there would be no new or additional special assessments on property owners. The B-3s would serve as a mechanism for the developer to access capital and the CDA structure required that the Board of Supervisors give them access to a form of capital they could not access on their own. Preston Hollow was currently facilitating additional capital for investment totaling almost \$10 million but this was a taxable loan. This refinancing would benefit the development as a more efficient way to borrow money which would initially be used to pay back the \$10 million line of credit and then allow them to periodically tap into more funding as needed. The B-3 bonds would not exceed \$45 million. Mr. Albarran agreed and noted they were not

trying to burden the Board of Supervisors or the CDA so the ability to draw would be setup up as an administrative action and require no further action by the Supervisors or the CDA. He asked Mr. Staley to confirm. Mr. Staley confirmed and noted the bond would be issued at closing in a principal amount not to exceed \$45 million. The principal would be advanced by Preston Hollow as the bond holder to the trustee to be made available to the CDA for costs submitted by the developer for public infrastructure. Over the draw period, the bond holder would make advances on the same bond up to the \$45 million authorized amount. There would only be one approval and one debt instrument issued with everything else being an administrative process with the documents allowing for draws to be made over a limited period of time. Mr. Cole asked if the authorization to issue against the \$45 million would last for thirteen years or was there some other sunset? Mr. Staley said the length of draw had not been finalized and there was a place holder for it in the bond documents. Mr. Albarran stated he thought the draw period would be "not to exceed" 36 months and anything unissued at that time would become unauthorized. Mr. Cole noted if the last funding was drawn in year three, ten years would remain for pay back. Mr. Albarran confirmed and noted it would be thirteen years from now and not the final draw date with the maturity date in 2036. Mr. Cole noted the B-1s and B-2s were swapping out existing debt with the 2021Bs by creating the two to separate the pledges.

Mr. Cole said this was a straight forward concept with reasons that made sense to Preston Hollow and he wasn't sure there was a lot of local need to understand all of the details of the transaction since it would not create additional special assessments and was not extending the debt. Existing bonds were being repackaged in a way that would be a more beneficial structure. He asked what alternatives would exist for the B-3s if this transaction was not approved and noted he thought what would happen to all of the investment had been the question Mr. Evelyn had been asking? Mr. Evelyn agreed and noted they would almost double the debt with the B-3 bonds. He suggested they were having a hard time paying the debt now and he was wondering why they would double the debt. Mr. Albarran noted these costs had always been in the development pro forma and were not new costs. The alternative from providing the capital to the development company today would be to provide capital on a pay as you go basis. This would result in the developer unlikely being able to provide the capital needed to deliver the land pursuant to the LOI with the grocer. It would also prohibit them from being ready for the commercial lands in conjunction with Buc-ee's. He again noted these were not new costs and had always been imbedded inside the development. Whether financed or paid through the lot sale revenues, they were costs that needed to be paid and the proposed transaction would give them the ability to accelerate development. He again stated Preston Hollow would be the 100% sole owner of the B-2 and B-3 bonds and would expect to be the sole owner through their term. They were willing to make this investment because they saw the demand and the need for the infrastructure. He said these obligations, which had been imbedded in the development since day one, needed to be fulfilled and were not additional obligations placed on the property. He said Preston Hollow did not own the property and the property was owned by New Kent Farms Holding Company which was an agent of the trustee. If the bonds did not move forward as proposed, they would have to wait until there was enough revenue from land sales to allow them to cherry pick the next project. He did not think this was the most efficient way to pursue development and that was why they were prepared to provide for this additional investment up front as opposed to waiting for it to be paid over time. Mr. Cole said if the proposed transaction moved forward, Preston Hollow would have the funds available to buy the bonds. He asked if this was a different pot of money than what could be used to make the improvements in the CDA and why could it not be rolled into the CDA? Mr. Albarran again noted Preston Hollow did not own the land and if they did, this would be a different conversation. The land was owned by the development company working on behalf of the trustee and Preston Hollow had no equity inside the transaction. The only way they could provide capital to this entity would be in the form of debt. A very inefficient taxable liquidity facility that could not grow beyond the \$10 million level was in place and was using taxable money to pay for public infrastructure. Apart from a loan from Preston Hollow or someone else, the only money available to the development company to pay for these costs would be from land sales and they would have to wait for sales to occur and save the money for the start of the next appropriate development phase.

Mr. Cole noted if this all played out as proposed, it would be a loan secured by a bond. He noted Preston Hollow didn't own the property and investing cash in infrastructure was neither viable nor desirable and this would be the next best option. Mr. Abarran agreed and said this 2023B-3 bond would be the most efficient way to advance the money necessary to fulfill the commitments coming from the LOI and to coordinate with Buc-ee's and making Land Bay IV a viable extension of the development. The only way they could move forward with development in Land Bays IV and V would be by accelerating the cash in the form of a loan. Mr. Cole stated the mechanism for drawing against the 2023B-3 bond would be more administrative with no requirement to go back to the Board of Supervisors or CDA. He asked if eligible projects or project types had been defined and if so, who was the "gate keeper?" Mr. Albarran reported a number of individuals would be reviewing the requisitions. Reviewers would include an agent of the CDA which would most likely be Municap, Preston Hollow would also be reviewing the expenditures by the New Kent Farms Holding Company as well as a professional construction management firm. The bonds would only be available for public infrastructure projects (streets, storm water management, utilities, street lighting, etc.) and could not apply to things such as club houses. Mr. Staley noted it would be necessary to put in significant infrastructure such as sewage pump stations and grading for proper storm water management in order to activate Land Bay III. This would require a significant amount of up front costs as well as time before any buildings could be put on the property. Mr. Albarran said he understood the Board of Supervisors had been through the challenges of a failed bond deal but noted the difference this time was that Preston Hollow would be the owner. They had already expended tens of millions of dollars to bring the project out of the depths of a broken project, to fulfill broken promises of prior developers, finish incomplete projects and had facilitated the development of almost 700 lots and more now that they were working with D.R. Horton. They had also cured a \$42 million delinquent special assessment overhanging the property as a necessary step in the development. As a corporate partner of New Kent County, Preston Hollow was willing to make additional investments to facilitate the additional project currently in demand rather than waiting for enough money to be available over the next ten years to be able to deliver a grocer one day. He stated there was a big difference between the 2006 ask and this ask.

Referencing a map in the presentation, Mr. Evelyn asked if most of the green shaded area was residential? Mr. Albarran asked to return to the map in the presentation. Mr. Evelyn pointed out the first page stated "commercial development such as Buc-ee's" but he assumed the infrastructure for that would be in place since that transaction had closed. He also said Preston Hollow had been "dangling the carrot" about a grocer and it was obvious some money would be needed for the infrastructure to support this but he felt they were dangling the carrot to get money for residential growth. Mr. Albarran noted the agreement with Buc-ee's included a small portion of infrastructure which was Buc-ee's Boulevard from the roundabout to the end of the property. This would not open up remaining infrastructure needed for Land Bay V which was the developer's responsibility. The commercial development attracted to a Buc-ee's would also require an infrastructure investment. The CDA would have an engineer's report to provide the costs for the development of Land Bay V above and beyond Buc-ee's. He asked Mr. Staley if he knew that amount. Mr. Staley indicated it would be \$5 million or more and noted a pump station would be needed for Buc-ee's and they would also have to engineer the northern portion of the site. Mr. Albarran

suggested the total would be near \$10 million. Preliminary engineering plans on the Land Bay III portion indicated the infrastructure necessary to support commercial would be approximately \$12 million and a significant investment of \$15-\$20 million was anticipated for Land Bay IV. He agreed a portion of the funding would go into residential demand and noted the \$45 million was a "not to exceed" figure and money generated on residential and retail land sales would be used to off set that amount. \$20 million would be necessary to get the Buc-ee's and grocer portions of the property ready to go.

Mr. Lockwood asked if the Land Bay IV property shaded in green was residential or commercial. Mr. Albarann indicated that under the existing PUD (Planned Unit Development), the property was primarily commercial but they did have the ability to include approximately 45 town homes in the northern portion of Land Bay IV. Mr. Evelyn stated Land Bay IV was residential. Mr. Albarann stated the green area of Land Bay IV was the commercial portion of the PUD. He again noted the PUD entitlements included 45 units of residential that could be put in on the northern portion of the property.

Mr. Tiller referenced the saying, "robbing Peter to pay Paul," and said he thought goals and conditions based on home sales were in place which required meeting certain levels of commercial development at specified times. He felt the Peter and Paul issue was reoccurring all too often and he believed there would be a lot more discussion at the public hearing in November. He thanked all who had been involved in the discussion.

IN RE: UPDATE ON THE PROGRESS OF THE NEW KENT 2045 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

Senior Planner Todd Gordon with EPR, PC reported his firm had been working with County staff and others for approximately 14 months and were now in the middle of the update of the Comprehensive Plan document. He provided a brief update on where they were in the process, what they had heard so far and what they would be doing next. He noted the Board had appointed a Comprehensive Plan Steering Committee to guide them in the work and to help them understand existing conditions. Two phases of public engagement including meetings and surveys had been conducted. They were currently working on future land use and transportation planning. He reported having a Comprehensive Plan in place was a state requirement and it was necessary to examine the plan every five years and perform necessary updates. A Comprehensive Plan was a guidance document and not a legal document such as the zoning ordinance. The Comprehensive Plan was intended to be a long-term look at future land use, transportation, environmental concerns, economic development, etc. The big question the Comprehensive Plan would try to answer would be "Where does the County want to be in 20 years?" A very important resource used during the process was the project website (www.newkent2045.com) which contained background information and documents and had also been used to host two surveys and to promote public meetings. The website was updated on a regular basis as the work progressed.

<u>Project Timeline</u> – Mr. Gordon reported the project had kicked off with the Steering Committee in August 2022. The first public meeting and first survey had been conducted in October 2022. Work had been done on research tasks, existing conditions, land use and transportation. The second phase of public meetings had been conducted over the summer with the focus being on land use and transportation. Residents were encouraged to guide the process by working on maps at these meetings. The consultants would be meeting with the Steering Committee over the winter to discuss the work on the future land use map and the future land use types. Transportation planning to support future land use would also be discussed as well as strategies and specific implementation tasks to be included in the plan. The final plan would be ready for adoption in the spring. There would be another public engagement phase giving the opportunity to provide additional input once a drafted plan

was complete. The existing Comprehensive Plan had last been updated in 2012 and there had been several small updates as well as map changes since that time.

Comp Plan Basics - New Kent's existing Comprehensive Plan topics included:

- History
- Natural Resources
- Natural Hazards
- Public Facilities
- Parks & Recreation
- Water, Sewer & Septic
- Agriculture
- Economy
- Housing
- Transportation
- Land Use

The County's current Strategic Plan had been adopted in 2021 and there was some overlap between the two plans. He said the Strategic Plan Steering Committee had done a good job of talking with the public about the general vision and what they wanted to see. This had formed a great foundation for the Comprehensive Plan making it easier to work on specific planning tasks that may be necessary to reach the vision.

Background and Demographics – The public meetings had been started by presenting demographic information and a focus of most of those conversations had been growth. New Kent had seen significant growth over several decades and because it was well located, a great community and people wanted to be here, all projections were for that growth to continue. The Weldon Cooper Center at the University of Virginia was projecting New Kent's population would be just over 36,000 by the year 2050. This figure was very consistent with the growth New Kent had seen and would represent approximately 11,000 potential new residents. The average household size in New Kent was currently 2.63 persons. If the projected 11,000 new residents were in standard-size households, almost 4,200 new housing units would be needed. Some of those units had already been approved or were in the pipe line but were unbuilt. Those approved units totaled 2,015 and included:

CIT	. Pipe iiile bat were aribai		11030
•	The Arbors	150	lots
•	Viniterra	136	lots
•	The Groves	700	lots
•	Oakmont Villas	43 I	ots
•	Brickshire	346	lots
•	Edenbridge Cluster	94 I	ots
•	Beech Springs	109	lots
•	Pomeroy Park	92 I	ots
•	Robbins Creek	129	lots
•	Patriots Landing	216	units

<u>Transportation</u> – Transportation including the systems necessary to support growth and development was another big Comprehensive Plan topic. He drew attention to a map depicting the locations of severe or fatal vehicle crashes within the County and reported research had been performed on traffic conditions as well as road safety conditions. This information would be taken into consideration as the Comprehensive Plan was developed.

<u>Community Engagement</u> – The first phase had begun with an open house on October 12, 2022 at the New Kent Visitor's and Commerce Center. Project information had been presented to make the public aware of the work being done and information was collected

on overall community priorities. Approximately 500 responses had been received to an online survey that had been open from October 12 to December 2, 2022 to make public engagement as convenient as possible. Major takeaways from the survey included:

- Support or Satisfaction with:
 - Proximity to Richmond and Williamsburg
 - Community spirit
 - Rural character
 - Local government
 - Natural beauty
 - Schools
 - Low crime rates
 - Support balanced/moderate growth more retail, shopping or grocery options
- Concern or Dissatisfaction with:
 - Overdevelopment of rural areas
 - Broadband internet access
 - A lack of high-quality retail, dining and grocery options
 - Access to healthcare and childcare
 - Traffic congestion, particularly related to Interstate 64
- Wanting a focus on:
 - Preserving nature and rural areas
 - Improving or expanding public schools
 - Investing in public safety
 - More parks and recreation opportunities
 - Transportation improvements to reduce congestion

The second phase of community engagement focused on land use and transportation. Everything done in this phase had been based on maps. In person public meetings had been held at Liberty Baptist Church and New Kent Middle School on June 6, 2023 and at Quinton Elementary School on June 13, 2023. An online interactive mapping option was also available to make engagement as convenient as possible. Information on desired areas for preservation as well as where residential and commercial growth would be appropriate was collected. Residents were also asked to note any areas with traffic/safety concerns. Input received on the Land Use map included:

- Continuing commercial growth along major roads
- Expanding existing residential developments
- Preserving existing natural areas
- Establishing green buffers between commercial and rural areas
- The need for additional public boat ramps

Input received on the Transportation Summary Map included:

- Schools needing additional entrances to reduce traffic
- Pine Fork Road needing major repairs
- Traffic concerns around the arrival of Buc-ee's
- Unsafe traffic circles
- Roads needing to be widened and shoulders added
- The addition of bike lanes to Rt. 249
- Improvement of mobility connections to The Groves

<u>Future Land Use</u> – Mr. Gordon drew attention to a zoning map depicting current zoning designations across the County. The future land use map was divided into several place types or future land use categories including:

- Conservation
- Agriculture/Forestal
- Rural Lands
- Hamlet
- Village
- Residential Development
- Commercial
- Economic Opportunity
- Industrial

Based on the information received, he drew attention to a future land use map with proposed changes noted. Existing developments and changes over the past few years had been incorporated and reasonable additions to the future land use map based on considerations such as the location of utilities were also noted.

Next Steps - Included:

- Transportation analysis to serve planned land use They were currently involved in the transportation analysis and would need to discuss the transportation improvements and plans that needed to be made to support growth.
- Individual action strategies The existing Comprehensive Plan included a long list of things the County would be doing beyond 2012. Decisions would be needed on what strategies the County would like to follow to bring about the vision contained in the Comprehensive Plan and the Strategic Plan.
- Drafting plan documentation The process would eventually be a document that people
 could read and be used as a resource for staff, the Planning Commission and the Board
 of Supervisors. The document would be easy to use, understand and be somewhat
 engaging so that it would become a true usable guide and not just something on a shelf.

Mr. Gordon thanked the Board for allowing him to bring this update and entertained questions. There were no questions. Mr. Tiller noted he had enjoyed Mr. Gordon's update at a recent Planning Commission meeting and thanked him for updating the Board.

Mr. Tiller called for a brief recess at 10:24 a.m. The meeting reconvened at 10:37 a.m.

IN RE: NEW KENT COUNTY ANIMAL SHELTER CONSTRUCTION INTERIM CONTRACT AWARD

Before the Board for consideration was an interim contract with David A. Nice Builders, Inc. in the amount of \$373,293 for the design of the New Kent County Animal Shelter. County Administrator Rodney Hathaway reported David A. Nice Builders, Inc. had been selected and staff was recommending moving forward with the project. He was asking for the Board's authorization to execute a contract for 90% of the project design. Some work remained to be done on the contract but it would be in a form approved by the County Attorney prior to execution. The new animal shelter was proposed to be located on Airport Road across from the refuse and recycling center. The proposed property had been a fill site when I-64 had been constructed and there were many unknowns. More work was needed to determine the true conditions which should result in more accurate pricing. A summary of proposals received from David A. Nice Builders, Inc., Hourigin Construction and Henderson, Inc. had been provided. Staff had felt David A. Nice Builders, Inc. had offered the best value proposal for the complete project at \$4.8 million including site work. The contract before the Board was for 90% of design only. Staff was hopeful that once some of the unknowns were eliminated, the final price could potentially be reduced. A copy of the proposed

contract had been provided and he noted one change resulting in the County owning all completed work rather than the contractor would be made. He entertained questions.

Mr. Evelyn pointed out the contract included an early completion bonus and asked if there would be a penalty for late completion. Hobbs Management Solutions, LLC Project Manager Jay Hobbs reported there were several items remaining to be negotiated in the contract and early/late completion was just one area and shared contingency savings was another. Once the plans were fully developed and ready for permitting, staff would come back requesting authorization to enter into a comprehensive project agreement. He felt that by that time, the unknowns would be reduced and the contingency was expected to shrink substantially.

Mr. Stiers asked if the property was on County water. Sheriff Joe McLaughlin reported the property was not on County water and would require well and septic systems. Mr. Stiers said he thought the recommendation was for the shelter to be on County water because of the animal waste? Sheriff McLaughlin reported the current plan would have separate septic systems for facility and animal use. Mr. Stiers asked if it would require a sewage grinder. Sheriff McLaughlin indicated it would and noted it was included in the projected cost.

Mr. Lockwood moved to authorize the County Administrator to execute an interim contract with David A. Nice Builders, Inc. in the amount of \$373,293 in a form approved by the County Attorney, for the design of the New Kent County Animal Shelter. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: FIRE STATION #6 (BOTTOMS BRIDGE) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT AWARD

Handouts on Fire Station #6 were distributed. County Administrator Rodney Hathaway reported a new construction project for Fire Station #6 had been put out to bid under the local procurement process. The first phase had been a request for qualifications and three responses had been received. Two of the responding firms (Brinkmann Constructors and Henderson Inc.) had been invited to move to the second phase which was the submittal of technical and cost proposals. He drew attention to pricing from each firm included in the handout. Both firms had been interviewed and proposals had been reviewed carefully. Staff was recommending moving forward with a construction contract with Brinkmann Constructors. Brinkmann's proposal had come in with a total cost of \$5,656,691 compared to Henderson's cost of \$5,689,592. Although these prices were close, a key factor in the decision to go with Brinkmann was that their proposal was a facility with 12,985 square feet compared to Henderson's 10,800 square feet. Cost per square foot was \$435 for Brinkmann and \$526 for Henderson. Brinkmann's proposed facility that would allow for expansion to include additional bunk areas. Mr. Hathaway pointed out a motion had been included in the meeting packet but the amount had been left blank because the price proposals had not been opened at the time the agenda was published. He asked the Board to consider authorizing him to sign a construction contract with Brinkmann Constructors for up to \$5,656,691. Hobbs Management Solutions, LLC Project Manager Jay Hobbs reported the potential expansion did not include increasing the footprint and the expansion work could all be done internally. Mr. Evelyn noted the site was tight. Mr. Hobbs agreed. Chief

Opett noted this was why both firms had proposed a two-story station. He added that since this station would be within the County's commercial corridor, the design would be more commercial than the residential design used at Stations #4 and #5. Mr. Tiller asked if the upstairs would be used when the station opened or would it be the possible expansion area. Chief Opett reported the upstairs would be used on a daily basis and would be where the bunks were located. He said there was sufficient space to allow for three additional bunkrooms if it became necessary to increase the staffing level. Mr. Stiers asked if there would be space for an additional apparatus bay in the future. Chief Opett said space would not allow an additional bay and noted the site was tight due to the RPA (Resource Protection Area) and a floodplain to the rear. Mr. Tiller asked if the bays would be deep enough to accommodate two engines or ambulances? Chief Opett said he believed the bays were sixty feet which was shorter than Stations #4 and #5 but noted this had been done in order to facilitate entering bays from the rear of the building. He further noted that although the bays were shorter, they would accommodate back-to-back apparatus.

Mr. Lockwood moved to authorize the County Administrator to execute an agreement from Brinkmann Constructors in a form approved by the County Attorney, for the construction of Fire Station #6 in the amount of \$5,656,691. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige	Absent
Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: OTHER BUSINESS - FIRE STATION #6 (BOTTOMS BRIDGE) PROPERTY PURCHASE

County Administrator Rodney Hathaway reported he had just received an agreement to purchase the property for Station #6 and was asking for the Board's authorization to execute the agreement. The proposed location was on Route 60 in Bottoms Bridge across from Chickahominy Family Practice. He said many had seen the clearing work in progress by the Howard Brothers Construction Company and noted the owner of the property was Howard Brothers Properties, LLC. The sales agreement included a price of \$1,000,000, a 60-day due diligence period and 30 days to close. He said this was standard timing but he did not believe this much time would be needed. If granted authorization to execute the agreement, the first action would be to move forward with title work and to identify a closing attorney. He said a great deal of due diligence work including soil borings and testing had been completed. Staff was comfortable that the conditions of the site were known leaving only title work and closing to be completed. Mr. Stiers asked if a groundbreaking was expected at this site this year? Chief Opett indicated he did expect they would be ready for groundbreaking prior to the end of the year.

Mr. Evelyn moved to authorize the County Administrator to execute an agreement with Howard Brothers Properties, LLC in a form approved by the County Attorney, for the acquisition of real property identified as Tax Map Parcel Number 19-41C. The members were polled:

Ron Stiers Aye John N. Lockwood Aye Thomas W. Evelyn Aye Patricia A. Paige Absent C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

Mr. Evelyn congratulated Mr. Tiller on getting a fire station in his district. He noted Mr. Tiller had worked extremely hard to make this happen and it had been difficult to find the right piece of land. He said Mr. Tiller had served his constituents well in Bottoms Bridge and the fire station would be something for which they and the County as a whole could be proud. He thanked him for his hard work on this. Mr. Tiller thanked him for his comments.

IN RE: DESIGNATION OF A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TO VOTE AT THE VACO 2023 ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING

Mr. Tiller announced the Board needed to select a representative to vote at the 2023 VACo Annual Business Meeting and he thanked County Administrator Rodney Hathaway for doing this. (Mr. Hathaway had served in this capacity for a number of years.) Mr. Hathaway announced the annual VACo conference would be coming up in a couple of weeks and the bylaws required that each locality designate a voting member to attend/vote at the Annual Business Meeting (10:00 a.m. on November 14, 2023). He noted a motion had been prepared with the name of the representative left blank.

Mr. Stiers began making a motion to appoint Mr. Hathaway who quickly interrupted and announced he would not be attending the VACo Conference this year. The hotel had booked quickly and he had not been able to get a room. Mr. Tiller asked who would be attending? Mr. Hathaway reported, Mr. Evelyn, Mr. Lockwood and Mr. Tiller would be attending. Mr. Evelyn noted Mr. Tiller was Chairman and suggested he serve as the representative.

Mr. Stiers moved to designate C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. as the representative of the New Kent County Board of Supervisors to vote on behalf of New Kent County at the 2023 VACo Annual Business Meeting. The members were polled:

John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

IN RE: CLOSED SESSION

Mr. Evelyn moved to go into closed session pursuant to Virginia Code Section 2.2-3711(A)(3) for discussion of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body; specifically, the purchase of interests in land for the construction of a surface water intake system. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried. Members left the dais at 10:59 a.m.

Members returned to the dais at 11:09 a.m. Mr. Evelyn moved to return to open session. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige	Absent
Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

Mr. Evelyn moved to certify by roll call vote that to the best of each member's knowledge only public business matters lawfully exempted from open session requirements of the Freedom of Information Act and identified in the motion to go into closed session were heard, discussed or considered in the closed session. The members were polled:

Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Absent
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: ANNOUNCEMENT OF UPCOMING MEETINGS/ADJOURNMENT

The next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors would be held at 6:00 p.m. on Wednesday, November 15, 2023 and the next work session at 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, November 28, 2023, both in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building.

Mr. Lockwood moved to adjourn. The members were polled:

John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Absent
Ron Stiers	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried and the meeting was adjourned at 11:11 a.m.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Approval of Minutes

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move to (not required for Consent Agenda items)	a part of the record. or I move to approve the	Agenda as presented te Consent Agenda as the record, with the f	
Subject	November 15, 2023 F	Regular Session Minut	es
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implications			
Policy Implications			
Legislative History			
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
	Watkins, Deputy k of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
ATTACHMENTS:			

Description Type

November 15, 2023 Regular Session Minutes (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:44 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 1:46 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:19 AM

A REGULAR MEETING WAS HELD BY THE NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON THE 15^{TH} DAY OF NOVEMBER IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE IN THE BOARDROOM OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING IN NEW KENT, VIRGINIA, AT 6:00 P.M.

IN RE: CALL TO ORDER

Mr. Tiller called the meeting to order.

IN RE: INVOCATION AND PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Mr. Lockwood gave the invocation and led the Pledge of Allegiance.

IN RE: ROLL CALL

Thomas W. Evelyn Present
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Present
Patricia A. Paige Present
Ron Stiers Present
John N. Lockwood Present

All members were present. Mr. Tiller thanked everyone for attending and announced they would start the meeting by recognizing the New Kent University Class of 2023.

IN RE: SPECIAL PRESENTATIONS - NEW KENT UNIVERSITY CLASS OF 2023

2023 New Kent University (NKU) graduates, identified as Suzanne Cassella, Kenneth Dickson, Paul Gould, Jim Griffis, Stephanie Henning, Lorna Lathrop, David Marcum, Karen Nifeneger, Ferenc Petho, Barbara Safka, Stephanie Siepinski, Ray Siepinski, Tia Stanley, Robin Thomas and Richard Wren had completed the ten-week citizen engagement program. Mr. Tiller came down from the dais and presented diplomas to those in attendance. Mr. Evelyn congratulated the graduates and thanked them for taking the time and making the commitment to attend this ten-week program. He expressed appreciation to all staff involved in the program and said he believed participants had realized how very proud the Board was of the staff in New Kent County. He again thanked participants for taking the time and making the commitment to learn a little more about how the County operated.

IN RE: CLOSED SESSION

Mr. Evelyn moved to go into closed session pursuant to Virginia Code Section 2.2-3711(A)(1) for discussion of the performance and discipline of specific public officers. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye Patricia A. Paige Aye Ron Stiers Aye John N. Lockwood Aye C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried. Members left the dais at 6:10 p.m.

Members returned to the dais at 6:28 p.m. Mr. Evelyn moved to reconvene in open session. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige	Aye
Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

Mr. Evelyn moved to certify by roll call vote that to the best of each member's knowledge only public business matters lawfully exempted from open session requirements of the Freedom of Information Act and identified in the motion to go into closed session were heard, discussed or considered in the closed session. The members were polled:

Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: CONSENT AGENDA

The Consent Agenda was presented as follows:

- 1. Minutes
 - a. September 26, 2023 Work Session Minutes
- 2. Miscellaneous
 - a. General Requisition Airport Easement Acquisition
- 3. Refunds
 - a. REFUND Personal Property Tax Veteran Exemption
 - b. REFUND Business Equipment Tax \$6,136.34
- 4. FY23 Supplemental Appropriations
 - a. School Nutrition Noncap Computer Hardware (\$37,360.26), Machinery and Equipment Replacement (\$56,939.26), \$94,299.80.
 - b. Bridging Communities Various Grants Claude Moore EMS (\$60,000), Skilled Trades Programs (\$125,000) and CTE Workforce Expansion (\$60,000), \$245,000.
 - c. Gifts & Donations Fire Dwayne Tyler, \$200.
 - d. Funds for ADP Equipment County Attorney, \$3,676.27.

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$343,176.07 - Total

($200.00) - Total In/Out - General Fund (1101)

($245,000.00) - Total In/Out - Bridging Communities (9230)

($3,676.27) - From Fund Balance - General Fund (1101)

($94,299.80) - From Fund Balance - School Nutrition (2207)
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- 5. FY24 Supplemental Appropriations
 - a. Animal Shelter Donations, \$460.

- b. Gifts & Donations Fire: Kari Jackson (\$1,000) and Hopewell Baptist Church (\$100), Parks & Recreation: Elizabeth Remorenko (\$250) & Administration: Churchill Downs (\$10,000), \$11,350.
- c. VRSA Insurance Sheriff's Dept. Claim #02-22-52470-1-AP, DOL 9/24/2023-9/25/2023 (\$9,994.93), Fire Claim #02-23-53197-1-AP, DOL 9/28/2023-9/28/2023 (\$708.13) and Fire Claim #02-22-50298-2-PR, DOL: 3/17/2023-8/29/2023 (\$250) \$10,953.06.
- d. Extra Duty Private Colonial Downs Sheriff 8/31/2023-9/9/2023, (\$8,840),
 9/15/2023-9/23/2023 (\$1,870), Colonial Downs Fire 9/1/2023-9/13/2023
 (\$29,644.56) and Schools Sheriff 9/13/2023-9/20/2023 (\$825), \$41,452.67.
- e. Charles City Radio Funds August 2023 Integration, \$476.41.
- f. Grand Illumination Viniterra Golf Club (\$300), Royal New Kent Golf Club (\$300), Pressures Exterior Cleaning (\$350), Dominion Energy (\$350), BRC Mechanical Services (\$550) and Stone Property LLC (\$350), \$2,200.
- g. Opioid Abatement Program, \$6,666.72.
- h. LIHWAP Grant, \$596.36.
- i. Aid to Localities Grant, \$103,309.
- j. Interest Income for 2022 W&S Bond September 2023, \$17,896.08.
- k. Interest Income for 2022 Lease Revenue Bond September 2023, \$32,526.34.
- I. Schools FY23 End of Year Transfer to Capital Improvement Plan, \$699,196.88.
- m. DMV Selective Enforcement FY24 Grants Alcohol (\$33,200) and Police Traffic Services (\$32,475), \$65,675.

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$1,699,823.20 - Total
($170,770.50) - Total In/Out - General Fund (1101)
($72,341.72) - Total In/Out - Grant Fund (1106)
($32,526.34) - Total In/Out - Capital (1302)
($17,896.08) - Total In/Out - Water/Sewer (1514)
($703,144.28) - From Fund Balance - General Fund (1101)
($3,947.40) - From Fund Balance - Grants (1106)
($699,196.88) - From Fund Balance - Capital (1302)
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6. FY23 Interdepartmental Budget Transfers

- a. Public Utilities From Wages-Part Time Overtime to Wages-Overtime Reg (\$240.78), From Wages-Part Time Overtime to ST/LT Disability Premium (\$11.84), From Machinery & Equipment to Electric Service (\$34,232.08), From Machinery & Equipment to Telecomm-Cellular (\$3,224.80) and From Machinery & Equipment to Insurance-Fire/Property (\$2,748), \$40,457.50.
- b. Public Utilities From Wages-Part Time Overtime to Salaries & Wages-Reg (\$10,000), From Hospital/Medical Plans to Retirement-VRS (\$2,925.34), From Hospital/Medical Plans to FICA/Medicare (\$3,691.77), From Workers' Comp to FICA/Medicare (\$247.17), From Workers' Comp to VRS Emp Health Ins Credit (\$49.62), From Workers' Comp to Group Life Insurance (\$735.44) and from Contract Services to Salaries & Wages-Reg (\$27,001.42), \$44,650.76.
- c. Public Utilities From Wages-Part Time Overtime to Wages-Overtime Reg (\$611.90), From Repairs & Maint. to Salaries & Wages-Reg (\$3,197.82), From Repairs & Maint. to Retirement VRS (\$271.92), From Repairs & Maint. to VRS Emp. Health Ins. Credit (\$5), From Repairs & Maint. to Group Life Insurance (\$128.20), From Repairs & Maint. to Electric Service (\$3,715.03) and From Repairs & Maint. to Telecomm-Cellular (\$305.01), \$8,234.88.
- d. Public Utilities From Generator Maintenance to Electric Service (\$21,240.05), From Hospital/Medical Plans to Repairs & Maintenance (\$8,827.05), From Irrigation Meter Install. to Wages-Overtime Reg (\$4,435.85), From Irrigation

- Meter Install to Insurance-Fire/Property (\$467), From Irrigation Meter Install to Vehicle Insurance (\$4,404), From Irrigation Meter Install to Repairs & Maint. Supplies (\$4,900.37) and From Irrigation Meter Install to Other Operating Supplies (\$5,053.09), \$49,327.41.
- e. From Contract Services, \$2,486.02 to Group Life Insurance (\$379.86), to ST/LT Disability Premium (\$435.60),To Telecommunications-Land (\$229.20), to Insurance-Fire/Property (\$123), to Vehicle Insurance (\$701), to Office Supplies (\$346.58) and to Janitorial Supplies (\$270.78), \$2,486.02.
- f. Schools From Security Equipment (\$1,629.92), From SBO Renovation (\$1,672), From GWES Security Doors (\$4,252.01) and From NKES-SCH Nutrition FAC Updates (\$50,921.25), \$58,475.18 to Appr of Funds Fr Prior Years, \$58,475.18.
- 7. FY24 Interdepartmental Budget Transfers
 - a. Sheriff's Department From CAD System Upgrade to Dispatch Center Renovation, \$3,104.36.
- 8. Treasurer's Report Cash as of August 31, 2023, \$87,671,048.23 including escrow funds.

Ms. Paige moved to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record. The members were polled:

John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Aye
Ron Stiers Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: CITIZENS COMMENT PERIOD

Mr. Tiller opened the citizens comment period and provided brief instructions. He called Laura Ecimovic of 6000 Spring Run Drive, Quinton to the podium. Ms. Ecimovic said she usually spoke to the Board in an official capacity (as Commissioner of Revenue) but today she was speaking as a citizen and a mom. Her family would have an anniversary of the worst day of their lives in two days; the day their daughter had been killed in a car accident. She said losing a child left a parent with such a deep sorrow and the child's absence and silence was in the room, a raw unyielding form of grief. She noted the Board was probably wondering why she was here to talk about this. She reported her daughter had been killed in a school zone by a driver traveling 45 MPH. The doctor had written in the report that it had been an unfortunate sixteen-year old who had arrived in his ER that day. She said that when leaving the Courthouse every day, the school zone was not properly marked and the school zone her daughter had been killed in had also not been properly marked. She noted Sheriff Joe McLaughlin had announced speed limits would be enforced in school zones. She had told him that was great and that she would be glad to go to court when she was issued a ticket because you could not tell if the school zone was in effect when leaving the Courthouse. Those leaving Courthouse Circle and traveling east were able to see if the school zone was in effect but traffic from the western end of the street could not see the school zone. The Sheriff had also brought to her attention that traffic from New Chipping Lane could not see the school zone. She said many thought speed kills and a driver had to be traveling at a high speed but she had lost her daughter at 45 MPH. She said New Kent had the opportunity to do something and she had no idea what the cost would be but one

child was worth any cost to make sure the school zone was properly marked. She thanked the Board for the opportunity to speak. Mr. Tiller left the dais and hugged Ms. Ecimovic.

IN RE: RESIDENCY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

VDOT Residency Administrator Marshall Winn reviewed a written report on recent work including but not limited to pothole repair, road grading, shoulder repair, pipe replacement/ repair/cleaning, ditching, tree/brush removal/pruning, tractor mowing, sign daylighting/ repair/cleaning and debris/trash/litter removal. 56 work requests had been received and 53 completed. There had been two after hours call outs involving a large limb in the roadway and a damaged guardrail. The last cycle of primary mowing was on schedule for completion by Thanksgiving. He reported seeing County Administrator Rodney Hathaway and District Three Supervisor Patricia Paige at the I-64 widening groundbreaking ceremony on November 13th and said it had been a well-attended function. He entertained guestions.

Board members provided the following comments and reported the following concerns:

Mr. Stiers thanked Mr. Winn for attending and indicated he had no concerns to report.

Mr. Evelyn also had no concerns to report.

Mr. Lockwood thanked Mr. Winn and Maintenance Operations Manager Jeff Allgood for the recent patching in District 5. He also reported he had seen a VDOT tractor on Tabernacle Road earlier in the day and expressed appreciation for the overhead work being done in that area. Mr. Winn reported the work should be completed on Thursday.

Ms. Paige also had no concerns to report. She wished Mr. Winn and all VDOT workers a happy Thanksgiving. Mr. Winn said Ms. Paige had previously brought up an issue in the Arbors which he wished to address. He said there were three sections in the Arbors and Section One was close to being ready to bring into the state system but a good amount of work remained on Sections Two and Three. Ms. Paige said the residents wanted to have speed bumps in place until the roads were turned over to the state. Mr. Winn indicated VDOT could not install speed bumps.

Mr. Tiller said he also had no concerns to report. He thanked VDOT for all they were doing and wished them a happy holiday. Mr. Winn also wished Board members a happy Thanksgiving. Mr. Tiller thanked him for his report.

IN RE: NEW KENT COUNTY DRAFT LEGISLATIVE AGENDA

County Administrator Rodney Hathaway provided an overview of the draft Legislative Agenda for the 2024 Legislative Session. As in previous years, key action items had been selected for presentation to New Kent's state representatives. The document also included the County's position on various potential legislative items that may be considered by the General Assembly. Part 1 included draft action items for discussion and consideration. This was not a final document and he encouraged Board members to provide him with any items they wished to include or remove. He had selected the top five items he had been dealing with over the past few months.

Part I action items included:

1. <u>Additional Judgeship for the 9th Judicial Circuit of Virginia</u> – He had worked with Circuit Court Judge B. Elliott Bondurant on this and noted other Circuit Court judges in the

- region were also requesting this in response to increasing caseloads. A letter of support from New Kent had been sent to the Judicial Council of Virginia and the request had been approved at that level but would need final approval from the General Assembly. New Kent would be asking that the Judicial Council of Virginia's request for an additional Judgeship for the 9th Judicial Circuit of Virginia be approved and fully funded.
- 2. <u>Funding for Alternatives to Groundwater</u> The request would be for the creation of an Alternative Water Supply Fund to help businesses and communities meet groundwater withdrawal requirements, while reducing the depletion of groundwater supplies. The state was clamping down on groundwater withdrawal permits without providing resources for alternative options. New Kent was considering other options such as purchasing water from a neighboring locality and withdrawal from the Pamunkey River.
- 3. <u>Funding for State Mandated Positions</u> New Kent was requesting that the State meet its obligation to fund appropriate staffing and competitive salaries for the State's system of justice, to include clerks, magistrates, Commonwealth's Attorneys, and district court employees. The Board had heard requests from all of these positions for supplemental funding from the County because the state was not meeting its requirements.
- 4. <u>Diascund State Park</u> The request would be for the 273-acre County-owned Makemie Woods property to be accepted into the Virginia State Park System and funds be appropriated in the General Assembly for the planning, design, and development of this property as a State Park. A meeting with the Virginia Parks System for a tour of the property was scheduled in December. He believed the property would be a perfect site for a state park but it would take much more than an agreement from the Virginia State Park System. Funding and support from the General Assembly would be requested.

Mr. Stiers said he knew there had been discussion on converting this property to a state park with New Kent giving the state all of the property purchased for \$1,000,000. He said this would be a major change to this part of the County and noted the access roads were narrow and winding. He suggested a public hearing was needed as had been done for the drug rehab center and the combat training facility to hear from the residents to see if they wanted a state park in the neighborhood. He didn't want the residents to find bulldozers on the property without having any voice in the process. Mr. Hathaway noted community involvement would be appreciated. Not only did he want to hear from them if they wanted a park but he would also like them to participate in the design if the decision was to move forward. He said he would expect numerous opportunities for community participation. Mr. Evelyn said it was his understanding that the possibility of this property becoming a state park was not a done deal. Mr. Hathaway agreed and noted the state had not seen the property and was interested in a tour to see if there was the potential for it becoming a state park. There were many steps in making that happen and this was just the beginning. Mr. Lockwood pointed out that they had already had conversations about community meetings and citizen input with administration. This potential park was only in the discussion stages with the state and was not at any planning point.

5. Crisis Services and State Hospital Capacity to Accept Individuals Subject to Temporary Detention Orders (TDOs) – There was a health crisis with TDOs in Virginia and these cases were tying up local resources with officers having to sit with people waiting for beds. While waiting, these people were not getting the services they truly needed. New Kent County fully supported the Virginia Association of Counties request for funding and resources for State Hospitals to ensure the capacity to receive individuals subject to TDOs without delays. New Kent officers had sat as long as three days waiting for a bed to be found and in some cases, the bed would be on the other side of the state.

Mr. Hathaway reported there was a lot of talk in the General Assembly regarding possible topics and potential legislation that may be discussed. In response, Part II included the following County position statements:

- 2-1. Lobbying groups such as the Home Builders Association were fighting hard to take away local zoning ability. New Kent would support maintaining its existing statutory authority in the area of land use/development. The ability to adequately plan, zone and enforce land use regulations was necessary to maintain our community's quality of life. New Kent was opposed to legislation that would erode local land use authority.
- 2-2. New Kent supported full funding for legislation mandated for localities with an associated cost. In the event funding was no longer provided by the Commonwealth at a future time, the mandate would sunset and no longer be binding on localities.
- 2-3. New Kent supported legislation that would give localities the option to use electronic or other forms of notification as an alternative to newspaper advertising for required notices of public hearings. Localities were currently required to run notices in newspapers and this would give more flexibility to include other forms of media.
- 2-4. There was a state-wide crisis with finding qualified public safety employees. Localities were competing for available employees and there was a shortage in the workforce. New Kent supported legislation that would provide additional resources that would assist local governments with the recruitment, retention, training and support of first responders such as law enforcement, Fire and EMS personnel and 9-1-1 dispatchers.
- 2-5. New Kent supported dedicated state and federal funding for local governments to acquire and maintain advanced cybersecurity to protect vital systems and sensitive data and felt incident reporting requirements should not impose an undue burden or interfere with local incident response. Staff anticipated more regulations regarding cybersecurity would be a discussion topic in the upcoming General Assembly session and was hopeful resources would be attached to any new regulations.
- 2-6. New Kent supported expanding the authority and discretion for VDOT Resident Administrators to approve modifications to design standards including speed limit reductions where appropriate with local needs. Speed study decisions were made at the district level rather than local residency level. Staff felt individuals more closely involved in the locality should make the decisions and the Resident Administrator should be given more authority/flexibility to make speed limit and traffic decisions.

Mr. Hathaway said these were the proposed items and he would be happy to meet individually and discuss the items further. He entertained questions.

Drawing attention to position statement 2-6, Mr. Lockwood said he felt it should be the County Administrator rather than the VDOT Resident Administrator. He noted he had been requesting this for the last four years. Mr. Hathaway indicated he did not disagree.

IN RE: ELECTED OFFICIALS REPORTS

Mr. Stiers said the County had been through a "terrible election season" and it had not been pleasant for many. He noted it was now behind us and urged everyone to pull together as a great community and go forward. He announced the annual Thanksgiving Feast would be at the Providence Forge Recreation Center on November 23rd. This was for the whole community with over 1,000 typically served each year. He announced the Providence Forge Christmas Parade would be on Sunday, December 10th and urged those interested in entering a float to go online to the Providence Forge Christmas Parade to sign up.

Mr. Evelyn thanked everyone who had come out to support the New Kent Educational Foundation Bowl-A-Thon on November 2^{nd} . It had been a great success with all proceeds

going to grants for teachers and students. He thanked everyone for supporting this and wished everyone a wonderful Thanksgiving.

Mr. Lockwood thanked Laura Ecimovic for commenting during the citizen comment period. He could not imagine what she had been through and although he would not be on the Board to move this forward, he had every confidence that the members who would be there would work diligently to get that accomplished. He thanked her for sharing her comments.

Ms. Paige announced there had been a groundbreaking ceremony for the I-64 widening project in New Kent on Monday, November 13th. There had never been a groundbreaking for the original I-64 in New Kent many years ago so this had been a first. Governor Glenn Youngkin, Secretary of Transportation Shep Miller as well as staff had assembled at the VDOT Welcome Center for the ceremony. She said work would begin in about a week and a half and yes, traffic would be backed up. \$756 million had been appropriated for the project so it was a reality and would happen. Mr. Tiller personally thanked Ms. Paige for her hard work on this project and noted he did not know if they could have done this without her.

Echoing previous comments, Mr. Tiller hoped everyone would have a happy Thanksgiving. He noted it was the beginning of the holiday season and he hoped everyone could move forward and noted we had a lot for which to be thankful.

Mr. Tiller noted it was too early to begin public hearings and the Board moved on with other agenda items.

IN RE: STAFF REPORTS

County Administrator Rodney Hathaway announced the 10th Annual New Kent County Grand Illumination would be held on Sunday, November 26th from 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. at the Courthouse Complex. The contractor had been installing lights, it was beginning to look a lot like Christmas and staff hoped residents would join them for this event.

IN RE: OTHER BUSINESS

There was no other business.

IN RE: APPOINTMENTS - DELEGATED BY DISTRICT

Ms. Paige moved to appoint Samuel Jefferson as District Three representative to the Economic Development Authority to serve a four-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2027.

Ms. Paige moved to appoint Chris Goebel as District Three representative to the Purchase of Development Rights Committee to serve a three-year term beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2026.

Mr. Lockwood moved to appoint Sharon J. Oakley as District Five representative to the Board of Road Viewers to serve a four-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2027.

The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye Patricia A. Paige Aye Ron Stiers Aye John N. Lockwood Aye C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: APPOINTMENTS - NOT DELEGATED BY DISTRICT

Mr. Lockwood moved to appoint Assistant Financial Services Director Andrea Gardner as a representative to the Community Policy and Management Team to complete a two-year term ending June 30, 2024. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige Aye
Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: APPOINTMENTS - REGIONAL BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

Mr. Lockwood moved to appoint Lisa Diggs as New Kent's representative to the Henrico Area Mental Health & Developmental Services Board to serve a three-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2026.

Mr. Lockwood moved to appoint Ryan Shobe as New Kent's appointee to the Tri-River Alcohol Safety Action Program to serve a three-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2026.

The members were polled:

Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

Mr. Tiller noted it was still too early to begin public hearings and called for a brief recess at 6:57 p.m. The meeting reconvened at 7:05 p.m.

IN RE: PUBLIC HEARING – ORDINANCE O-16-23, APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF

REVENUE BONDS BY THE FARMS OF NEW KENT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

AUTHORITY

Before the Board for consideration was Ordinance O-16-23 to approve the issuance of revenue bonds by the Farms of New Kent (FONK) Community Development Authority (CDA). Attorney Brendan Staley with Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP, serving as Bond Counsel to the CDA, presented the proposed item for consideration. He noted the Board had approved two bond series approximately two years ago to refund bonds issued in 2006. One of the series had been secured by special assessments on certain property within the PUD (Planned Unit

Development) and the other series was secured by a mixed pledge of assessments on other properties within the PUD as well as certain excess revenues from the sale of lots and development parcels by the "Special Purpose Entity" setup by the trustee to dispose of property within the PUD. A new transaction was before the Board which would in part be a restructuring of some of the 2021 bonds and would enable the issuance of additional bonds to fund further public improvements to support continued buildout of the development. The hope would be to fund the public improvements on an accelerated basis to continue to push the pace of development. The restructuring would be necessary to achieve this because the 2021 transaction had stipulated no bonds other than refunding bonds would be issued and documents would need to be amended to provide for new money bonds. Another reason was that in order to issue new money bonds, Preston Hollow Community Capital (PHCC) had concluded that the best way to structure those bonds would be to split the security that had previously been dedicated to a single series of bonds (2021B bonds). Those bonds had been secured by a mix of special assessments and excess land sales revenue. The proposal was to issue three bond series through the CDA in 2023. Two of the series would be refunding bonds and the third would be new money. The first series would be secured by special assessments currently pledged to the 2021B bonds. There would be no increase or change in the assessments. The second series of refunding bonds would be secured by excess land sales revenue which was currently pledged to the 2021B bonds. The third series would be a draw down loan secured by repayment from excess land sales revenue. This new category would be available to fund additional public infrastructure.

He stated all CDA bond issuances were conditioned upon the approval by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors. The CDA could not issue bonds without the Board's approval. The CDA had been apprised of this proposed transaction and had deferred action until the Board of Supervisors had considered the proposal. The CDA was planning to meet the following week depending on the outcome of this meeting. If the Board of Supervisors approved the transaction, the CDA would then meet to take action. He noted the ordinance before the Board covered a great deal of ground and he had tried to keep the presentation as succinct as possible. He offered to go into more detail if it would be helpful and constructive for the Board. He entertained questions and noted representatives of PHCC were connected by Zoom and would also be happy to address questions.

Board members elected to hold comments and questions until after the public hearing. Mr. Tiller opened the public hearing. There being no individuals wishing to speak, the public hearing was closed.

Addressing Mr. Staley, Mr. Evelyn noted the document stated, "The 2023B-1 bonds will be secured by a pledge of the remaining 2021B assessments and the 2023B-2 bonds and the 2023B-3 bonds would be secured by a pledge of excess KFHC revenues." He asked for details on the excess revenues. Mr. Staley noted KFHC was Kent Farms Holding Company, LLC and the referenced revenue would be the excess land sales revenue. KFHC was the entity created by the trustee to take possession of the land from the prior developer. This trustee-controlled entity had been operating as the developer building out the project so there would be a source of revenue to repay the bonds. The 2021 transaction included a pledge of land sales revenue to new bonds as a part of the refunding and they were termed "excess KFHC revenues" at that time. A process and payment agreement between the CDA and the special purpose entity (KFHC) had been set out in 2021 which described how the revenues derived from land sales would be applied. The revenues were first applied to pay special assessments on any property owned by KFHC and then to pay operating and development costs for the buildout of the project. A "catchall" at the bottom of the list constituted the excess which had been pledged to the bond holders in 2021 and would be pledged to the new bond holders that would be substitute for the 2021B holders. Mr. Evelyn asked what would happen if there was no excess. Mr. Staley stated the bond holders would continue to wait to be paid. The bonds would be capital appreciation bonds with no interest payable in real time and all interest being payable at final maturity. He deferred to representatives of PHCC and Davenport and Company Co-Director Ted Cole (New Kent Financial Advisor) for specifics on the math but again noted there would be no principal and interest due until final maturity. To the extent excess revenues were available in real time, a "turbo redemption" feature would come into play with bonds being redeemed on a quarterly basis with excess revenue. Mr. Evelyn indicated he was not saying he was against what PHCC was trying to do but he did not understand it fully and did not feel a definition of excess funds had been clearly stated. He also noted if the Board approved Ordinance O-16-23, it stated the prior ordinances of 2005 and 2021 were not in conflict and were ratified and confirmed. He would need some numbers from Davenport in order to feel comfortable with this. He again noted he was not saving he was against this but needed a better understanding to be sure the County was protected. Mr. Staley said he understood and noted he would be happy to review a copy of the payment agreement if it would be helpful. He stated if it was a question about the numbers rather than the mechanics, he would not be able to answer. Mr. Evelyn stated the numbers were pretty important.

Mr. Lockwood noted Mr. Staley had indicated the 2023B-3 bonds would not exceed \$45 million and would be a draw down loan to carry on development. He questioned who would approve the draws, how the funds would be drawn down and what would be the specific uses. He said the presentation indicated the \$45 million would be used to develop the business side of the development and not the residential side. He asked if this was correct? Mr. Staley deferred to PHCC for details on the proposed suite of improvements and where they would be located and said he did not know the breakdown between residential and commercial. Mr. Lockwood noted it had been said in a previous presentation that the 2023B-3 bonds would be necessary in order to continue the business development and if they didn't have access to this capital, it would slow down that aspect of the development. He said he would like to have a better understanding of how the money would be approved for the draw downs so the Board would know the money would be used exactly as designed rather than some other thing needing to be fixed later. He noted agreement with Mr. Evelyn in regard to having Davenport provide more clarification on how the funds would be utilized and who would be in charge of approving the draws. Mr. Staley said he could walk the Board through the approval process now if that would be helpful or he could do that at a later time if the Board preferred to speak with Davenport first. Mr. Lockwood stated he would like to see Davenport provide an independent review of what was before them and noted he felt it would be in the Board's best interest and to be sure they were protecting the best interest of the development. He added that he knew it must be frustrating for Mr. Staley and noted the CDA was waiting for the Board of Supervisors to do something. He suggested it would also be nice to have some input from the CDA and again stated he would like to have a better independent explanation of the 2023B-3 bonds. For clarity, Mr. Staley said what Mr. Lockwood was looking for was primarily an explanation of the contemplated improvements, in which parts of the development they would be undertaken and how they would benefit the business component of the development. Mr. Lockwood confirmed this was what he wanted to know and indicated his biggest concern was understanding exactly where the money would be utilized, what terms and who would approve the draw downs.

Mr. Stiers asked Mr. Staley to reemphasize that the County would bear no liability for the cost of the bond issuance. Mr. Staley indicated that was correct and noted the special assessment bonds and the excess KFHC revenue bonds were not an obligation of the County. The County would have no obligation to pay the debt service on these bonds and there were limited obligations of the CDA that these bonds would be payable solely from the revenues and other securities described in the ordinance. Money from special assessments

which were already imposed and the excess land sales revenue which were generated by the sale of development parcels owned by KFHC to home builders and other entities would secure the bonds. There would be no County obligation with respect to the bonds.

Mr. Tiller noted agreement with Mr. Evelyn and Mr. Lockwood. Referencing the \$45 million, he asked what would happen if the total cost came to \$60 million and where would they get additional funds? He said goals based on the number of homes sold had been set in 2006 when the FONK had first been established and included thresholds to be met in regard to amenities and commercial space. He asked what had happened to this? He was concerned there would be no money in thirteen years if they continued to borrow against the bonds and he would also like to hear from Davenport to get a better understanding of the numbers. Mr. Staley noted he wanted to be sure he understood Mr. Tiller's ask. He said Mr. Tiller's concern was the scope of intended public improvements to support additional development activity and how they would be funded to the extent that the costs exceed the amount of the draw down loan. Mr. Tiller confirmed. He noted the original agreement had been for commercial space to be constructed after reaching a certain number of homes. They were to also have a pool, walking trails and club houses as well. He was concerned whether or not all of the amenity requirements had been fulfilled.

Addressing Mr. Hathaway, Mr. Lockwood noted the Board would have a work session on November 28th and asked if Davenport could be asked to provide more information at that time. He noted they would have another regular meeting on December 11th and if Davenport could present on November 28th, a decision on this ordinance could be deferred until the December 11th meeting. Mr. Hathaway noted Davenport Senior Vice President Mitch Brigulio was in the audience and had indicated they could present on November 28th.

Mr. Tiller noted if there were no other questions, the Board would defer action until hearing from Davenport.

Mr. Evelyn noted the new debt would be at a 7% interest rate compared to the current 5% on existing bonds. Mr. Staley said he believed the interest rate was not to exceed 7.85% but he believed PHCC Managing Director Ramiro Albarran had confirmed in a recent call with Mr. Hathaway and others that the rate would be fixed at 7% or 7.5% but he was not sure of the rate. Mr. Evelyn questioned if the \$45 million debt would be insured by PHCC? Mr. Staley noted PHCC would be the bond holder who would purchase the debt and bear the risk of the project not performing.

Mr. Albarran joined the discussion and offered to address some of the questions raised. For clarity, he noted the rate for the 2023B-1 bonds would be 5.25% which was dramatically below comparable credits currently trading in the sixes to seven percent yields on the marketplace. He said the documents included a not to exceed 7.75% statement but noted the discussed proposal was 7% for the B-2 and B-3 bonds with comparable market rates being 8% or higher so again, substantially below market. He noted another concern he had heard was whether or not the requirements of the PUD were current. He assured the Board all requirements under the PUD were current. The club house in Land Bay V had been completed and the one in Land Bay IV was substantially complete. He said all issues and faults of the prior developer had been satisfied. He stressed that PHCC was the lender and not the land owner and they were excited about their working relationship with the County. He noted a prior presentation had focused on commercial development and said the \$45 million represented the estimated balance of all public infrastructure necessary for the residential and commercial portions of the community. The \$45 million was a not to exceed number and he believed the actual number would be less. Accelerating the development of the commercial was in no way extraordinarily benefitting PHCC. PHCC was strictly the

lender and it was their risk to pay the principal. He stated he believed the biggest beneficiary would be New Kent County. He noted it had been heard many times that New Kent had been looking for a grocery store anchored retail center. A Letter of Intent was in place with a grocer and would cause a significant investment to be made. He again noted PHCC was not the equity owner. They were the lender and the trustee of the original 2006 bonds was the owner through KFHC. PHCC was ready, willing and able to make an investment to accelerate development and was proposing to do so at rates substantially below market. The alternative would be to let the property pay for the development. He said this would likely mean the commercial activity, although still in compliance with the PUD, would be substantially delayed. Broken promises from the previous developer had been satisfied, they were current with PUD requirements and he believed constituents were very happy to see this. He stated, "We think it's in the County's best interest to accelerate the commercial development, take advantage of the County's big win with Buc-ee's and all of the other sales tax generators that would follow." He noted the development in Land Bay V would feather in nicely with the expansion of I-64 and the new interchange. He said they had a grocer ready to move forward as well as some other exciting plans in Land Bay IV for which they were not ready to go public. He again noted they were the lender and there would be no windfall coming to them. He said the bottom line was they felt positive about the future of New Kent County and wanted to be helpful.

Mr. Tiller thanked him for his comments and asked Mr. Evelyn if he had a motion.

Mr. Evelyn moved to defer Ordinance O-16-23 for the approval of the issuance of revenue bonds by the Farms of New Kent Community Development Authority. The members were polled:

John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Aye
Ron Stiers	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: PUBLIC HEARING – RESOLUTION R-26-23, FY 2022-2023 BUDGET AMENDMENT – COLONIAL DOWNS REVENUE APPROPRIATION

Before the Board for consideration was Resolution R-26-23 amending the fiscal year 2022-2023 operating budget by appropriating \$11,803,624.17 in revenue received from Colonial Downs. County Administrator Rodney Hathaway reported the Board had not budgeted any Colonial Downs revenue the previous year and that revenue had been placed in the Capital Reserve Budget. He announced the audit had been completed and the Colonial Downs revenue number had been finalized. Amending the FY 2022-2023 budget would appropriate these funds to the year in which they had been received. He noted that in accordance with Code of Virginia Section 15.2-2507, a public hearing was required for a budget amendment greater than 1% of the total adopted budget. He entertained questions.

Mr. Tiller opened the public hearing. There being no individuals wishing to speak, the public hearing was closed.

Mr. Lockwood moved to adopt Resolution R-26-23 to amend the FY 2022-2023 budget by appropriating revenue in the amount of \$11,803,624.17 received from Colonial Downs to the Capital Fund. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Aye
Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: PUBLIC HEARING – RESOLUTION R-27-23, FY 2023-2024 BUDGET AMENDMENT – CARRY FORWARD APPROPRIATIONS

Before the Board for consideration was Resolution R-27-23 amending the fiscal year 2023-2024 operating budget by carrying forward funds in the amount of \$58,398,343.37 from previous fiscal years to the current year. County Administrator Rodney Hathaway reported the majority of these funds were from ongoing capital projects and ongoing grants. Details of each line item to be carried forward had been included in the meeting packet. He noted that in accordance with Code of Virginia Section 15.2-2507, a public hearing was required for a budget amendment greater than 1% of the total adopted budget. He entertained questions.

Mr. Tiller opened the public hearing. There being no individuals wishing to speak, the public hearing was closed.

Ms. Paige moved to adopt Resolution R-27-23 amending the FY 2023-2024 budget by appropriating supplemental carry forward appropriations in the amount of \$58,398,343.37. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige	Aye
Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: ANNOUNCEMENT OF UPCOMING MEETINGS/ADJOURNMENT

Mr. Tiller said he understood there were some former New Kent University graduates in the audience and he thanked them for attending. He announced the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors would be held at 6:00 p.m. on Monday, December 11, 2023 and the next work session would be held at 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, November 28, 2023, both in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building.

Ms. Paige moved to adjourn. The members were polled:

Ron Stiers	Aye
John N. Lockwood	Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn	Aye
Patricia A. Paige	Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr.	Aye

The meeting was adjourned at 7:38 p.m.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Approval of Minutes

Motion: "Mr.	a part of the record		d and that it be made
Chairman, I move			
(not required for Conse Agenda items)	I move to approve	the Consent Agenda a f the record, with the	
Subject	November 28, 2023	Work Session Minutes	5
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implication	s		
Policy Implication	S		
Legislative Histor	У		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:			
ATTACHMENTS:			

Description Type

November 28, 2023 Work Session Minutes (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:48 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 1:47 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:20 AM

A REGULAR WORK SESSION WAS HELD BY THE NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON THE 28^{TH} DAY OF NOVEMBER IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE IN THE BOARDROOM OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING IN NEW KENT, VIRGINIA, AT 9:00 A.M.

IN RE: CALL TO ORDER

Chairman C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. called the meeting to order.

IN RE: ROLL CALL

Thomas W. Evelyn Present
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Present
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Present
John N. Lockwood Present

All members with the exception of Ms. Paige were present.

Mr. Tiller announced the Board would be going into closed session.

Mr. Lockwood announced fellow Board member Patricia Paige had passed away earlier that morning. He stated, "She loved this County, she loved the people in this building and she will be missed." He called for a moment of silence in her honor and followed it with a heartfelt prayer asking that her soul rest in peace.

IN RE: CLOSED SESSION

Mr. Stiers moved to go into closed session pursuant to Virginia Code Section 2.2-3711(A)(1) for discussion of the appointment of prospective candidates for appointees of a public body. The members were polled:

Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried. Mr. Tiller announced the agenda for today's meeting would be postponed and they would get back with everyone to let them know when the Board would continue. He thanked everyone for attending. Members left the dais at 9:05 a.m.

Members returned to the dais at 9:17 a.m. Mr. Evelyn moved to reconvene in open session. The members were polled:

Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

Mr. Evelyn moved to certify by roll call vote that to the best of each member's knowledge only public business matters lawfully exempted from open session requirements of the Freedom of Information Act and identified in the motion to go into closed session were heard, discussed or considered in the closed session. The members were polled:

Ron Stiers Aye
John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried.

IN RE: ANNOUNCEMENT OF UPCOMING MEETINGS/ADJOURNMENT

The next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors would be held at 6:00 p.m. on Monday, December 11, 2023 in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building. There would be no December work session. The Board would also meet for a joint meeting with the New Kent County Economic Development Authority at 8:30 a.m. on December 21, 2023 at the New Kent Visitors and Commerce Center.

Mr. Stiers moved to adjourn. The members were polled:

John N. Lockwood Aye
Thomas W. Evelyn Aye
Patricia A. Paige Absent
Ron Stiers Aye
C. Thomas Tiller, Jr. Aye

The motion carried and the meeting was adjourned at 9:18 a.m.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Miscellaneous

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move	a part of the record.		d and that it be made	
(not required for Conse Agenda items)	I move to approve t	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record, with the following changes:		
Subject	Approval of Easeme Waterline Project	Approval of Easements & Compensation for the Rt 249 Waterline Project		
Issue	Easements are nece	ssary to complete the	e waterline project	
Recommendation	Authorize the Count	Authorize the County Administrator to sign the easements		
Fiscal Implication	s Easements are inclu	Easements are included in the approved FY24 CIP request for the project		
Policy Implication		Easements that cannot be obtained through negotiation may need to be acquired through condemnation.		
Legislative Histor	y to reimburse Rogers	In January 2024, the BOS approved a compensation agreement to reimburse Rogers & Chenault for oversizing a portion of the waterline for the County's future needs.		
Discussion	greatest degree pos and other obstruction close to the propert	The waterline alignment is within the VDOT right-of-way to the greatest degree possible, however topography, power poles and other obstructions require that the line deviate onto or close to the property lines. Temporary easements are needed for construction, and permanent easements for the life of the water line.		
Time Needed:	none	Person Appearing:	N/A	
Request prepared by:	Mike Lang	Telephone:	966 9625	
Copy provided to:	County Attorney			

ATTACHMENTS:

Description	Type
Update easement status report and map as of Jan 25	Cover Memo
ACR Holdings LLC Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Bassetti Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit

Correia Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Countiss Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Fisher Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Gray Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Henley Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Journey Christian Fellowship Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Lawson Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Mitchell Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Shiflett Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Trainum Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit
Wright Easement Agreement (PDF)	Exhibit

REVIEWERS:

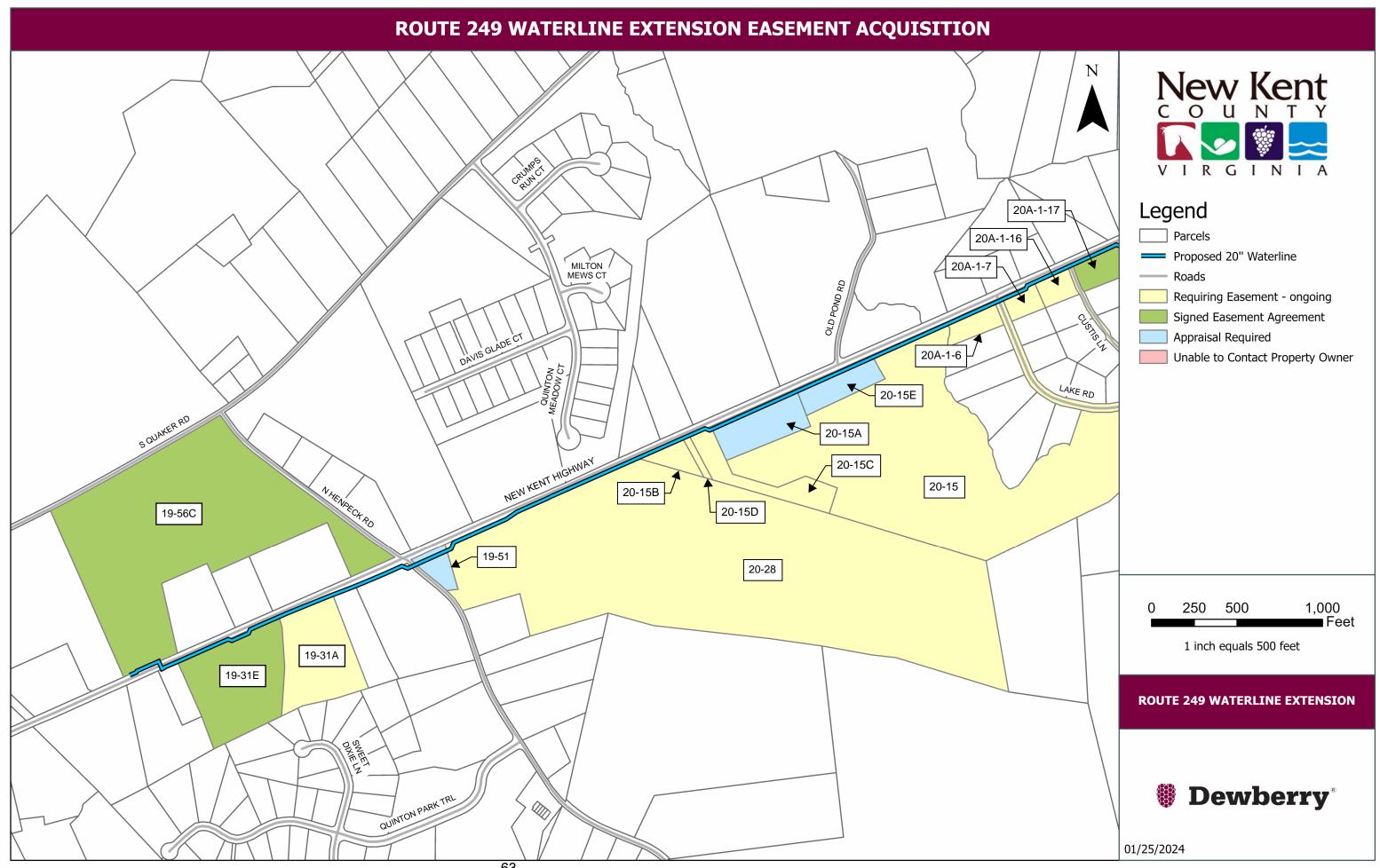
Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Public Utilities	Lang, Mike	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:45 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	2/5/2024 - 2:30 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 4:02 PM

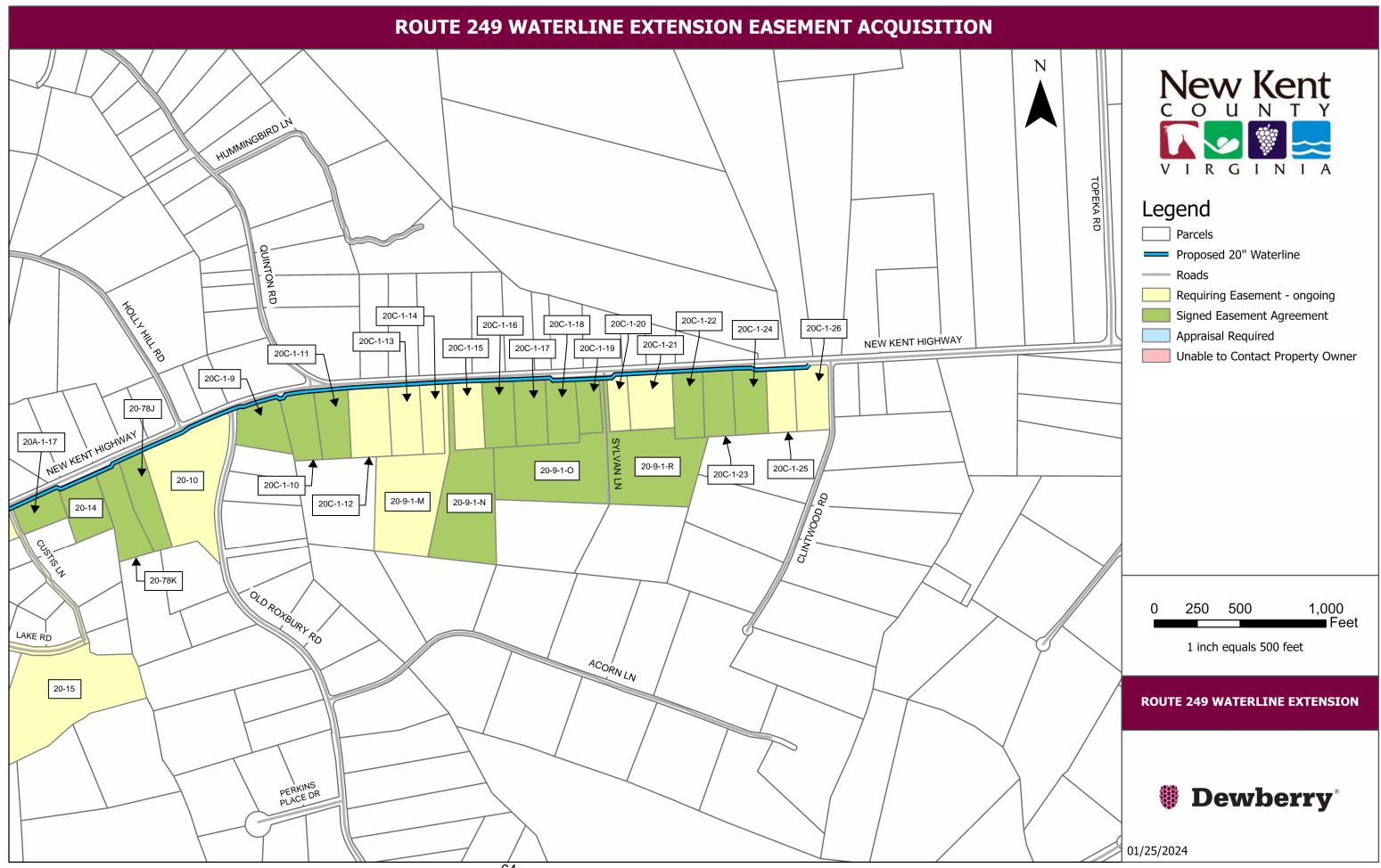
61

ROUTE 249 WATERLINE EXTENSION STATUS OF EASEMENT ACQUISITION

Tax Parcel ID #	GPIN	Owner
19 31A	K06-3015-4395	James C Francisco, Trust
19 31E	K06-2280-4109	Nancy L Devers and Kevin D Devers
19 51	K06-3455-4842	Mark S Daniel
19 56C	L06-2286-0175	Journey Christian Fellowship
20 10	L08-0543-1610	Trustees for the Providence United Methodist Church
20 14	L07-3836-1453	Daniel T Lawson and Nikki Rose L Lawson
20 15	L07-3112-0080	Patrick M Gibrall
20 15A	L07-1580-0509	Gibrall Chester Properties, LLC
20 15B 20 15C	L07-1055-0330	Janet D Brockwell and James N Brockwell James N Brockwell and Debbie M Bonevich Brockwell
	L07-1595-0137	
20 15D 20 15E	L07-1055-0330	Janet D Brockwell and James N Brockwell Cibroll Chapter Proportion J. J. C.
20 13E	L07-2048-0751 K07-1304-4837	Gibrall Chester Properties, LLC Janet D Brockwell and James N Brockwell
20 78J	L08-0384-1330	Melvin H Belcher
20 78J 20 78K	L08-0384-1330 L08-0145-1386	Martha Ann Thomas Stegmaier
20 7 6 K 20 9 1 M	L08-0145-1366 L08-1744-1443	Paul W Reese
20 9 1 M	L08-2053-1433	Michael Correia and Deborah Correia
20-9-1-O	L08-2568-1629	Jesse Marcinkevich and Stephanie Marcinkevich
20-9-1-R	L08-3154-1668	Kendall Scott Countiss and Megan E Countiss
20A 1 16	L07-3315-1316	Patrick M Gibrall
20A 1 17	L07-3568-1425	Stephen W Gray and Marlene F Gray
20A 1 6	L07-2834-1112	Patrick M Gibrall
20A 1 7	L07-3119-1234	Patrick M Gibrall
20C 1 9	L08-0913-1877	Thomas C Fisher and Dalia S Fisher
20C 1 10	L08-1128-1869	Robert A Messenger and Margaret B Messenger
20C 1 11	L08-1313-1886	John W Mitchell Jr. and Kathleen A Mitchell
20C 1 12	L08-1502-1898	Joseph C Henley and Bonnie M Henley
20C 1 13	L08-1740-1912	Paul W Reese
20C 1 14	L08-1910-1921	Paul W Reese
20C 1 15	L08-2111-1932	Victoria Louise Starr
20C 1 16	L08-2285-1942	Kelly F Trainum and Winston A Trainum, III
20C 1 17	L08-2471-1952	Timothy E Green
20C 1 18	L08-2657-1962	Paul D Wright, Jr and Ellen S Wright
20C 1 19	L08-2821-1996	Paul D Wright, Jr and Ellen S Wright
20C 1 20	L08-2973-2006	Mark A Brubeck and Athena Brubeck
20C 1 21	L08-3174-2018	Tracy Testerman ETAL
20C 1 22	L08-3394-1997	Glenda Mae Bassetti
20C 1 23	L08-3573-2007	Roger L Shiflett and Katherine W Shiflett
20C 1 24	L08-3755-2016	ACR Holdings, LLC
20C 1 25	L08-3937-2026	James E Murray and Tok Y Murray
20C 1 26	L09-0056-1978	Robert A Moore and Sherry D Moore
Custis Lane	Not Assigned	Patrick M Gibrall
Lake Road	Not Assigned	Patrick M Gibrall
Logond:		
Legend:	l ngoing	
Requiring Easement - or Signed Easement Agree	<u> </u>	
Appraisal Required	ment	
Unable to Contact Prope	erty Owner	
Chable to Contact i Tope	Try Ownion	







EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for

Property Owner(s): ACR Holdings, LLC

Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-24

County Attorney

Mailing Address: 4501 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

persons or entities that have an interest in ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Vir.	the listed Tax Parcel, ACR Holdings, LLC ginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and ment Compensation Agreement ("Agreement")
paid in full and complete upon recordation of provided that there are no outstanding judg unacceptable to the County. The County will the County is satisfied that any judgments or	pensation for the Easement and rights will be f the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, gments or liens or other title issues that are not pay any compensation until such time as liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The tain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on of the Easement.
The County will make reasonable efforts Easement, understanding that adverse events	to reduce the period of construction in the like weather can prolong construction.
and assigns. The compensation for such Eatowards the fees associated with the connection	e binding upon the parties and their successors assement is \$4400.00 which will be credited on of the parcel to the County water system. of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:
WITHESS the following signature and seals c	of an Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority.
For the Owner:	
Date: $\frac{12/8}{23}$	Signature:
Date: 12/8/23 Name: To-c/h M Ayn-J.	Title: <u>Co</u> - o wer
For the County:	
Date:	Signature:
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway	Title: County Administrator
Approved as to Form:	
Joshua S. Everard	

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20C-1-24 GPIN L08-3755-2016

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this <u>8</u> day of December 2023, by and between ACR Holdings, LLC (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-24 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated December 4, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary Easement and will continue in full force and effect.

- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

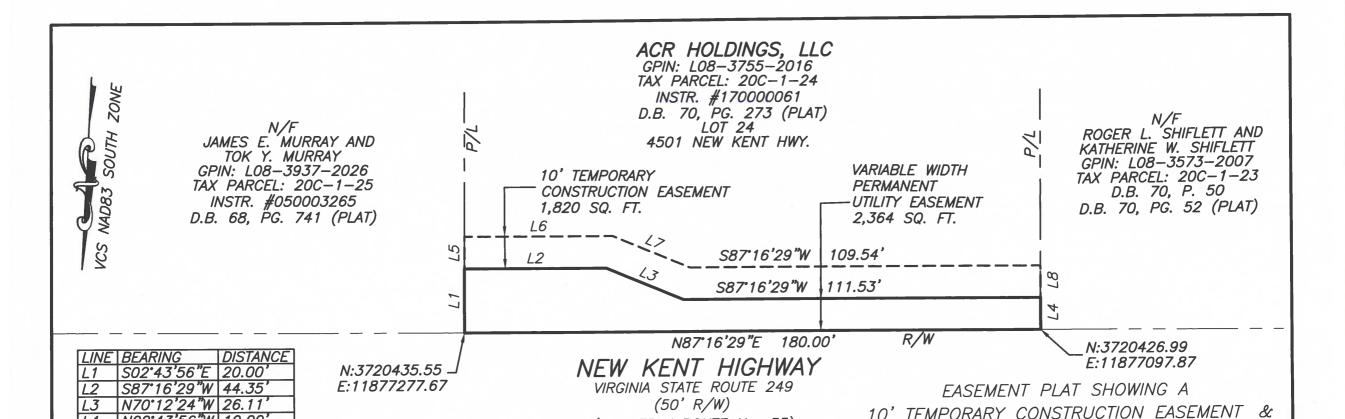
GRANTOR Joseph Marion Ayers, Jr. A/K/A DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 Joseph M. Ayers, Jr. My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027 CITY/COUNTY OF Henrico The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me December \$20 23 By David Worren Deal My commission expires: 9/30/2027 Notary registration number: 766 386/ This Deed is accepted by the County pursuant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance by the County is evidenced by the following signature of an authorized official of the County. (SEAL) Date: ___ Name:

Title:

COUNTY OFCOMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New K	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated December 4, 2023, is on the following page



(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

SCALE: 1" = 30'

ACR HOLDINGS, LLC

A VARIABLE WIDTH PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT

ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

GPIN: 108-3755-2016 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 12/04/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-40 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.

NO2'43'56"W 10.00

S02°43'56"E | 10.00

S87°16'29"W 46.34 N70°12'24"W 26.11

NO2°43'56"W 10.00



JOB #50162184

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are

Property Owner(s): Glenda Mae Bassetti

Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-22

and are incorporated by reference.

County Attorney

Mailing Address: 4417 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement.
The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction.
The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$1800.00.
WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:
Date: 12/19/23 Signature: Slenda Mae Bassetti Title: DWncr
For the County:
Date: Signature:
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator
Approved as to Form:
Joshua S. Everard

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: <u>20C-1-22</u> GPIN <u>L08-3394-1997</u>

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this day of December 2023, by and between Glendae Mae Bassetti (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-22 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 19, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary Easement and will continue in full force and effect.

- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR

Glenda Mae Bassetti

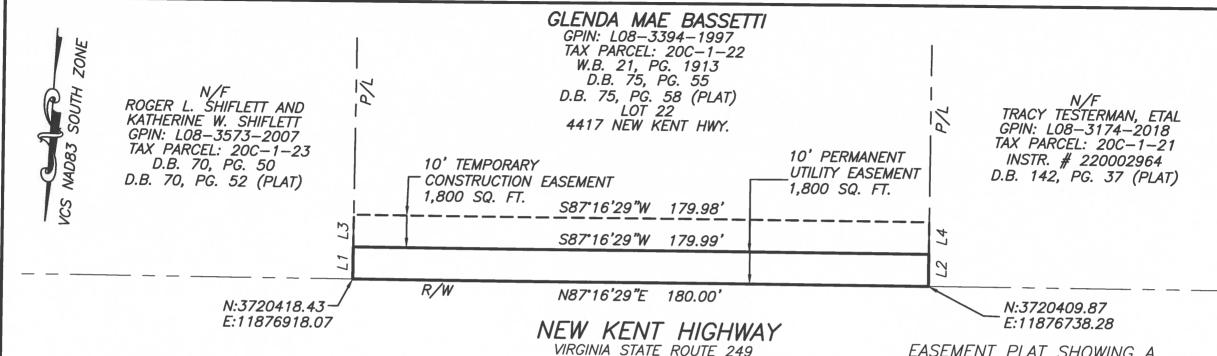
CITY/COUNTY OF Year Kent, STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF Virginia,	Denda Mare Bussette
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me	December 19, 2023
by David Warren Deal My commission expires: 9/30/2007	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027
Notary registration number: 746386/	Sail Burach
	Notary Public
This Deed is accepted by the County pursuant to Virgin by the County is evidenced by the following signature County.	
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF _____COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged by the Board of Supervi	sors of New Kent County, Virginia.
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, revised October 19, 2023, is on the following page.



(50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
	S02°43'56"E	10.00'
	NO2°47'56"W	
	S02°43'56"E	
	NO2°47'56"W	

0		30	60
	SCALE:	1" = .	<i>30'</i>

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-38 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.

MICHAEL W. HOOVER Lic. No. 1755

EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

GLENDA MAE BASSETTI

GPIN: L08-3394-1997 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/19/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

JOB #50162184



C. Michael Lang, PG
Director
Department of Public Utilities
PO Box 130
New Kent, VA 23124
Phone 804-966-9678
Fax 804-966-7135

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

To:

David Deal

Dewberry Engineers

From:

Mike Lang

Director, New Kent DPU

Ref:

Rt 249 Waterline & Easements

The County's objective in constructing the project is to consolidate The Bottoms Bridge and Central water systems in order to lower operating costs and to prepare for distribution of an alternative water supply.

Therefore, this notification confirms the following:

- Connection of existing residences and businesses is available, however connection is NOT required.
- Project budgeting and financing is not dependent upon revenue generation from existing residences and businesses along the waterline route.

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Deborah Lynne Correia A/K/A Deborah Correia and Michael Joseph Correia A/K/A Michael Correia Mailing Address: 4213 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141 Tax Map Parcel(s): 20-9-1-N This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20-9-1-N (the "Easement") dated January / 4, 2024 between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, Deborah Lynne Correia A/K/A Deborah Correia and Michael Joseph Correia A/K/A Michael Correia ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference. The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$300.00. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form:

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20-9-1-N GPIN L08-2053-1433

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.I-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this _______ day of January 2024, by and between Deborah Lynne Correia A/K/A Deborah Correia and Michael Joseph Correia A/K/A Michael Correia, Wife and Husband (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20-9-1-N in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated December 08, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR	GRANTOR	
Deborah Lynne Correia	Michael Joseph Correia	
A/K A Deborah Correia	A/K/A Michael Correia	
CITY/COUNTY OF New Kent, STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF V	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge by Devil & Worker My commission expires: 9/30/6 Notary registration number: 766	Dev 1	
	Notary Public	
	uant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance wing signature of an authorized official of the	
Date:	(SEAL)	
	Name:	
	Title:	

COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New l	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023 Revised December 08, 2023 on the following page.



N/F VICTORIA LOUISE STARR GPIN:L08-2111-1932 TAX PARCEL: 20C-1-15 INSTR. #200001636 MICHAEL CORREIA AND DEBORAH CORREIA

GPIN: L08-2053-1433 TAX PARCEL: 20-9-1-N D.B. 173, PG. 127

10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

323 SQ. FT.

MENT 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT 410 SQ. FT.

N:3720347.34 E:11875424.73

LINE BEARING DISTANCE
L1 N87°16'29"E 55.03'
L2 S87°16'29"W 35.03'
L3 N02°44'48"W 10.00'
L4 S87°16'29"W 30.53'
L5 N02°44'48"W 10.00'

N:3720349.96 E:11875479.70

NEW KENT HIGHWAY

VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249 (50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

	EASEMEN	T PLAT	SHOWING	A
10'	PERMANENT	UTILITY	EASEMEN	VT & A
10'	TEMPORARY	CONST	RUCTION	EASEMENT
	ACROSS	THE PR	ROPERTY	0F

MICHAEL & DEBORAH CORREIA

GPIN: L08-2053-1443 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

S	H	ΙF	E	Γ	1	0	F	•
$\boldsymbol{\smile}$			_			_		

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 12/08/2023



R/W

Dewberry®

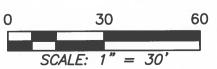
Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

CURVE	ARC LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA ANGLE	CHORD BEARING	CHORD LENGTH
C1	23.18'	25.00'	000, -		22.36'
C2	11.05'	25.00'	25°19'59"	S21°28'41"W	10.96'

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-27 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.





EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Kendall Scott Countiss and	•
Mailing Address: 8511 Sylvan Ln. Quinton, Tax Map Parcel(s): 20-9-1-R	VA 23141
1 ax 1viap 1 arcci(s). 20-3-1-10	
Tax Map No. 20-9-1-R_(the "Easement") date persons or entities that have an interest in the Megan E. Countiss A/K/A Megan Countiss ("Ov	ent and Temporary Construction Easement for de Jancay 4, 20 21 between all e listed Tax Parcel, Kendall Scott Countiss and vner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement are incorporated by reference.
paid in full and complete upon recordation of provided that there are no outstanding judg unacceptable to the County. The County will the County is satisfied that any judgments or	the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, ments or liens or other title issues that are not pay any compensation until such time as liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The tain releases from all holders of deeds of trust in of the Easement.
The County will make reasonable efforts to Easement, understanding that adverse events in	to reduce the period of construction in the like weather can prolong construction.
The terms of this agreement extend to and are and assigns. The compensation for such Easer	binding upon the parties and their successors ment is \$300.00.
WITNESS the following signature and seals of	f all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:
For the Owner:	
Date: 1/4/24	Signature: Rull Actt Courts
Name: Krydall Scot Courtiss	Title: COUMER
For the County:	
Date:	Signature:
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway	Title: County Administrator
Approved as to Form:	

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20-9-1-R GPIN L08-3154-1668

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this _____ day of January 2024, by and between Kendall Scott Countiss and Megan E. Countiss A/K/A Megan Countiss Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20-9-1-R in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 19, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

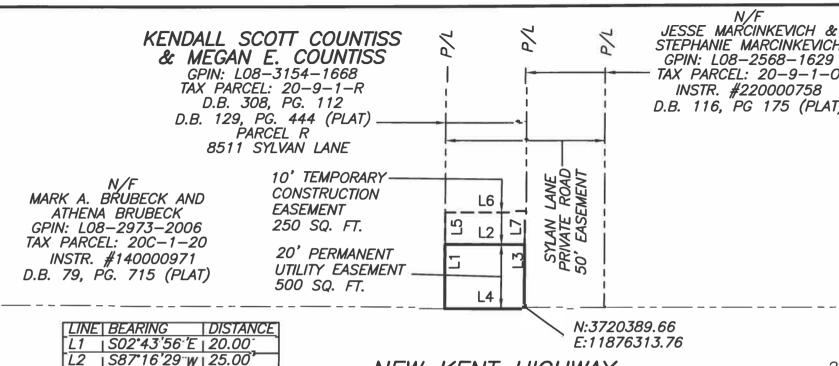
WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR Kendall Scott Countiss	GRANTOR MAC Magan E. Countiss A/K/A Megan Countiss
Kull Sett Cotte CITY/COUNTY OF Naw Kerl, STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF Very	Mose Contro
My commission expires: Notary registration number:	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861
	ant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ring signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, 20, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Kent County, Virginia.	ЭУ
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form: Notary Public	_
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, and revised on October 19, 2023, is on the following page.



NEW KENT HIGHWAY

VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249 (50' R/W) (FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

30 60 SCALE: 1" = 30"

EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 20' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

KENDALL SCOTT COUNTISS & MFGAN F. COUNTISS

GPIN: L08-3154-1668 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/19/2023



R/W

Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-35 DATED 08-01-2023.

L3 | NO2°43'56 W | 20.00'

L4 | N87°16'29'E | 25.00'

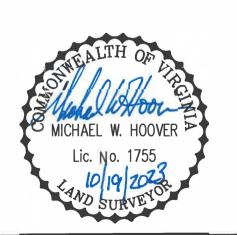
L5 | S02°43'56'E | 10.00'

L6 | S87°16'29 W | 25.00'

L7 | NO2°43'56"W | 10.00

2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



STEPHANIE MARCINKEVICH GPIN: L08-2568-1629 TAX PARCEL: 20-9-1-0 INSTR. #220000758 D.B. 116. PG 175 (PLAT)

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Thomas Craig Fisher A/K/A Thomas C. Fisher and Dalia Salazar Fisher A/K/A Dalia S. Fisher
Mailing Address: 8653 Old Roxbury Rd. Quinton, VA 23141 Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-9
Tax Map Tarce(s). 20C-1-9
This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20C-1-9 (the "Easement") dated
The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement.
The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction.
The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$2400.00.
WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:
For the Owner:
Date: 12-7-2023 Signature: Thomas Fello
Name: Thomas (Fell: DEWNER
For the County:
Date: Signature:
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator
Approved as to Form:
Joshua S. Everard

County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20C-1-9
GPIN L08-0913-1877

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this day of November 2023, by and between Thomas Craig Fisher A/K/A Thomas C. Fisher and Dalia Salazar Fisher A/K/A Dalia S. Fisher, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-9 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 19, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

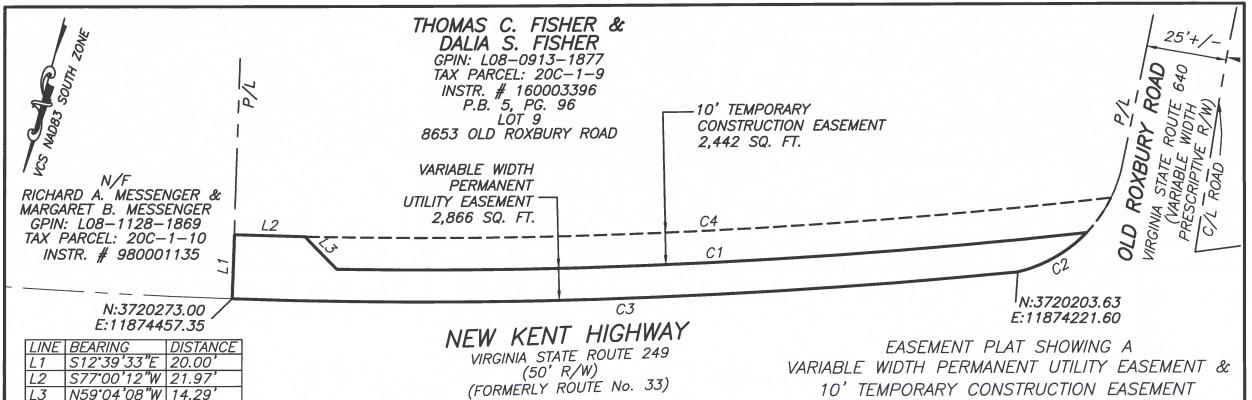
WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR	GRANTOR
Thomas Craig Fisher A/K/A	Dalia Salazar Fisher A/K/A
Thomas C. Fisher	Dalia S. Fisher
CITY/COUNTY OF New Kent STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF VI	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge	ed before me November 172023
by Down & Warra Dead My commission expires: 930/3 Notary registration number: 266 7	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861
	uant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ving signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ke	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
rippio vod do to rom.	
Joshua S. Everard	
County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, and revised on October 19, 2023, is on the following page.



CURVE	ARC LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA ANGLE	CHORD BEARING	CHORD LENGTH
C1	234.88'	1874.86	7°10'40"	S72°45'51"W	234.72'
	<i>25.10</i> °	43.52'	<i>33°02'43"</i>	S45°41'37"W	24.75
<i>C3</i>	245.91'	1884.86	7.28'31"	S73'36'11"W	245.74
C4	252.57	1864.86	7°45'36"	S72°47'09"W	252.38'

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-21 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.

S77'00'12"W 21.97

N59°04'08"W 14.29

0			60	
	SCALE:	1" =	<i>30'</i>	

VARIABLE WIDTH PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

> THOMAS C. FISHER & DALIA S. FISHER

> > GPIN: L08-0913-1877 BLACKWATER DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

> > > SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/19/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM



C. Michael Lang, PG
Director
Department of Public Utilities
PO Box 130
New Kent, VA 23124
Phone 804-966-9678
Fax 804-966-7135

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

To:

David Deal

Dewberry Engineers

From:

Mike Lang

Director, New Kent DPU

Ref:

Rt 249 Waterline & Easements

The County's objective in constructing the project is to consolidate The Bottoms Bridge and Central water systems in order to lower operating costs and to prepare for distribution of an alternative water supply.

Therefore, this notification confirms the following:

- Connection of existing residences and businesses is available, however connection is **NOT** required.
- Project budgeting and financing is not dependent upon revenue generation from existing residences and businesses along the waterline route.

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Marlene Faye Gray A/K/A Marlene F. Gray and Stephen Wayne Gray A/K/A

Stephen W Gray Mailing Address: 8547 Custis Ln., Quinton, VA 23141 Tax Map Parcel(s): 20A-1-17 This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20A-1-17 (the "Easement") dated January 3. 2024 between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, Marlene Faye Gray A/K/A Marlene F. Gray and Stephen Wayne Gray A/K/A Stephen W Gray ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference. The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office. provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$2300.00. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: Date: 1-23-2024

Name: Mallane FAye Gray Signature: Marker Fage Gray

Title: Co owner For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form: Joshua S. Everard County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20A-1-17 GPIN L07-3568-1425

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this 33 day of January 2024, by and between Marlene Faye Gray A/K/A Marlene F. Gray and Stephen Wayne Gray A/K/A Stephen W Gray, Wife and Husband (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20A-1-17 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated January 12, 2024 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR

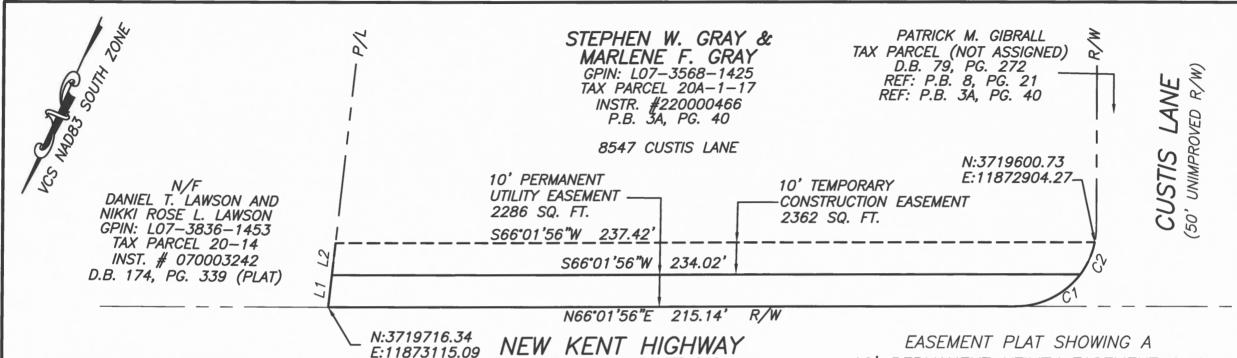
GRANTOR

Marlene Faye Gray	Stephen Wayne Gray
A/K A Marlene F. Gray	A/K/A Stephen W Gray
Must leve Page Gray CITY/COUNTY OF New Key STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF The foregoing instrument was acknowledge by Dould Ware My commission expires: 9/30/30 Notary registration number: 766 38	Stophen W Gray ad before the Lowery 23, 2024 DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027
	Notary Public
	ant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ing signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OFCOMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ker	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023 Revised January 12, 2024 on the following page.



VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249 (50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

	LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
ı	L1	S17°43'18"E	10.06'
	L2	S17°43'18"E	10.06'

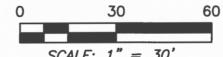
CURVE	ARC LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA ANGLE	CHORD BEARING	CHORD LENGTH
	23.16'	25.00	53°05'17"	N39°26'01"E	22.34'
C2	11.05'	25.00'	25°19'14"	N00°13'46"E	10.96

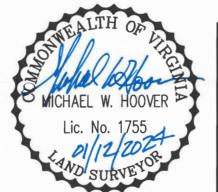
30 60 SCALE: 1" = 30'

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-16 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.





EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

STEPHEN W. GRAY & MARLENE F. GRAY

GPIN: L07-3568-1425 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT. NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 01/12/2024



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060

PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

JOB #50162184

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Joseph Christman Henley A/K/A Joseph C. Henley and Bonnie Marie Henley A/K/A Bonnie M. Henley, Husband and Wife Mailing Address: 4135 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141 Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-12 This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20C-1-9 (the "Easement") dated January 31, 2024 between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, Joseph Christman Henley A/K/A Joseph C. Henley and Bonnie Marie Henley A/K/A Bonnie M. Henley ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference. The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$1800.00. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: Date: 1/31/24 Signature: Bennie M. Honoley Name: Bonnie M. Henley For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form:

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20C-1-12 GPIN L08-1502-1898

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this day of January 2024, by and between Joseph Christman Henley A/K/A Joseph C. Henley and Bonnie Marie Henley A/K/A Bonnie M. Henley, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-12 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 6, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR

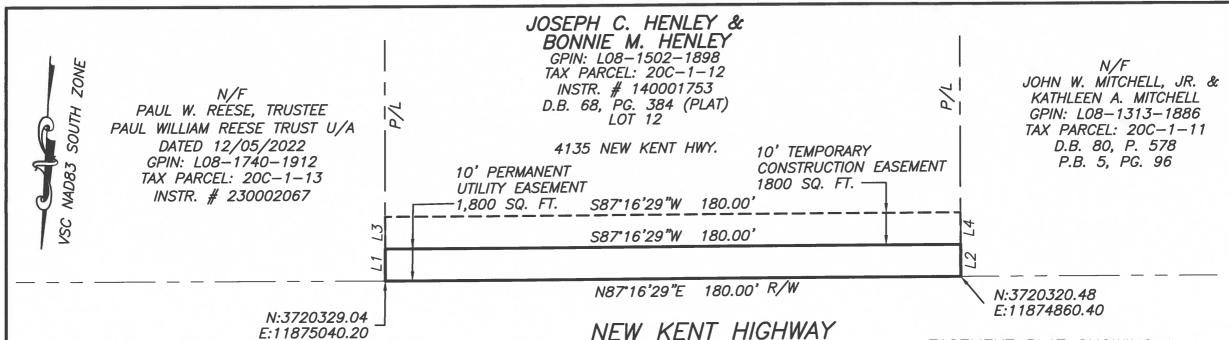
GRANTOR

Joseph Christman Henley A/K/A	Bonnie Marie Henley A/K/A
Joseph C. Henley	Bonnie M. Henley
CITY/COUNTY OF New Key STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF VINCE The foregoing instrument was acknowledge by Our Course My commission expires: 9/30/2000 Notary registration number: 7663	Barnie M. AbnOcy ded before me January 3,120 2,7 Down David Warren Deal Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027 Notary Public
	uant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ving signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, 20, b, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Kent County, Virginia.
My commission expires:
Notary registration number:
Notary Public
Approved as to Form:
Joshua S. Everard
County Attorney

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page.



LINE		DISTANCE
	S02°43'56"E	
L2	NO2°43'56"W	10.00'
<i>L3</i>	S02°43'56"E	10.00'
L4	NO2°43'56"W	10.00'

0 30 60 SCALE: 1" = 30' EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A

10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A

10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

JOSEPH C. HENLEY & BONNIE M. HENLEY

GPIN: L08-1502-1898 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/06/2023



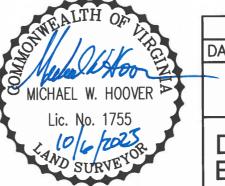
Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-24 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249

(50' R/W)
(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)



Commonwealth of Virginia

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

PIEDMONT REGIONAL OFFICE 4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060 (804) 527-5020

www.deq.virginia.gov

Travis A. Voyles Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources Michael S. Rolband, PE, PWD, PWS Emeritus Director (804) 698-4020

> Jerome A. Brooks Regional Director

Virginia Water Protection Permit Program Property-Access Agreement

Journey Christian Fellowship ("Owner") who own[s] the property located at 3020 New Kent Highway, Tax Parcel 19-56C ("Property") hereby authorizes the Department of Environmental Quality, its employees, agents, and contractors ("Authorized Parties") the right of entry to the Property to conduct inspections necessary to evaluate the application for and ensure compliance with VDEQ Permit Number WP2-23-2292 ("VWP Permit").

For the purpose of this section, the time for inspection shall be deemed reasonable during regular business hours. Nothing contained herein shall make an inspection time unreasonable during an emergency.

Inspections may include but are not limited to the following activities:

- 1. Enter upon the property, and have access to, inspect and copy any records that are required as part of the VWP permit;
- 2. Inspect any facilities, operations or practices (including monitoring and control equipment) regulated or required under the VWP permit; and
- 3. Sample or monitor any substance, parameter, or activity for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the VWP permit or as otherwise required by law.

The Owner understands that access to the Property is a requirement pursuant to 9VAC25-210-90 and the VWP Permit. The DEQ may enforce the provisions of this agreement utilizing all applicable procedures and authorities under Va. Code §§ 62.1-44.15 and 10.1-1186.

Property Owner Name

Property Owner Signature

Title

Date

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Journey Christian Fellowship Mailing Address: 3020 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

Tax Map Parcel(s): 19-56C	
Tax Map No. 19-56C_(the "Easement") dated persons or entities that have an interest in the l ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("Owner").	ent and Temporary Construction Easement for 1-23, 2024 between all isted Tax Parcel, Journey Christian Fellowship ginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and nent Compensation Agreement ("Agreement")
paid in full and complete upon recordation of provided that there are no outstanding judg unacceptable to the County. The County will the County is satisfied that any judgments or	pensation for the Easement and rights will be f the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, gments or liens or other title issues that are not pay any compensation until such time as liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The tain releases from all holders of deeds of trust n of the Easement.
The County will make reasonable efforts Easement, understanding that adverse events	to reduce the period of construction in the like weather can prolong construction.
The terms of this agreement extend to and are and assigns. The compensation for such Easer	e binding upon the parties and their successors ment is \$900.00.
WITNESS the following signature and seals of	of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:
Por the Owner: Date: 1-23-24 Name: Rev. Tlones 6. Pully	Signature: Re- D Suff Title: Parlor Prosident
For the County:	
Date:	Signature:
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway	Title: County Administrator
Approved as to Form:	
Joshua S. Everard	

County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 19-56C GPIN L06-2286-0175

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this 23 day of January 2024, by and between Journey Christian Fellowship (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 19-56C in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by **Dewberry**, dated **October 6**, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary Easement and will continue in full force and effect.

- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR

Journey Christian Fellowship CITY/COUNTY OF New STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me Jonuary 13, 2029, DAVID WARREN DEAL **Notary Public** Commonwealth of Virginia My commission expires: 9/38/2027Registration No. 7663861 Notary registration number: 166386 (Notary Public This Deed is accepted by the County pursuant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance by the County is evidenced by the following signature of an authorized official of the County. (SEAL) Date:

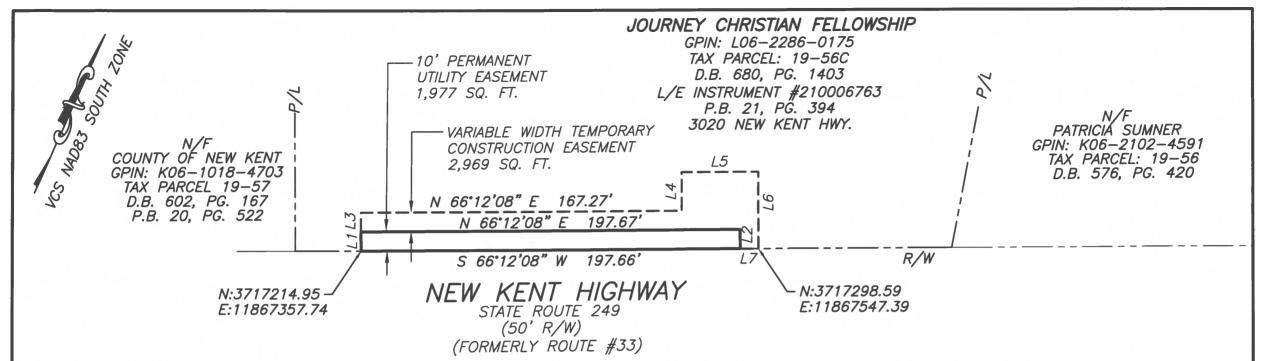
Name:

Title:

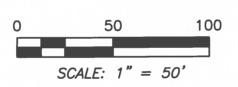
COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ken	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
_	Notary Public
Approved as to Form:	
Joshua S. Everard	
County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page



	BEARING	
	N23°47'52"W	
L2	S23°45'13"E	10.00'
<i>L3</i>	N23°47'52"W	10.00'
L4	N23°47'52"W	20.00'
L5	N66°12'08"E	40.00'
L6	S23°47'52"E	40.00'
L7	S66°12'08"W	9.62'



FASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & VARIABLE WIDTH TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

JOURNEY CHRISTIAN FELLOWSHIP

GPIN: L06-2286-0175 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/06/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW. LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-1 DATED 7-19-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Daniel Troy Lawson A/KA Lawson A/K/A Nikki Rose L. Lawson	Daniel T. Lawson and Nikki Rose Lapitan	
Mailing Address: 3917 New Kent Hwy., Quartax Map Parcel(s): 20-14	inton, VA 23141	
This document refers to the <u>Permanent Easen</u> for Tax Map No. <u>20-14(the</u> "Easement") date persons or entities that have an interest in the	listed Tax Parcel, Daniel Troy Lawson A/KA on A/K/A Nikki Rose L. Lawson ("Owner"), and). A copy of the Easement and the plat are	
paid in full and complete upon recordation of provided that there are no outstanding judg unacceptable to the County. The County will the County is satisfied that any judgments or	pensation for the Easement and rights will be f the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, gments or liens or other title issues that are l not pay any compensation until such time as liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The stain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on of the Easement.	
The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction.		
	e binding upon the parties and their successors assement is \$6800.00 which will be credited on of the parcel to the County water system.	
WITNESS the following signature and seals of	of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority:	
For the Owner:		
Date: 12/12/2023	Signature: Non 57. Lone	
Name: Daniel T. LAWSON	Title: Owner	
For the County:		
Date:	Signature:	
Name: Rodney A. Hathaway	Title: County Administrator	
Approved as to Form:		

1

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20-14 GPIN **L07-3836-1453**

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this day of November, 2023, by and between Daniel Troy Lawson, A/KA Daniel T. Lawson, and Nikki Rose Lapitan Lawson, A/K/A Nikki Rose L. Lawson, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20-14 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by **Dewberry**, dated **October 6**, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

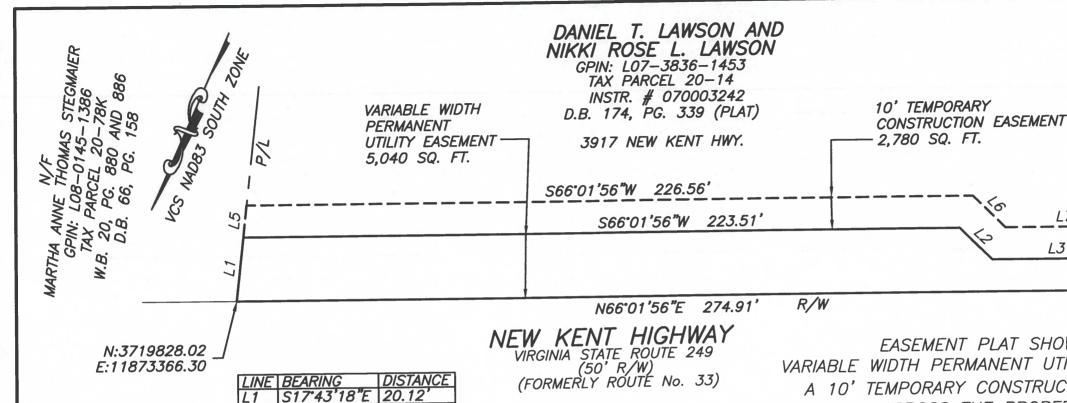
WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR	GRANTOR
Daniel Troy Lawson A/K/A	Nikki Rose Lapitan Lawson, A/K/A
Daniel T. Lawson Nami T. Janua CITY/COUNTY OF New Kent STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF Lings.	Nikki Rose L. Lawson
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged by David Warrenderd My commission expires: 9/30/27 Notary registration number: 76638	
1	nt to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ag signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:

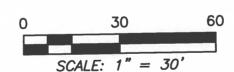
COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page



LINE	BEARING	DISTAIVEE
	S17'43'18"E	
	N68'54'48"W	
	S66'01'56"W	
L4	N17°43'18"W	10.06
	S17°43'18"E	
	N68°54'48"W	
L7	S66°01'56"W	37.27'
L8	N17°43'18"W	10.06



N:3719716.34 EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A E:11873115.09 VARIABLE WIDTH PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

DANIEL T. LAWSON AND NIKKI ROSE L. LAWSON

> GPIN: L07-3836-1453 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

> > SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023

REVISED: 10/06/2023



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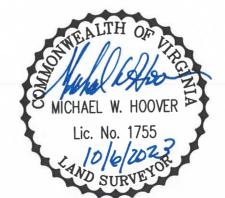
Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW. LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-17 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): John Wellington Mitchell, Jr. A/K/A John W. Mitchell, Jr. and

Kathleen Ann Mitchell A/K/A Kathleen A. Mitchell

County Attorney

Mailing Address: 4117 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-11 This document refers to the <u>Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax</u> Map No. 20C-1-11(the "Easement") dated \(\frac{12}{2} \), 2023 between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, John Wellington Mitchell, Jr. A/K/A John W. Mitchell, Jr. and Katherine Ann Mitchell A/K/A Katherine A. Mitchell ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference. The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$3800.00 which will be credited towards the fees associated with the connection of the parcel to the County water system. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: Date: 12/12/23 Name: John W. Mitchell, Jr. For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form: Joshua S. Everard

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: **20C-1-11**GPIN **L08-1313-1886**

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this ___day of December 2023, by and between John Wellington Mitchell, Jr. A/KA John W. Mitchell, Jr. and Kathleen Ann Mitchell A/K/A Kathleen A. Mitchell, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-11 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 6, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

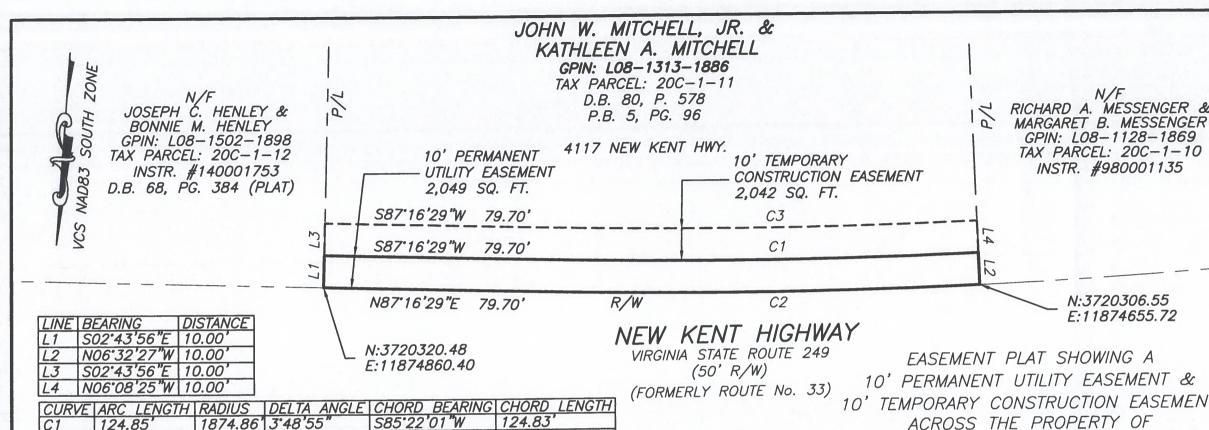
GRANTOR	GRANTOR	
John Wellington Mitchell, Jr. A/KA	Kathleen Ann Mitchell A/K/A	
John W. Mitchell, Jr.	Kathleen A. Mitchell	
John W. Milchli. J. CITY/COUNTY OF New Kest STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF Vir	Kuthley and Mitchell	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge by Sand Warran De My commission expires: 9/21/30 Notary registration number: 76636	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861	27
	ant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ing signature of an authorized official of the	
Date:	(SEAL)	
	Name:	

Title:

COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ke	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page



125.49

124.23

S85'22'01"W

S85°21'57"W

NOTES:

125.52

124.25

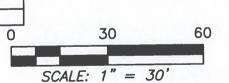
1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-23 DATED 08-01-2023

1884.86' 3'48'55'

1864.86' 3'49'03'

2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.





EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

JOHN W. MITCHELL, JR. & KATHLEEN A. MITCHELL

> GPIN: L08-1313-1886 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/06/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804,290,7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

JOB #50162184

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Roger Lawrence Shiflett A/K/A Roger L. Shiflett and

Katherine Willis Shiflett A/K/A Katherine W. Shiflett

Mailing Address: 4435 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141 Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-23 This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20C-1-23 (the "Easement") dated December 7,202 Between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel Roger Lawrence Shiflett A/K/A Roger L. Shiflett and Katherine Willis Shiflett A/K/A Katherine W. Shiflett ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference. The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$1800.00. **WITNESS** the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: Date: 12-7-23 Signature: Royer L. Shillett

Name: Rogen L ShiFleII Title: OWNER For the County: Signature: Title: County Administrator Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Approved as to Form:

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20C-1-23
GPIN L08-3573-2007

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this ___day of December 2023, by and between Roger Lawrence Shiflett A/KA Roger L. Shiflett and Katherine Willis Shiflett A/K/A Katherine W. Shiflett, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-23 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 19, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR

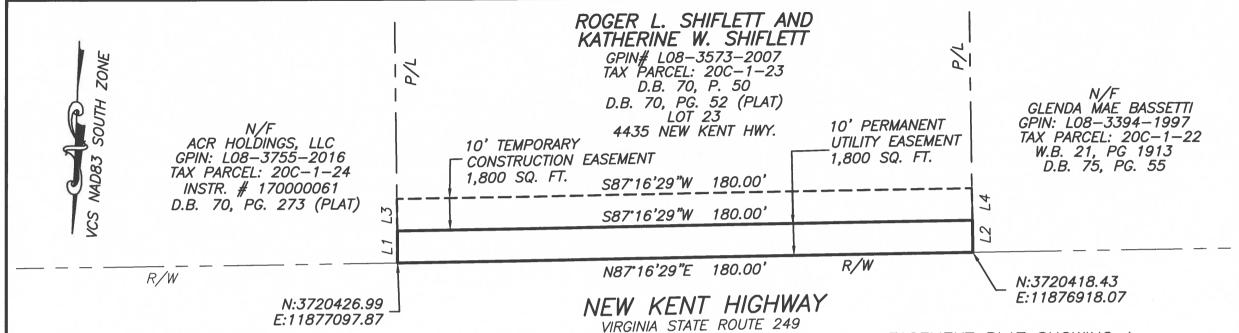
GRANTOR

Roger Lawrence Shiflett A/KA	Katherine Willis Shiflett A/K/A
Roger L. Shiflett	Katherine W. Shiflett
Roser L. Spellett CITY/COUNTY OF New Ken STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF Vie	DAMID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2027
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge	red before me De Crashe 720 2,3
by David Warron Do	
My commission expires: 9/30/	2027
Notary registration number: 7663	86 / Day Ware Sel
	nant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ving signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ke	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
	Notary Public
Approved as to Form:	
Joshua S. Everard	
County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, last revised October 19, 2023, is on the following page



		DISTANCE
	S02°43'56"E	
L2	NO2°43'56"W	10.00'
	S02°43'56"E	
L4	NO2°43'56"W	10.00'

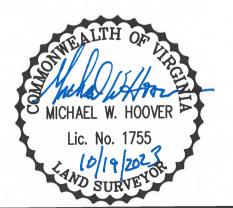
60

SCALE: 1" = 30"

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-39 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



(50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

ROGER L. SHIFLETT AND KATHERINE W. SHIFLETT

> GPIN: L08-3573-2007 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

> > SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/19/2023



Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

JOB #50162184

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

Property Owner(s): Kelly Ferrell Trainum A/K/A Kelly F. Trainum and William A. Trainum, 3rd

This document refers to the <u>Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement</u> for Tax Map No. <u>20C-1-16(the</u> "Easement") dated <u>York of Joseph 2023</u> between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, Kelly Ferrell Trainum A/K/A Kelly F.

Trainum and William A. Trainum 3rd A/K/A William A. Trainum III ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are incorporated by reference.

The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The

A/K/A Winston A. Trainum, III

Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-16

Joshua S. Everard County Attorney

Mailing Address: 4247 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$3600.00 which will be credited towards the fees associated with the connection of the parcel to the County water system. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner:. Date: 12.19.23 Signature: Kelly Ferrell Trainum Title: CO-Owner_ For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway _____ Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form:

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Tax Map No.: 20C-1-16
GPIN L08-2285-1942

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A (3)

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this day of November, 2023, by and between Kelly Ferrell Trainum A/K/A Kelly F. Trainum and William A. Trainum, 3rd A/K/A Winston A. Trainum, III, Wife and Husband (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-16 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 6, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

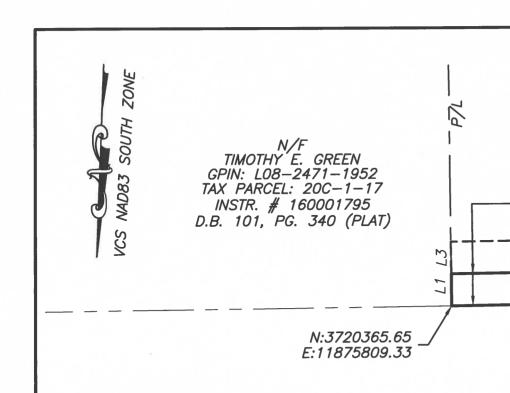
WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR	GRANTOR
Kelly Ferrell Trainum A/K/A	Winston A. Trainum, 3 rd A/K/A
Kelly F. Trainum	Winston A. Trainum III
CITY/COUNTY OF Now K STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF	Attor G. Clement I
	wledged before me November, 2023, Deal
	Notary Public
	pursuant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance following signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OFCOMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Kent Co	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
	Notary Public
Approved as to Form:	
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page.



KELLY F. TRAINUM AND WINSTON A. TRAINUM, III GPIN: L08-2285-1942 TAX PARCFI: 20C-1-16 INSTR. # 190000293 P.B. "6. PG. 18 4247 NEW KENT HWY.

10' PFRMANFNT UTILITY EASEMENT 1.800 SQ. FT.

10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT 1.800 SQ. FT.

R/W

S87.16'29"W \ 180.00'

S87'16'29"W \ 180.00'

VICTORIA I OUISE STARR GPIN: L08-2111-1932 TAX PARCEL: 20C-1-15 INSTR. # 200001636

N87°16'29"E 180.00'

NEW KENT HIGHWAY

VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249 (50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)

		DISTANCE
	S02'43'56"E	
L2	NO2°43'56"W	10.00'
L3	S02'43'56"E	10.00'
14	NO2'43'56"W	10.00'

0		30		60
	SCALE:	1" =	30'	

N:3720357.09 F:11875629.53

FASFMENT PLAT SHOWING A 10' PFRMANFNT UTILITY EASEMENT & 10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

KELLY F. TRAINUM AND WINSTON A. TRAINUM, III

GPIN: L08-2285-1942 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT. NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/06/2023



Dewberry®

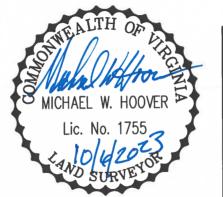
Dewberry Engineers Inc.

4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 www.dewberry.com

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW. LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-30 DATED 08-01-2023
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



JOB #50162184



C. Michael Lang, PG
Director
Department of Public Utilities
PO Box 130
New Kent, VA 23124
Phone 804-966-9678
Fax 804-966-7135

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

To: Mr. & Mrs. Paul Wright

From: Mike Lang

Director, New Kent DPU

Ref: Easement Agreement for TM# 20C-1-18 & TM# 20C-1-19

4317 New Kent Highway

This notification may be considered an addendum to the recorded easement agreement and plat between the parcel owner and the County of New Kent. As agreed upon during our on-site visit on December 4, 2023, the completed project will include driveway restoration & re-paving in a manner such that only a single cut in the driveway remains, instead of a trenched area with asphalt patch, at no additional cost to the Grantor. This will be communicated to the County's construction project management team and indicated on the final approved construction plans prior to issuance of the Notice to Proceed to the contractor.

In addition, the combined easement compensation for these two parcels will be applied towards the water service connection and availability fees for TM# 20C-1-18.

Upon submission of a completed application for utility service the following fees will be due, plus the prevailing water service deposit at the time of application:

 Water Connection Fee:
 \$4650.00

 Water Availability Fee:
 \$2500.00

 Meter Fee:
 \$350.00

 Admin Fee:
 \$35.00

 Total Fees:
 \$7535.00

 Fee Credit:
 (\$6200.00)

 Remaining Fees Due:
 \$1335.00

DPU will install or have installed a water service line, meter box and setter at a location agreed upon by DPU and the owner upon receipt of the application and fees.

The Fee Credit is transferrable with TM# 20C-1-18 and only expires when a utility service application is received.

EASEMENT COMPENSATION AGREEMENT

This document refers to the Permanent Easement and Temporary Construction Easement for Tax Map No. 20C-1-19 (the "Easement") dated December 19, 2023 between all persons or entities that have an interest in the listed Tax Parcel, Paul Daniel Wright, Jr. A/K/A Paul D. Wright, Jr. and Ellen S. Wright, Husband and Wife ("Owner"), and the County of New Kent, Virginia ("County"). A copy of the Easement and the plat are attached as Exhibit A to this Easement Compensation Agreement ("Agreement") and are

Property Owner(s): Paul Daniel Wright, Jr. A/K/A Paul D. Wright, Jr. and

Mailing Address: 4317 New Kent Hwy., Quinton, VA 23141

Ellen S. Wright, Husband and Wife

Tax Map Parcel(s): 20C-1-19

incorporated by reference.

The Owner understands and agrees that compensation for the Easement and rights will be paid in full and complete upon recordation of the executed Easement in the Clerk's office, provided that there are no outstanding judgments or liens or other title issues that are unacceptable to the County. The County will not pay any compensation until such time as the County is satisfied that any judgments or liens or other title issues can be satisfied. The Owner, at its sole expense and effort, will obtain releases from all holders of deeds of trust on this property prior to the date of recordation of the Easement. The County will make reasonable efforts to reduce the period of construction in the Easement, understanding that adverse events like weather can prolong construction. The terms of this agreement extend to and are binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns. The compensation for such Easement is \$600.00 which will be credited towards the fees associated with the connection of the parcel to the County water system. The compensation provided for in this Easement Compensation Agreement will be applied to TM# 20C-1-18. WITNESS the following signature and seals of all Owner(s) made pursuant to due authority: For the Owner: Date: 1.11.24 For the County: Signature: Name: Rodney A. Hathaway Title: County Administrator Approved as to Form: Joshua S. Everard County Attorney 1 165

Prepared by Office of the County Attorney, County of New Kent

Return to: 12007 Courthouse Circle Post Office Box 150 New Kent, Virginia 23124-0150

Exempt From Taxation Virginia Code § 58.1-811A(3) Tax Map No.: <u>20C-1-19</u> GPIN L08-2821-1996

COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA

PERMANENT EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT

THIS DEED OF EASEMENT is made and entered into this 29 day of December, 2023, by and between Paul Daniel Wright, Jr. A/K/A Paul D. Wright, Jr. and Ellen S. Wright, Husband and Wife (the "Grantor"), and the COUNTY OF NEW KENT, VIRGINIA (the "County"), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

WITNESSETH:

That for and in consideration of the sum of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) cash in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor does hereby grant, dedicate, and convey to the County the following described easements and interests:

- 1. A variable width permanent easement and right-of-way for County utilities, water, and/or sewer lines (the "Permanent Easement") located under, over, in, and across the land of the Grantor identified as Tax Map No. 20C-1-19 in New Kent County, Virginia, (the "Property") together with access thereto over the lands of the Grantor, and all rights and privileges hereinafter enumerated pertaining to the Permanent Easement, the location of which is depicted on that certain plat or plats of survey by Dewberry, dated October 6, 2023 and attached as Exhibit A and incorporated to this Deed by reference, which plat(s) are to be recorded as part of this Deed of Easement.
- 2. A variable width temporary construction easement located under, over, in and across the land of the Grantor adjacent to the Permanent Easement as shown on Exhibit A (the "Temporary Easement" and, together with the Permanent Easement, the "Easements"). Upon completion of any construction, repair, alteration, replacement, or removal of County utilities and/or sewer lines or appurtenant facilities, the Temporary Easement will automatically, and without the execution or recordation of any specific release, be extinguished. The existence of the Permanent Easement will be unaffected by the termination of the Temporary

- Easement and will continue in full force and effect.
- 3. The Easements are for the purpose of constructing, installing, maintaining, inspecting, operating, protecting, replacing, repairing, changing the size of, and removing improvements as part of the County's water and sewer system, including, but not limited to, pipes, mains, manholes, inlet structures, pumps, hydrants, and related facilities (collectively, the "Facilities").
- 4. The Easements are subject to the following conditions, and the Grantor and the County covenant and agree as follows:
- a) All pipes, manholes, inlet structures, hydrants, pumps, and related Facilities and structures which are installed in the Permanent Easement will be and remain the property of the County.
- b) The Grantor may not charge the County for its use of the Property in exercising its rights granted under this Deed of Easement.
- c) The County and its agents have full and free use of the Easements for the purposes named, and have all rights and privileges reasonably necessary to the utilization of the Easements, including a right of ingress to and egress from the Easements where least damage to Grantor's property will occur from such access, which right of access will be exercised only if and as reasonably necessary, and a limited right use to adjoining land of the Grantor where necessary to the use and enjoyment for the Easements; provided, however, that such right to use adjoining lands of the Grantor may be exercised only during periods of actual construction or maintenance of the Easement, and may not be construed to allow the County to erect any building, structure, or utility facilities of a permanent nature on such adjoining land. All damages to any such adjoining lands of the Grantor caused by the County's use of the pursuant to this provision must be repaired by the County at its expense, and such lands must be restored as nearly as possible by the County to their original condition.
- d) The County has the right to trim, cut, and remove trees, shrubbery, fences, structures, or other obstructions or facilities on, in, under, above, or near the Easements being conveyed (including any in-ground swimming pool), that are deemed by it in its sole discretion to interfere with the proper and efficient construction, operation, and maintenance of the Easements; provided, however, that following completion of construction or repair, the County must at its own expense restore, as nearly as possible, the Property to its original condition, such restoration including the backfilling of trenches, replacement of fences, and the reseeding or resodding of lawns or pasture areas, but not the replacement of structures, trees, bushes, undergrowth or other facilities located within the Easements.

- e) The Grantor reserves the right to make any use of the Easements which are consistent with the rights herein conveyed and do not interfere with the County's use of the Easements; provided, however, that the Grantor may not erect any roadway, building, or other structure, except a fence, on the Easements without obtaining prior written approval from the County.
- f) The Easements and other rights granted herein are subject to any and all easements, covenants, restrictions, and conditions of record affecting the Property.
- g) The County will cooperate and work with the Grantor as needed to minimize the visual impact of all Facilities that are located above ground-level in the Easements.
- h) The Easements and covenants set forth in this deed run with the land and are binding on the Grantor and the County and their heirs, successors, and assigns.
- i) Any delay of the County in the use or exercise of any rights granted herein, or in the installation of the Facilities, will not result in the loss, limitation, or abandonment of any right or interest granted by this Deed of Easement.
- j) The Grantor covenants that he is seized of the Property on which the Easements are situated in fee simple absolute; that he has the full right and authority to convey the Easements to the County; that the undersigned are all holders of any interest in or to the Property and together hold the entire undivided fee simple title to the Property subject only to liens and other matters of record as of the date of this instrument; that the County will have quiet possession of the Easements, free from all encumbrances; and that he will execute such further assurances regarding the conveyance of the Easements as may be required by the County in its sole discretion. The Grantor further covenants, upon the request of the County, to obtain the consent to these Easements of any lienholder, deed of trust trustee, or other individual or entity having any interest whatsoever in the Property.
- k) The Grantor covenants and agrees for himself, his heirs, successors, and assigns, that the consideration recited herein is in lieu of any and all claims to compensation for property and for damages, if any, to the remaining lands of the Grantor which may result by reason of the County's use.

[SIGNATURES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

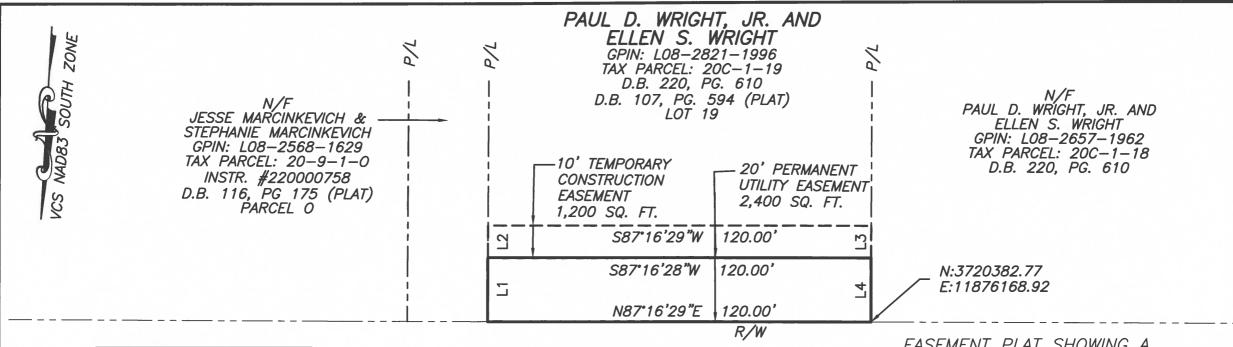
WITNESS the following signatures and seals:

GRANTOR	GRANTOR
Paul Daniel Wright, Jr. A/K/A	Ellen S. Wright
Paul D. Wright, Jr.	
CITY/COUNTY OF New Kent, STATE/ COMMONWEALTH OF VIP	2 / 6 22
by David Warren Der My commission expires: 9/30/8 Notary registration number: 7663	DAVID WARREN DEAL Notary Public Commonwealth of Virginia Registration No. 7663861
	nant to Virginia Code § 15.2-1803. Acceptance ving signature of an authorized official of the
Date:	(SEAL)
	Name:
	Title:

COUNTY OF COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me, on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of New Ken	
My commission expires:	
Notary registration number:	
Approved as to Form:	Notary Public
Joshua S. Everard County Attorney	

Exhibit A

Plat dated October 6, 2023, is on the following page.

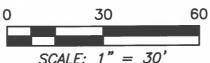


		DISTANCE
L1	S02°43'56"E	20.00'
	S02°43'56"E	
	NO2°43'56"W	
L4	NO2°43'56"W	20.00'

NEW KENT HIGHWAY

VIRGINIA STATE ROUTE 249 (50' R/W)

(FORMERLY ROUTE No. 33)



EASEMENT PLAT SHOWING A
20' PERMANENT UTILITY EASEMENT & A
10' TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
ACROSS THE PROPERTY OF

PAUL D. WRIGHT, JR. AND ELLEN S. WRIGHT

GPIN: L08-2821-1996 BLACK CREEK DISTRICT, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA

SHEET 1 OF 1

DATE: 10/06/2023 LAST REVISED: 10/06/2023



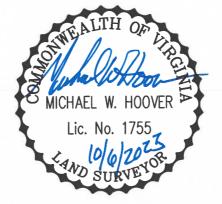
Dewberry®

Dewberry Engineers Inc. 4805 LAKE BROOK DRIVE SUITE 200 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: 804.290.7957 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM

NOTES:

- 1. A TITLE REPORT WAS FURNISHED AS PREPARED BY PRIORITY TITLE AND ESCROW, LLC REPORT FILE #062312930-33 DATED 08-01-2023.
- 2. PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON BASED ON COMPILED DEED DESCRIPTIONS AND PLATS.

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.



JOB #50162184

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Miscellaneous

approve the Consent Agenda Item as presented and that it be made part of the record" Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move to OR (not required for Consent "I move to approve the Consent Agenda Item and that it be Agenda items) made part of the record with the following changes...." New Development Street Names for Forge Industrial Park, Subject Forge Logistics Building Two New Development street names have been submitted by the developer to New Kent County per the PlanRVA Street Naming Issue Guidelines and Procedures Staff finds the request to be compliant with the PlanRVA Street Recommendation Naming Guidelines and Procedures and recommends approval of this request. No fiscal implications, developer to install new development Fiscal Implications street signs. No negative policy implications as County Code/Policy is being **Policy Implications** met. Legislative History unknown Proposed new street names are: Forge Center (all) and Discussion Logistics Square (all). Time Needed: 5 minutes Person Appearing: None Request Sheri L. Adams 804-966-9690 Telephone: prepared by: Copy provided Amy Inman, Director of Planning

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

PlanRVA Street Name Clearinghouse Approval Presentation

Form

to:

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Community Development	Inman, Amy	Approved	1/24/2024 - 8:58 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:14 PM



STREET NAME CLEARINGHOUSE APPROVAL FORM

424 Hull St., Suite 300, Richmond VA 23235

Timmons Group	Kathleen Halpaus	Kathleen.halpaus@timmons.com
Approved by: Elizabeth Grammell PlanRVA	Thursd	Thursday, January 11, 2024 Page 1 of 1

Updated	1/1/2024
Original Reservation	1/11/2024
Expiration	1/1/2026 1/1/2026
Туре	All All
いる Street Name	Forge Center Logistics Square
Forge Logistics Subdivision Building	Forge Industrial Park Forge Industrial Park
County	New Kent New Kent



New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Miscellaneous

		approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record.					
Motion: "Mr.	o to	or					
Chairman, I move (not required for Cons Agenda items)	ent	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record, with the following changes:					
Subject		Resolution R-06-24 - Street Acceptance - Rochambeau Estates, Section 1					
Issue		VDOT is of the opinion that Rochambeau Estates, Section 1 is ready to be brought into the secondary system of state highways and has requested a resolution from the Board requesting the State to accept this street.					
Recommendation		Adoption of Resolution R-06-24					
Fiscal Implications		None					
Policy Implications		None					
Legislative History		N/A					
Discussion		N/A					
Time Needed:			Person .	Appearing:			
•		Vatkins, Deputy < of the Board	Telepho	ne:	804-966-9687		
Copy provided to:							
ATTACHMENTS:				T			
Description Resolution R-06-2	24 (P	DF)		Type Resolution L	etter		
	•	Section 1 AM 4.3 & map		Exhibit			
REVIEWERS:		.			5.		
Department		Reviewer	Action		Date		

Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/24/2024 - 12:51 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:12 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:19 AM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

R-06-24

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New Kent in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 12th day of February 2024:

Present:	Vote:
John P. Moyer Amy M. Pearson Ronald P. Stiers Jordan T. Stewart Thomas W. Evelyn	
Motion was made bythe following resolution:	, which carried:, to adopt

A RESOLUTION TO REQUEST THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO ADD ROADS IN ROCHAMBEAU ESTATES SECTION 1 INTO THE STATE SYSTEM FOR MAINTENANCE

WHEREAS, the roads in Rochambeau Estates Section 1 have been completed, and

WHEREAS, the roads in Rochambeau Estates Section 1 meet the public service criteria of the Secondary Street Acceptance Requirements; and

WHEREAS, the development sketch and VDOT Form AM 4.3, attached and incorporated herein as part of this resolution, define additions required in the Secondary System of State Highways as a result of construction; and

WHEREAS, certain segments identified on the incorporated Form AM 4.3 are ready to be accepted into the Secondary System of State Highways.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, this Board requests the Virginia Department of Transportation to add the segments identified on the incorporated Form AM 4.3 to the Secondary System of State Highways, pursuant to §33.2-705 of the *Code of Virginia*, for which segments this Board hereby guarantees the right of way to be clear and unrestricted, including any necessary easements for cuts, fills, and drainage, and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED THAT, a certified copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Virginia Department of Transportation.

Rodney A. Hathaway
County Administrator

Thomas W. Evelyn
Board Chair

ICR ID: 39407830 SSAR

Form AM 4.3 (Rev 01/24/2024)

VDOT |

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Form AM 4.3

In New Kent County

by Resolution of the governing body adopted 2/12/2024

The following VDOT Form AM-4.3 is hereby attached and incorporated as part of the governing body's resolution for changes to the secondary system of state highways.

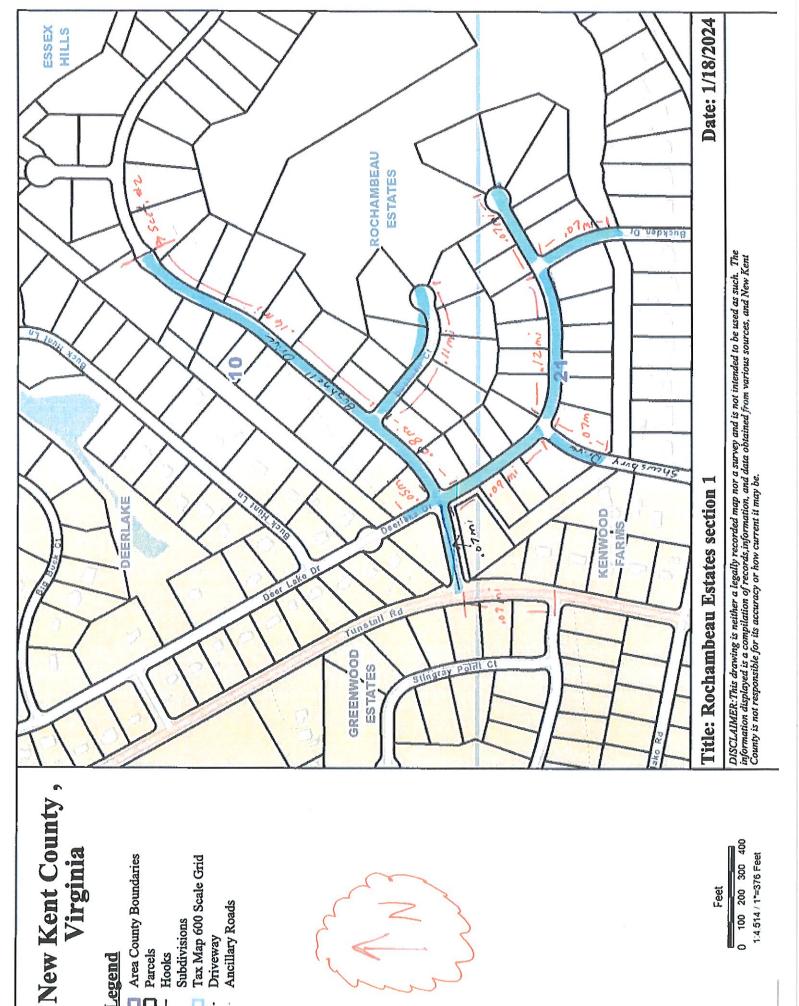
A Copy Testee Signe

Signed (County Official):

Report of Changes in the Secondary System of State Highways

Project/Subdivision: Rochambeau Estates Section 1

ROW	20	05	20	S S	90	9	20	9	99	90
RECORDAT ION REFERENC E										
LENGTH NUMBER OF RECORDAT LANES ION REFERENC	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	2	7
LENGTH	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.05	0.16	90.0	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.07
TO TERMINI	Existing Route 1307	1309	Cul-de-sac	1303	Rochambeau Estates Section 2 1303	1304	1161	Cul-de-sac	1161	1161
FROM TERMINI	1303	1307	1309	Extending 1161	1304	1161	612	1303	Continuation of Route 1307	Continuation of 1309
CHANGE DESCRIPTION	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33,2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705
RTE NUM & STREET NAME	Rt. 1161 - Deerlake Drive	Rt. 1161 - Deerlake Drive	Rt. 1151 - Deertake Drive	Rt. 1161 - Deerlake Drive	Rt. 1303 - Bushnell Drive	Rt. 1303 - Bushnell Drive	Rt. 1303 - Bushnell Drive	Rt. 1304 - Bushnell Court	Rt. 1307 - Shewsbury Drive	Rt. 1309 - Buckden Drive
CHANGE TYPE	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition



Virginia

Area County Boundaries

Legend

Parcels Hooks

001

Tax Map 600 Scale Grid

Subdivisions

Ancillary Roads

Driveway

1 ;

1.4,514 / 1"=376 Feet

Department

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Miscellaneous

		approve the Consent a part of the record.	Agenda	as presented	and that it be made
Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move	e to	or			
(not required for Consc	ont	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that			
Agenda items)		it be made a part of	the recor	d, with the fo	ollowing changes:
		Resolution R-07-24 -	Street A	ccentance - F	Rochambeau Estates
Subject		Resolution R-07-24 - Street Acceptance - Rochambeau Estates, Section 2			
		VDOT is of the opinion			
Issue		ready to be brought highways and has red	quested a	a resolution f	
		requesting the State	то ассер	this street.	
Recommendation		Adoption of Resolutio	n R-07-2	24	
Fiscal Implications		None			
Policy Implication	cy Implications None		α		
Policy Implications					
Legislative History N/A		N/A			
Discussion		N/A			
Discussion		17/7			
Time Needed:			Person A	Appearing:	
Request prepared by:		Watkins, Deputy k of the Board	Telepho	ne:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:			1		
ATTACHMENTS:					
Description Resolution R-07-24 (PDF)		PDF)		Type Resolution Lo	etter
		Section 2 AM 4.3 & m	пар	Exhibit	
REVIEWERS:					

Action

Reviewer

Date

Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/24/2024 - 12:55 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:13 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:19 AM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

R-07-24

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New Kent in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 12th day of February 2024:

Present:	Vote:
John P. Moyer Amy M. Pearson Ronald P. Stiers Jordan T. Stewart Thomas W. Evelyn	
Motion was made bythe following resolution:	, which carried:, to adopt

A RESOLUTION TO REQUEST THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO ADD ROADS IN ROCHAMBEAU ESTATES SECTION 2 INTO THE STATE SYSTEM FOR MAINTENANCE

WHEREAS, the roads in Rochambeau Estates Section 2 have been completed, and

WHEREAS, the roads in Rochambeau Estates Section 2 meet the public service criteria of the Secondary Street Acceptance Requirements; and

WHEREAS, the development sketch and VDOT Form AM 4.3, attached and incorporated herein as part of this resolution, define additions required in the Secondary System of State Highways as a result of construction; and

WHEREAS, certain segments identified on the incorporated Form AM 4.3 are ready to be accepted into the Secondary System of State Highways.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, this Board requests the Virginia Department of Transportation to add the segments identified on the incorporated Form AM 4.3 to the Secondary System of State Highways, pursuant to §33.2-705 of the *Code of Virginia*, for which segments this Board hereby guarantees the right of way to be clear and unrestricted, including any necessary easements for cuts, fills, and drainage, and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED THAT, a certified copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Virginia Department of Transportation.

Rodney A. Hathaway
County Administrator

Thomas W. Evelyn
Board Chair

Form AM 4.3 (Rev 01/24/2024)

VDDT COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Form AM 4.3

ICR 1D: 39408461 SSAR

In New Kent County

by Resolution of the governing body adopted 2/12/2024

The following VDOT Form AM-4.3 is hereby attached and incorporated as part of the governing body's resolution for changes to the secondary system of state highways.

A Copy Testee

Signed (County Official):

Report of Changes in the Secondary System of State Highways

Project/Subdivision: Rochambeau Estates Section 2

ROW	90	90	90
RECORDAT ION REFERENC E			
LENGTH NUMBER OF RECORDAT LANES 10N REFERENC	2	2	7
LENGTH	0.07	0.11	0.26
TO TERMINI	Cul-de-sac	1300	Cul-de-sac
FROM TERMINI	1303	Rochambeau Estates Section 1 1303	1300
CHANGE DESCRIPTION	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision street §33.2-705	New subdivision streat §33.2-705
RTE NUM & STREET NAME	Rt. 1300 - Patterdale Lane	Rt. 1303 - Bushnelf New subdivision Drive street §33.2-705	Rt. 1303 - Bushnell New subdivision Drive streat §33.2-705
CHANGE TYPE	Addition	Addition	Addition

Date: 1/18/2024 CLOPTON FORES Bushnell Dr. - 8:25 Miles ESSEX HIL -Rte. 1303 -DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and New Kent County is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be. ROCHAMBEAU Rie. 1306 - Patterdale Ln/- 0.07 miles ESTATES Rte: 4303 - Bushnell - 0.17 Miles Title: Rochambeau Estates section 2 DEERLAKE New Kent County, - Rochambeau Estates section 1 0 100 200 300 400 Virginia Area County Boundaries - Addition 1.4,514 / 1"=376 Feet Tax Map 600 Scale Grid Feet Ancillary Roads Subdivisions Driveway **Parcels** Hooks Legend **0** : : 187

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Refunds

	approve the Consent a part of the record.	t Agenda as presented	and that it be made
Motion: "Mr.	or		
Chairman, I move	to		
(not required for Conser Agenda items)	It move to approve ti	ne Consent Agenda as the record, with the f	
Subject	REFUND - Gault Elec	tric LLC - BP#17977-2	2023 - \$91.88
Issue			
Recommendation	Approval		
Fiscal Implications			
Policy Implications	5		
Legislative History	,		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Dorson Annoaring	
<u> </u>	Watking Danuty	Person Appearing:	
-	V. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:		<u>-</u>	

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024

Reason for refund Contractor canceled permit - BP#17977-2023

Refund Amount \$91.88

Name and complete mailing address for refund recipient Gault Electric LLC 806 City Center Blvd Newport News, VA 23606

Line item identification and breakdown

Elect - \$122.50 (Minus 25% Administrative Fee) Surcharge - \$2.45 (non-refundable)

Request prepared by:

W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board

Telephone:

804-966-9687

Date of Request:

1/12/2024

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

Refund - Gault Electric 17977 (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 10:50 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:26 AM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:41 AM

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date	February 12, 2024		
Reason for refund	CONTRACTOR CANCELED PER BP# 17977-2023	RMIT	
Refund Amount	\$91.88		
Name and complete raddress for refund rec		Blvd	
Line item identificatio breakdown	Surcharge - \$2.45	Minus 25% administrative fee) 15 - (Non-refundable)	. 201 '2 .
I certify this to be a comple		for refund. Certified this day of	, 20
Signature of Commissione	r of Revenue, his deputy or othe	er designated official	J.
Request prepared by: Date of Request	Tracee McLeod, Administrative	e Assistant, Building Dev Telephone 804-966-9680	
For Clerk's Use: Approval date by Board:		Admin: REVIEWS Attorney Finance:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
		Print Form	



Gault Electric, Ilc

804 City Center Blvd. Newport News, VA 23606 Phone: 757-930-0587 E-mail: solar@gaultelectric.com

10 January 2024

Dear County of New Kent:

Reference:
Permit numbers
BLDG-017849-2023
ELEC-017977-2023

We wish to respectfully request a refund for the permit numbers mentioned above.

We are relinquishing our permit and will no longer be performing the roof mounted solar array system, located at:

Address: 6319 South Garden Road, Providence Forge

Owner: Vivian Schoeller

Please let us know if anything additional is needed. Thank you,

Tracie Viars

Director of Sales & Marketing 757-930-0587 Traciev@gaultelectric.com



County of New Kent

P.O. Box 150 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

PERMIT NUMBER

ELEC-017977-2023

Issue Date: 08/10/2023

VUSBC: USBC 2018

Use: R-5

Permit Type: Electrical (Residential)

Work Class: New

GPIN	Site Address	District
G11-2479-1823	6319 South Garden Rd , Providence Forge	4

	Owner Information	Mechanics Lien Agent		Contractor Information
Name:	VIVIAN SCHOELLER	Name:	Name:	GAULT ELECTRIC LLC
Address:	6319 South Garden Rd PROVIDENCE FORGE, VA 23140	Address:	Address:	806 City Center Blvd NEWPORT NEWS, VA 23606
Phone:	(610) 209-8219	Phone:	Phone: Lic No: Issue Date:	(757) 930-0587 2705081358
			Lic Exp:	3/31/2024

Project Description
ELECTRICAL FOR ROOF MOUNTED SOLAR ARRAY SYSTEM

Zone Code		Firm Zone	
A1, A1	X		

Nature of Work	
ROOF MOUNTED SOLAR ARRAY SYSTEM	

Signature of Approving Official

Date: 08/10/2023

PER SEC. 110.6 OF THE VUSBC, ANY PERMIT ISSUED EXPIRES SIX (6) MONTHS AFTER ISSUANCE IF NO INSPECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

TOTAL FEES:

\$124.95

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Refunds

	approve the Conse a part of the record	nt Agenda as presente I.	d and that it be made
Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conse Agenda items)	I move to approve	the Consent Agenda as of the record, with the f	
Subject	REFUND - Gault Ele	ectric LLC - BP#17849-	2023 - \$132.38
Issue			
Recommendation	Approval		
Fiscal Implication	S		
Policy Implication	S		
Legislative History	/		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
-	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:			

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024

Reason for refund Contractor canceled permit - BP#17849-2023

Refund Amount \$132.38

Name and complete mailing address for refund recipient Gault Electric LLC 806 City Center Blvd Newport News, VA 23606

Line item identification and breakdown

Elect - \$176.50 (Minus 25% Administrative Fee) Surcharge - \$3.53 (non-refundable)

Request prepared by:

W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of

the Board

Telephone: 804-966-9687

Date of Request:

1/12/2024

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

Refund - Gault Electric 17849 (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	1/19/2024 - 10:54 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:25 AM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:41 AM

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date	February 12, 2024
Reason for refund	CONTRACTOR CANCELED PERMIT BP# 17849-2023
Refund Amount	\$132.38
Name and complete m address for refund reci	
Line item identificatior breakdown	Build- \$176.50 (Minus 25% administrative fee) Surcharge - \$3.53 - (Non-refundable) n and
	For Refunds Requested by the Commissioner of Revenue
	re, full, true and exact request for refund. Certified this day of, 20
Signature of Commissioner	of Revenue, his deputy or other designated official
Request prepared by:	Fracee McLeod, Administrative Assistant, Building Dev Telephone 804-966-9680
Date of Request	anuary 12, 2024
For Clerk's Use: Approval date by Board:	Admin: Attorney Finance: Print Form



804 City Center Blvd. Newport News, VA 23606

Phone: 757-930-0587 E-mail: solar@gaultelectric.com

10 January 2024

Dear County of New Kent:

Reference:

Permit numbers

BLDG-017849-2023

ELEC-017977-2023

We wish to respectfully request a refund for the permit numbers mentioned above.

We are relinquishing our permit and will no longer be performing the roof mounted solar array system, located at:

Address: 6319 South Garden Road, Providence Forge

Owner: Vivian Schoeller

Please let us know if anything additional is needed. Thank you,

Tracie Viars

Director of Sales & Marketing 757-930-0587 Traciev@gaultelectric.com



County of New Kent

P.O. Box 150 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

PERMIT NUMBER

BLDG-017849-2023

Issue Date: 08/10/2023

VUSBC: USBC 2018

Use: R-5

Permit Type: Building (Residential)

Work Class: Other

GPIN	Site Address	District
G11-2479-1823	6319 South Garden Rd , Providence Forge	4

	Owner Information		Mechanics Lien Agent		Contractor Information
Name:	VIVIAN SCHOELLER 6319 South Garden Rd	Name: Address:	NONE DESIGNATED	Name: Address:	GAULT ELECTRIC LLC 806 City Center Blvd
Phone:	PROVIDENCE FORGE, VA 23140 (610) 209-8219	Phone:		Phone:	NEWPORT NEWS, VA 23606 (757) 930-0587
		9000000000		Lic No: Issue Date:	2705081358
				Lic Exp:	3/31/2024

Project Description	
ROOF MOUNTED SOLAR ARRAY SYSTEM	

Zone Code	Firm Zone
A1	X

Nature of Work	
ROOF MOUNTED SOLAR ARRAY SYSTEM	

Signature of Approving Official

Date: 08/10/2023

PER SEC. 110.6 OF THE VUSBC, ANY PERMIT ISSUED EXPIRES SIX (6) MONTHS AFTER ISSUANCE IF NO INSPECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

TOTAL FEES:

\$180.03

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Refunds

	approve the Conser a part of the record		d and that it be made
Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move	to or		
(not required for Conse Agenda items)	I move to approve	the Consent Agenda a f the record, with the	
Subject	REFUND - Ryan Hon	nes - \$427.50	
Issue			
Recommendation	Approval		
Fiscal Implications	S		
Policy Implication	s		
Legislative History	у		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
-	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided			

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024

Reason for refund Ryan Homes canceled permit - BP#18504-23

Refund Amount \$427.50

Ryan Homes Richmond East 1100 Boulders Pkwy

Name and complete mailing address for refund recipient

Suite #400 Richmond, VA 23225

Line item identification and breakdown

Build - \$570.00 (minus 25% administrative fee) Zoning - \$30.00 - Non-Refundable Surcharge - \$11.40 - Non-Refundable

Request prepared by:

W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board

Telephone: 804-966-9687

Date of Request:

1/30/2024

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

Ryan Homes Refund #18504 (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	2/1/2024 - 11:00 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	2/2/2024 - 2:37 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:21 AM

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date	February 12, 2024	
Reason for refund	Contractor cancelled permit BP# 18504-23	
Refund Amount	\$427.50	
Name and complete n address for refund rec	- IBICOMONO VA 23223	
Line item identificatio breakdown	Build - \$570.00 (Minus 25% Administr Zoning - \$30.00 (Non-refundable) n and	ation fee)
	For Refunds Requested by the Commission	oner of Revenue
	r of Revenue, his deputy or other designated official	his day of 20
Request prepared by:	Tracee McLeod, Administrative Asst, Building Dev	Telephone 804-966-9680
Date of Request	January 31, 2024	
For Clerk's Use: Approval date by Board:		REVIEWSAttorney
	Print Form	



New Kent County Building Development,

January 31, 2024

I am writing to inform you that the customer at address 7618 Autumn Leaves Lane has canceled contract. May we please void and request a refund for permit # 018504-2023.

Please feel free to email or call if you have any questions regarding this request. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Michelle Ellett

Ryan Homes | Production Admin

Richmond East

1100 Boulders Parkway – Suite #400

P: (804) 237-7723

micwilli@nvrinc.com

Ryan Homes • 7501 Boulders View Drive • Suite 450 • Richmond, VA 23225 • ryanhomes.com



County of New Kent

P.O. Box 150 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

PERMIT NUMBER

BLDG-018504-2023

Issue Date: 10/27/2023

VUSBC: USBC 2018

Use: R-5

Permit Type: Building (Residential)
Work Class: New Single Family

GPIN	Site Address	District	
J13-3834-4667	7618 Autumn Leaves Ln , New Kent	3	

	Owner Information		Wechanics Lien Agent	(Contractor Information
Name: Address:	KENT FARMS HOLDING CO LLC 1021 E Cary St 18TH FLOOR 2 JAMES CENTER RICHMOND, VA 23219	Name: Address:	BENJAMIN WINN JR ESQ 3701 Pender Dr 300 FAIRFAX, VA 22030	Name: Address:	RYAN HOMES/NVR INC 7501 Boulders View Dr 450 RICHMOND, VA 23225
Phone:	(804) 771-7925	Phone:	(703) 652-9719	Phone: Lic No: Issue Date: Lic Exp:	(804) 237-7723 2705045627 9/30/2024

Project Description	
NEW SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING 1907SF / 3BED 2BATH	

Zone Code	Firm Zone
PUD	X

Nature of Work	
NEW SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING 1907SF / 3BED 2BATH	

	Date	10/27/2023
Signature of Approving Official	Date.	10/2//2020

PER SEC. 110.6 OF THE VUSBC, ANY PERMIT ISSUED EXPIRES SIX (6) MONTHS AFTER ISSUANCE IF NO INSPECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

TOTAL FEES: \$611.40

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Refunds

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conse Agenda items)	a part of the record. e to or I move to approve t		
Subject	REFUND - Real Estat	te Tax - Veteran Exem	ption - \$6,751.24
Issue			
Recommendation	Approval		
Fiscal Implication	S		
Policy Implication	S		
Legislative Histor	у		
Discussion			
Time Needed.		Dorson Annopring	
Time Needed: Request prepared by:	Shannon McLaughlin	Person Appearing: Telephone:	804-966-9609
Copy provided to:			

CONSENT AGENDA REFUND REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024

Reason for refund	Veteran exempt as of January 4, 2022.			
Refund Amount	\$6,751.24			
Name and complete mailing address for refund recipient				
Line item identification and breakdown	2022 - \$3,357.02 2023 - \$3,394.22			
Request prepared by:	Shannon McLaughlin	Telephone:	804-966-9609	
Date of Request:	1/17/2024			

REVIEWERS:

_			
Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Commissioner of Revenue	McLaughlin, Shannon	Approved	1/17/2024 - 11:59 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:23 AM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	1/22/2024 - 8:47 AM

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Supplemental Appropriations

approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record. Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move to (not required for Consent I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that Agenda items) it be made a part of the record, with the following changes: Subject FY24 Supplemental Appropriations Issue Recommendation 1. Animal Shelter Donations, \$1,251. 2. Gifts & Donations - Fire: Keith and Gilda Black (\$2,500) and Sheriff: Keith and Gilda Black (\$2,500), \$5,000. 3. VRSA Insurance - Sheriff's Dept. - Claim #02-23-55041-1-AP, DOL 11/03/2023-11/03/2023 (\$411) and Public Utilities - Claim #02-23-54745-1-AP, DOL 09/28/2023-01/16/2024 (\$4,383.46), \$4,794.46. 4. Sheriff Extra Duty Private and Extra Duty Schools - James City County: 9/23/2023-10/26/2023 (\$5,344.74) Home Building Association of Richmond: 10/4/2023-10/16/2023 (\$8,809.42), Colonial Downs: 11/3/2023-11/10/2023 (\$1,529.42), 11/17/2023-12/9/2023 (\$3,364.71), Holly Fork Farm: 10/21/2023 (\$367.06), 9/16/2023 (\$367.06) and Schools: 9/29/2023 (\$1,983.45), 8/30/2023-9/8/2023 (\$1,065.74), \$22,831.60. 5. Charles City Radio Project - September 2023 Integration (\$173.24) and October 2023 Integration (\$43.31), \$216.55 6. Farmers Market - \$75 7. Grand Illumination - t-shirt sales, \$40. 8. REPP Grant Funds - \$20,500. 9. PERP Funds - Local Only PERP: November (\$2,806.06) and December (\$1,920), \$4,726.06. 10. Interest Income - December 2023 for 2022 W&S Bond, Fiscal Implications \$18,007.86. 11. HEAT Grant - International Association of Auto Theft Investigators' Vehicle Crimes Conference, \$5,000. 12. FY23 to FY24 Carryforward - Item Not originally included in Carryforward request (Public Utilities) - \$10,712.23. 13. LIHWAP Grant Funds - \$2,034.69. 14. Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) - plus \$3,400 County Match, \$6,800. 15. Additional DSS Funds - \$14,705. 16. Opioid Abatement Settlement Funds - \$4,143.03.

17. 2022 LOLE FY23 Grant - \$2,536.

		(\$32,179.03) - To (\$16,980.06) - To (\$18,007.86) - To (\$4,383.46) - To (\$5,851.00) - Fr	tal otal In/Out - General Footal In/Out - Grant Fun otal In/Out - Social Ser otal In/Out - Capital (1 otal In/Out - Water/Ser rom Fund Balance - Ge rom Fund Balance - Wa	d (1106) vices (1201) 302) wer (1514) neral Fund (1101)
Policy Implications				
Legislative History				
Discussion	į			
Time Needed:			Person Appearing	:
Request prepared by:		Watkins, Deputy k of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:				

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

Supplemental Appropriations for 021224 (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	2/5/2024 - 3:15 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	2/5/2024 - 3:43 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 4:02 PM

Interoffice MEMORANDUM

To: Rodney A. Hathaway, County Administrator From: Rebecca F. Guthrie, Director of Financial Services Subject: FY24 Supplemental Appropriations For Munis (February 12 BOS Meeting) Date: January 24, 2024 FY2023-2024 This memo is to request the following supplemental appropriations: Revenue Expenditure Donations totaling \$1,251.00 received by Sheriff Department 110918-318402 (1,251.00) **Animal Shelter Donations EXPENDITURE:** 11351000-403190 \$ 1,251.00 Veterinarian Services To Appropriate Gifts & Donations Fire: Keith and Gilda Black (\$2,500.00) Sheriff: Keith and Gilda Black (\$2,500.00) REVENUE: 110918-318401 (5,000.00) Gifts & Donations EXPENDITURE: 11321000-405894 \$ 2,500.00 Public Education Donations-Fire 11312000-406010 \$ 2,500,00 Police Supplies To Appropriate Funds Received from VRSA Insurance Sheriff's Dept. - Claim #02-23-55041-1-AP, DOL: 11/03/2023-11/03/2023 (\$411.00) Public Utilities - Claim #02-23-54745-1-AP, DOL: 09/28/2023-01/16/2024 (\$4,383.46) REVENUE: 110918-318203 \$ (411.00)Insurance Recoveries 370966-366107 \$ (4,383.46)Insurance Recoveries EXPENDITURE: 11312000-405840 \$ 411.00 Insurance Damages/Recoveries 37910300-405840 \$ 4,383.46 Insurance Damages/Recoveries To Appropriate Funds for Sheriff Extra Duty Private and Sheriff Extra Duty Schools James City County Howl-O-Scream: 9/23/2023-10/26/2023 (\$5,344.74) Home Building Association of Richmond: 10/4/2023-10/15/2023 (\$8,809.42) Colonial Downs: 11/3/2023-11/10/2023 (\$1,529.42); 11/17/2023-12/9/2023 (\$3,364.71) Holly Fork Farm: 10/21/2023 (\$367.06); 9/16/2023 (\$367.06) School HS Sports: 9/29/2023-10/13/23 (\$1,983.45); 8/30/2023-9/8/2023 (\$1,065.74) REVENUE: 110919-319204 \$ (22,831.60) Recovered Costs - Misc. **EXPENDITURE:** 11312000-401304 \$ 19,782.41 Salaries-Supplemental Activities 11312000-401320 \$ 3,049.19 Extra Security Detail-Schools To Appropriate Charles City Radio Project Funds September 2023 Integration (\$173,24) October 2023 Intergration (\$43.31) REVENUE: 110919-319204 \$ (216.55) Recovered Costs - Misc. **EXPENDITURE:** 11321000-401100 \$ 216.55 Salaries and Wages To Appropriate Funds for Farmers Market Farmers Market - Lynn Goellner (\$75.00) REVENUE: 110918-318305 (75.00) Farmers Market Reg Fee **EXPENDITURE:** 11110200-405843 \$ 75.00 Special Events <u>To Appropriate Funds for the Grand Illumination:</u> *T-Shirt Sales (\$40.00)* REVENUE: 110918-318405 \$ (40.00)**Grand Illumination Donations** EXPENDITURE: 11110200-405843 \$ 40.00 Special Events

Interoffice MEMORANDUM

11931000-409206

Transfer to DSS

To: Rodney A. Hathaway, County Administrator From: Rebecca F. Guthrie, Director of Financial Services Subject: FY24 Supplemental Appropriations For Munis (February 12 BOS Meeting) Date: January 24, 2024 FY2023-2024 This memo is to request the following supplemental appropriations: Revenue Expenditure To Appropriate REPP Grant Funds REPP Grant Funds (\$20,500.00) REVENUE: 110924-324200-20202 (20,500.00) **Emergency Services** EXPENDITURE: 11321500-408021 \$ 20,500.00 **VA Power Grant Funds** To Appropriate PERP Funds Received Local Only PERP: November (\$2,806.06); December (\$1,920.00) REVENUE: 250919-319204 (4,726.06) Recovered Cost Misc. **EXPENDITURE:** 25532100-400703 \$ 4,726.06 Local Only PERP To Appropriate Interest Income December 2023 for 2022 W&S Bond December 2023 (\$18,007.86) REVENUE: 370961-361101 (18,007.86) Interest on Investments EXPENDITURE: 37940000-408642 18,007.86 Solids Stabilization Dewatering To Appropriate HEAT Grant International Association of Auto Theft Investigators' Vehicle Crimes Conference REVENUE: 130924-324200-30107 (5,000.00) Sheriff One Time Grant EXPENDITURE: 13312000-408001-12014 5,000.00 \$ **Heat Grant Expenditures** FY23 to FY24 Carryforward - Item Not originally included in Carryforward request REVENUE: 370967-367102 (10,712.23) Estimated Fund Balance Used EXPENDITURE: 37910200-403170 10,712.23 **Professional Services** To Appropriate LIHWAP Grant Funds REVENUE: 110933-333100 \$ (2,034.69)Disaster Recovery - Federal **EXPENDITURE:** 11918000-405899-51068 2,034.69 \$ Utl Delinquent Acct Assistance To Appropriate Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) County Match for grant: \$3,400 REVENUE: 110933-333300-30118 \$ (3,400.00) Bullet Proof Vest Partnership 110948-348102 \$ (3,400.00) Estimated Fund Balance Used **EXPENDITURE:** 11312000-408240 \$ 6,800.00 **KEVLAR Vest Grant Program** To Appropriate Additional DSS Funds REVENUE: 250924-324200-20609 \$ (9,803.00) State Reimbursement 250949-349201 \$ (2,451.00) Transfer from General Fund 110948-348102 (2,451.00) Estimated Fund Balance Used **EXPENDITURE:** 25532100-400804 12,254.00 \$ **Auxiliary Grant**

2,451.00

\$

Interoffice MEMORANDUM

To: From: Subject:

Rodney A. Hathaway, County Administrator Rebecca F. Guthrie, Director of Financial Services

FY24 Supplemental Appropriations For Munis (February 12 BOS Meeting)

January 24, 2024

FY2023-2024

Date:

This memo is to request the following supplemental appropriations:

Revenue

To Appropriate Opioid Abatement Settlent Funds Received

REVENUE:

130924-324200-12012 Opioid Abatement Program EXPENDITURE:

13312000-405899-12012 Opioid Abatement Program

Opioid Abatement Program

To Appropriate 2022 LOLE FY23 Grant

FY23 LOLE Grant
REVENUE:
130933-333300-30107
Sheriff One-Time Fed Grants
EXPENDITURE:

13312000-408001-12003 LLEBG Equipment \$ (4,143.03)

(2,536.00)

(123,373.48) \$

\$ 2,536.00

Expenditure

4.143.03

123,373.48

\$ 123,373.48 Total

\$ (35,259.84) Total In/Out - General Fund (1101) \$ (32,179.03) Total In/Out - Grant Fund (1106)

\$ (16,980.06) Total In/Out - Social Services (1201)

\$ (18,007.86) Total In/Out - Capital(1302)

\$ (4,383.46) Total In/Out - Water/Sewer (1514)

\$ (5,851.00) From Fund Balance - General Fund (1101)
\$ (10,712.23) From Fund Balance - Water/Sewer (1514)

Check

cc:

The Honorable Lee Bailey, Sheriff Joey McLaughlin III, Chief Deputy - New Kent County Sheriff's Office Nancy Lindsey, Finance Manager April Davidson, Secretary to the Sheriff Richard Opett, Fire Chief Lisa Baber, Deputy Fire Chief Ellen Browne, Administrative Assistant Mike Lang, Public Utilities Director Harold Jones, Assistant Public Utilities Director Jennifer Ronk, Billing Specialist Becky Wells, Public Utilities Administrative Assistant Rodney Hathaway, County Administrator Matt Smolnik, Assistant County Administrator Wanda Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board Krista Eutsey, Public Relations Specialist Amanda Stanger, Executive Assistant to the County Administrator

Suzanne Grable, Social Services Director Dana Boothe, Administrative Services Manager Kendra Howard, Administrative Program Assistant I

Description

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Interdepartmental Budget Transfers

Motion: "Mr.	approve the Conser a part of the record		d and that it be made	
Chairman, I move t	o or			
(not required for Consen Agenda items)	I move to approve	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record, with the following changes:		
Subject	FY24 Interdepartme	ental Budget Transfers		
Issue				
Recommendation				
Fiscal Implications	Incentives/Awa 2. Fire-Rescue - F Access (\$18,79 to CIP Fire App 3. General Servic County Facility	From CIP EMS Equipme 95.84) and from CIP Arbaratus (\$38,920), \$57 es - From Reserved for Rehab Projects, \$100 - From Microwave Ant	ent to CIP Station mbulance Replacement 7,715.84. r Contingency to ,000.	
Policy Implications				
Legislative History				
Discussion				
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:		
	. Watkins, Deputy Ierk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687	
Copy provided to:				
ATTACHMENTS:				

Type

Interdepartmental Budget Transfers for 02-12-24 (PDF) Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Clerk	Watkins, Wanda	Approved	2/2/2024 - 9:04 AM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	2/2/2024 - 2:37 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:22 AM

2024-06-169

			ACCOUNTING PERI	OD:	BATCH#	2024	UN
BUDGE	T TRANSFER FORM		Jul-23	FY23 FY24	REF#	169	
FUNDS COMING FROM Account Number 1124200-406001	(CREDIT) Account Description OFFICE SUPPLIES	Amount 80.00	FUNDS GOING TO Account Number 11122200-406030	(DEBIT) Account Description EMPLOYEE INCENTIVE	ES/AWARDS	Amount	80.00
		Requel	S BUS CUPPI	rovol			
		V	, ,				
		\$ 80.00				\$	80.00
Explanation for transfer:	Transfer from Financial Services	Office Supplies Budget to HR	Director of Financia	al Service's laptop backpa	ack broke, wa	nted to purchas	se
	a backpack to carry laptop with N	IKC logo on it but HR already	purchases these iter	ns (\$80/each per Stepha	nie Parrish). T	ransferring fund	ds
	back to HR to cover purchase of	one laptop backpack.					
	RFG	12/15/2023 ATE					
EOR EINANO	E OFFICE USE ONLY						
CHECKED FOR FUNDS:	RG 12/15/23		DEPART DEPT HEAD SIGNA	MENT: Financial Services	ad Gu	thru)	
INTERED:	KUU 12/18/23			DATE: 12/15/2023	1/		
POSTED:		COUNTY	ADMINISTRATOR APPR			12-15-20	23
					V		

BUDGET TRANSFER FORM

ACCOUNTING PERIOD:	BATCH #	
FY24	REF#	

FUNDS COMIN		(CREDIT) Account Description	<u>Amount</u>	FUNDS G		DEBIT) Account Description		Amount
31380000	438164	CIP EMS Equipment	18,795.84	3138000	38135	CIP Station Access	\$	18,795.84
31380000 4	438070	CIP Ambulance Replacement	38,920.00	3138000	438120	CIP Fire Apparatus		38,920.00
<u> </u>								
		7						
			REQUIRES E	30S A	PPROV	AL ———		
		-	\$ 57,715.84				\$	57,715.84
			φ 57,715.54			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ	37,713.04
Explanation for	transfer:	Station access quote increased	due to equipment increase	es. Fire app	aratus incre	ase for September allocation	n posted to another ac	count.
		<u></u>					1000 Dec 100	
		J				Pr		
		INITIALS DATE		DEPART	IENT:	Fire Rescue	-	
CHECKED FOI	R FUNDS:	<u> 99 1/4/24</u>		DEPT HE	AD:	Kess Chilt		
ENTERED:		1		DATE:		1/4/24		/
POSTED:				COUNTY	ADMINISTRA	TOR APPROVAL:		二 /-等

BUDGE	ET TRANSFER FORI	M	Jan-24	FY24 REF#	
FUNDS COMING FROM Account Number 11914000-409301	(CREDIT) Account Description RESERVED FOR CONTINGENCY	<u>Amount</u> 100,000.00	FUNDS GOING TO Account Number 31180000-418050	(DEBIT) Account Description COUNTY FACILITY REHAB PROJECTS	<u>Amount</u> 100,000.00
		REQUIRES BO	OS APPRO	VAL	
		\$ 100,000.00			\$ 100,000.00
Explanation for transfer:	A transfer is needed for HHS	s remodeling/relocation project, this	project was not init	ially included as part of the CIP proce	988.
	RFG	1/3/2024			
EOR EINANG	PREPARER'S INITIALS DE OFFICE USE ONLY	DATE			
CHECKED FOR FUNDS: ENTERED: POSTED:	RG-113/24			MENT: General Services ATURE: Carrie Weber Email - Entered by RF0 DATE: 1/3/2024	V
FOSTED.		. COUNTY A	DMINISTRATOR APPE	ROVAL:	1-3-2024

ACCOUNTING PERIOD:

BATCH#

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ACCOUNTING PERIOD: BATCH#
FY24 REF#

FUNDS COMING FROM Account Number	(CREDIT) Account Description	Amount		FUNDS GOING TO Account Number	(DEBIT) Account Description	Amoi	<u>unt</u>
37940000-408609	Microwave Antenna	\$ 32,5	500.00	37940000-408602	SCADA Installation-Sewer	\$	32,500.00

		WWW	664 (55)		***************************************	Page 1	
	ALE ARRIVE WAY					*****	
	1.1.2.12.19.11(0.00.11(- 100 100				
		REQUIRES	BOS	APPROV	AL		
	The state of the s						
	*** * *	A - 44		***			
			244 244 244				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		.	F00.00		Water State Control of the Control o	\$	32,500.00
		\$ 32,	,500.00			Ψ	02,000.00
Explanation for transfer:							
	Microwave Antenna project c	ompleted. Remaining fund	ds to be tr	ansferred to SCAD	A project.		
	BW 1/29/2024		147				
	INITIALS DATE						
CHECKED FOR FUNDS:	9x9 1/21/07			DEPARTMENT:	Public Utilities		
ENTERED:				DEPT HEAD SIGNAT	rure:		
POSTED:				DATE:	1/28/24		
The state of the s				COUNTY ADMINIST	RATOR APPROVAL:	- 1-3	0-2024
				JJOHN MEMILION	1		K. T.

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 Treasurer's Report

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move	a part of the r		ented and that it be made						
(not required for Cons Agenda items)	I move to app	I move to approve the Consent Agenda as presented and that it be made a part of the record, with the following changes:							
Subject	Treasurer's Re	Treasurer's Report - December 2023							
Issue									
Recommendation									
Fiscal Implication	ıs								
Policy Implication	ns								
Legislative Histor	ту								
Discussion	Cash as of Decestrow funds.	cember 31, 2023, \$112,	729,544.40 including						
Time Needed:		Person Appearin	g:						
Request prepared by:	W. Watkins, Deput Clerk of the Board	Tolophono	804-966-9687						
Copy provided to:									
ATTACHMENTS: Description Treasurer's Report	t - December 2023	Type (PDF) Cover M	lemo						
REVIEWERS:									
Department	Reviewer	Action	Date						
Clerk	Watkins, Wand	da Approved	1/19/2024 - 10:24 AM						
Administration	Hathaway, Roo	dney Approved	1/19/2024 - 11:26 AM						

Everard, Joshua Approved

Attorney

1/22/2024 - 8:33 AM



Cash Account Balance (total per statements)	55,748,727.73
Investments (per statements)	
C&F - Certificates of Deposit	8,045,326.61 General Operations
Local Government Investment Pool	4,462.88
Virginia Investment Pool	38,112,307.42
Primis - Money Market + ICS	10,462,530.71
Total Investments	56,624,627.62
Total Cash and Investments	112,373,355.35
Escrow Accounts (Soil and Erosion)	356,189.05

Total Cash in Bank

112,729,544.40 including escrow funds

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 RESIDENCY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Cons Agenda items)			
Subject	Residency Adminis	strator's Report for Ja	nuary 2024
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implication	ns		
Policy Implication	ns		
Legislative Histor	-у		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
Request prepared by:	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:			
ATTACHMENTS: Description Residency Admin (PDF)	istrator's Report January	Type 2024 Cover Memo	
REVIEWERS:			
Department Clerk	Reviewer Watkins, Wanda	Action Approved	Date 2/5/2024 - 2:33 PM



ASHLAND RESIDENCY MARSHALL WINN RESIDENCY ADMINISTRATOR

VDOT Call Center (800) 367-ROAD

NEW KENT COUNTY January 2024

MAINTENANCE: Jeff Allgood

Pothole Repair:

- 1002 Carter Rd
- 1025 Quinton Meadow Ct
- 1219 Baylor Grove Ct
- 1401 Four Seasons Ridge Blvd & 106 Emmaus Church Rd
- 30 Eltham Rd
- 30 New Kent Hwy
- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 611 Quaker Rd
- 640 Old Roxbury Rd & Old Nottingham Rd
- 650 Landing Rd & 1103 S Landing Rd
- 666 Bailey Ln & 155 N Courthouse Rd

Grade Road:

- 617 Criss Cross Rd
- 642 St Peters Ln
- 647 Old Telegraph Rd
- 672 Wahrani Ln
- 678 Clarke Rd
- 686 Terminal Rd

Concrete Repair:

- 1280 Flowering Peach Ln
- 1282 Carolina Cherry Cir
- 1283 Tea Olive Cir
- 1285 Yellow Jasmine Ter
- 1370 Patriots Landing Dr

Shoulder Repair:

- 30 Eltham Rd
- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 610 Pine Fork Rd
- 630 George W Watkins Rd
- 613 Dispatch Rd
- 615 Mountcastle Rd
- 617 Criss Cross Rd
- 627 Good Hope Rd
- 627 N Waterside Dr
- 627 S Waterside Dr
- 643 Mihalcoe Ln
- 647 Old Telegraph Rd
- 678 Clarke Rd

Entrance Repair:

249 New Kent Hwy

- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 627 N Waterside Dr & Hidden Dr
- 629 Carriage Rd

Erosion Repair:

- 1112 Brickshire Dr
- 1129 Villa Green Dr
- 1251 King Bird Ct
- 1381 Flowering Magnolia Ln
- 249 New Kent Hwy
- 606 Old Church Rd
- 615 Mountcastle Rd
- 617 Criss Cross Rd
- 642 St Peters Ln
- 674 Clint Ln

Pipe Inspection:

- 627 N Waterside Dr
- 628 Mt Pleasant Rd

Pipe Replace:

- 1010 Colony Trl
- 1305 Wensleydale Dr

Pipe Repair:

- 1284 Golden Bell Cir
- 629 Carriage Rd
- 661 Mattaponi Rd

Pipe Cleaning:

- 1002 Carter Rd
- 1035 Piper Dr
- 1110 Kentland Trl
- 1236 Holly Woods Ct
- 249 New Kent Hwy
- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 606 Old Church Rd
- 613 Dispatch Rd
- 615 Mountcastle Rd
- 628 Mt Pleasant Rd
- 631 S Garden Rd
- 640 Old Roxbury Rd
- 642 St Peters Ln
- 649 Rockahock Rd
- 662 Golden Wheel Rd
- 665 Henpeck Rd
- 678 Clarke Rd
- 686 Terminal Rd

Ditch Inspection:

- 603 Good Hope Rd
- 615 Mountcastle Rd

Ditching:

- 1030 Turners Landing Rd
- 1035 Piper Dr
- 106 Emmaus Church Rd
- 1112 Brickshire Dr
- 1203 Club Dr
- 1209 N Hairpin Dr
- 1240 Pinehurst Dr
- 1302 Old Quarter Ln
- 1306 Gingham Dr
- 1320 Oakrise Pl
- 155 N Courthouse Rd
- 30 Eltham Rd & 273 Farmers Dr
- 30 New Kent Hwy
- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 606 Old Church Rd
- 610 Pine Fork Rd
- 611 Quaker Rd
- 612 Airport Rd & 686 Terminal Rd
- 613 Dispatch Rd
- 615 Mountcastle Rd
- 615 S Mountcastle Rd
- 617 Criss Cross Rd
- 619 Hopewell Rd
- 627 Good Hope Rd
- 627 N Waterside Dr
- 627 Riverside Dr
- 627 S Waterside Dr
- 627 W Riverside Dr
- 629 Carriage Rd
- 631 S Garden Rd
- 632 Stage Rd
- 640 Old Roxbury Rd
- 642 St Peters Ln
- 643 Mihalcoe Ln
- 647 Old Telegraph Rd
- 686 Terminal Rd

Tree Removal / Cleanup:

- 249 New Kent Hwy
- 30 New Kent Hwy
- 612 Airport Rd
- 623 Cooks Mill Rd & Cooks Mill Pl
- 649 Rockahock Rd
- 665 Henpeck Rd

Tree Pruning / Cleanup:

• 155 N Courthouse Rd

Brush Cutting / Cleanup:

• 608 Old River Rd

• 618 Olivet Church Rd

Tree Debris Cleanup:

- 60 Pocahontas Trl
- 600 Holly Fork Rd & 601 Tabernacle Rd
- 617 Criss Cross Rd
- 661 Mattaponi Rd

Sign Repair / Replace:

• 609 Talleysville Rd; Speed Limit

Debris:

- 106 Vineyards Pkwy; Mud
- 60 Pocahontas Trl; Concrete on shoulder
- 60 Pocahontas Trl; Bag of trash
- 60 Williamsburg Rd; Pallet and insulation on shoulder
- 613 Dispatch Rd; Sand/silt
- 618 Olivet Church Rd; Mattress on shoulder
- 638 Cosby Mill Rd
- 647 Old Telegraph Rd; Bucket of oil in median

Trash / Litter Pickup:

- Park & Ride County wide
- Toe Ink Wayside; Park n Ride and Picnic Area

Miscellaneous:

- Dead animal removal county-wide
- Load and unload spreaders
- Brine primary routes

Work Requests:

- 128 Received
- 213 Completed

Emergency Call Out After Hours (2):

- 106 Vineyards Pkwy; Tractor trailer accident
- 619 Hopewell Rd; High water

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

Brian Ramsey, P.E.

Projects

None

NON-ORDINARY MAINTENANCE

Phillip Frazer, P.E.

Studies

- 609 Talleysville Rd; Speed limit change request from 45mph to 25mph complete.
- 249 New Kent Hwy; Speed limit change request warranted and implemented.
- 155 N Courthouse Rd & 249 New Kent Hwy; Remove passing zone request. Additional information needed.
- 627 S Waterside Dr; Speed limit reduce to 40mph request complete.
- 640 Quinton Rd; Speed limit change request complete.
- 665 N Henpeck Rd; School Bus Stop Ahead sign install request.

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

Clerk

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 PRESENTATIONS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Cons Agenda items)			
Subject	Heritage Public Li	brary Update	
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implication	ns		
Policy Implication	ns		
Legislative Histor	ry		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
Request prepared by:	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
Copy provided to:			
REVIEWERS:			
Department	Reviewer	Action	Date

Watkins, Wanda Approved

2/5/2024 - 12:14 PM

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 PUBLIC HEARINGS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conse Agenda items)		Ordinance O-09-23 (R1) and associated Proffers		
Subject		PUBLIC HEARING - Ordinance O-09-23(R1), Creating the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development (PUD-01-22) - Principal Planner Kelli Le Duc and Applicants		
Issue	1	Kenneth Merner of Bridgewater Crossing Inc. (property owner) and Jeffrey Geiger of Hirschler Fleischer (agent) have requested the rezoning from Business to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 113 acres of land, and the rezoning from A1 to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 4.6 acres of land. The applicants are proposing to create a mixed-use development with approximately 60,000 square feet of Business/Commercial uses in the front (northern) portion of the property, 145 townhomes, and 145 single-family residential lots.		
Recommendation	l	The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on April 17, 2023 and voted 6:4:1 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.		
Fiscal Implication	is is	See associated proffer statement dated July 13, 202 Applicants are proposing cash proffers of \$8,000.00 for exingle family detached dwelling unit and \$4,000.00 for extownhouse dwelling unit built on the property. Applicants proposing \$500,000.00 towards the installation of a trasignal. Applicants are proposing \$250,000.00 towards are imbursement costs for a fire station See full fiscal impact analysis within application materials.		of \$8,000.00 for each d \$4,000.00 for each perty. Applicants are stallation of a traffic 000.00 towards land n fire station.
Policy Implication	ns i	n/a		
Legislative Histor	ative History n/a			
Discussion		The applicants presented their most up to date proposal at th BOS work session on January 30, 2024.		
Time Needed:	30 m	ninutes	Person Appearing:	Kelli Le Duc and applicants
Request prepared by:	Kelli	Le Duc	Telephone:	966-8505
Copy provided	Amy Inman, Director Planning			

ATTACHMENTS:

to:

Description Type

BOS memo Cover Memo
PC Resolution Backup Material
APO list and Affidavit Backup Material
Master Plan Backup Material

BOS Ordinance O-09-23(R1) and Proffers Ordinance

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Planning & Zoning	Inman, Amy	Approved	1/31/2024 - 12:53 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:15 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:37 AM

227



MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 12, 2024

TO: New Kent County Board of Supervisors

SUBJECT: Application Number PUD-01-22, Liberty Landing

REQUEST

Kenneth Merner of Bridgewater Crossing, Inc., and Jeffrey Geiger of Hirschler Fleischer (agent) have requested the rezoning from Business to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 113 acres of land, and the rezoning from A-1 to PUD of approximately 4.6 acres of land. The applicants are proposing to create a mixed-use development with approximately 60,000 square feet of Business/Commercial uses in the front (northern) portion of the property, 145 townhomes, and 145 single-family residential lots. There are also designated open space areas, recreation areas, proposed clubhouses with amenities, and walking trails.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Planning Commission: April 17, 2023, 6:30 p.m., County Boardroom Board of Supervisors: February 12, 2024, 7:00 p.m., County Boardroom

GENERAL INFORMATION

Location: The subject properties are located to the south of Route 60 (across from the Five

Lakes Subdivision)

Tax Parcels: 19-11-1, 19-11-2, 19-11-3, 19-11-4, 19-11-5, 19-11-A, 19-11-B, 19-46A, 29-2A, and 29-2B

Size: Approximately 118 acres

Owners: Bridgewater Crossing, Inc.

Current

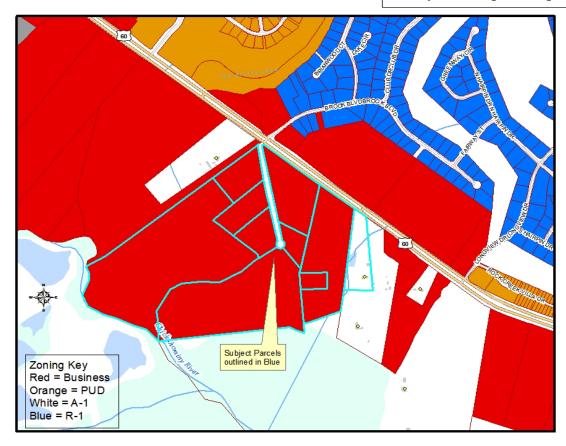
Zoning: Business and A-1

Current Use: Vacant, with some wetlands and RPA near the Chickahominy River, and Residential

Adjacent North – Route 60, Business properties, Five Lakes (R-1)

Zoning: East – A-1

West – A-1 and Business South – Chickahominy River



New Kent County Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Designation: Village

RELATIONSHIP TO COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The PUD ordinance/application states the following: The applicant is proposing 290 housing units, of which 145 will be for-sale townhomes and 145 will be single-family detached dwellings. The townhomes are planned to be offered in four models ranging between 1000 square feet and 2000 square feet. The single-family detached units are planned to range from 1400 to 3000 square feet. Additionally, 60,000 square feet of retail/commercial space is to be developed on 16.36 acres (which includes right of way). It is anticipated that the commercial space will include restaurants, retail establishments, consumer service establishments (such as personal care, tax services, etc.) The office component would include medical and general office space, with the general office space likely being tenanted by insurance agencies, law offices, financial planners, and similar tenants.

The Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map designates these properties as Village. Villages are intended to involve a mixture of land uses on a smaller, pedestrian scale. The creation of viable villages requires the availability of public water and sewer to allow for the compact nature of development necessary to ensure that the entire village can easily be traversed by foot. The scale, design and attention to detail of structures within village areas are critical to carrying out the vision of the Plan.

Allowable land uses would include the following:

 Single-family detached and attached dwellings on smaller lots to provide opportunities for a more affordable housing option

229

- Apartments and condominiums, both free-standing and in upper floor space able street level commercial uses
- Retail stores of a modest scale, (i.e., big box retailers are not considered an appropriate use in villages)
- Services
- Professional and general offices, both free standing and in multi-tenant structures
- Institutional uses such as churches, schools and libraries

Villages are intended to be subject to fairly stringent design standards including the following types of requirements:

- Structures to be located close to the street with all parking located either on-street or behind structures in shared parking lots
- Sidewalks and sitting areas to be located between streets and buildings
- Controlled access to public streets
- Architectural, building material and landscaping controls
- Provision of public plazas, parks and other gathering places

Liberty Landing is in keeping with the County's Village vision of this area. Liberty Landing is proposed to be comprised of a mixture of structures and uses. Commercial uses are planned along Route 60. These commercial uses will be supported by a mixture of residential uses located to the southwest of the commercial area. The close proximity of the residents to both the commercial uses in Liberty Landing and nearby developments will encourage residents to walk instead of drive.

One goal in the Comprehensive Plan is to increase and enhance the County's recreational opportunities. The applicant has submitted a plan that includes approximately 11 acres of recreation area, an extensive walking trail, clubhouse areas with amenities, and a large amount of open space.

Another goal of the Comprehensive Plan is to provide safe and sanitary housing opportunities for all citizens of the County, encouraging higher density and alternative housing types that will serve the unmet needs of the County and the region.

TRANSPORTATION ANALYSIS

Based on the Transportation Analysis that was completed by Ramey Kemp Associates and included in the application materials, the following roadway improvements are recommended to accommodate the projected mixed-use community trips:

U.S. 60 at Brook Boulevard/West Driveway:

- Construct the site driveway with one ingress and two egress lanes
- Construct an eastbound right turn lane on U.S. 60 with 200 feet of storage
- Construct a westbound left turn lane on U.S. 60 with 200 feet of storage

U.S. 60 at East Driveway:

- Construct the site driveway with one ingress lane and one egress lane
- Construct an eastbound right turn lane on U.S. 60 with 200 feet of storage
- Construct a westbound left turn lane on U.S. 60 with 200 feet of storage

VDOT reviewed the Transportation Analysis and had several comments that will need to be addressed during the site planning stage, should the PUD application be approved.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

The Liberty Landing project will connect to and use the County's water supply and sewage treatment facilities. Based on comments from New Kent County Utilities, the Bottoms Bridge District utilities were designed and constructed to meet the utility demands of this proposal.

IMPACT ON HISTORIC SITES

The owner conducted a cultural survey of the property that will comprise Liberty Landing. The survey revealed that a small portion of the property contained archaeological evidence of potentially significant Native American artifacts. The owner recognizes the importance of preserving this portion of the property. Liberty Landing has been designed to preserve this portion of the property as a park area. The cultural survey did not reveal any other historically significant sites or structures on the property or in the vicinity.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

One of the goals within the Comprehensive Plan is to "Conserve, protect, and preserve the quality of the County's air, water, soil, wildlife habitat, and scenic views through responsible stewardship of the land."

Over 30% of the land within Liberty Landing will be devoted to open space/recreation space. Stormwater BMPs will be constructed to treat and capture runoff that does not naturally infiltrate through the soil. To ensure that all generated stormwater is property captured and cleaned, the owner will create and implement a stormwater pollution prevention plan. In addition, the owner will create and implement an erosion and sediment control plan to minimize environmental impacts during construction.

The application includes an Environmental Resource Impact Analysis that was prepared by Townes Site Engineering and reviewed by the Environmental Director. He provided some general information and comments that will be addressed during the site planning stage.

FISCAL IMPACT AND SCHOOL IMPACT STUDY

The applicant submitted an updated Fiscal Impact and School Impact Study with this application. The study concludes that if the "County approves Liberty Landing at the requested density, the County can expect to receive almost \$14.9 million over the next ten years after all of the County's and school system's costs are paid. After the project is completely built out, the County can expect to receive more than \$1.25 million annually, again after all of the County's and school system's costs have been paid."

The Study concludes that "At build out, Liberty Landing is projected to generate 103 students attending the New Kent County Public Schools. The average number of students generated by Liberty Landing households was calculated to be 0.356 students per household. These students can easily be accommodated by the County's schools that students from Liberty Landing will attend."

IMPACT ON NEW KENT COUNTY PUBLIC SERVICES

The application was reviewed by the New Kent Sheriff's Office and the New Kent Fire Marshall's Office. Each of these offices recognize that there will be a need for additional resources in the Bottoms Bridge area, especially when units begin to be constructed.

231

PROFFERS

The proffer statement dated July 13, 2023 is included in your packets. It includes a payment to New Kent County of \$8,000.00 for each single-family detached dwelling unit and a payment of \$4,000.00 for each townhouse dwelling unit built on the property, to be paid prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for said unit. It includes \$500,000.00 towards the installation of a traffic signal. It includes \$250,000.00 towards land reimbursement costs for a fire station.

OVERALL ANALYSIS AND PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION

The proposed project is in an area of the County that is designated for Village-type development. The proposed project is consistent with the language contained within the Village land use designation in the New Kent County Comprehensive Plan. As evidenced by the thorough and complete application, the applicants have submitted plans for an attractive, well-planned community, sensitive to the environmental and historic constraints on the property, the need for additional economic development opportunities within the County, the additional users to the Public Utility system, and to the needs of mixed housing in New Kent County. Additionally, the proffers will assist in mitigating the impacts of the development.

The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on April 17, 2023 and voted 6:4:1 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.

Attachments:

- Advertisement & Adjacent Property Owners List
- Resolution PC-04-23
- BOS Ordinance O-09-23(R1)

Copies to:

- Applicant
- File

232

PLANNING COMMISSION COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

PC-04-23

At the regular meeting of the Planning Commission of the County of New Kent, in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 17th day of April, 2023:

Vote:
Nay
Aye
Aye
Aye
Nay
Nay
Aye
Aye
Abstain
Aye
Nay

Motion was made by Joseph Davis, which carried 6:4:1, to adopt the following resolution:

A RESOLUTION TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF PUD APPLICATION PUD-01-22, LIBERTY LANDING, TO REZONE APPROXIMATELY 113 ACRES OF LAND FROM BUSINESS TO PUD AND APPROXIMATELY 4.6 ACRES OF LAND FROM A-1 TO PUD

WHEREAS, Mr. Kenneth Merner of Bridgewater Crossing, Inc. (property owner) and Jeffrey Geiger of Hirschler Fleischer (agent) have submitted a Planned Unit Development Application dated March 31, 2022; and

WHEREAS, the applicant and agent have submitted a Statement of Proffers dated October 14, 2022; and

WHEREAS, said application requests the rezoning of approximately 113 acres identified on the New Kent County digital map as GPIN I06-0026-5401 (Tax Parcel 19-11-1), GPIN J06-0076-0544 (Tax Parcel 19-11-2), GPIN J05-3790-0116 (Tax Parcel 19-11-3), GPIN J05-3625-0395 (Tax Parcel 19-11-4), GPIN J05-3595-0816 (Tax Parcel 19-11-5), GPIN I05-3417-

4710 (Tax Parcel 19-11-A), GPIN I05-2715-5420 (Tax Parcel 19-11-B), GPIN I06-0429-5299 (Tax Parcel 19-46-A) GPIN I06-0260-4947 (Tax Parcel 29-2A) from Business to PUD; and

WHEREAS, said application requests the rezoning of approximately 4.6 acres identified on the New Kent County digital map as GPIN I06-0795-5318 (Tax Parcel 29-2B) from A-1 to PUD; and

WHEREAS, subsequent to receiving a complete application and within the timeframes established by Code, the Planning Commission scheduled and conducted a formal and duly advertised public hearing, carefully considering the public comment received; and

WHEREAS, the New Kent County Planning Commission has made the following findings with regard to this application:

- The proposed use is not prejudicial to the character of the neighborhood.
- The proposed use will not adversely affect the general plans for the physical development of the County as embodied in the Comprehensive Plan.
- The proposed use will not be detrimental to the use or development of adjacent properties or the general neighborhood, nor will it impair the value of buildings or property in surrounding areas.

WHEREAS, the New Kent County Planning Commission finds that approval of this application would address, protect, and promote public convenience, necessity, general welfare, and good zoning practices in the County;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that on this, the 17th day of April, 2023, by the New Kent County Planning Commission, that Planned Unit Development Application PUD-01-22 be, and hereby is, transmitted to the New Kent County Board of Supervisors with a recommendation to amend the New Kent County Zoning Map to reclassify GPIN I06-0026-5401 (Tax Parcel 19-11-1), GPIN J06-0076-0544 (Tax Parcel 19-11-2), GPIN J05-3790-0116 (Tax Parcel 19-11-3), GPIN J05-3625-0395 (Tax Parcel 19-11-4), GPIN J05-3595-0816 (Tax Parcel 19-11-5), GPIN I05-3417-4710 (Tax Parcel 19-11-A), GPIN I05-2715-5420 (Tax Parcel 19-11-B), GPIN I06-0429-5299 (Tax Parcel 19-46-A) GPIN I06-0260-4947 (Tax Parcel 29-2A), and GPIN I06-0795-5318 (Tax Parcel 29-2B) to PUD.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Planning Commission recommends acceptance of the proffers voluntarily offered by the applicant.

Attested:

V. Marc Bennett, Chairman, New Kent County Planning Commission

NEW KENT COUNTY Notice of Mailing

Applicant Name: Bridgewater Crossing, Inc.

Application Number: PUD-01-22, Liberty Landing PUD

Monday, February 12, 2024

STATE OF VIRGINIA COUNTY OF NEW KENT, to wit

I, Kelli L Z Le Duc, of the New Kent County Planning Department, do make oath that notices as required by Section 15.1-431 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, were mailed on the 30th day of January, 2024, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the persons whose names and addresses are attached.

Ü

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of January, 2024.

Sheri Lynn adams Notai

REG # 224610 Y COMMISSION

Notary Pub

My commission expires:

December 31,2027.

§ 15.2-2204. ADVERTISEMENT OF PLANS, ORDINANCES, ETC.; JOINT PUBLIC HEARINGS; WRITTEN NOTICE OF CERTAIN AMENDMENTS.

A. Plans or ordinances, or amendments thereof, recommended or adopted under the powers conferred by this chapter need not be advertised in full, but may be advertised by reference. Every such advertisement shall identify the place or places within the locality where copies of the proposed plans, ordinances or amendments may be examined.

The local planning commission shall not recommend nor the governing body adopt any plan, ordinance or amendment thereof until notice of intention to do so has been published once a week for two successive weeks in some newspaper published or having general circulation in the locality, with the first notice appearing no more than 14 days before the intended adoption; however, the notice for both the local planning commission and the governing body may be published concurrently. The notice shall specify the time and place of hearing at which persons affected may appear and present their views. The local planning commission and governing body may hold a joint public hearing after public notice as set forth in this subsection. If a joint hearing is held, then public notice as set forth in this subsection need be given only by the governing body. As used in this subsection, "two successive weeks" means that such notice shall be published at least twice in such newspaper, with not less than six days elapsing between the first and second publication. In any instance in which a locality has submitted a correct and timely notice request to such newspaper and the newspaper fails to publish the notice, or publishes the notice incorrectly, such locality shall be deemed to have met the notice requirements of this subsection so long as the notice was published in the next available edition of a newspaper having general circulation in the locality. After enactment of any plan, ordinance or amendment, further publication thereof shall not be required.

B. When a proposed amendment of the zoning ordinance involves a change in the zoning map classification of 25 or fewer parcels of land, then, in addition to the advertising as required by subsection A, the advertisement shall include the street address or tax map parcel number of the parcels subject to the action. Written notice shall be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least five days before the hearing to the owner or owners, their agent or the occupant, of each parcel involved; to the owners, their agent or the occupant, of all abutting property and property immediately across the street or road from the property affected, including those parcels that lie in other localities of the Commonwealth; and, if any portion of the affected property is within a planned unit development, then to such incorporated property owner's associations within the planned unit development that have members owning property located within 2,000 feet of the affected property as may be required by the commission or its agent. However, when a proposed amendment to the zoning ordinance involves a tract of land not less than 500 acres owned by the Commonwealth or by the federal government, and when the proposed change affects only a portion of the larger tract, notice need be given only to the owners of those properties that are adjacent to the affected area of the larger tract. Notice sent by registered or certified mail to the last known address of such owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall be deemed adequate compliance with this requirement. If the hearing is continued, notice shall be remailed. Costs of any notice required under this chapter shall be taxed to the applicant.

When a proposed amendment of the zoning ordinance involves a change in the zoning map classification of more than 25 parcels of land, or a change to the applicable zoning ordinance text regulations that decreases the allowed dwelling unit density of any parcel of land, then, in addition to the advertising as required by subsection A, the advertisement shall include the street address or tax map parcel number of the parcels as well as the approximate acreage subject to the action. For more than 100 parcels of land, the advertisement may instead include a description of the boundaries of the area subject to the changes and a link to a map of the subject area. Written notice shall be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least five days before the hearing to the owner, owners, or their agent of each parcel of land involved, provided, however, that written notice of such changes to zoning ordinance text regulations shall not have to be mailed to the owner, owners, or their agent of lots shown on a subdivision plat approved and recorded pursuant to the provisions of Article 6 (§ 15.2-2240 et seq.) where such lots are less than 11,500 square feet. One notice sent by first class mail to the last known address of such owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall be deemed adequate compliance with this requirement, provided that a representative of the local commission shall make affidavit that such mailings have been made and file such affidavit with the papers in the case. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as to invalidate any subsequently adopted amendment or ordinance because of the inadvertent failure by the representative of the local commission to give written notice to the owner, owners or their agent of any parcel involved.

The governing body may provide that, in the case of a condominium or a cooperative, the written notice may be mailed to the unit owners' association or proprietary lessees' association, respectively, in lieu of each individual unit owner.

Whenever the notices required hereby are sent by an agency, department or division of the local governing body, or their representative, such notices may be sent by first class mail; however, a representative of such agency, department or division shall make affidavit that such mailings have been made and file such affidavit with the papers in the case.

A party's actual notice of, or active participation in, the proceedings for which the written notice provided by this section is required shall waive the right of that party to challenge the validity of the proceeding due to failure of the party to receive the written notice required by this section.

C. When a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment thereto; a proposed change in zoning map classification; or an application for special exception for a change in use or to increase by greater than 50 percent of the bulk or height of an existing or proposed building, but not including renewals of previously approved special exceptions, involves any parcel of land located within one-half mile of a boundary of an adjoining locality of the Commonwealth, then, in addition to the advertising and written notification as required by this section, written notice shall also be given by the local commission, or its representative, at least 10 days before the hearing to the chief administrative officer, or his designee, of such adjoining locality.

D. When (i) a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment thereto, (ii) a proposed change in zoning map classification, or (iii) an application for special exception for a change in use involves any parcel of land located within 3,000 feet of a boundary of a military base, military installation, military airport, excluding armories operated by the Virginia National Guard, or licensed public-use airport then, in addition to the advertising and written notification as required by this section, written notice shall also be given by the local commission, or its representative, at least 30 days before the hearing to the commander of the military base, military installation, military airport, or owner of such public-use airport, and the notice

shall advise the military commander or owner of such public-use airport of the opportunity to submit comments or recommendations.

- E. The adoption or amendment prior to July 1, 1996, of any plan or ordinance under the authority of prior acts shall not be declared invalid by reason of a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by such act or by this chapter, provided a public hearing was conducted by the governing body prior to such adoption or amendment. Every action contesting a decision of a locality based on a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by this chapter shall be filed within 30 days of such decision with the circuit court having jurisdiction of the land affected by the decision. However, any litigation pending prior to July 1, 1996, shall not be affected by the 1996 amendment to this section.
- F. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, general or special, the City of Richmond may cause such notice to be published in any newspaper of general circulation in the city.
- G. When a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment of an existing plan designates or alters previously designated corridors or routes for electric transmission lines of 150 kilovolts or more, written notice shall also be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least 10 days before the hearing to each electric utility with a certificated service territory that includes all or any part of such designated electric transmission corridors or routes.
- H. When any applicant requesting a written order, requirement, decision, or determination from the zoning administrator, other administrative officer, or a board of zoning appeals that is subject to the appeal provisions contained in § 15.2-2311 or 15.2-2314, is not the owner or the agent of the owner of the real property subject to the written order, requirement, decision or determination, written notice shall be given to the owner of the property within 10 days of the receipt of such request. Such written notice shall be given by the zoning administrator or other administrative officer or, at the direction of the administrator or officer, the requesting applicant shall be required to give the owner such notice and to provide satisfactory evidence to the zoning administrator or other administrative officer that the notice has been given. Written notice mailed to the owner at the last known address of the owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall satisfy the notice requirements of this subsection.

This subsection shall not apply to inquiries from the governing body, planning commission, or employees of the locality made in the normal course of business.

Code 1950, § 15-961.4; 1962, c. 407, § 15.1-431; 1964, c. 632; 1968, cc. 354, 714; 1973, cc. 117, 334; 1974, cc. 100, 570; 1975, c. 641; 1976, c. 642; 1977, c. 65; 1982, c. 291; 1990, c. 61; 1992, cc. 353, 757; 1993, cc. 128, 734; 1994, c. 774; 1995, c. 178; 1996, cc. 613, 667; 1997, c. 587; 2001, c. 406; 2002, c. 634; 2004, cc. 539, 799; 2005, c. 514; 2007, cc. 761, 813; 2011, c. 457; 2012, c. 548; 2013, cc. 149, 213; 2022, c. 478; 2023, cc. 506, 507.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Notice is hereby given that the New Kent County Board of Supervisors will hold public hearings, and may or may not take action, on Monday, February 12, 2024 at 7:00 p.m. or as soon thereafter as possible, in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building located at 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124, to consider the following:

- 1. Ordinance O-09-23 R1: Application PUD-01-22, Liberty Landing (Bridgewater Crossing, Inc.): Kenneth Merner of Bridgewater Crossing Inc. (property owner) and Jeffrey Geiger of Hirschler Fleischer (agent) have requested the rezoning from Business to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 113 acres of land, and the rezoning from A-1 to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 4.6 acres of land. The subject properties are located to the south of Route 60 (across from the Five Lakes Subdivision), and are identified as Tax Parcels 19-11-1, 19-11-2, 19-11-3, 19-11-4, 19-11-5, 19-11-A, 19-11-B, 19-46-A, 29-2A, and 29-2B. The applicants are proposing to create a mixed-use development with approximately 60,000 square feet of Business/Commercial uses in the front (northern) portion of the property, 145 townhomes, and 145 single-family residential lots. The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on April 17, 2023 and voted 6:4:1 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.
- 2. Resolution R-02-24, Application CUP-02-23, New Leaf Energy, Inc.: Representatives from New Leaf Energy, Inc. have requested a Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW solar system (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 27-6J (GPIN #I28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County. The parcel is currently zoned Industrial and is generally located east of State Route 30 and north of Henrico County's Regional Jail East on the north side of Route 634 (Polish Town Road.) The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on December 18, 2023 and voted 7:1:3 to send a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.
- 3. Ordinance O-03-24, Amendments to New Kent County Code Chapter 82, Articles V and VI: The Board of Supervisors will consider amendments, primarily involving public notification requirements, to Chapter 82 Environment, Article V Wetlands and Article VI Sand Dunes and Beaches. The amendments will align the County Code with the Code of Virginia as a result of amendments that were adopted during the 2023 Legislative Session.

All interested persons may appear and present their views at the above time and place. If a member of the public cannot attend, comments may be submitted by mail to P. O. Box 150, New Kent, VA 23124; by fax to (804) 966-9370; or by email to bos@newkent-va.us. Comments received by 12:00 noon on the day of the hearings will be distributed to Board members and made a part of the public record. Copies of any proposed ordinances, resolutions, applications and staff reports may be viewed approximately one week prior to the hearing in the Office of the County Administrator at 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124, during regular business hours or at http://www.co.new-kent.va.us. Anyone needing assistance or accommodation under the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act should call the County Administrator's Office

at (804) 966-9687. If the meeting cannot be held because of the closing of State and/or County offices, it will be held on the next business day that the County offices are open.

By authority of Rodney A. Hathaway Clerk of the Board

Please use 10 point upper case type in the heading as indicated. Use 8 point type in the body.

Please publish notice once a week for two successive weeks.

Kindly send certification of publication and bill to Wanda Watkins, New Kent Administration Office.

Robert C. Smithdeal William and Nancy Smithdeal TR 1555 Heatherstone DR Fredericksburg, VA 22407

Stephen and Debbie Stanley 3075 Pocahontas Trail Quinton, VA 23141

David and Barbara Ruslander 2949 Pocahontas Trail Quinton, VA 23141

Bishop of Catholic Diocese 7800 Carousel Lane Henrico, VA 23294

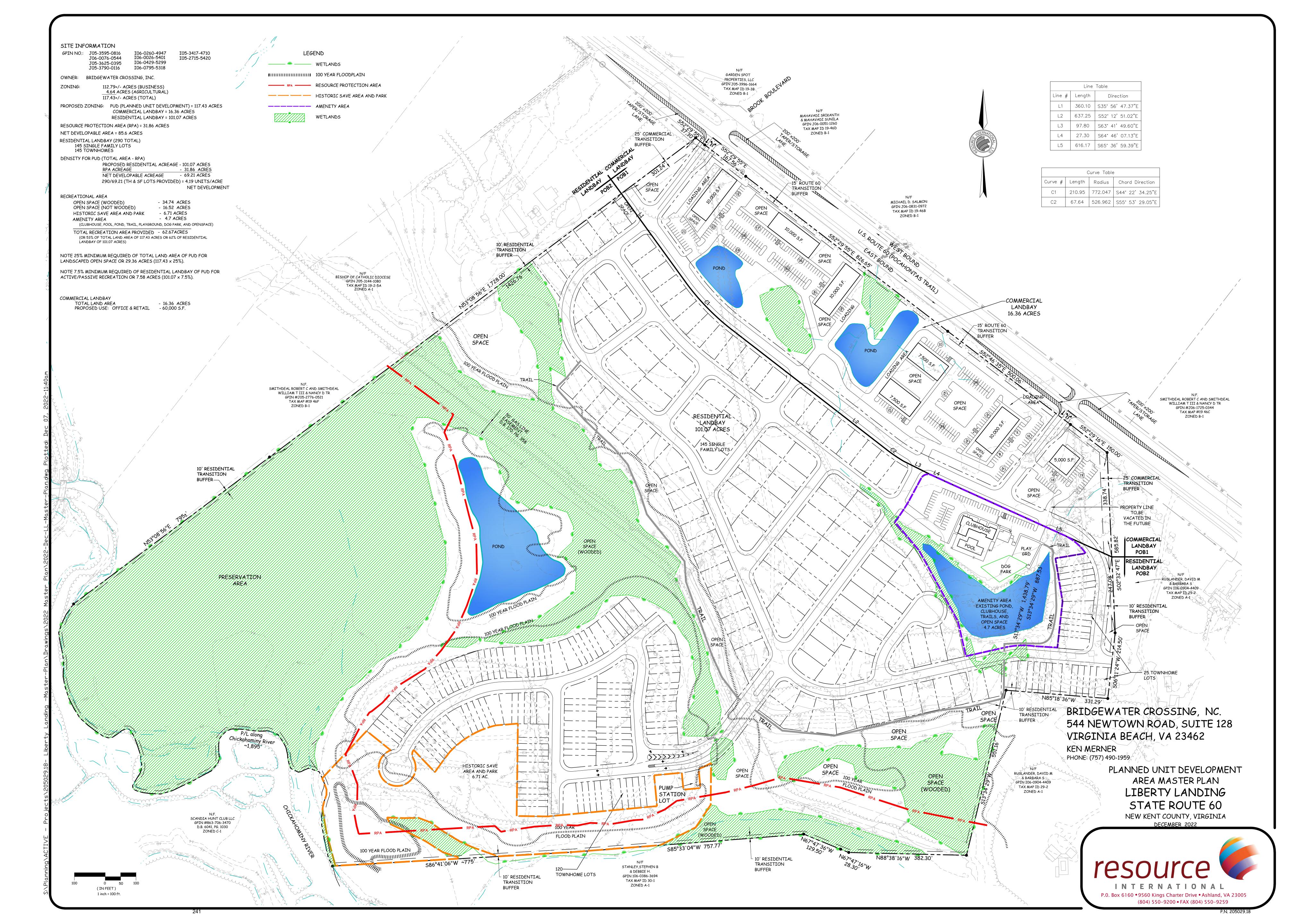
Srikanth & Sunila Mahavadi 9064 Haversack LN Mechanicsville, VA 23116 Bridgewater Crossing Inc PO Box 62209 Virginia Beach, VA 23466

Michael Salmon 4300 Rose Cottage RD Quinton, VA 23141 Henrico County Administration PO Box 90775 Henrico, VA 23273

Garden Spot Properties LLC c/o Jolene Family Winery, LLC PO Box 505 Quinton, VA 23141

Jolene LLC PO Box 505 Quinton, VA 23141 Jonathan C Kinney Trustee 2311 Wilson BLVD Ste 500 Arlington, VA 22201

New Kent Animal Properties LLC Attn: Hospital Acct. Dept. 12401 W Olympic BLVD Los Angeles, CA 90064



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

ORDINANCE 0-09-23(R1)

At the regular meeting of the New Kent County Board of Supervisors in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 12th day of February, 2024:

Present:	Vote:
Thomas W. Evelyn John P. Moyer Amy M. Pearson Ron Stiers Jordan T. Stewart	
Motion was made by following ordinance:	, which carried:, to adopt the

AN ORDINANCE TO APPROVE APPLICATION PUD-01-22 TO RECLASSIFY APPROXIMATELY 117.43 ACRES OF LAND FROM A-1, AGRICULTURAL AND FROM BUSINESS TO PUD, PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT, TO ESTABLISH THE LIBERTY LANDING PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT

WHEREAS, Bridgewater Crossing, Inc. submitted a "Planned Unit Development (PUD) Application" dated March 31, 2022; and

WHEREAS, Bridgewater Crossing, Inc. submitted a revised draft PUD Ordinance on August 14, 2023; and

WHEREAS, Bridgewater Crossing, Inc. submitted a PROFFERED CONDITIONS STATEMENT dated July 13, 2023; and

WHEREAS, said application requests the rezoning of approximately 112.79 acres from Business and 4.64 acres from A-1, Agricultural to PUD, Planned Unit Development, with the subject property being identified as the following Tax Map numbers and GPINs:

Tax Map	<u>GPIN</u>
19 11 1	106-0026-5401
19 11 2	J06-0076-0544
19 11 3	J05-3790-0116
19 11 4	J05-3625-0395
19 11 5	J05-3595-0816
19 11 A	I05-3417-4710
19 11 B	I05-2715-5420
19 46 A	106-0429-5299
29 2A	106-0260-4947
29 2B	I06-0795-5318

as more particularly described below in the Legal Description section; and

WHEREAS, within the timeframes established by Code, the Planning Commission scheduled and conducted a formal and duly advertised public hearing, carefully considering the public comment received; and

WHEREAS, after considerable discussion and thought, the Planning Commission voted 6:4:1 to transmit a recommendation for approval to the Board of Supervisors; and

WHEREAS, this application has been advertised for public hearing before the Board in full accord with applicable provisions of the Code of Virginia; and

WHEREAS, in order to assure compliance with §15.2-2286. A.7 of the Code of Virginia, it is stated by the Board that the public purpose for this Ordinance is to further the public necessity, convenience, general welfare and good zoning in the County of New Kent and that approval will further these public purposes; and

WHEREAS, in adopting this Ordinance, the New Kent County Board of Supervisors has made the following specific findings with regard to this application:

- The application fully conforms to the Future Land Use map and is in conformance with the goals and objectives contained in the adopted New Kent County Comprehensive Plan, adopted October 9, 2012 with amendments.
- The proposed rezoning would provide for the development of the subject property in a coordinated and well-planned fashion.
- The proposed rezoning, together with the proffered conditions, would provide a positive, long-range fiscal impact to the community.
- The proposed rezoning would address the County's desire to provide diverse home ownership opportunities for the population.

• Approval of the subject application would further the health, safety, and general welfare of the citizens of New Kent County and further the implementation of good zoning practice within the County.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED this 12th day of February, 2024, by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors that rezoning application PUD-01-22 be, and it hereby is, approved amending the New Kent County Zoning Map to reclassify the property described below from A-1, Agricultural and Business, to PUD, Planned Unit Development, and establishing the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

112.79 +/- Acre Property:

Property description: Beginning at a point on the south right of way line of State Route 60, said point being 0.8± miles from State Route 249, extended; thence, along Route 60; thence South 52°29'55" East, a distance of 37.30 feet; thence South 52°29'55" East, a distance of 167.56 feet; thence South 52°29'55" East, a distance of 826.65 feet; thence South 52°46'35" East, a distance of 500.06 feet; thence, leaving Route 60, South 13°34'29" West, a distance of 1,438.79 feet; thence North 88°38'16" West, a distance of 382.30 feet; thence North 67°47'16" West, a distance of 28.30 feet; thence North 67°47'36" West, a distance of 129.50 feet; thence North 85°33'04" West, a distance of 757.77 feet; thence North 86°41'06" West, a distance of 775, more or less, feet to a point on the north bank of the Chickahominy River; thence, along the northern bank of river approximately 1,895,more or less, feet to a point; thence North 53°08'56" East, a distance of 795, more or less, feet; thence North 53°08'56" East, a distance of 1,728.00 feet to the Point of Beginning and containing 112.79± Acres of land. This description was compiled from plats prepared by Timmons dated October 31, 2002 and by Holly and Spain, PC dated December 2, 1986 and recorded in Deed Book 137, Page 191.

4.64 +/- Acre Property:

Property description: Beginning at a point on the south right of way line of State Route 60, said point being 1.08± miles from State Route 249, extended; thence, along Route 60; thence South 52°29'16" East, a distance of 150.00 feet; thence South 02°32'47" East, a distance of 585.82 feet; thence South 06°11'24" East, a distance of 214.50 feet; thence North 85°18'36" West a distance of 331.29 feet, thence North 13°34'29" a distance of 887.53 feet to the Point of Beginning and containing 4.64± Acres of land. This description was compiled from plats prepared by Townes Site Engineering dated February 16, 2011 and by Engineering Design Associates, Inc. dated June 15, 1995 and recorded in Deed Book 218, page 668.

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED that the property will be developed in strict and complete accordance with the Application submitted to the County except as may be modified or amplified by the following general conditions and provisions which will apply to the development of property located within this Planned Unit Development:

1. References, Relationship to the Development Ordinances and Definitions

- a. This Ordinance approving the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development will be known as and may be referred to as the "Liberty Landing PUD Ordinance" or when the construction allows, simply as the "PUD Ordinance".
- b. The application package entitled *Liberty Landing Rezoning Application* dated March 31, 2022, with all attachments, exhibits and enclosures is cited as the "Application." In all instances of conflict between the Application and this PUD Ordinance, this PUD Ordinance will prevail. The Application will serve to show the expressed intent of the Applicant and will not impose any requirement or obligation upon the County to approve at a future date any provision in the Application that is not provided for in this PUD Ordinance. Reference to the "Zoning Ordinance" will mean the Zoning Ordinance of New Kent County, Virginia. Reference to the" Subdivision Ordinance" will mean Subdivision Ordinance of New Kent County, Virginia. Together they are referred to herein as the "Development Ordinances".
- c. This PUD Ordinance is intended to provide specific and unique development standards for the Plan. It is intended to work together with the generally applicable Development Ordinances by modifying otherwise applicable provisions and providing standards and requirements that may not otherwise exist.
- d. The definitions contained in the Zoning Ordinance will apply to the provisions of this document unless a different definition is provided herein, in which case the definition provided herein will control.
- e. Conflicts between the provisions contained herein and those contained in the Zoning Ordinance will be resolved in favor of the provisions contained herein.
- f. The Zoning Administrator will be vested with the authority to interpret the provisions of this PUD Ordinance. Any conflict between this PUD Ordinance and the Development Ordinances will be

resolved in favor of this PUD Ordinance. Appeals of the Zoning Administrator's determinations and interpretations with respect to this PUD Ordinance will be heard by the Board of Zoning Appeals in full accord with the process and requirements contained in the Zoning Ordinance.

- g. Nothing in this PUD Ordinance will be interpreted as modifying or waiving any applicable requirement of the County's implementation of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act, Stormwater Management or Erosion and Sediment Control laws and regulations as promulgated by the Commonwealth of Virginia, nor will this PUD Ordinance be vested with respect to any changes that may occur to those laws or regulations except to the extent such vesting is protected under state law.
- h. One or more Declarations may be established and recorded for the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development as a whole or for each area at the sole discretion of the Applicant. Every Declaration will comply with the requirements of this PUD Ordinance.
- i. For the purposes of interpreting and applying this PUD Ordinance, certain words and terms will have the following meanings:

Amenity Area: Means the areas depicted on the Plan as amenity area within the Residential Area, including the areas designated as "Amenity Area" and "Historic Save Area and Park."

Applicant: Bridgewater Crossing, Inc., a Virginia corporation, its successors, and assigns.

Commercial Area: The portion of the Plan designated as the "Commercial Landbay" on the Plan (a total of 16.36 acres).

Commercial Building Area: The gross floor area of a building in the Commercial Area.

Declaration: Covenants, conditions, and restrictions that are applicable to the use of any parcel of property within the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development, recorded in the land records of New Kent County. These covenants, conditions, and restrictions will be real covenants running with the land and not covenants in gross.

Model Home(s): A dwelling that is temporarily used as a real estate office and/or models to market dwellings within the Liberty Landing Planned Unit Development.

Open Space(s): Any area of land or water (i) which is not within a lot or covered by completely enclosed building space or by hard surface area intended and used for parking or circulation of motor vehicles; and (ii) which is set aside, dedicated, designated, or reserved for public or private use or enjoyment, subject to any easement rights existing as of the date of approval of this PUD Ordinance.

Plan: The plan entitled "Planned Unit Development Area Master Plan Liberty Landing State Route 60", prepared by Resource International, Ltd., dated December, 2022.

Residential Area: The portion of the Plan designated as the "Residential Landbay" on the Plan (a total of 101.07 acres)

Single-Family Attached Dwelling(s): Two or more dwelling units attached by common vertical walls without opening between them and with separate entrances for each dwelling unit, such as townhomes.

Single-Family Detached Dwelling(s): A dwelling unit that is not attached to any other dwelling unit.

2. Commercial Area

- a. Permitted Uses:
 - i. All uses permitted as a matter of right in the Business zoning district;
 - ii. Winery-commercial;
 - Building Supply and Lumber Store (with or without exterior storage);
 - iv. Plant nursey, garden center over 15,000 square feet;
 - v. Distillery;
 - vi. Retail establishment over 30,000 square feet; and
 - vii. Shopping center over 30,000 square feet.

- viii. "Nursing, convalescent, or rest home" as defined in Section 98-2 of the Zoning Ordinance, but limited only to a facility not to exceed 20,000 square feet.
- b. The following uses are prohibited:
 - i. Agricultural equipment sales and service;
 - ii. Animal hospital with outside runs;
 - iii. Automobile sales and service;
 - iv. Auto service stations, automobile repair services and garages;
 - v. Boat parts or accessories sales;
 - vi. Boat sales and service;
 - vii. Recreational Vehicle (RV) sales and service;
 - viii. Cemetery, columbarium;
 - ix. Equestrian facility;
 - x. Boat launch ramp;
 - xi. Commuter parking; and
 - xii. Motor vehicle rental.
- c. Yard, Height and Setback Requirements The following height, setback, and yard requirements will apply:
 - i. Front yard setback: The front yard will be along Route 60 and buildings will be setback a minimum of 65 feet from the right of way line for Route 60, which will be inclusive of any applicable buffer. In addition, private pavement will be setback a minimum of 30 feet from the right of way line for Route 60, which will be inclusive of any applicable buffer.
 - ii. Lot size requirement: No requirement.
 - iii. Minimum lot width: No requirement.

- iv. Minimum building yard requirements: Requirement controlled by fire code.
- v. Building height limitation: Maximum 50 feet for principal structures; in no case will accessory structures exceed the height of principal structures.
- d. Commerce Corridor Overlay District Commercial development in the Commercial Area will comply with the architectural and other requirements in the Commerce Corridor Overlay District. The Commerce Corridor Overlay District will only apply to the Commercial Area.

e. Temporary Vegetation

- i. The Commercial Area will remain vegetated and will not be cleared until users/tenants for the Commercial Area are identified and a site plan or construction plans for all or a portion of the Commercial Area are submitted to the County. As users/tenants are identified and site plans or construction plans are submitted, the Commercial Area may be cleared for the portion of the Commercial Area that is the subject of the submitted plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, vegetation will be removed to provide for the installation of entrances, roads, utilities, and other infrastructure needed for the Commercial Area and Residential Area, and may be removed from portions of the Commercial Area as approved by the Planning Director at the time of site plan approval for such infrastructure installation.
- f. Loading Docks No loading docks within the Commercial Area will front on Route 60.
- g. Commercial buildings with a rear elevation facing Route 60 will construct the rear elevation with an architectural appearance of a front elevation, which will be accomplished through the use of retail windows.

3. Residential Area

a. Permitted Uses - The following principal uses will be permitted and they will be the only principal uses permitted:

- i. A maximum of 145 lots for Single-Family Detached Dwellings, each with a minimum square footage of 1,400 ft² of finished space excluding garage.
- ii. A maximum of 145 lots for Single-family Attached Dwellings with a minimum square footage of 1,000 ft² of finished space excluding garage.
- iii. In no event will the number of dwellings in the Residential Area exceed 290.
- iv. Amenities serving the residents in the Residential Area.

b. Accessory uses:

- i. All reasonable and customary accessory uses to the principal permitted uses are permitted.
- ii. All rights pursuant to easements encumbering the project as of the date of approval of this PUD Ordinance.
- iii. Sheds Any shed located on a residential lot will (i) bear an architectural appearance that complements the home, (ii) be screened by the home from the street on which the home has frontage, and (iii) be assembled on the lot.
- c. Yard, Height and Setback Requirements The following height, setback, and yard requirements will apply:
 - i. Single-Family Detached Dwellings:
 - (A) Minimum dwelling lot size requirement: None
 - (B) Minimum yard requirements:

Front: 20 feetSide: 5 feetRear: 20 feet

- (C) Minimum yard requirements for permitted accessory structures.
 - Front: Must be behind front of principal structure
 - Side: 10 feet between structures on adjoining parcels

- Rear: 10 feet between structures
- (D) Minimum lot width: No requirement.
- (E) Building height limitation: 40 feet maximum
- ii. Single-Family Attached Dwellings:
 - (A) Townhomes
 - Minimum lot size requirement: None
 - Minimum dwelling yard requirements:
 - i. Front: 20 feet
 - ii. Side: None
 - iii. Side at end unit: 5 feet
 - iv. Rear: 20 feet
 - Maximum number of units in a row: No limit.
 - Accessory structures must be located behind the front line of the primary structure. No side or rear yard setback is required.
 - Minimum lot width: No requirement.
 - Building height limitation: 40 feet maximum
- d. Building Architecture Residential development in the Residential Area will employ one of the following architectural styles: Traditional Colonial, Colonial, Cottage, or Craftsman.
- e. Amenity Standards
 - i. Amenity areas will be provided for the benefit of the residents of the Residential Area. Such Amenity Areas generally will be owned, operated, and maintained by an association, or such entity as may be approved by the Zoning Administrator.
 - Unless otherwise requested by the Applicant and approved by the Planning Director at the time of plans review and approval,

at least the following recreational facilities will be provided within the Residential Area:

- i. Multipurpose trails and/or bike and pedestrian paths
- ii. Picnic area with shelter
- iii. Open Space for passive recreation
- iv. Community clubhouse
- v. Swimming pool
- vi. Play area/Tot lot
- iii. Dog park
- iv. The Amenity Area will be identified at the time of preliminary subdivision approval.

f. Phasing

- i. The final certificate of occupancy for the clubhouse will be issued prior to the issuance of the 75th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area.
- ii. The pool will be constructed simultaneously with the clubhouse, weather permitting. However, the status of pool construction will not affect the issuance of the 75th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area.
- iii. A minimum of 10,000 square feet of commercial space will be under construction in the Commercial Area prior to the issuance of the 100th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area.
- iv. The remaining recreation area shown on the approved tentative site plan will be completed no later than the issuance of the 150th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area.
- g. Marketing All homes will be initially marketed for sale as "Owner-occupied."
- 4. <u>General Design Standards Applicable to Both Areas.</u>
 - a. Adjustment to Area Boundaries.
 - i. Overall project boundaries generally will be consistent with those contained in the legal descriptions in this ordinance; however, the Applicant may make adjustments to such internal boundaries, with the approval of the Planning Director, provided that such adjustments do not (i) change the area of the Residential Area by more than ten (10) percent or (ii) change the Commercial Area by more than ten (10) percent.

- ii. Minor deviations from the above-referenced uses or specified sizes (either an increase or a decrease) may be approved by the Planning Director during plan review for each area at the request of the Applicant.
- b. Plan Submissions and Approval Submission of subdivision plans and site plans will follow the requirements set out in the Development Ordinances.
- c. Project Phasing Simultaneous with the initial development of the Property, the Applicant will develop the infrastructure (roads, water, and sewer) for the Commercial Area. See Section 3 above for additional details regarding phasing of the Commercial Area and phasing of the amenities.
- d. Open Space No less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the total land area within the PUD will be maintained as open space for the enjoyment of the residents, employees, customers, and guests and to protect sensitive environmental features. Open Space areas shown on the Plan include wetlands and Chesapeake Bay Resource Protection Areas (RPAs). Open Space also includes the preservation areas shown on the Plan. All Open Space will either be encumbered by a perpetual conservation easement, owned by a property owners or homeowners association as common area, or have a perpetual open space easement placed over the open space property to preclude future development other than for recreational uses or other complimentary agricultural or open space use, including, without limitation, the installation, maintenance and use of walks, trails, benches, viewing decks, gazebos, utilities, subject to compliance with all applicable environmental and other regulations. Any easement used to encumber the Open Space will be dedicated in favor of the homeowners or property owner's association having management control over the area being encumbered, and will be shown on all recorded plats. Maintenance of all Open Space areas will be vested with one or more homeowners or property owners' associations.
- e. Modification Modifications to the yard, height and setback requirements established herein may be authorized by the Planning Director during the plan review and approval process when such modifications would clearly contribute to a superior design, reduce environmental impacts, enhance vistas, and view sheds, or provide

other demonstrable benefits to the community based on the specific plans under review.

5. <u>Buffers and Landscaping</u>.

a. Transitional Buffers

- i. The following transitional buffers will be required with the width specified:
 - 1. Transitional Buffer along Route 60 15 feet.
 - 2. Transitional Buffer along the remaining exterior perimeter of the property adjacent to parcels of land not zoned PUD 25 feet
- ii. These required transitional buffers will be planted to the same planting standard as set forth in § 98-1062(c)(1) of the Zoning Ordinance.
- iii. There will be a 10-foot landscaped area within those portions of the Commercial Area that front on the north-side of the road located between the Residential Area and the Commercial Area.
- iv. Where required buffers traverse ponds, wetlands, RPA buffers, lakes, rivers, and other environmentally sensitive areas, installation of landscape materials or berms may not be required.
- v. Buffers may be broken only where driveways, roads, private streets, bicycle facilities, drainage or utility easements, sight distance easements, slope easements, or other openings exist or are required.
- vi. Pedestrian trails may be located within any Transitional Buffer.
- vii. There will be a 50-foot setback between the sewer pump station building and any residential dwelling.
- b. Landscaping Landscaping will be provided as required in the Development Ordinances, specifically in §§ 98-1061, 1062(c)(1), 1063, and 1064 of the Zoning Ordinance and § 91-80(a)–(b) of the

Subdivision Ordinance, except that trees may be planted at an initial height of 6-feet.

- 6. <u>Parking Lot Design Standards</u> The project will follow the requirements for parking lot designs as set forth in Development Ordinances, except that a maximum of Thirty (30) percent of the parking areas can be compact parking spaces at a minimum of 8' wide by 18' deep.
- 7. <u>Signage</u> The project will adhere to the signage requirements as set forth in the Development Ordinances, including the Commerce Corridor Overlay, as applicable. The entrance signage for the Residential Area may be located within the Commercial Area without counting toward the permitted signage in the Commercial Area.
- 8. <u>Transportation Improvements and Standards</u> The following transportation improvements will be constructed as a part of the project in general accordance with the Plan.
 - a. Access The project will be limited to two (2) entrances onto US 60. The locations for these two (2) entrances are as generally shown on the Plan. One (1) entrance is located at the west side of the project (the "West Entrance") and the other entrance is located at the east side of the project (the "East Entrance"). The final location for these entrances will be approved by VDOT during the plans review and approval process. Changes to the Plan may be permitted in response to the review of site plans by VDOT as necessary without requiring approval of an amendment to the PUD, provided such modifications are (i) approved by the Planning Director in consultation with other applicable agencies, which may include, but is not limited to, the Zoning Administrator and (ii) in general conformance with the Plan.
 - b. West Entrance Improvements The West Entrance will be designed as generally shown on the Plan and will include the construction of a left turn lane along westbound US 60 and a right turn lane along eastbound US 60. These turn lanes will be constructed to VDOT standards as shown on the approved plans. The median at the West Entrance will be widened to 100 feet in width. These improvements will be completed prior to the 25th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area.
 - c. East Entrance Improvements The applicant will construct one of the three (3) options below with the option chosen by the applicant based on the status of VDOT and County plans for modifications to

US 60 at the time the applicant submits its plans for the East Entrance to the County for review and approval:

- i. Design the East Entrance as generally shown on the Plan, which includes the construction of a left turn lane along westbound US 60 and a right turn lane along eastbound US 60. These turn lanes will be constructed to VDOT standards as shown on the approved plans. The median at the East Entrance will be widened to 100 feet in width. These improvements will be completed prior to the 25th certificate of occupancy in the Residential Area; or
- ii. Close the existing median opening at the East Entrance location shown on the Plan and relocate the East Entrance to the west. The applicant would then open a new median break and construct an "r-cut" in the median break. The applicant's obligation to make this improvement is limited to existing right-of-way with no change to the existing US 60 lane adjustment; or
- iii. An alternative entrance design that does not include the applicant's obligation to install a traffic signal. This alternative entrance design will be agreed upon by the applicant, VDOT and the County.
- d. All internal roads on the Plan will be dedicated for public use and maintenance.
- e. All internal roads will be designed and constructed to public road standards as found in the most recent edition of the Virginia Department of Transportation *Subdivision Street Requirements* as it may be amended from time-to-time.
- f. Each development area within the project will be provided with at least two paths of ingress and egress. An emergency access will constitute a path of ingress and egress. For the purposes of this paragraph, boulevard streets that are divided by a median will constitute two (2) paths of ingress and egress. Along cul-de-sac streets the maximum spacing for fire hydrants will be six hundred feet (600').
- g. No new residential lots in the project will have direct access to US Route 60.

9. <u>Utilities Improvements and Standards</u>

- a. All new development within the PUD will be served by public water and sewer systems constructed to standards promulgated by the County Department of Public Utilities or otherwise approved by the Director of Public Utilities.
- b. The plans, specifications, construction documents and surety for all necessary public utility infrastructure, whether on site or off site, required to serve the portion of the PUD under consideration will be reviewed and approved by the County prior to approval for recordation of any subdivision plat pertaining to any of the Development Parcels other than to convey necessary land and easements to the Commonwealth or County.
- c. Except for building permits for a maximum of eight (8) Model Homes in the Residential Area of the PUD, no building permit for a residential unit will be issued until all water and sewer utilities necessary to serve the use have been constructed and tested or are within ninety (90) days of completion as certified by the project engineer for the utility or utilities and confirmed by the Director of the New Kent County Department of Public Utilities or his/her designee.
- d. All new utility lines will be installed underground except for any new Dominion Energy Transmission Mains. Any existing above-ground utilities that require relocation will be placed underground. For clarity, any existing utility line along Route 60 need not be buried underground even if it is relocated.
- e. In the event that a service provider agrees to extend high-speed data communications to the PUD, the Applicant will use its best efforts to provide for the extension of such facilities generally throughout the project.
- f. All street lights and parking lot lighting will consist of full cut-off or fully shielded fixtures that prevent upward light scatter and protect the dark night sky. This will include any lighting of recreational facilities as well as pole-mounted lights along the paths in the common area. This provision will apply equally to the Residential Area, Commercial Area, and Amenity Area.
- g. There will be no above-ground installation of water and sewer appurtenances, such as meter boxes, valve boxes, clean outs, etc. (the "Appurtenances") in the driveways and sidewalks adjacent to

single-family detached dwellings. The above-ground installation of the Appurtenances in the driveways and sidewalks adjacent to townhome dwellings will be minimized to the extent possible, with the understanding that there is less flexibility when installing the Appurtenances on townhome lots given the narrow size of the lots and the width of the driveways on the lots.

10. <u>Community Association</u>

- a. A community association will be established for the Residential Area. A community association may also be established, at the option of the Applicant for the Commercial Area. The Declaration, Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws for the community association will provide for the authority for the community association to enforce the covenants, conditions, and restrictions over all property within the applicable area, and assess members for the common expenses, including maintenance of the common area or common elements, as appropriate, of the community association, according to the provisions of state law.
- b. Every Declaration will provide for one or more architectural review committees (ARC). The ARC will review all building plans for all structures proposed for erection within the association for compliance with the requirements and design concepts set forth in the association documents and will have the authority to approve or disapprove the character and design of final building plans within the entire PUD, the Residential Area, the Commercial Area, or specific portion of the project for which it has responsibility. The Declaration will stipulate the manner by which any property owner or any other aggrieved party may challenge any decision of the ARC. Except for property to be dedicated to the Commonwealth of Virginia or to New Kent County, all portions of the project will be encumbered by architectural review requirements.
- c. The Community Association(s) will be responsible for maintaining all common area or common elements appurtenant to the development or portion of the development to which the association relates. This will specifically include all buffers and Open Space, private streets, stormwater management facilities, streetscapes, and signs, private utilities and recreation areas, amenity areas, private drainage easements, and facilities. Private drainage easements will be required to be dedicated to the community association(s) on any subdivision plats. If sub-associations are established, appropriate maintenance and cost-sharing agreements between the community

association and the sub-associations and among the sub-associations must be established to provide for the maintenance of common areas, common elements, drainage facilities, and amenities that provide benefits to more than one sub-association.

- d. All the governing documents (including the Declaration, Articles of Incorporation, and Bylaws) creating the community association will comply with the requirements of the PUD Ordinance and State Law and will be recorded contemporaneously with the first subdivision plat of any property within the project. If sub-associations are established, each set of governing documents (Declaration, Articles of Incorporation, and Bylaws) will comply with the requirements of the PUD Ordinance and State Law and will be recorded with the first subdivision plat within the Residential Area or Commercial Area, as applicable.
- e. Each prospective property owner within the PUD will be provided with those documents required for disclosure by the Virginia Property Owners Association Act or the Virginia Condominium Act.
- 11. <u>Amendments</u> Amendments to the requirements contained herein will be made in the manner prescribed in the Zoning Ordinance in effect at the time that the amendment is requested.

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED that the Board of Supervisors accepts the proffers voluntarily offered by the applicants.

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that this Ordinance is approved by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors this 12th day of February, 2024, and that the County Administrator is hereby directed to have a fully executed copy of this Ordinance recorded upon the Land Records of the County in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Attested:	
Rodney A. Hathaway	Thomas W. Evelyn
County Administrator	Chairman

PROFFERED CONDITIONS

The undersigned owner of parcels designated GPINs I06-0026-5401, J06-0076-0544, J05-3790-0116, J05-3625-0395, J05-3595-0816, I05-3417-4710, I05-2715-5420, I06-0429-5299, I06-0260-4947, and I06-0795-5318 (the "Property"), voluntarily agrees for itself, agents, personal representatives, successors and assigns (collectively "the Property Owner") that, in the event the Property is rezoned from A-1 (Agricultural) and BUS (Business) to PUD (Planned Use Development), the development and use of the Property shall be subject to the condition listed below.

- 1. Cash Proffers. The Property Owner shall pay to the New Kent County (the "County") (i) \$8,000 for each single-family detached dwelling unit and (ii) \$4,000 for each townhouse dwelling unit built on the Property. Each payment shall be made prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the applicable dwelling unit unless state law modifies the timing of the payment. Should the County impose impact fees at any time during the life of the development that are applicable to the Property, the amount paid in cash proffers shall be in lieu of or credited toward, but not be in addition to, any impact fees, in a manner determined by the County.
- 2. <u>Traffic Signal</u>. Prior to the issuance of the last residential certificate of occupancy for the Property, the Property Owner shall pay \$500,000 to the County for the installation of a traffic signal only if current trips for the Property trigger the warrant for a traffic signal as approved by VDOT.
- Fire Station. With the issuance of the last residential certificate of occupancy for the Property, the Property Owner shall pay \$250,000 as reimbursement for the purchase of land for a new fire station located within five miles, east or west, of the Property and within the U.S. Route 60 corridor. If the amount paid by the County is less than \$250,000, the reimbursement amount shall be reduced to match the amount paid. If the property purchased is larger than what is needed for the fire station, then the amount of reimbursement to be paid shall only be the amount paid for the fire station's need calculated on a pro rata price per acre basis, but not exceeding \$250,000.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

Bridgewater Crossing, Inc., a Virginia corporation

By:	9-1
	Jeffrey P. Geiger, Attorney-in-Fact
Date:	July 13, 2023
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINI	[A
CITY OF RICHMOND, to-wit:	
the $\sqrt{3}$ day of $\sqrt{3}$, 2023, h	Geiger, whose name is signed to the above, bearing date on has acknowledged the same before me in my State aforesaid.
Given under my hand this Y	day of July , 2023. Suscess Sull (SEAL) Notary Public
My Commission Expires: <u>くろ</u> Notary ID #: <u>1円3円9</u> を	SAN S. SA

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New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 PUBLIC HEARINGS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conse Agenda items)	RASOULION R-UZ-	Resolution R-02-24			
Subject	Solar 1, New Leaf E Resolution R-02-24 2 MW Solar System located within Tax I	PUBLIC HEARING – Application CUP-02-23, Polish Town Solar 1, New Leaf Energy, Inc. and Jonathan Kinney – Resolution R-02-24 – Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW Solar System (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 276J (GPIN #I-28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County - Principal Planner Kelli Le Duc and Applicants			
Issue	Inc. and Jonathan Kin Conditional Use Perm (facility) on approxin	Representatives from Polish Town Solar 1, New Leaf Energy, Inc. and Jonathan Kinney (property owner) have requested a Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW Solar System (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 276J (GPIN #I-28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County.			
Recommendation	meeting on Decembe	The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on December 18, 2023 and voted 7:1:3 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.			
Fiscal Implication	s n/a	n/a			
Policy Implications n/a					
Legislative Histor	y this parcel was denie	A similar application from Borrego Solar for a 3 MW facility on this parcel was denied by the Board of Supervisors at their meeting on June 13, 2022.			
Discussion	Inc. and Jonathan Kin Conditional Use Perm (facility) on approxin	Representatives from Polish Town Solar 1, New Leaf Energy, Inc. and Jonathan Kinney (property owner) have requested a Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW Solar System (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 276J (GPIN #I28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County.			
Time a Nasadada	20	Dannan Angarasis	Kelli Le Duc and		
Time Needed:	20 minutes	Person Appearing:	applicants		
Request prepared by:	Kelli Le Duc	Telephone:	966-8505		

ATTACHMENTS:

Copy provided

to:

Description Type
BOS memo Cover Memo
Application Backup Material

Amy Inman, Director Planning

CUP plan set	Backup	Material
Community meeting summary	Backup	Material
APO list and Affidavit	Backup	Material
PC Resolution	Backup	Material
BOS Resolution R-02-24 (PDF)	Backup	Material
Polish Town Road Layout Material Plan (PDF)	Backup	Material
Polish Town Road Layout Material Plan Aerial (PDF)	Backup	Material

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Planning & Zoning	Inman, Amy	Approved	1/31/2024 - 12:51 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:13 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:32 AM



MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 12, 2024

TO: New Kent County Board of Supervisors

SUBJECT: Application Number CUP-02-23, Polish Town Solar 1, New Leaf Energy, Inc.

REQUEST

Weir Creek LLC, C/O John Kinney, and representatives from New Leaf Energy, Inc. have applied for a Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW solar system (facility) on approximately 23 acres located east of State Route 30 and north of Henrico County's Regional Jail East, on the north side of Polish Town Road (SR 634).

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Planning Commission: December 18, 2023, 6:30 p.m., County Boardroom Board of Supervisors: February 12, 2024, 7:00 p.m., County Boardroom

GENERAL INFORMATION

Tax Parcel: 27-6J (portion)

GPIN: 128-3826-5374

Size: Parcel is approximately 150 acres in size, project is proposed to use

approximately 23 acres

Owner: Weir Creek LLC C/O Jonathan Kinney

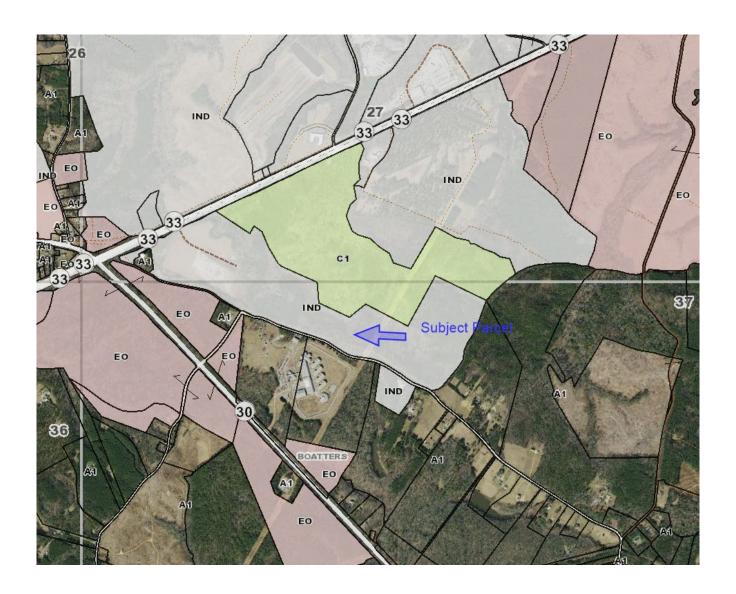
Applicant: Polish Town Solar 1, LLC/New Leaf Energy, Inc.

Zoning: Industrial

Adjacent Zoning: North: Wahrani Park (Conservation)

East: A-1

South: Henrico County Jail East



CONSIDERATIONS

- The New Kent County Zoning Ordinance (Section 98-62) requires a Conditional Use Permit in the Industrial Zoning District for an "Energy Generation Facility".
- The application states "Polish Town Solar 1, LLC has previously proposed a 3 MW distributed solar facility on the lands nor or formerly of Weir Creek LLC, Tax Parcel 27-6J, within New Kent County's Industrial District. The CUP was denied by the Board of Supervisors in June, 2022. Upon receiving the denial, Polish Town Solar reduced the project size to a 2-MW Solar System."
- The property is designated as Industrial in the Comprehensive Plan.
- The project meets desired goals of the Comprehensive Plan listed below:

- Preserve the County's existing rural character (Overarching goal)
- o Protect the natural environment (Overarching goal)
- o Support and promote sustainable alternative energy sources and production.
 - Consider developing policies and regulations that allow for small-scale wind and solar energy projects as a matter of right subject to meeting reasonable performance standards.
- The applicants hosted a Community Meeting on December 6, 2023. Notes from this meeting are attached to the staff memo.
- The facility is proposed to be accessed off of Polish Town Road, and, after construction, the anticipated vehicle traffic generated from the project will be 1-2 vehicles per day. Previous VDOT comments indicated some concerns about utilizing Polish Town Road during construction. The applicant will be required to mark access points with identifying signage. The applicant will also be required to repair any damage to local roads caused by the project construction. If a traffic issue arises during the construction of the project, the applicant shall develop with input from the County and VDOT appropriate measures to mitigate the issue.
- This project will not cause any increased impacts to County services. Whenever possible, construction and related workers will be hired locally. Their employment will not result in an increased impact on schools, police, EMS, or other County resources. There will be no need for new or expanded county public infrastructure as a result of this project.
- There will not be any negative impacts on historic sites or structures or rare, endangered, or irreplaceable species or natural areas. There are preliminary environmental and cultural resource reports in the application.
- In order to promote the safety and welfare of first responders, and per the County's Performance Standards in Sec. 98-878 of the County Code, the Applicant shall coordinate with the county's fire, EMS, and emergency management staff to provide materials, education and/or training to the departments serving the property with emergency services on how to safely respond to on-site emergencies at the project or facility.
- The applicants are proposing a perimeter fence containing approximately 15 acres which will encompass the solar panels and ancillary equipment. The height of the mounted solar panels are about 12-14 feet high and utilize anti-glare coating to minimize any reflection by the sun.
- The surrounding residential properties are visually impaired from the site through the use of natural screening/landscaping and existing topography. The site is set back from the main roads through the County and will not impair the existing visual aesthetics.
- Noise issues generated from construction vehicles is expected but should not interfere or be a nuisance to adjoining properties and will follow conditioned construction hours.

• Decommissioning of the site to remove the project components and return the land to an authorized land use will be done by the Applicant at the end of the project life and adhere to the standards in Section 98-878 (6) of the County Code.

COMMENTS FROM REVIEWING AGENCIES

Staff sent the conditional use permit application and information to all reviewing agencies and received several comments that will be addressed either in the proposed conditions or at the site plan stage in accordance with the performance standards in the Code.

STANDARDS FOR REVIEW

The standards for review of Conditional Use Permits are set forth in Section 98-744 of the New Kent County Zoning Ordinance:

- 1. The proposed use shall not be prejudicial to the character of the neighborhood.
- 2. The proposed use shall not adversely affect the general plans for the physical development of the county as embodied in the comprehensive plan.
- 3. The proposed use shall not be detrimental to the use or development of adjacent properties or the general neighborhood nor impair the value of buildings or property in surrounding areas.
- 4. The proposed use shall not unreasonably restrict an adequate supply of light, water, or air to adjacent property nor produce undue congestion in the street.
- 5. The proposed use shall adequately provide for access facilities for the estimated traffic.
- 6. The proposed use shall be subject to any applicable site planning or performance standards enumerated in article XXII of this chapter.
- 7. The proposed use shall be reasonable in terms of the logical, efficient, and economical extension of public services and facilities serving the county, such as water, sewer, streets, police and fire protection, transportation, recreation, and public schools.

The Zoning Ordinance also lists specific restrictions for conditional use permits. Restrictions on any conditional use may include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. Hours of operation
- 2. Access to and from the subject property
- 3. Protection of surface and groundwater
- 4. Lighting of the site, including the intensity and shielding so as to not adversely affect adjacent or nearby property owners

- 5. Adequate sewer and water supply
- 6. Sound limitation as needed to ensure peaceful enjoyment of neighboring property
- 7. Location, size, height, design of buildings, walls, fences, landscaping, and buffer yards
- 8. Covenants and/or homeowners associations for maintenance of applicable restrictions
- 9. Timing or phasing of development
- 10. Type and placement of utilities including underground placements
- 11. Controls for smoke, dust, and odors
- 12. Requirements for performance guarantees ensuring that all conditions are met and plans are implemented
- 13. Any other conditions deemed necessary to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the public.

OVERALL ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDED DRAFT CONDITIONS (please be advised that the Conditions are subject to change prior to Board of Supervisors approval of the permit)

Staff has reviewed this conditional use permit application in the same manner as other zoning change applications and has found that the following proposed conditions will assist in addressing, protecting, and promoting health, safety, and the general welfare of New Kent County citizens.

- 1. The following conditions will apply to the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application and will be binding on Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Solar Facility").
- The Solar Facility must meet all requirements set forth in New Kent County Code Article XXII

 Site Plans; Performance Standards, Section 98-878 Specific conditions applicable to energy storage projects and solar generation facilities.
- 3. Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Applicant") will consent to administrative inspections by New Kent County staff for compliance with the requirements of this Conditional Use Permit, with a 24-hour notice provided by the county to the designated company representative.
- 4. Per Virginia Code § 15.2-2288.8, the Applicant will pay the County \$50,000 (the "Trail Upgrade Payment") for future upgrades and maintenance to the Wahrani hiking and biking trails, adjacent to the project site and which the County has determined are reasonably related

to the Solar Facility. The Trail Upgrade Payment will be paid to the County within ninety (90) days of building permit approval, and will be in lieu of any other payments (excluding taxes) to the County.

- 5. All federal, state, and local laws, regulations, permit requirements and ordinances will be adhered to, including but not limited to:
 - a. All active solar systems shall meet all requirements of the latest editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC), National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), Underwriters Laboratories (UL), or International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) as applicable and state building code and shall be inspected by a county building inspector throughout the building permit process. If there are any conflicts between standards, the Uniform Statewide Building Code (USBC) shall control.
 - b. An Erosion and Sediment Control plan and a Stormwater Management Plan must be submitted and approved prior to any land disturbance.
- 6. The Solar Facility will be limited to no more than the 23 acres of the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application, excluding additional acreage deemed necessary during the site plan review process for proper stormwater and erosion management, and a temporary laydown area during construction of the Facility.
- 7. All site activity required for the construction and operation of the Solar Facility will be limited to the following:
 - a. All pile driving activity will be limited to the hours from the earlier of sunrise or 8:00 a.m. to the later or 6:00 p.m. or sunset, Monday through Saturday.
 - b. All other construction activity on site will be permitted Monday through Sunday in accordance with the provisions of the County's Noise Ordinance.
- 8. All solar panels will use anti-reflective coatings to help prevent glare.
- 9. The applicant will work directly with New Kent County's Chamber of Commerce and the Economic Development Department to enable the inclusion of local contractors within the County in the bidding process for construction and post-construction.
- 10. A weather proof/resistant Emergency Response Plaque/Poster will be mounted near the front gate. The Plaque/Poster will include contact information for the facility, an Emergency Response Chain of Command, including information for Police, Fire, and Rescue services and other pertinent information associated with the facility during an emergency response.
- 11. All landscaping will be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee following installation and as necessary thereafter to ensure the landscape is being maintained. The applicant will work with the County to identify the species that will provide the best aesthetic and environmental benefit.

- 12. In areas where there is an existing timber buffer remaining on the parcel, then the existing timber buffer will be retained as part of the perimeter landscaping, as per the "Tree Clearing Plan" submitted with the application. Hand-clearing of trees within the existing timber buffer for purposes of safety or removal of dead trees is permitted, so as long as the applicant plants appropriate replacements in accordance with ordinance standards. All existing timber buffers, which may require supplementation with planted trees or shrubs if the existing buffer consists of a relatively thin block of trees or lacks significant understory, are subject to review and approval by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee. The use of existing timber and natural screening is preferable. Buffer clearing is permitted to an access road to serve the Project and the view is not required to be obscured within the access road's right of way.
- 13. Excluding the required landscape buffer areas, the ground between the panels and areas not otherwise covered by gravel or infrastructure will be planted and maintained with a vegetative cover. This vegetative cover will be managed with regularly schedule landscape maintenance at intervals deemed appropriate by the County and applicant during site plan review.
- 14. The applicant must enter into a standard form BMP Maintenance Agreement with New Kent County which will detail the applicant's responsibilities to maintain its stormwater facilities.
- 15. The applicant will prepare a Transportation Plan as part of building permit approval. The Transportation Plan will be required for all facility traffic. Truck traffic will be limited to only the routes shown in the Transportation Plan. No other local routes in New Kent County may be used. The Transportation Plan will be revisited at time of decommissioning with the County and applicant to reflect the latest status of the roads.
- 16. Access roads will be marked by the Applicant with identifying signage.
- 17. A Construction Traffic Management Plan and mitigation measures will be developed by the Applicant and submitted to the County and Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) for review. The Plan will address traffic control measures, a pre- and post-construction road evaluation, and any necessary repairs to the public road that are required as a result of damage from the Project. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days after construction. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days prior to decommissioning and no greater than 30 days after decommissioning of the facility. If a traffic issue arises during the construction of the Project, the Applicant will develop with input from the County and VDOT appropriate measures to mitigate the issue.
- 18. This Conditional Use Permit will expire on the 3rd anniversary of its issuance if the applicant has not obtained a building permit and commenced construction, unless an extension of the Conditional Use Permit is approved by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors.

PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION

The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on December 18, 2023 and voted 7:1:3 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.

Attachments:

- Application CUP-02-23
- Notes from December 6, 2023 community meeting
- Advertisement & Adjacent Property Owners List
- BOS Resolution R-02-24

Copies to:

- Applicant
- File



T R A N S M I T T A L

DATE:	October 31, 2023	TRANSMITTED VIA:
TO:	Kelly Le Duc New Kent County – Planning & Zoning 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124	Fax No.: U.S. Mail Courier Rush Regular Overnight Hand Deliver Pick Up
FROM:	Quentin Wood	Other: Total number of sets included:
RF.	Polish Town Solar 1	

Number	Description	
1	Conditional Use Permit Application	
1	Application Check	
25	Narrative & Application	
12	24"x36" Plan Set	
13	11"x17" Plan Set	

Ms. Le Duc,

Enclosed for the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisor's review is the Conditional Use Zoning Application Package.

Thank you for considering our application. We look forward to meeting with everyone, and please do not hesitate to contact me at (757) 377-2405 or via email at qwood@newleafenergy.com.

Sincerely,

Quentin J. Wood, P.E.
Project Engineer II
New Leaf Energy, Inc.



DATE:	October 31, 2023
DITTE:	October 31, 2023

то:	Kelli Le Duc, Principal Planner Planning Commission New Kent County
	12007 Courthouse Circle
	New Kent, VA 23124
	Phone:

RE:	Conditional Use Permit Application
	Polish Town Solar 1, LLC
	New Kent County, Virginia

Dear Commission Members,

On behalf of Polish Town Solar 1, LLC., New Leaf Energy, Inc., is seeking Conditional Use Approval for the construction of a 2-MW Solar System (Facility) located within Tax Parcel 27-6 on the lands now or formerly of Weir Creek LLC. The parcel is currently zoned Industrial and is generally located East of State Route 30 and north of Henrico County's Regional Jail East on the north side of Route 634 (Polish Town Road). The proposed facility is geospatially located to abut the existing utility electric easements along the north side of Polish Town Road and west of the transmission electric line that traverses the property in a general North/South direction.

Enclosed for the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors' review is the Condition Use Zoning Application Package.

Thank you for considering our application. We look forward to meeting with everyone and please do not hesitate to contact me at (757) 377-2405 or via email at qwood@newleafenergy.com.

Sincerely,

New Lear Energy

Quentin J. Wood, P.E. Project Engineer II

Conditional Use Permit Zoning Application

0 Polish Town RD - New Kent VA

Applicant:

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851

Prepared by:



New Leaf Energy Inc, dba New Leaf Energy Development Inc. 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851

Dated: October 25, 2023

Table of Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION	3
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION RESPONSES	4
STANDARDS FOR REVIEW	7
NEW KENT COUNTY PART II CHAPTER 98 ARTICLE XIX SECTION 98-744	7

Table of Appendices

APPENDIX A
SIGNATURE AUTHORITY
APPENDIX B
ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER LIST
APPENDIX C
PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION
APPENDIX D
CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEY
APPENDIX E
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTED RESOURCE ASSESSMENT
APPENDIX F
COMMUNITY MEETING
APPENDIX G
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT PLAN

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC. (Polish Town Solar) has previously proposed a 3-Megawatt (MW) distributed solar facility on the lands now or formerly of Weir Creek LLC, Tax Parcel 27-6J, within New Kent County's Industrial District. The SUP was denied by the Board of Supervisors in June 2022. Upon receiving the denial, Polish Town Solar reduced the project size to a 2-MW Solar System. The parcel consists of ± 149 acres and was timbered in the mid-2000's. The western portion was then partially developed in the late 2000's along Route 33 Eltham Road to promote industrial development. Until recently, the civil improvements have remained vacant and underutilized primarily as a staging/storage area for local construction/utility projects. Currently, an

interested party is actively seeking to develop within that industrial development. However, the remainder of the parcel will remain untouched.

Polish Town Solar retained a professional archaeological firm and an engineering firm to perform a due diligence review of the site and surrounding area for cultural resources, threatened and endangered species, and stream/wetlands. The project area is not located within any eligible cultural resource areas. The project is located within the timbered portion of the property and the applicant will coordinate with USFWS to perform all felling within the appropriate time of year restriction. A stream and wetland delineation was performed within the project area. A stream and wetland complex were identified and mapped. A pre-jurisdictional determination from the United States Army Corps of Engineers was obtained, and the project will not impact the identified streams/wetland. A Section 401/404 permit is not required, and all land-disturbing activities will occur outside of the delineated Resource Protection Area.

Polish Town Solar is proposing to site the 2-MW Solar Facility within the center of the parcel, generally North of the Henrico County's Regional Jail East Facility, East of the County's water/sewer utilities that dissect the property in a general North/South direction, West of the existing electric transmission line that generally runs North/South. The site encompasses approximately ±32 acres, including landscaping. Ingress/Egress to the facility is proposed along Polish Town Road, and the anticipated vehicle traffic generated from the project will be 1-2 vehicles per day, which is like a single-family home. A perimeter fence containing approximately ±15 acres will encompass the solar panels and ancillary equipment. The height of the mounted solar panels are about 12-14 feet high and utilize anti-glare coating to minimize any reflection by the sun. The surrounding residential properties are visually impaired from the site through the use of natural screening/landscaping and existing topography. The site is set back from the main roads through the County and will not impair the existing visual aesthetics. The electricity generated within the facility will interconnect to an existing 3-phase electric line within the project area that is parallel to the northern side of Polish Town Road. The remaining acreage outside of the perimeter fence will be utilized to provide natural screening and proposed landscaping in accordance with County's Land Development Code.

The proposed Solar Facility will provide both direct/indirect benefits to the county by utilizing this underdeveloped property to promote green energy as part of the Virginia Clean Economy Act, increase local tax revenue through local spending/support during construction and by further developing the property as an industrial use while minimizing environmental impacts and preserving native vegetation to support and promote habitat. The project will provide additional job opportunities to the local community during construction and operation upon completion, without bearing additional strain on the existing infrastructure and public utilities.

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION

The following pages contain the completed Conditional Use Permit Application (CUP) and permit fee (Check No. 2447) in the amount of **\$2,785.00**. Refer to **Appendix A** for New Leaf Energy, Inc's signature authority on behalf of the property owner. **Appendix B** contains the Adjacent Property Owners List. Below each property listed is the current land use and zoning district, and the anticipated future land use based on the County's Comprehensive Plan, which coincides with the County's future plan to further expand and designate and promote industrial development surrounding the project's parcel.

New Leaf Energy, Inc.

Payee: Treasurer of New Kent County

Date: 10/26/2023

Amount: \$2,785.00

Our Reference

Date

Type

Your Reference

Amount

Net Amount Discount

AP-13184

10/25/2023

Invoice

Polish Town Road CUP Fee-PSR-0

2,785.00

0.00

2,785.00

Check: 24447

New Leaf Energy, Inc.

55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851 (800) 818-5249

CHASE 🕻 JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. www.Chase.com 1-2/210

SHOUND BY

DATE

10/26/2023

AMOUNT \$2,785.00

2447

Security features. Details on back

PAY Two Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty Five and 00/100 Dollars

TO THE **ORDER**

Treasurer of New Kent County

OF:

12007 Courthouse Cir New Kent Virginia 23124

United States

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

#**** #** #** **** ****

860183257#

New Leaf Energy, Inc.

2447

Please detach and retain this portion of the check for your records.

Check: 2447

Payee: Treasurer of New Kent County

Date: 10/26/2023

Amount: \$2,785.00

Our Reference

Date

Type

Your Reference

Amount

Net Amount Discount

2.785.00

AP-13184

10/25/2023

Invoice

Polish Town Road CUP Fee-PSR-0

0.00

2,785.00

PRODUCT DLM108

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CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT (CUP) Application

County of New Kent, Virginia Planning Department

Web site: www.co.new-kent.va.us/209/Planning

New Kent County ◆Planning Department ◆ P O Box 150 ◆ New Kent, VA 23124 ◆ Phone 804-966-9690 ◆ Fax 804-966-8531

Use P O Box for all mail. Street address: 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124 FOR DELIVERIES ONLY

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY	OFFICE USE ONLY
Tax Map Parcel Number(s): _27-6J	*DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BOX* Application No: AFD Status: Date Received: Tax Receipts: Yes No Fee Amount: \$ Staff Initials:
PROPERTY OWNERS INFORMATION Name - Weir Crock I.I.C. C/O. Japathan Kinney	
Name: Weir Creek LLC. C/O Jonathan Kinney Address: 2311 Wilson BLVD STE 500	
E-mail Address:	
APPLICANT'S INFORMATION	
Name: Polish Town Solar 1, LLC. Address: 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102	
City: Lowell State: MA Zip: 01851 Telephone: Work: (978) 513-2608 Ext. 2608 Home: Cellular/Pager: (757) 377-2405 Fax: E-mail Address: qwood@newleafenergy.com	
AGENTS INFORMATION	
Name: New Leaf Energy, Inc. dba New Leaf Energy Address: _55 Technology Dr. STE 102 City: Lowell State: MA Zip: _01851 Telephone: Work: (978) 513-2608 Ext. 2608 Home:	
Telephone: Work: (978) 513-2608 Ext. 2608 Home: Cellular/Pager: _(757) 377-2405 Fax:	
E-mail Address: qwood@newleafenergy.com WATER (Sewer Supply)	
WATER/SEWER SUPPLY	
▼ Public Water ▼ Public Sewer Well Septic Other: NOTE: Public water/sewer is installed across property. The proposed Facility is does not support human habitation, and the Facility does not require any water or sower services.	
and the Facility does not require any water or sewer services Page 1 of 2	279 09/24/20

As part of the submission, the following questions must be answered in detail in narrative form. Answers of "Yes" or "No" are **NOT ACCEPTABLE** and the application is not complete until 25 copies of this narrative have been submitted.

- 1. Describe in detail, the proposed use(s) of the property.
- 2. Describe in detail, how the proposed use may impact surrounding properties. Please relate your response to the existing zoning and land uses in the area, plus the characteristics of the proposed use—hours of operation, activity levels, appearance, etc.
- Describe the proposed water and wastewater utility infrastructure including sources, discharges, permits, construction, 3. ownership, and maintenance responsibilities.
- Describe the environmental impact of the proposed development and the efforts to be undertaken to abate air, water, 4. noise, stormwater, and other environmental impacts during and after construction.
- Describe what techniques will be used to control traffic flow and what impacts the proposed use will have on existing 5. roadways and provide a professionally prepared traffic impact analysis for any development expected to generate 1,000 vehicle trips per day or more.
- 6. Describe the impact of the proposed use on New Kent County's Schools.
- 7. Describe the impact of the proposed use on New Kent County public services—water service, wastewater disposal, solid waste disposal, fire, rescue, law enforcement, libraries, etc.
- Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on any historic sites or structures on the property or in the vicinity. 8.
- 9. Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on any rare, endangered, or irreplaceable species or natural areas.
- 10. Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on the scenic or natural beauty of the County.

For those plans requiring review by the Planning Commission, the applicant shall, in addition to the plan sheets required above, submit an overall plan on one (1) or more eleven-inch by seventeen inch (11" x 17") reproducible sheets and shall provide sufficient copies of larger plan sheets as required for the Planning Commission distribution list of twelve (12). In addition, the applicant shall provide electronic copies of all applicable documents.

I/We as the property owner/applicant/agent give permission for County personnel to enter subject properties in relation to the administration of this application and to any applicable New Kent County, State of Virginia or U.S. Federal Government regulations. Additionally, if the County Planning Department deems it necessary for an outside agency or organizations review any technical part of this application, I/we agree to reimburse the County for all costs associated with such outside reviews and consultation within 15 business days of being billed by the County.

Date: 10/27/2023 Property Owner Signature:

Property Owner Signature: See Appendix A for Signature Authority.

Property Owner Signature: Date: 10/27/2023

Applicant/Agent Signature: Date:

All property owners must sign the application

FEES

The fees for this application consist of an application fee and a Map Maintenance fee (see below for calculations). The fee for this application is \$1600.00 plus \$40.00 per disturbed use acre. Make checks payable to Treasurer of New Kent County. Fees must be submitted at time of application.

> Fee: \$ 1600.00 + \$40.00 per acre(fraction), Number of acre(fraction): $23 \times 40 = 920.00$ Map Maintenance Fee: \$ 35.00 + \$10.00 per acre(fraction), 230.00 Number of acres(fraction): $23 \times 10=$ \$ **Total Due:** \$ 2,785.00

Applicant/Agent Signature:

As part of the submission, the following questions must be answered in detail in narrative form. Answers of "Yes" or "No" are **NOT ACCEPTABLE** and the application is not complete until 25 copies of this narrative have been submitted.

- Describe in detail, the proposed use(s) of the property.
- 2. Describe in detail, how the proposed use may impact surrounding properties. Please relate your response to the existing zoning and land uses in the area, plus the characteristics of the proposed use—hours of operation, activity levels, appearance, etc.
- 3. Describe the proposed water and wastewater utility infrastructure including sources, discharges, permits, construction, ownership, and maintenance responsibilities.
- 4. Describe the environmental impact of the proposed development and the efforts to be undertaken to abate air, water, noise, stormwater, and other environmental impacts during and after construction.
- 5. Describe what techniques will be used to control traffic flow and what impacts the proposed use will have on existing roadways and provide a professionally prepared traffic impact analysis for any development expected to generate 1,000 vehicle trips per day or more.
- 6. Describe the impact of the proposed use on New Kent County's Schools.
- 7. Describe the impact of the proposed use on New Kent County public services—water service, wastewater disposal, solid waste disposal, fire, rescue, law enforcement, libraries, etc.
- 8. Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on any historic sites or structures on the property or in the vicinity.
- 9. Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on any rare, endangered, or irreplaceable species or natural areas.
- 10 Describe the impact the proposed use(s) will have on the scenic or natural beauty of the County.

requiring review by the Planning Commission, the applicant shall, in addition to the plan sheets required overall plan on one (1) or more eleven-inch by seventeen inch (11" x 17") reproducible sheets and shall copies of larger plan sheets as required for the Planning Commission distribution list of twelve (12). In addition, the applicant shall provide electronic copies of all applicable documents.

I/We applicant/agent give permission for County personnel to enter subject properties in relation to the additional of this application and to any applicable New Kent County, State of Virginia or U.S. Federal Government regulated Additionally, if the County Planning Department deems it necessary for an outside agency or organizations review a technical part of this application, I/we agree to reimburse the County for all costs associated with such outside reviews and consultation within 15 business days of being billed by the County.

Property Owner Signature:	weir creek llc	Date: _	10/27/2023
Property Owner Signature:		Date: _	
Property Owner Signature:		Date:	
Applicant/Agent Signature:		Date: _	10/27/2023
Applicant/Agent Signature:		Date: _	

All property owners must sign the application

FEES

The fees for this application consist of an application fee and a Map Maintenance fee (see below for calculations). The fee for this application is **\$1600.00** plus **\$40.00** per disturbed use acre. Make checks payable to Treasurer of New Kent County. Fees must be submitted at time of application.

Fee:	\$	1600.00		
+ \$40.00 per acre(fraction),				
Number of acre(fraction): 23 x \$40=	\$_	920.00		
Map Maintenance Fee:	\$_	35.00		
+ \$10.00 per acre(fraction),				
Number of acres(fraction): 23 x \$10=	\$_	230.00		
Total Due:	\$	2,785.00		

Page 2 of 2

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION RESPONSES

Response to the Conditional Use Permit questions 1-10 on page 2 of the application are presented below in *ITALICS* and responses are provided below them. Any supporting documents/plans referenced within the responses are provided as an Appendix within the package.

1. Describe in detail, the proposed use(s) of the property.

The property is comprised of ±149.55 acres and is zoned for Industrial Use. Until recently the civil improvements within the existing industrial development portion of the parcel along State Route 33 have remained vacant and under-utilized primarily as a staging/storage area for local construction/utility projects. Currently, an interested party is actively seeking to develop within that industrial development. However, the remainder of the parcel will remain untouched. The proposed project, a 2-MW Solar Facility, is considered an "Energy Generation Facility" under Chapter 98, Article II Section 98-62 Table of Land Uses, and requires a Conditional Use within an Industrial District. The project will be generally located within the center of the property (Tax Map 27-6J) and will be accessed from Polish Town Road (State Route 634), north of Henrico County's Regional Jail East. The proposed facility's location is within the narrowest portion of the property, with generally south-facing slopes, where it abuts two New Kent County properties, Tax Map 37-12 to the north and Tax Map 37-9A to the South, which is zoned Conservation and A-1, respectively.

The facility will capture and convert UV rays to electricity and convey the renewable electricity into the local utility system. The interconnection between the facility and the local electric grid is within the property and project area where the existing electric line parallels along the northern side of Polish Town Road. Refer to **Appendix G** for CUP Plans.

New Leaf is estimating that the project will generate taxes of \$272,000 over the project lifetime through real estate tax and personal property tax per Virginia Code § 58.1-2606.1. We recently reached out to the Commissioner of Revenue to confirm the assumptions used for this estimation.

2. Describe in detail, how the proposed use may impact surrounding properties. Please relate your response to the existing zoning and land uses in the area, plus the characteristics of the proposed use-hours of operation, activity levels, appearance, etc.

The proposed solar facility location will not have a significant impact on surrounding properties. The property is currently zoned Industrial, and the proposed use is also considered industrial. The adjoining properties are Conservation to the north, Agricultural to the east and south, Industrial to the south, Economic to the southwest, and Industrial to the west. The proposed project was reduced in size from a 3-MW to a 2-MW system, which

provided additional room for the setbacks and increased landscape buffer. The inverters equipment was also relocated further back within the parcel to exceed the minimum 200 ft setback requirement. The project's landscape buffer will utilize the existing native vegetation and dense trees and will supplement with additional planted trees where needed. The increased setback depth and utilization of the existing native vegetation helps to maintain the natural scenic views offered from the Wahrani trail. Please refer to visual rendering from spots along the trail looking toward the site. A list of adjacent parcels is enclosed in **Appendix B**. The list includes the following information: Tax Map & Parcel Number, Name, Address, and the property's current land use and zoning district and future land use based on the County Comprehensive Plan. Several studies performed by third parties have been conducted regarding the property value of properties within the vicinity of a solar facility. The studies have concluded that the facility did not affect the sale, purchase, or development of the surrounding properties.

To safeguard the County and surrounding properties should the solar facility become abandoned, a decommissioning plan was prepared and included within the CUP plans, refer to **Appendix G.** An engineer's estimate will be provided as part of the site plan approval process to determine a performance guarantee to decommission the facility and restore the site.

We are actively seeking a location to hold a Community Meeting and will conduct the meeting, including advertising and summary in accordance with Chapter 98, Article XXII Section 98-878.

3. Describe the proposed water and wastewater utility infrastructure including sources, discharges, permits, construction ownership, and maintenance responsibilities.

The proposed facility does not support human habitation and will not require public/private water or sewer services. The facility's location within the property does not encroach on the existing public utility installed across the property, east of the facility. Refer to **Appendix G** for CUP Plans.

4. Describe the environmental impact of the proposed development and the efforts to be undertaken to abate air, water, noise, stormwater, and other environmental impacts during and after construction.

The proposed project will not create significant impacts as a result of construction and operation of the facility. The environmental impacts listed within the County's question above are broken out and discussed in detail below.

<u>Air Pollution:</u> The proposed project will not significantly impact the air quality surrounding the property aside from air pollution from typical construction equipment utilized to construct the site. Dust control measures during the construction of the project will be in place and addressed through the land disturbance permitting process. Post-Construction the site does not require an air permit to operate. Vehicle traffic to service/maintain/inspect the facility will emit air pollution and is regulated by the State. Vehicle traffic, post-construction, to the site is similar to that of a single-family residence.

Noise Pollution: Noise pollution generated from construction vehicles is expected but should not interfere or be a nuisance to the adjoining properties and will follow conditioned construction hours. Post-Construction, noise associated with the ground-mounted solar PV comes from inverters and transformers. This equipment makes a humming noise during the daytime when the array is generating electricity. This equipment is generally positioned within the center of the site and is typically inaudible at the property lines to not be viewed as a nuisance to the adjoining property owners outside their residence. No noise is generated at night, as the system is not producing energy during those hours. Overall, the proposed site will not have an adverse impact on current residential properties, with the closest being located approximately 950 ft. generally southeast of the property.

Water Pollution: Water pollution associated with the development of the site will be mitigated through several avenues. Unlike most industrial sites, the site's impervious area is reduced to what is needed for the equipment and driveway to service the equipment. The solar panels are installed on racks anchored into the ground using helical piles, or similar devices. During the construction of the site, the site will be designed in accordance with 9VAC25-840 and the County's Erosion and Sediment Control within Part II Article IV. All land disturbance will be minimized, and perimeter erosion and sedimentation control devices will be designed, installed, and maintained downgradient to minimize the risk of sediment from leaving the site and entering water/wetlands identified outside of the project area. Refer to **Appendix C** for the Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination encompassing the project and surrounding area.

Upon completing construction, the stormwater controls, designed and approved by the County VSMP Authority under 9VAC25-870 and Part II Article III will be constructed. All previously disturbed areas will be permanently stabilized and planted with native seed mix,

including a native pollinator mix, that will require minimal maintenance. Revegetation of the disturbed area with native seed mixes will improve water quality and minimize thermal impacts to offsite resources by reducing pollutant loading through filtration and to facilitating suspended nutrient removal by transpiration and promoting water quality by naturally filtering runoff through infiltration.

Stormwater Pollution: The site will be designed to comply with 9VAC25-870 and Part II Article III of the County's Ordinance for stormwater control. The proposed impervious surface associated with the project is reduced to the main equipment and driveway. All previously disturbed areas will be permanently stabilized and planted with native seed mix, including a native pollinator mix, that will require minimal maintenance. The UV panels are mounted and native vegetation will continue to grow underneath. Stormwater controls will be proposed downgradient of the facility and revegetation of the disturbed area with native seed mixes will improve water quality and minimize thermal impacts to offsite resources and downstream properties by reducing pollutant loading through filtration and facilitating suspended nutrient removal by transpiration and promoting water quality by naturally filtering runoff through infiltration. Refer to **Appendix G** for the general location of the stormwater controls.

<u>Hazardous Material:</u> No hazards from radioactive emissions or hazardous material will be used for this project. During construction, the most hazardous substance on site will be gasoline and diesel fuel for construction vehicles. All fuel will be kept in appropriate containers for the type of fuel to be stored. Containers will be clearly labeled and stored in a responsible manner. The project will use rated Tier 1 panels that meet Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) requirements for non-hazardous waste. The bulk of material is considered recyclable, the solar panels may be upcycled, reused as secondhand, recycled or disposed of at an approved facility.

Standards For Review New Kent County Part II Chapter 98 Article XIX Section 98-744

Below in *ITALICS* are the seven guidelines, listed within New Kent County's Ordinance Part II Chapter 98 Article XIX Section 98-744 in determining the propriety of granting a conditional use permit and in requiring any conditions. The project's applicability/justification to the guidelines are listed below. Any supporting documents/plans referenced within the responses are provided as attachments within the package.

1. The proposed use shall not be prejudicial to the character of the neighborhood.

The proposed project is a 2-MW Solar Facility that is considered an "Energy Generation Facility". An Energy Generation Facility under Chapter 98, Article II Section 98-62 Table of Land Uses is listed as a Conditional Use within an Industrial District, which is a use permitted in a particular zone only upon showing that such use in a specified location will comply with all the conditions and standards for the location or operation of such use as specified and as established by the Board of Supervisors.

The project is situated on a parcel that has had civil improvements to promote the development of industrial use on the western end of the property. The civil improvements were completed approximately 8 years ago. The property remains vacant although access from Route 33 and public utilities are available and accessible onsite, but currently, this developable area is in process of being further developed.

The center of the parcel is the narrowest portion of the parcel surrounded by Resource Protection Areas and utility easements, which restrict the developable area of the property. In addition, access to the central part of the parcel would be required along Polish Town Road, as the extension of the existing road with the industrial development would impact the delineated streams and resource protection areas. Aside from the environmental impacts, the additional costs to improve Polish Town Road would be substantial to justify development. After 8 years of searching, a company is interested in the other portion of the site, previously prepared with civil improvements (by Weir Creek LLC). The proposed subject section of the parcel was identified as an ideal location for the proposed solar facility and leaves 79 percent of the more ideal areas of the parcel for other development.

The enclosed CUP application and accompanying documents and plans depict the proposed location, associated improvements, proximity to adjacent residences, the adjacent properties current and future land use, and discusses the de-minimis impacts to the surrounding environment and neighboring properties, while still allowing the property to continue to market future industrial development on the remaining ± 100 acres.

2. The proposed use shall not adversely affect the general plans for the physical development of the county as embodied in the comprehensive plan.

The proposed Solar facility will not adversely affect the County's ability to promote further development of the property and surrounding area. As discussed above the enclosed CUP application and accompanying documents and plans depict the proposed location, associated improvements, proximity to adjacent residences, the adjacent properties

current and future land use, and discusses the de-minimis impacts to the surrounding environment and neighboring properties, while still allowing the property to continue to market future industrial development on the remaining \pm 100 acres.

3. The proposed use shall not be detrimental to the use or development of adjacent properties or the general neighborhood nor impair the value of buildings or property in surrounding areas.

Please refer to the Conditional Use Permit Application Question 2 for a detailed response. The applicant has provided the County a list of the adjacent properties and their current and future land use based on the County's Comprehensive Plan. The applicant will hold a Neighborhood Outreach meeting to discuss the project and provide a summary to the County prior to the Planning Commission hearing. The meeting will gauge the community interest/opposition for the project. The proposed project should not affect the value of the surrounding properties based on published third-party studies for similar projects within the Commonwealth of Virginia. In addition, the applicant has provided a decommissioning plan and will maintain a performance guarantee to safeguard the county, and neighbors should the facility need to be removed and the site restored.

4. The proposed use shall not unreasonably restrict an adequate supply of light, water or air to adjacent property nor produce undue congestion in the street.

Please refer to the Conditional Use Permit Application Questions 4 and 5 for a detailed discussion regarding environmental impacts and anticipated traffic volume. In general, the proposed solar facility is less than one story high and will be constructed on the property with minor grading for the installation of a road and pad for the equipment. The solar panels are installed on helical piers, or similar foundation, and native vegetation only mowed once-twice a year. The solar facility does not emit air pollution, and the solar panels have an anti-glare coating to minimize any reflection from the sun. The anticipated traffic to the facility will be minimal and consist of one to two vehicles per day.

5. The proposed use shall adequately provide for access facilities for the estimated traffic.

Please refer to the Conditional Use Permit Application Questions 5 for a detailed discussion regarding the estimated traffic. The anticipated traffic to the facility is one to two vehicles per day and will only increase the traffic by 1% based on the roads 230 ADT.

APPENDIX A SIGNATURE AUTHORITY

EXHIBIT F

Oct 25, 2023

To Whom It May Concern

New Leaf Energy, Inc. dba New Leaf Energy Development, Inc. and its employees and affiliates are hereby authorized to act as our agent for submission of applications and related plans and documents, and to appear before boards and other officials, with respect to obtaining approvals for solar installations to be constructed on my property located at Polish Town Road, Westpoint, VA (Parcel 27-6J).

Sincerely,

Weir Creek, LLC

Jonathan Kinney

Jonathan C. Kinney

APPENDIX B ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER LIST



DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Tax Map Parcel

Number(s):

GPIN: __ Property Address:

ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS LIST

County of New Kent, Virginia Planning Department

Web site: www.co.new-kent.va.us/209/Planning

OFFICE USE ONLY
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BOX

Application No: _____

Date Received:

Staff Initials:

291

New Kent County ◆ Planning Department ◆ P. O. Box 150 ◆ New Kent, VA 23124 ◆ Phone 804-966-9690 ◆ Fax 804-966-8531

Use P O Box for all mail. Street address: 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124 FOR DELIVERIES ONLY

I hereby certify that the names and addresses below are those of the adjacent property owners listed in the current tax records of the Commissioner of Revenue of New Kent County and surrounding municipalities. Adjacent property includes all property across roadways (public and private), watercourses, railroads, and/or municipal boundaries.				
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			APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE	
1	T M 0 D N	N	Address (include City City O 7in	
1.	Tax Map & Parcel Number	<u>Name</u>	Address (include City, State & Zip	
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	Attach additional sheets if needed	

APPENDIX C PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NORFOLK DISTRICT FORT NORFOLK 803 FRONT STREET NORFOLK VA 23510-1011

October 15, 2021

PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Southern Virginia Regulatory Section NAO-2021-01450 (Pamunkey River)

Borrego Solar Systems, Inc. Ms. Jessie Robinson 1 N State Street Chicago, Illinois 60602

Dear Ms. Robinson:

This letter is in regard to your request for a preliminary jurisdictional determination of the aquatic resources (e.g., wetlands, streams, and ponds), on approximately 54-acres located on the north side of Polish Town Road across the street from the Henrico County's Regional Jail East facility on a portion of Parcel ID 27-6J hereinafter referred to as project area.

The map entitled "Waters of the U.S. Delineation Map BSSI Polish Town Road Solar Site", by ECS Mid-Atlantic, stamped received by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) on September 23, 2021 (copy enclosed) provides the locations of the aquatic resources within the project area referenced above. This letter is not confirming the Cowardin classifications of these aquatic resources.

These aquatic resources exhibit wetland criteria as defined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual, and the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Regional Supplement. This site also contains aquatic resources with an ordinary highwater mark.

This preliminary jurisdictional determination and associated aquatic resource delineation map may be submitted with a permit application.

Please be aware that you may be required to obtain a Corps permit for any discharge of dredged and/or fill material, either temporary or permanent, into a water of the U.S. In addition, you may be required to obtain a Corps permit for certain activities occurring within, under, or over a navigable water of the U.S. subject to the Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. Furthermore, you may be required to obtain state and local authorizations, including a Virginia Water Protection Permit from the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), a permit from the Virginia Marine Resources Commission (VMRC), and/or a permit from your local wetlands board.

294

This delineation and preliminary jurisdictional determination may not be valid for the Wetland Conservation Provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985, as amended. Therefore, if you or your tenant are US Department of Agriculture (USDA) program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should discuss the applicability of a certified wetland determination with the local USDA service center, prior to starting work.

The Norfolk District has relied on the information and data provided by the requestor or agent to make this preliminary determination. If it is determined such information and data are materially false or materially incomplete, a new preliminary determination would be necessary.

This is a preliminary jurisdictional determination and is not a legally binding determination regarding whether Corps jurisdiction applies to the aquatic resources in question. To determine Corps' jurisdiction, you may request and obtain an approved jurisdictional determination.

This delineation of aquatic resources can be relied upon for no more than five years from the date of this letter. New information may warrant revision. Enclosed is a copy of the "Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination Form". Please review the document, sign, and return one copy to the Corps, either by email randy.l.steffey@usace.army.mil or by standard mail to Attn: Mr. Steffey, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Norfolk District, CENAO-WR-R, 803 Front Street, Norfolk, VA 23510-1011.

If you have any questions, please contact the office either by telephone at (757) 201-7579 or by email at randy.l.steffey@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely,

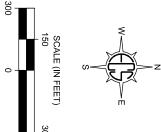
Randy Steffey Digitally signed by Randy Steffey Date: 2021.10.15 09:36:32 -04'00'

Randy Steffey Project Manager, Southern Virginia Regulatory Section

Enclosure(s):

cc: ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC; Camille VanSkiver





1 OF 1

*WATER FEATURES WERE DELINEATED BY ECS ON MAY 11 AND 27, 2021 AND LOCATED USING A SUB-METER ACCURACY GPS UNIT. "WATER FEATURES DEPICTED HEREIN SHOULD BE CONSIDERED PRELIMINARY UNTIL CONFIRMED BY THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

STUDY AREA (SHOWN IN WHITE FOR CLARITY) APPROXIMATE WETLAND DATAPOINT LOCATION

PALUSTRINE FORESTED (PFO) WETLAND

INTERMITTENT STREAM CHANNEL (R4) EPHEMERAL STREAM CHANNEL (R6)

47:12076-A ENGINEER AMM **WATERS OF THE U.S. BSSI POLISH TOWN ROAD SOLAR SITE** AS SHOWN CNV **DELINEATION MAP**

Borrego Solar Systems, Inc.

POLISH TOWN ROAD NEW KENT, VIRGINIA 296

Appendix 2 - PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (PJD) FORM

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR PJD: October 15, 2021

B. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON REQUESTING PJD:

Borrego Solar Systems, Inc. -- Attn: Ms. Jessie Robinson

C. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER:

Norfolk District, Polish Town Road Solar Site, NAO-2021-01450

D. PROJECT LOCATION(S) AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

(USE THE TABLE BELOW TO DOCUMENT MULTIPLE AQUATIC RESOURCES AND/OR AQUATIC RESOURCES AT DIFFERENT SITES)

State: Virginia

County/parish/borough: New Kent City:

Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): 37.49922°N; -76.86211°W

Lat.: xx.xxx° Long.: yy.yyy°

Universal Transverse Mercator:

Name of nearest waterbody: Pamunkey River

E. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

✓	Office (Desk) Determination. Date: 2021/09/23- 2021/10/15	
	Field Determination. Date(s):	

TABLE OF AQUATIC RESOURCES IN REVIEW AREA WHICH "MAY BE" SUBJECT TO REGULATORY JURISDICTION.

Site number	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Estimated amount of aquatic resource in review area (acreage and linear feet, if applicable)	Type of aquatic resource (i.e., wetland vs. non-wetland waters)	Geographic authority to which the aquatic resource "may be" subject (i.e., Section 404 or Section 10/404)
			+- 0.08 acres	wetlands	Section 404
			+- 765 LF	non-wetlands	Section 404
·					

- The Corps of Engineers believes that there may be jurisdictional aquatic resources in the review area, and the requestor of this PJD is hereby advised of his or her option to request and obtain an approved JD (AJD) for that review area based on an informed decision after having discussed the various types of JDs and their characteristics and circumstances when they may be appropriate.
- 2) In any circumstance where a permit applicant obtains an individual permit, or a Nationwide General Permit (NWP) or other general permit verification requiring "preconstruction notification" (PCN), or requests verification for a non-reporting NWP or other general permit, and the permit applicant has not requested an AJD for the activity, the permit applicant is hereby made aware that; (1) the permit applicant has elected to seek a permit authorization based on a PJD, which does not make an official determination of jurisdictional aquatic resources; (2) the applicant has the option to request an AJD before accepting the terms and conditions of the permit authorization, and that basing a permit authorization on an AJD could possibly result in less compensatory mitigation being required or different special conditions; (3) the applicant has the right to request an individual permit rather than accepting the terms and conditions of the NWP or other general permit authorization; (4) the applicant can accept a permit authorization and thereby agree to comply with all the terms and conditions of that permit, including whatever mitigation requirements the Corps has determined to be necessary; (5) undertaking any activity in reliance upon the subject permit authorization without requesting an AJD constitutes the applicant's acceptance of the use of the PJD; (6) accepting a permit authorization (e.g., signing a proffered individual permit) or undertaking any activity in reliance on any form of Corps permit authorization based on a PJD constitutes agreement that all aquatic resources in the review area affected in any way by that activity will be treated as jurisdictional, and waives any challenge to such jurisdiction in any administrative or judicial compliance or enforcement action, or in any administrative appeal or in any Federal court; and (7) whether the applicant elects to use either an AJD or a PJD, the JD will be processed as soon as practicable. Further, an AJD, a proffered individual permit (and all terms and conditions contained therein), or individual permit denial can be administratively appealed pursuant to 33 C.F.R. Part 331. If, during an administrative appeal, it becomes appropriate to make an official determination whether geographic jurisdiction exists over aquatic resources in the review area, or to provide an official delineation of jurisdictional aquatic resources in the review area, the Corps will provide an AJD to accomplish that result, as soon as is practicable. This PJD finds that there "may be" waters of the U.S. and/or that there "may be" navigable waters of the U.S. on the subject review area, and identifies all aquatic features in the review area that could be affected by the proposed activity, based on the following information:

SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for PJD (check all that apply)

Checked items should be included in subject file. Appropriately reference sources

below where indicated for all checked items: Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the PJD requestor: Map: Waters of the U.S. Delineation Map BSSI Polish Town Rd Solar Site; rec'd 9/23/21 <u>✓ Dat</u>a sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the PJD requestor. ✓ Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report. Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report. Rationale: Data sheets prepared by the Corps: . . Corps navigable waters' study: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: 02080106 & 02080206 USGS NHD data. USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps. U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: CorpsMap Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: CorpsMap. National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: CorpsMap State/local wetland inventory map(s): ______. FEMA/FIRM maps: ____ 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: _____. (National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929) Photographs: 🕡 Aerial (Name & Date): Various years in CorpsMap & Google Éarth Other (Name & Date): ____. or Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: AJD issued 6/17/2021 Other information (please specify): IMPORTANT NOTE: The information recorded on this form has not necessarily been verified by the Corps and should not be relied upon for later jurisdictional determinations. Digitally signed by Randy Randy Steffey Steffey Date: 2021.10.15 09:36:51 -04'00' Signature and date of Signature and date of Regulatory staff member person requesting PJD completing PJD (REQUIRED, unless obtaining the signature is impracticable)¹

¹ Districts may establish timeframes for requestor to return signed PJD forms. If the requestor does not respond within the established time frame, the district may presume concurrence and no additional follow up is necessary prior to finalizing an action.

NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND REQUEST FOR APPEAL				
Applican	Date: Oct 15, 2021			
Jessie Ro				
Attached is:			See Section below	
INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of permission)			A	
PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of permission)			В	
Pl	С			
A	D			
X PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION			E	

SECTION I - The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at

http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgramandPermits/appeals.aspx or Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

- A: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or object to the permit.
- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- OBJECT: If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the district engineer. Your objections must be received by the district engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the district engineer will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or (c) not modify the permit having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the district engineer will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.
- B: PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or appeal the permit
- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- APPEAL: If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- C: PERMIT DENIAL: You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- D: APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.
- ACCEPT: You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice, means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- APPEAL: If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

300

SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJECTIONS TO AN INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS: (Describe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an initial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons or objections are addressed in the administrative record.)
REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS: (Describe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an initial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons
C. Septembrie de distribution (Contraction)
ADDITIONAL DIFORMATION TO 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The appeal is limited to a review of the administrative record, the Corps memorandum for the record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental information that the review officer has determined is needed to clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Corps may add new information or analyses to the record. However, you may provide additional information to clarify the location of information that is already in the administrative record.
POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION:
If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal process you may contact: Mr. Randy Steffey Regulatory Project Manager (CENAO-WRR-S) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; Norfolk District 803 Front Street Norfolk, Virginia 23510 Telephone number: 757-201-7579 Randy.l.steffey@usace.army.mil If you only have questions regarding the appeal process you may also contact: Ms. Naomi J. Handell Regulatory Program Manager (CENAD-PD-OR) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Fort Hamilton Military Community 301 General Lee Avenue Brooklyn, New York 11252-6700 Telephone number: (917) 789-4841 Naomi.J.Handell@usace.army.mil
RIGHT OF ENTRY: Your signature below grants the right of entry to Corps of Engineers personnel, and any government consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15 day notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.
Date: Telephone number:
Signature of appellant or agent.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NORFOLK DISTRICT FORT NORFOLK 803 FRONT STREET NORFOLK VA 23510-1011

October 15, 2021

Supplemental Pre-application Information

Project Number: NAO-2021-01450

Applicant: Borrego Solar Systems, Inc.; Attn: Ms. Jessie Robinson

Project Location: The review area includes approximately 54-acres located on the north side of Polish Town Road across the street from the Henrico County's Regional Jail East facility on a portion of Parcel ID 27-6J.

1.	A search of the Virginia Department of Historic Resources data conducted via VCRIS and/or
	CorpsMap revealed the following:
	□ No known historic properties are located on the subject property.
	☐ The following known architectural resources are located on the subject property:
	 063-5009; Barhamsville Battlefield, Eltham's Landing Battlefield, West Point Battlefield
	☐ The following known archaeological resources are located on the subject property:
	☐ The following known architectural and archaeological resources are located in the vicinity of the subject property:
	□ Tribal consultation may be required.
	☐ Section 408 coordination may be required.

NOTE:

- 1) The information above is for planning purposes only. In most cases, the property has not been surveyed for historic resources. Undiscovered historic resources may be located on the subject property or adjacent properties and this supplemental information is not intended to satisfy the Corps' requirements under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA).
- 2) Prospective permittees should be aware that Section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant.
- 2. A search of U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's IPaC system revealed the following:
 - □ No known populations of federally listed species are located on the subject property.
 - ☐ The following federally listed species may be present on the subject property:
 - Northern Long-eared Bat

Please note this information is being provided to you based on the preliminary data you submitted to the Corps relative to project boundaries and project plans. Consequently, these findings and recommendations are subject to change if the project scope changes or new information becomes available and the accuracy of the data.

APPENDIX D CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEY



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Travis A. Voyles Acting Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources

Department of Historic Resources

2801 Kensington Avenue, Richmond, Virginia 23221

Julie V. Langan Director Tel: (804) 367-2323 Fax: (804) 367-2391 www.dhr.virginia.gov

October 18, 2022

Randy Lichtenberger Hurt and Proffitt, Inc. 2524 Langhorne Road Lynchburg, VA 24501

RE: Polish Town Solar 1

New Kent County, Virginia DHR File No. 2022-4800

Dear Mr. Lictenberger:

We have received for review the *Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Polish Town Solar 1, New Kent County, Virginia*, prepared by Hurt and Proffitt, Inc. (H&P). We provide the following comments in support of an application to the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) for a Permit-by-Rule to construct and operate a small solar project in Cumberland County, Virginia.

Archaeology

The report documents a cultural resources survey of approximately 25 acres. During the course of the survey, three (3) new archaeological site was identified (44NK0306-44NK0308 *inclusive*). Site 44NK0306 consists of a artifact scatter dating from the late 19th century to mid-20th century. 44NK0307 is described as an artifact scatter dating to the 19th century. Site 44NK0308 is a 8 is a moderate concentration of artifacts dating from the late 18th to mid19th century. The artifact concentration extends outside the APE to the east. No architectural related artifacts were identified. H&P recommends that all three sites, **44NK0306**, **44NK0307**, and **44NK0308** are *not eligible* for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). No additional work is recommended for this project area. DHR *concurs* with these recommendations.

Architecture

The architectural report identified four (4) newly identified resources within the 0.5-mile study area: a house at 17800 Polish Town Road (DHR ID # 063-5145), a house at 17701 Polish Town Road (DHR ID # 063-5144), the Henrico Regional Prison (DHR ID # 063-5146), and the Angel View Baptist Church at 6911 Angel View Lane (DHR ID # 063-5147). H&P recommends all four (4) resources as ineligible for listing in the Virginia Landmarks Register (VLR) and National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) and DHR concurs.

Page 2 DHR File No. 2022-4800 October 18, 2022

If you have any questions regarding these comments, please contact me at 804-482-8091 or via email, jennifer.bellville-marrion@dhr.virginia.gov.

Sincerely,

Jenny Bellville-Marrion, Project Review Archaeologist Review and Compliance Division

c. Adrienne Birge-Wilson, DHR Chris Egghart, DEQ

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY



POLISH TOWN SOLAR 1

New Kent County

H&P PROJECT NO.

SUBMITTED TO:

20220779

Quentin Wood Project Engineer 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851

CONTACT:

Jessica Gantzert, PI Dwayne Pickett, Contributor ArchLab@handp.com

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Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
1. Introduction	_3
2. Setting	5
3. History	
4. Field and Laboratory Methods	
5. Results	30
6. Conclusions and Recommendations	40
References Cited	41
Artifact Inventory	46
Investigator Qualifications	
Site Forms	
<u>Figures</u>	
1. Project location	_3
2. Project area depicted on current aerial photograph	4
3. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 2019 Toano and	
West Point, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps	_5
4. Preliminary layout for Polish Town Solar site	_6
5. Project area soil unit map	
6. Project vicinity depicted on 1775 Fry map	_15
7. Project vicinity depicted on 1827 Böÿe map	17
8. Project parcel depicted on Gilmer 1860s Civil War map	18
9. Project parcel depicted on 1863 Confederate States of America	
Civil War map	_19
10. Project parcel depicted on 1918 West Point and 1917	
Toano, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps	_20
11. Project parcel depicted on 1965 Toano and West Point, VA	
1:24000 USGS topographic maps	_21
12. A 1963 aerial of the property from NETR	_21
13. An aerial photo from 2010 depicting the final tree harvest and	
leveling for the industrial park	_22
leveling for the industrial park 14. Architectural Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers	_23
15. Archaeological Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers.	
16. Architectural Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers	
17. Archaeological Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers	
18. Shovel Test Pit (STP) location map	_30
19. Representative STP	_31
20. STP north profile	_31
21. Site location map	
22. Photo depicting the forested nature of the property	
23. Map showing location of metal detector hits	34

	35
24. 44NK0306 facing north 25. 44NK0307 facing west	36
26. 44NK0308 facing east	38
27. Photo depicting trash midden	38
	39
29. Sand tempered pottery sherd found in T13-13 Radial West	39
<u>Tables</u>	
Tables 1. Project area soil map unit legend	7
	7
1. Project area soil map unit legend	7
Project area soil map unit legend Historic resources recorded within 0.5 miles of the project	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On behalf of Polish Town Solar 1, Hurt & Proffitt, Inc. (H&P) has completed a Phase I archaeological survey of a 25-acre tract located in northern New Kent County, Virginia.

The purpose of the survey was to identify all archaeological sites in the Area of Potential Effects (APE), to estimate site size and boundaries, and to preliminarily assess the eligibility of identified sites for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The total area surveyed was approximately 25 ac. (10.11 Ha). The archaeological survey of the APE was conducted by a crew led by Jessica Gantzert from May 26 to June 4th, 2022.

H&P first completed a reconnaissance survey of the project corridor which consists of a heavily wooded silviculture forest. Thirty-six shovel test transects were laid out and spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart running north to south across the APE. Three additional transects were placed running east to west on the southern border of the APE where the road easement exists. A total of 441 shovel test pits (STPs) were then placed at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along those transects. Another 44 STPs were placed at 25-foot (7.62m) intervals around STPs that were positive for cultural material. A total of 485 STPs were excavated with 25 being positive for cultural material. This resulted in the discovery of three historic sites dating from the late 18th to early 20th century. In addition, four isolated historic artifacts and six isolated metal detector hits were found.

44NK0306 is located in the southeast part of the project area just north of Polish Town Road. It consists of 17 artifacts dating from the late-19th century through the mid-20th century, in addition to 34 shards of a recently broken glass bottle on the surface. This artifact concentration is probably related to relatively recent disposal activities associated with the road which has existed in approximately the same location since the mid-19th century.

44NK0307 is located in the southwestern portion of the APE and consists of just four artifacts dating throughout the 19th century. These artifacts are likely related to disposal activities associated with the Civil War map-project Mrs. Hilliard's House. The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy along with a low number of artifacts suggests this site has little research potential. As such this leads H&P to recommend that this site is not eligible for the NRHP.

44NK0308 is a moderate concentration of artifacts dating from the late 18th to mid-19th

century located in the northwestern section of the APE. The artifact concentration extends outside the APE to the east. Given the lack of architectural artifacts this

concentration is likely not related to a structure in this area but instead might be related to disposal activities associated with the Civil War map-projected Mrs. Hilliard's House This house, which has yet to be recorded or located, potentially lies to the northeast of the property boundaries near the central region.

The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests it has little research potential. This leads H&P to recommend that the portion of 44NK0308 located within the present APE does not contribute to the potential eligibility of the larger site.

Despite the 18th century date of some of these artifacts, their low number and the lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests this site has little research potential. As such this leads H&P to recommend that this site is not eligible for the NRHP.

In summary, all three sites, or portions thereof, identified within the APE during the current survey, have little research potential because of the lack of intact stratigraphy and discernible features, and relatively low artifact densities. H&P recommends no further work within the APE.

1. INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Polish Town Solar 1, LLC., Hurt & Proffitt, Inc. (H&P) has completed a Phase I archaeological survey of a 25-acre tract located in northern New Kent County, Virginia (Figures 1 & 2). The purpose of the survey was to identify all archaeological sites in the Area of Potential Effects (APE), to estimate site size and boundaries, and to preliminarily assess the eligibility of identified sites for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The total area surveyed was approximately 25 ac. (10.11 Ha). The archaeological survey of the APE was conducted by a crew led by Jessica Gantzert from May 26 to June 4th, 2022.

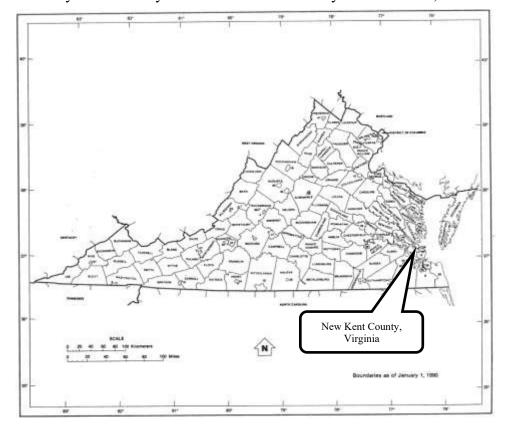


Figure 1. Project location.



Figure 2. Project area depicted on current aerial photograph.

Prior to initiating the field portion of the project, Hurt & Proffitt compiled historic and environmental data regarding the distribution of known and potential sites in the project vicinity. This research included a review of site files stored in the Virginia Department of Historic Resources' (VDHR's) Virginia Cultural Resource Information System (V-CRIS), VDHR archives, Library of Congress digital map and photographic archives and local histories. A summary of that research follows, including information on all previously recorded cultural resources within a 1-mile (1.6-kilometer) radius of the project area.

The archaeological survey of the APE was conducted by a crew led by Jessica Gantzert from May 27th through June 3rd, 2022. All work conducted as a part of this investigation was in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (as amended), the Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act of 1974, Executive Order 11593, and Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 60-66 and 800 (as revised). The field investigations and technical report meet the requirements specified in the *Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines for Archeology and Historic Preservation* (Federal Register 48:190:44716-44742) and the Virginia Department of Historic Resources *Guidelines for Conducting Historic Resources Survey In Virginia* (2011, rev. 2017). The Principal Investigator performing the cultural resource investigations meets or exceeds the qualifications described in the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards (48 FR 44738-9).

2. SETTING

The proposed Polish Town Solar Site lies in the eastern portion of New Kent County. It is situated between Eltham Road (SR 33), approximately 0.41 miles to the northwest, and New Kent Highway (Rte. 30) approximately 0.30 miles to the southeast. The unincorporated community of Eltham is approximately 2.5 miles to the northeast of the parcel along Eltham Road.

The 194-acre project parcel (Parcel ID (GPIN) I28-3826-5374) is bordered by Polish Town Road (SR 634) on the south and Eltham Road (SR 33) on the west and surrounded by conservation special zoned area on the north and east. (Figures 3 and 4). The proposed direct area of potential effects (APE), i.e., the area where ground disturbance may occur, consists of an approximately 25-acre development area located in the center of the larger parent parcel.

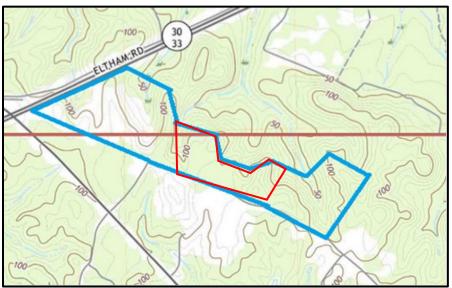


Figure 3. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 2019 Toano and West Point, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022)

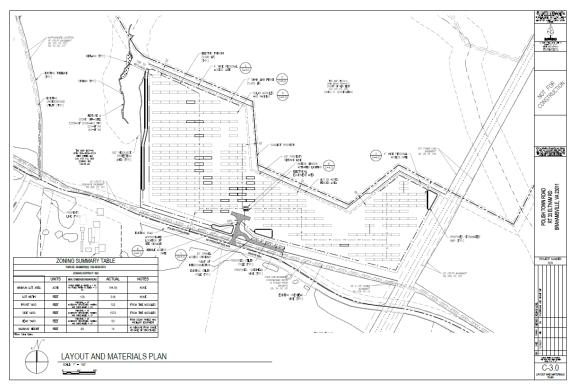


Figure 4. Preliminary layout for Polish Town Solar site.

The project area is in Virginia's Coastal Plain geologic province. The Coastal Plain is a narrow strip along Virginia's eastern edge stretching from the Fall Zone to the Atlantic Ocean. It is characterized by younger strata than the adjoining Piedmont province, cut by large tidal rivers that flow into the Chesapeake Bay. The parcel is located on the west end of the Virginia or Lower Peninsula between the James and York Rivers. It sits just south of the Pamunkey River, a major tributary of the York.

Four unnamed freshwater creeks run through the property as branches of the Pamunkey River. They split from a singular tributary at the northern border of the project parcel and meet with the river approximately 5,000 feet north. Two of these run through the APE.

Soils within the parcel generally can be divided between those found in the APE in the central portion of the property and those found in the eastern and western ends of the property. The western portion is dominated by Nevarc-Remlik complex loamy sand. Found on slopes of 6 to 60 percent (Table 1, Figure 5). Formed of ancient marine deposits, this deep moderately well drained soil is not considered prime farmland. Kempsville-Emporia (2 to 6 percent slope) fine sandy loam comprises most of the remainder of the western portion. Unlike Nevarc-Remlik, it is considered prime farmland. The eastern portion of the property is composed

mostly of Nevarc-Remlik complex fine sandy loam (15 to 25 percent slope) and Craven loam (6 to 10 percent slope). These are considered not prime farmland and farmland of statewide importance, respectively. The APE consists mostly of Craven loam (6 to 10 percent slope) which is farmland of statewide importance, along with Craven-Caroline complex (2 to 6 percent slope), Caroline-Emporia complex (2 to 6 percent slope) which are all considered prime farmland. The steep areas leading into the valleys across the project parcel would not be favorable for habitation. However, the ridge fingers are composed of potential farmland.

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unity Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
7B	Caroline-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	13.2	8.7%
10C			14.4%
11B			2.5%
15B	Emporia fine sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	0.4	0.3%
19B	Kempsville- Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	8.8	5.8%
26D	Nevarc-Remlik complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes	28.7	18.9%
26E	Nevarc-Remlik complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes	27.3	18.0%
Nevarc-Remlik complex, 25 to 60 percent slopes		27.7	24.8%
34B	Slagle-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	10.2	6.7%
Totals for Area	a of Interest	152.1	100.0%

Table 1. Project area soil map unit legend (NRCS 2022).

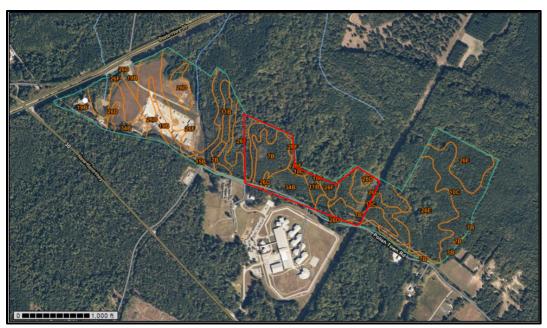


Figure 5. Project area soil unit map, APE in red (NRCS 2022).

3. HISTORY

Precontact History

It is believed that the first people who entered the Western Hemisphere came from Asia at the end of the last great Ice (or Pleistocene) Age. Glaciers covered large areas of Canada and they lowered the sea level by 300 feet (91.4m), exposing an immense, 1,000-mile (1609.3km)-wide plain between Siberia and Alaska known as Beringia.

In 1927 a fluted point was discovered in Folsom, New Mexico, which was in the ribs of an extinct species of bison. Five years later near Clovis, New Mexico, a woolly mammoth kill site was found with associated stone tools dating to 11,200 years ago. The fluted points that were discovered are called Clovis points and they are the distinguishing feature of Paleo sites.

In the western plains they used these points to hunt large game like the mastodons but along the east coast that does not appear to have been the case. The archaeological data from Virginia records numerous discoveries of fluted points, but no clear-cut association between extinct large game and fluted points (Boyd 1989:139). For this reason, many archaeologists now hold that eastern Paleoindians were generalized foragers (e.g., Grayson and Meltzer 2003; but see Fiedel and Haynes 2004).

The first people lived in groups that have been classified as bands, which was like an extended family. They camped along streams that ran through the tundra-like grasslands and the open pine, spruce and fir forests that covered Virginia at that time. Due to the severe climate, each band moved around seasonally to hunt and forage (Egloff and Woodward 2006).

Although it is clear that people entered the Western Hemisphere through Alaska some sites suggest that people may have been here earlier and possibly entered from elsewhere. These pre-Clovis sites such as Cactus Hill in southern Virginia, which has been dated to almost 17,000 years ago, suggests people could have been here much earlier than was previously thought (Egloff and Woodward 2006).

Current research of the Paleoindian time period is focused on the southeastern Coastal Plain area and the upper Roanoke River. The Nottoway River Survey has identified numerous Paleo sites along with the pre-Clovis Cactus Hill site in southeastern Virginia. One of the important sites discovered is the Williamson site which has shown evidence of intact Clovis-age deposits beneath a plow zone layer (McAvoy and McAvoy 1997).

In the upper Roanoke River area stratified Paleoindian sites have been discovered in the Leesville/Smith Mountain Lake area (Childress and Blanton 1997; Gingerich 2016; Gingerich et al. 2015). The sites in this area have well-defined Paleoindian to Early Archaic components and are being studied for how lithic resources and the climate changed during the Younger Dryas and the Pleistocene/Holocene transition (Boyd 2020).

Archaic Period (8000 – 1200 B.C.)

The Archaic period is generally divided into three phases, Early (8,000–6,000 B.C.), Middle (6000–2500 B.C.), and Late (2500–1200 B.C.). At the beginning of the Early Archaic was the dawn of the Holocene epoch at approximately 8,000 B.C. The climate began to warm, and the glacial ice sheets retreated. The warming trend associated with the Holocene period fostered a diversity of flora and fauna throughout the eastern seaboard on land as well as within the gradually forming Chesapeake Bay.

The people of the Early Archaic settled a diverse area ranging from the mountains in the west to the coastline in the east. A look at the distribution of these sites shows that they are concentrated along the Ridge and Valley and the Fall Line. Both these environments provided natural resources such as stone for lithics. Groups of about 25-50 people would work as a unit at base camps and breakup into smaller units to gather resources utilizing smaller camps (Barber 2020).

Diagnostic artifacts recovered from Early Archaic sites include Charleston Corner Notched, Palmer and Kirk, Amos, Warren, Big Sandy, Kessell and ending with Kirk Stemmed points. During this time period, the bifurcate tradition was developed, and thumb nosed scrapers continued to be used. Also, ground stone tools such as axes, celts, adzes and grinding stones make their first appearance. Towards the end of this period there is an increased reliance on a wider range of lithic resources (Coe 1964; Custer 1990).

There is only one site recorded in Amherst County that has an Early Archaic component. Site 44AH0276 dating to this time period is located within 3 miles (4.8 km) of the project area. This site was identified through surface collection in a plowed field atop a ridge, and consisted of stone flakes, chunks, two bifaces, and a projectile point that was possibly a Poplar Island period point.

The Middle Archaic period coincided with a relatively warm and dry period. Sites dating to this time period are more numerous suggesting an increase in population. and sites appear to be occupied for longer periods of time (Delcourt and Delcourt 1987; Stoltman and Baerreis 1983). The people of this time period were thought to comprise small groups of highly mobile hunter-gathers exploiting upland forests of oak and hickory which spread during this warmer dryer period. Because of this new

forest growth nuts and berries began to play an important role in their diets. Despite the number of Middle Archaic sites located in the uplands they likely exploited resources over a vast area including the estuary system around the Chesapeake Bay (Egghart 2020a).

During this time period there was an increased use of ground stone tools, cobble tools and a shift to local lithics in crafting projectile points. Projectile points from this time period include Stanley Stemmed, Morrow Mountain Stemmed, Guilford Lanceolate and Halifax Side-Notched. LeCroy points are seen as coinciding with the beginning of the Middle Archaic with Savannah River points marking the end of the period (Egghart 2020a).

Two sites dating to this time period were found within three miles (4.8 km) of the project area. Site 44AH0277 is recorded as a Middle Archaic open air quarry site. Artifacts were surface collected from a plowed field and included quartz flakes and one possible Brewerton schist side notched projectile point. Site 44AH0660 is recorded as a Middle Archaic to Early Woodland period camp. Artifacts collected from a plowed field include flakes, cores, fire cracked rock, and sand and quartz tempered ceramic sherds.

By the Late Archaic Period, the population in Virginia could have been in the tens of thousands. In order to feed the growing number of people, hunting and gathering practices had to intensify. At the beginning of the Late Archaic Period retreating glaciers led to higher sea levels on the Atlantic seaboard. This allowed for the development of large estuaries and tidal wetlands that were beneficial to the development of coastal resources such as fish and shellfish. Groups began settling along river valleys, the lower portion of the coastal plain tributaries of major rivers and near swamps. At riverside sites large hearths of fire-cracked rock have been found suggesting Late Archaic people prepared large amounts of food there. Because of this some archaeologists have hypothesized that fish began to play a larger role in the diet. Platform hearths seen during this period are interpreted as being associated with fish processing (Dent 1995:185).

During this period, they may also have begun to domesticate plants such as goosefoot, squash and gourds (Yarnell 1976:268; Chapman and Shea 1981:70). They also used squash and gourds for food storage in addition to earthen pits (Egloff and Woodward 2006:22). Other characteristics of this time period are an increase in sedentism, the beginnings of long-distance trade networks and societies becoming less egalitarian (Egghart 2020b).

The projectile point technology of the Late Archaic Period is dominated by stemmed and notched point forms, many with broad blades, likely used as projectiles or knives. These points diminish in size towards the latter portion of this period (Dent 1995; Justice 1995).

Two sites dating to this time period were found within three miles (4.8 km) of the project area. Site 44AH0276 dating to this time period is located within 3 miles (4.8 km) of the project area. This site was identified through surface collection in a plowed field atop a ridge, and consisted of stone flakes, chunks, two bifaces, and a projectile point that was possibly a Poplar Island period point. Site 44AH0660 is recorded as a Middle Archaic to Early Woodland period camp. Artifacts collected from a plowed field include flakes, cores, fire cracked rock, and sand and quartz tempered ceramic sherds.

Woodland Period (1200 B.C.- A.D. 1600)

Like the Archaic Period, the Woodland Period is also divided into three phases: Early (1,200 -500 B.C.), Middle (500 B.C.-A.D. 900) and Late (A.D. 900-1600). The beginning of the Woodland period is usually marked by the appearance of pottery in the archaeological record which was used for storing and cooking food. Also, the Native Americans of the Woodland period began to maintain a greater reliance on horticulture and agriculture which increased sedentism and the nucleating of societies (Klein and Klatka 1991; Mouer 1991).

In the Piedmont region of Virginia, Early Woodland settlements are located along rivers as well as in interior areas and there is evidence to suggest the Piedmont areas developed a more sedentary lifestyle during this time (Klein and Klatka 1991; Mouer 1991). A number of Early Woodland sites in the Piedmont are large permanent or semi-permanent villages. This corresponds with the domestication of plants such as the goosefoot and sunflower along intentionally cleared riverine areas. Also, long distance trade appears to decline with exotic items becoming less prominent. In the Coastal Plain, Early Woodland sites are scarce and appear to be seasonal in nature and occupied for short durations (Egghart 2020c). Early Woodland projectile points include various stemmed or lanceolate forms and include a variety of small, stemmed point types (Coe 1964; McLearen 1991).

Two sites dating to this time period was found within three miles (4.8 km) of the project area. Site 44AH0273 is recorded as an Early to Late Woodland camp. Artifacts collected from a plowed field included 1 quartz point (probably Potts), 1 chalcedony point tip, 1 quartz preform, 1 quartz blank, 1 quartz point (probably Clarksville Small Triangular), 9 quartz chipping debris, 28 quartz flakes, and 1 chalcedony flake. Site 44AH0660 is recorded as a Middle Archaic to Early Woodland period camp. Artifacts collected from a plowed field include flakes, cores, fire cracked rock, and sand and quartz tempered ceramic sherds.

In the Middle Woodland Period people move away from smaller tributaries and began to settle along estuaries and major streams and also began to organize into larger groups (Hantman and Klein 1992). They became more sedentary and exploited riverine and estuarine resources such as fish, deer, waterfowl and turkey

along with nuts, amaranth and chenopod seeds. The spear was replaced by the bow and arrow for hunting and corn had transformed into the large ears familiar today (Egloff and Woodward 2006:25). During this time period specialized crafts and increased trade over long distances is noted. With this comes evidence of rank societies and the spreading of religious and ritual behavior including symbols and regional styles in ceramics (Nash 2020).

Modification in ceramic manufacturing is characteristic of the Middle Woodland Period with Pope's Creek ceramics being associated with the beginning of this period and Mockley ceramics with the later. Pope's Creek ceramics are tempered with medium to coarse sand, with occasional quartz inclusions, and interior scoring has also been recorded (Stephenson 1963:94; McLearen and Mouer 1989). The majority of Pope's Creek ceramics have net-impressed surfaces (Egloff and Potter 1982:99). Shell-tempered Mockley ceramics first appeared around 200 A.D. in Virginia to southern Delaware. There was a variation in surface treatments for Mockley that included plain, cord-marked and net-impressed (Egloff and Potter 1982:103). The pottery of the Piedmont was similar to that of neighboring regions, though it was tempered with quartz and sand, and fabric, net and cord markings were common (Egloff and Woodward 2006:35).

The highest concentration of Middle Woodland sites is east of the Fall Line (Nash 2020). As such, one site dating to this time period was found within three miles (4.8 km) of the project area. Site 44AH0273 is recorded as an Early to Late Woodland camp. Artifacts collected from a plowed field included 1 quartz point (probably Potts), 1 chalcedony point tip, 1 quartz preform, 1 quartz blank, 1 quartz point (probably Clarksville Small Triangular), 9 quartz chipping debris, 28 quartz flakes, and 1 chalcedony flake.

The use of domesticated plants had assumed a major role in the prehistoric subsistence system by the Late Woodland Period. The arrival and cultivation of beans joined corn and squash as the three major crops (Egloff and Woodward 2006:26). The adoption of agriculture represented a major change in the prehistoric subsistence economy and settlement patterns. Expanses of arable land became a dominant settlement factor, and sites were located on fertile floodplain soils or, in many cases, on higher terraces or ridges adjacent to them. Native Americans in Virginia became more populous and developed strong identities to their local settings. They became more sedentary and organized into villages and small hamlets with more substantial housing that may have been placed in rows around a plaza. These villages were highly nucleated and occasionally fortified with palisades. The fortifications demonstrate inter-group conflict (Egloff and Woodward 2006:26; Means and Moore 2020).

One site dating to this time period was found within three miles (4.8 km) of the project area. Site 44AH0273 is recorded as an Early to Late Woodland camp.

Artifacts collected from a plowed field included 1 quartz point (probably Potts), 1 chalcedony point tip, 1 quartz preform, 1 quartz blank, 1 quartz point (probably Clarksville Small Triangular), 9 quartz chipping debris, 28 quartz flakes, and 1 chalcedony flake.

Project Area History

The Spanish were the first recorded Europeans to reside in what would become Virginia. A mission was established along the York River in 1570 that was short lived. Native Americans attacked the Jesuits there and killed all except an altar boy who was later rescued by the Spanish (Mallios 2006). It was not until 1607 when the English established the Jamestown colony on the James River. Despite many hardships Jamestown prevailed and did not succumb to the failures that plagued the Roanoke and Popham colonies (Pickett and Pickett 2011).

In 1619, Virginia was the place where the first Africans landed in British North America. They were enslaved and were originally meant to go to a Dutch colony but ended up in Jamestown (Horn 2018). The arrival of these people coincided with the beginning of tobacco being cultivated in Virginia as a cash crop for the European market, and they were quickly forced into the laborer role for the crop and others, such as hemp and cotton further south (Horn 2018; Kulikoff 1986; Taylor 2002). With the successful cultivation of tobacco, people began to move further away from the colonial center at Jamestown in search of land. Tobacco was grown by just about everyone from large landowners to tenant farmers (Kulikoff 1986: 4-5; Rutman and Rutman 1984: 41-43). In order to be financially successful, large landowners needed an abundance of labor. Indentured servants and enslaved individuals were used to fulfill this need but by the second half of the 17th century the labor force began to be dominated by enslaved Africans (Morgan 1975).

Tobacco was a driving force in Virginia society and culture and served as one part of the Triangular Trade System. The farmers who made money selling their tobacco crops used that money to buy more enslaved people, which they in turn used to make more tobacco and turn a larger profit. In order to maximize their output, these farmers eventually moved out of cities and into larger tracts of land to have more space to grow the crop. More land required more enslaved people to work the land, so more and more people were bought and sold to keep up with the demand for tobacco (Horn 2018; Kulikoff 1986; Taylor 2002). This pushed expansion westward through the state and lead to the establishment of more counties that primarily consisted of slave labor-led plantations, minimal civic sector buildings, and three main roads connecting these isolated areas to major cities (Horn 2018; Kulikoff 1986; Taylor 2002).

The need for land in order to grow tobacco caused colonists to increasingly encroach on lands controlled by the Powhatan Confederacy. This led to increased

conflict which resulted in the Powhatan uprising of 1622 (Horn 2018; Kulikoff 1986; Taylor 2002). In 1622, tribes belonging to the confederacy attacked settlements up and down the James River. These attacks alarmed colonial officials and led to the British Crown taking over the colony from the Virginia Company in 1624. Trading posts were established up the James River and by 1654, New Kent County was formed from land annexed from the neighboring York County.

By the mid-18th century, the Virginia Peninsula was a flourishing community compared to other areas of the colony (Figure 6). Williamsburg had become the center of the colony but the rural areas around the town were not as developed. These areas mostly contained large tobacco plantations and smaller freehold and tenant farms. The tobacco industry and economy began to decline as the market became flooded by overproduction. This along with drought and poor crops caused most of Virginia to go into an economic depression. Planters also found it difficult to compete with the higher-quality tobacco being produced on the newly opened lands of the Piedmont. This forced many planters to grow corn and wheat instead (Wheeler 1972).



Figure 6. Project vicinity depicted on Fry, Joshua, Peter Jefferson, Robert Sayer, and Thomas Jefferys, 1775 *A map of the most inhabited part of Virginia containing the whole province of Maryland with part of Pensilvania, New Jersey and North Carolina*. Printed for Robt. Sayer, London (Library of Congress).

When the British invaded North Carolina in May 1776, Virginia officials feared that Williamsburg was too vulnerable. On June 12, 1779, a decision was made to relocate the seat of Virginia's government to Richmond (McCartney and Kiddle 2001:13). With this relocation, Williamsburg's population and importance fell (Del Sordo et al. 2008:15)

It was not until the latter part of 1780 that Virginia saw any major attacks during the Revolutionary War. In October 1780 British Major General Alexander Leslie arrived with over 2,000 troops, but that attack was just a diversion to disrupt supplies and support Lord Cornwallis's campaign in the Carolinas. Leslie left after only a month in the Hampton Roads area. The following summer British raiders had gone as far inland as Charlottesville burning military stores in the colony (Salmon and Campbell 1994). The Stage Road through the peninsula served as a transportation corridor for these troops and artillery (McCartney 1997:230).

The British were defeated at the Battle of Yorktown in the Fall of 1781 with the help of the French fleet which blocked the mouth of Chesapeake Bay. American and French forces remained in the region until the following year. When Rochambeau's army left in July 1782, they camped a night at Drinking Spring, between present-day Norge and Toano (McCartney 1997:230).

In 1812 the United States went to War again with Great Britain. The two overriding reasons for this war were trade restrictions and the impressment of American sailors. During the War of 1812 the British used their navy to attack and raid up and down the Chesapeake Bay and the rivers feeding it (Pickett and Heinrich 2001).

During the war, British ships entered the James River and attacked Craney Island, and blockaded Hampton Roads. This led to infantrymen from James City and York counties to be sent to Norfolk and Hampton to repel the British if they came ashore. Regiments from Charles City and New Kent counties were also sent to protect Williamsburg. During the summer of 1813, British forces moved up and down the James River, periodically coming on shore and plundering homes (McCartney 1997:247-248).

As the nation became more stable, interest turned to transportation improvements. Virginia's General Assembly created a Board of Public Works in 1816. The Stage Road provided a frequently used means of accessing markets in New Kent and Williamsburg and beyond (McCartney 1997) (Figure 7). The road is shown on the below map several miles south of the project area running west northwest.



Figure 7. Project vicinity depicted on Böÿe, Herman, Henry Schenck Tanner, E. B Dawson, and William Branch Giles, 1827 *A map of the state of Virginia: reduced from the nine sheet map of the state in conformity to law.* H.S. Tanner and E.B. Dawson, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Library of Congress).

On April 17, 1861, Virginia seceded from the Union at the onset of the Civil War. It quickly became apparent to the Confederates that the Union presence at Fort Monroe, at the easternmost tip of the peninsula, posed a serious threat to the region. As a result, this area was the site of numerous battles. In the spring and summer of 1862, Maj. Gen. George B. McClellan directed the Peninsula Campaign. His plan was to advance towards Richmond up the Virginia Peninsula. In response, Confederate General Magruder had three parallel lines of earthworks constructed across the peninsula. These earthworks incorporated the region's steep ravines and waterways and extended between the heads of the Poquoson and Warwick Rivers, from Yorktown to Mulberry Island, and just east of Williamsburg (McCartney 1997:305).

The Battle of Eltham's Landing took place to the northeast of the project area on May 7th, 1862. The battle was part of the Peninsula Campaign and was little more than a heavy skirmish. It was fought between Brig. Gen William Franklin of the Union and Brig. Gen G. W. Smith of the Confederacy. The Confederate troops were retreating from the Battle of Williamsburg the days before towards Richmond and the Union troops were attempting to interfere, but to no avail. The core of the battle is located to the northeast of the project area, but a small section of the APE is inside the Potential National Register boundary.

Two Civil War era maps depict the project parcel in reasonable detail. The 1860's (exact date unknown) map shows a dirt road entering the project area at its southern border with Polish Town Road, which runs east along the property bounds before meeting with the unnamed and now-extinct dirt road on the eastern border of the property (Figure 8). It depicts seven houses surrounding the tract at a good distance, along with a Battlefield dated to May 6, 1862 to the east. A house labeled "Mrs. Hilliard" sits along the border of the central portion of the project parcel in the APE, as well as a structure labeled "In Memoria of Warin Church (Ruin)" on the eastern border of the parent parcel, outside of the APE. This structure is Archaeological Resource 44NK0041. The 1863 map shows the same roadway configuration, but the houses to the south of the project parcel are no longer listed, and neither is the one named for Mrs. Hilliard that was potentially inside the APE (Figure 9). Both maps show vegetation in a way that suggests the parcel was partially forested, along with elevated ridges throughout upon which the house and church once stood.

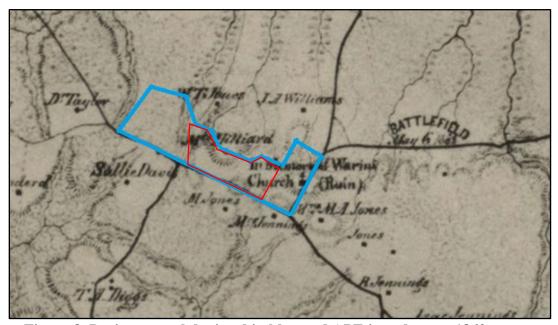


Figure 8. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on an 1860s exact date unknown Civil War map, Gilmer and Minis. *Map of New Kent, Charles City, James City and York counties*. Retrieved from the Library of Congress, www.loc.gov



Figure 9. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1863 Civil War map Confederate States of America. Army Dept. Of Northern Virginia. Chief Engineer's Office. Map of the counties of Charles City, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King William, New Kent, and part of the counties of Caroline and Louisa, Virginia. Retrieved from the Library of Congress, www.loc.gov

The 1918 and 1917 topographic maps no longer show Mrs. Hilliard's house nor many of the other structures noted in the 1860s. They also do not indicate vegetation, but do depict a dirt road branch of Parham Landing Road running north through the center of the project parcel and west side of the APE (Figure 10). The road leads northward towards the Pamunkey River and crosses off the property near the western boundary. Sections of this road still exist north of Eltham Road where it is identified as Parham Landing Road. An additional unnamed dirt road is depicted on the eastern border of the property leading north from Polish Town Road. Only one house east, one house west, one house north, and two houses south of the project parcel are shown at that time. No structure is depicted along the dirt road on the project parcel on either of these maps.



Figure 10. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1918 West Point and 1917 Toano, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022)

Beginning with the 1965 topographic maps, the parcel is shown as being wooded (Figure 11). The Henrico County Regional Jail is depicted on the map under the name "State Prison Camp #16" and three potential houses are depicted south of the project parcel. A 1963 aerial view depicts the more wooded nature of the property (Figure 12). A series of dirt roads can be seen crisscrossing the middle of the property east of where Rte. 634 extends north through the parcel into Parham Landing Road. The only difference shown in the 1960s topographic maps is that Polish Town Road is briefly referred to as Peartree Road on the Toano 1965 map. The parcel has been mostly unchanged since 1963, except for the regular harvesting of trees for silviculture and the construction of the Weir Creek Industrial Park in 2010 (Figure 13).

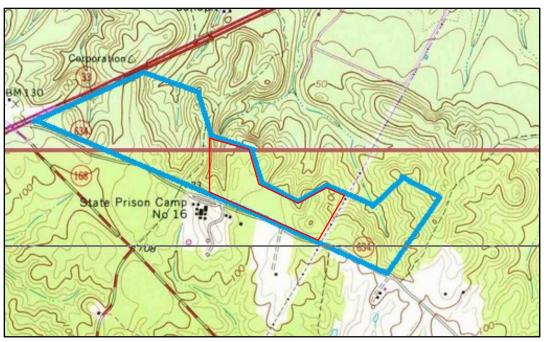


Figure 11. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1965 Toano and West Point, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022)



Figure 12. A 1963 aerial of the property depicting the wooded nature of the project parcel in blue, APE in red (NETROnline).



Figure 13. An aerial photo form 2010 depicting the final tree harvest and leveling for the industrial park, APE in red.

Previous Investigations

H&P reviewed the Virginia Department of Historic Resources' (VDHR) Virginia Cultural Resource Information System (V-CRIS) for previously recorded cultural resources and previously conducted Phase I Archaeological Surveys in the vicinity of the project area.

A review of these resources within 0.5 miles of the project parcel boundaries identified one previously recorded archaeological site, five previously recorded architectural resources and one previous Phase I Archaeological Survey (Figures 14 and 15, Table 2).

Architectural resource 063-0054 and archaeological site 44NK0041 are registered together as a church and the associated cemeteries that were established in 1653 in the Blisland Parish. According to Civil War maps, the church was abandoned by the 1780s and was in ruins by the 1840s. It lies adjacent to the northeastern property boundary of the project parcel. Architectural Resource 063-0267, an unevaluated c. 1920s dwelling, is located west of the project parcel along Rte. 249 directly across from Architectural Resource 063-0268, an unevaluated c. 1920s service station. Architectural Resource 063-0269 is an unevaluated c. 1930s single family home west of the project parcel. Historic resource 063-5009 is Eltham's Landing

Battlefield, a Civil War battlefield, located partly inside the project area, including a small portion of the APE. The battle was fought in 1862 to the northeast of the project parcel, but the complete range of it extends into the eastern portion of the project area.

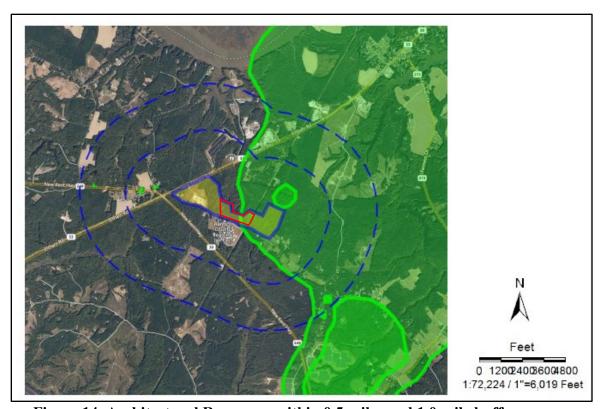


Figure 14. Architectural Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers.

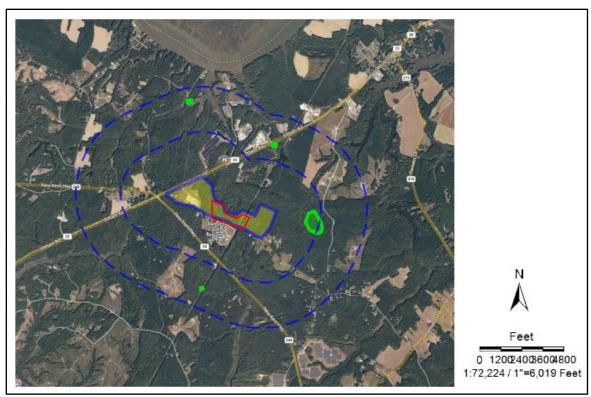


Figure 15. Archaeological Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers.

Site/Structure	Name	Туре	Temporal Affiliation	NR Eligilility
063-0054 44NK0041	Upper Blisland Parish Church/Warren Church	Church	1653-1840s	Not Evaluated
063-0267		Single Dwelling	1920s	Not Evaluated
063-0268		Service Station	1920s	Not Evaluated
063-0269	Sledge House	Single Dwelling	1930s	Not Evaluated
063-5009	Eltham's Landing Battlefield	Civil War Battlefield	1862	Potentially Eligible
NK-036	Phase I Cultural Resource Survey of the	Phase I survey		N/A

Wet Wood		
Property, New		
Kent County,		
Virginia		

Table 2. Historic resources recorded within 0.5 miles of the project parcel.

Expanding the V-CRIS search to 1 mile takes in three additional archaeological sites and three additional architectural resources (Figures 16 and 17, Table 3). No additional Phase I archaeological surveys are recorded within one mile. Archaeological site 44NK0014 is a multicomponent site featuring a Woodland period lithic scatter and a historic period domestic site located north of the project parcel. Archaeological site 44NK0207 is a Woodland period lithic scatter and encampment located south of the project parcel. Archaeological site 44NK0302 is a historic artifact scatter from the early national period located north of the project parcel.

Architectural resource 063-0266 is an unevaluated c. 1920s single family home located west of the project parcel. Architectural resource 063-0285 is an unevaluated c. 1920s church east of the project parcel. Architectural resource 063-5074 is an unevaluated 1963 single family home located east of the project parcel.

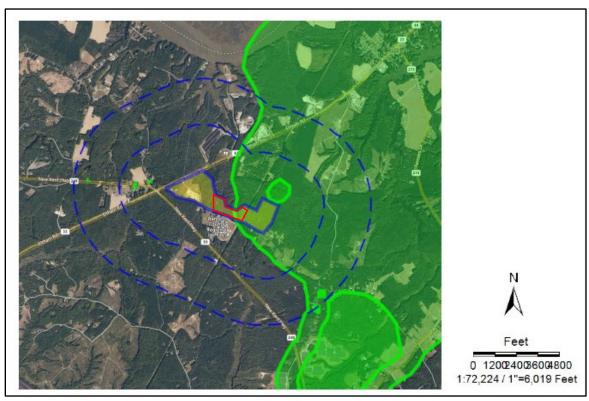


Figure 16. Architectural Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers.

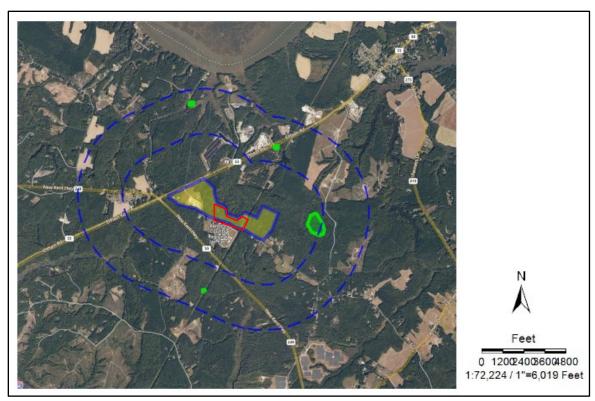


Figure 17. Archaeological Resources within 0.5 miles and 1.0 mile buffers.

Site/Structure	Name	Type	Temporal	NR
			Affiliation	Eligibility
063-0266		Single Dwelling	1920s	Not
				Evaluated
063-0285		Church	1920s	Not
				Evaluated
063-5074		Single Dwelling	1963	Not
				Evaluated
44NK0014		Lithic	Woodland	Not
		Scatter/Historic	Period/18th	Evaluated
		Domestic	century	
44NK0207		Lithic Scatter	Woodland	Not
			Period	Evaluated
44NK0302		Domestic	Early	Not
		Scatter	National	Evaluated
			Period	

Table 3. Historic resources recorded within 1.0 mile of the project parcel.

Site Potential

H&P reviewed online sources related to the project parcel's environmental setting, previous cultural resources surveys in the vicinity of the parcel, previously recorded cultural resources in the vicinity, historic aerial images and historic maps. These sources allow us to assess the potential for the project APE and its immediate vicinity to contain historic properties that may be affected by any future project and to make recommendations concerning the need for cultural resources surveys.

The review shows that wooded former fields in the project parcel contain soils considered to be prime farmland. Four intermittent streams, fed by an unnamed tributary of the Pamunkey River north of the parcel, cut north-south across the project parcel. In addition, several ridge fingers formed by the streams extend north across the property creating steep ravines. The gently to moderately sloping parts of the property may have been attractive to Native Americans for hunting and constructing temporary encampments.

Archaeological data is scarce in the project vicinity as only one survey has been conducted in close proximity. There is one site recorded within 0.5 miles of the project parcel which was projected from Civil War era mapping, and an additional three artifact scatter sites recorded from 0.5-1 miles. Three unevaluated architectural resources have been recorded within 0.5 miles. These consist of twentieth-century dwellings and a twentieth-century service station, with two being located to the west of the property and one located to the east. Each of these is potentially within the viewshed of any development on the parcel.

Historic aerial images and maps show that the parcel has been wooded at least since the early twentieth century, while the Civil War era maps suggest the area was partially cleared. Meanwhile, the project parcel has been variously cleared and replanted during the late twentieth century as a result of silviculture up through 2010 when it was most recently cleared. The Weir Creek Industrial Park is the only confirmed structure on the larger property. It is depicted as early as 2010 when the property was cleared, and the western portion was leveled. A possible house is indicated on the 1863 Gilmer map near the north border of the center of the property within the APE, along with several houses located near the larger property bounds in all cardinal directions. The Eltham's Landing Battlefield from the 1862 Civil War battle extends through the eastern portion of the APE. In addition to the 19th century structure indicated on the Gilmer map, the parcel's location near the intersection of two historic roads suggests that there is a moderate chance that historic period sites may be present in the APE.

4. FIELD AND LABORATORY METHODS

The goal of the present archaeological survey was to identify any archaeological sites in or eligible for listing in the NRHP within the project's APE. The survey methodology employed to meet this goal was chosen with regard to the project's scope (i.e., the project's potential to affect significant resources, should they be present), the potential of the APE to contain significant archaeological resources, and local field conditions.

Prior to initiating the field study, H&P notified VA 811 and had utilities marked. Once in the field, the APE was subjected to a surface reconnaissance to assess conditions and identify any surface indications of archaeological sites. The project area had minimal surface visibility so it was determined that the entire APE would require shovel testing.

Shovel test pits (STPs) were excavated at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along transects spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart. The STPs measured 15 inches (38.1cm) in diameter and were excavated stratigraphically to 0.4ft. (12cm) into culturally sterile subsoil. All soil from the STPs was screened through 0.25-inch (0.64-cm) mesh to facilitate artifact recovery. Soil profiles were recorded using Munsell Soil Color charts and standard soils nomenclature (Kollmorgen Instruments Corporation 1992). All positive STPs were delineated using radial STPs excavated at half intervals or less. STPs were not excavated in areas with slopes greater than 15 percent, areas of previous construction disturbance and waterlogged areas. All shovel test locations were recorded and mapped. Due to thick tree coverage, the precise STP location may vary by 3-6 feet.

As part of the Phase I archaeological survey, a metal detection survey was conducted in the eastern portion of the APE where the parcel extends into Eltham's Landing Battlefield (DHR ID# 063-5009). Metal detection was conducted along transects spaced 6 feet apart and targets being investigated as discovered. All metal detection was conducted by experienced operators using a Minelab Equinox 800. All legitimate targets were recorded via GPS. Targets were excavated individually in precise holes not to exceed 6 inches in diameter. Artifact depth was recorded during recovery. All targets were then plotted and mapped across the project area. Modern trash was noted and discarded.

All artifacts recovered as a result of this survey have been processed and prepared for curation by the Hurt & Proffitt Archaeological Materials Laboratory in accordance with the specifications in Curation of Federally Owned and Administered Archaeological Collections (36 CFR Part 79) and the VDHR's State Curation Standards. Artifacts retained during this investigation will be stored

temporarily at the H&P laboratory and curated along with all original field records and photographs at the VDHR at the conclusion of the project.

5. RESULTS

The Phase I archaeological survey resulted in the excavation of 485 STPs, with 25 being positive for cultural material (Figure 18). Thirty-six shovel test transects were laid out and spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart running north to south across the APE. Three additional transects were placed running east to west on the southern border of the APE where the road easement exists. A total of 441 shovel test pits (STPs) were then placed at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along those transects. Another 44 STPs were placed at 25-foot (7.62m) intervals around STPs that were positive for cultural material. A total of 485 STPs were excavated with 25 being positive for cultural material. The positive STPs were concentrated mostly near the northwest section of the project near the north property border and in the central southern section near the south border.

The stratigraphy in the APE consisted of an upper stratum that developed from forestation and silvacultural activity with clay subsoil inclusions. Layer A measured between 0.1-0.6 feet (2.5-15.2cm) deep. The soil was a dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2) sandy loam. This layer was on top of a transition layer of brown (10YR 5/3) sandy loam that was between .8-1.2 feet (20.3-35.56cm) deep. Layer C was a strong brown (7.5YR5/8) sandy clay loam subsoil (Figures 19 through 21).



Figure 18. Shovel Test Pit (STP) location map.

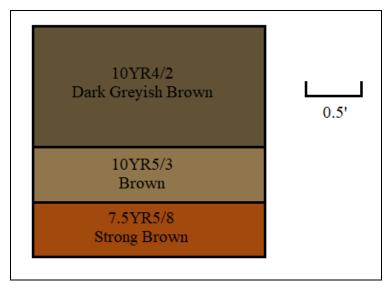


Figure 19. Representative STP, T13-12



Figure 20. STP north profile, T13-12.

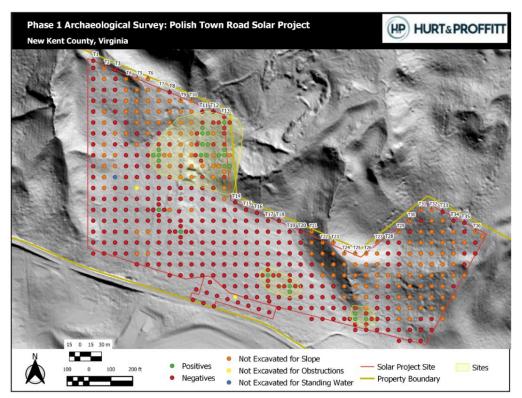


Figure 21. Site Location Map.

The entirety of the project area was located in a thickly wooded pine silvaculture forest, and as such experienced severe disturbance from the continuous harvesting and replanting of trees (Figure 22). This created deep root wells, push piles and steeply sloped washes across the APE that affected site integrity. STPs located on slopes of more than 15% or in heavily disturbed areas were not excavated. The metal detection survey was conducted in the eastern portion of the APE where the parcel extends into Eltham's Landing Battlefield (DHR ID# 063-5009). Metal detection was conducted along transects spaced 6 feet apart where tree coverage and slope allowed. All metal detection was conducted by experienced operators using a Minelab Equinox 800.

As a result of the survey, six metal detector hits consisting of four shotgun shells and two wire nails, three isolated historic artifacts, and three sites were identified (Figure 23). In total, 188 artifacts and 547.5 grams of brick were found in the APE. The metal detector hits were likely refuse left behind by hunters utilizing the property. The isolated artifacts consisted of a small fragment of pearlware, several fragments of brick, and a fragment of bottle glass that broke during excavation (Table 3).



Figure 22. Photo depicting the forested nature of the property.

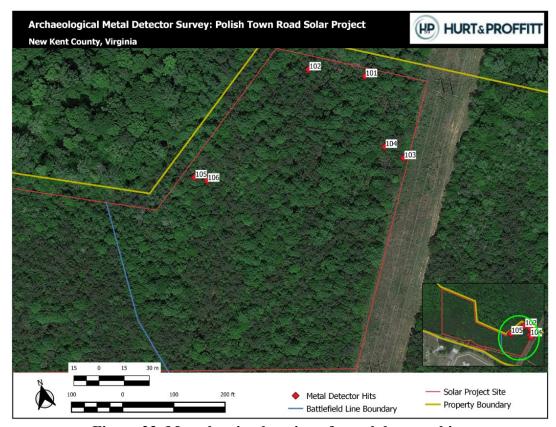


Figure 23. Map showing location of metal detector hits.

LOCATION	ARTIFACT	COLOR/DECORATION
STP T7-6	Brick	None
STP T9-5	Pearlware	None
STP T30-1	Bottle Glass	None
MD-1	Shotgun Cap	None
MD-2	Shotgun Cap	None
MD-3	Shotgun Cap	None
MD-4	Shotgun Cap	None
MD-5	Wire Nail	None
MD-6	Wire Nail	None

Table 4. Isolated finds and metal detector hits.

44NK0306

44NK0306 is a multicomponent site featuring low concentration of early to mid-20th century artifacts and a singular lithic flake located in the southeast portion of the project area just north of Polish Town Road (Figure 24). A total of 17 artifacts and 30.4g of brick were recovered, along with 34 fragments of a singular modern bottle that was recently broken on the surface. The artifacts consisted of wire nails, iron can fragments, press molded bottle glass, and a single cut nail. The lithic flake was a primary flake made of locally occurring quartzite. This site is located in the southern portion of the APE near the property boundary at the base of a steeply sloped wash.

The presence of the press molded bottle glass fragments dates the site as post-1905 when press molded bottles were introduced to the American context. The cut nail was introduced around the turn of the 19th century, however they are still currently being made and sold in home improvement stores in Virginia. This site was likely a refuse scatter from the early to mid-20th century.



Figure 24. 44NK0306 facing north.

44NK0307

44NK0307 is located in the southwestern portion of the APE near the property border, and consists of four artifacts dating to the mid-19th century. One shard of press molded bottle glass and three cut nails along with 3.0g brick and 3.9g lime mortar were recovered from two STPS (Figure 25). These artifacts might be related to the Civil War map-projected house named for Mrs. Hilliard located near the northern border of the project area.



Figure 25. 44NK0307 facing west.

44NK0308

44NK0308 is a multicomponent site featuring moderate concentration of late 18th to mid-19th century artifacts and a singular prehistoric pottery fragment located in the northwest portion of the project area that extends eastward out of the project parcel (Figures 26 through 29). It is located at the far back of the project parcel on the northwestern border. The site boundaries continue beyond the parcel boundaries and as such, were not subject to the Phase I survey. The area features a small ridge finger that creates a relatively flat plateau surrounded by steep washes leading away from the project parcel. A bamboo thicket is growing in the area surrounding a modern refuse dump.

A total of 118 artifacts, in addition to 352.7g of brick and 41.9g lime mortar were recovered. The artifacts consisted mostly of bottle glass, flat glass, whiteware, pearlware, creamware, and five cut nails. Five kaolin pipestem fragments and four creamware fragments were also recovered. The prehistoric pottery sherd was a sand tempered low fire earthenware fragment.

Given the lack of nails and high amount of glass and ceramics recovered, this concentration of artifacts is likely a trash midden associated with the Civil Warmapped structure in the area (Mrs. Hilliard's House). The construction date of the house is unknown, however the presence of the kaolin pipestems (TPQ early 18th century) and the creamware and pearlware (TPQs 1749 and 1790) suggests that an 18th century establishment is most likely. The house no longer existed by the 20th century when more mapping took place in the region, which aligns with the sharp drop off of late-19th century artifacts.



Figure 26. 44NK0308 facing east.



Figure 27. A photo depicting the trash midden.



Figure 28. A photo depicting the bamboo grove.



Figure 29. Sand tempered pottery sherd found in T13-13 Radial West

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Phase I archaeological survey resulted in the discovery of three historic sites dating from the late 18th to early 20th century. In addition, four isolated historic artifacts and six isolated metal detector hits were found.

44NK0306 is located in the southeast part of the project area just north of Polish Town Road. It consists of 17 artifacts dating from the late-19th century through the mid-20th century, in addition to 34 shards of a recently broken glass bottle on the surface. This artifact concentration is probably related to relatively recent disposal activities associated with the road which has existed in approximately the same location since the mid-19th century.

44NK0307 is located in the southwestern portion of the APE and consists of just four artifacts dating throughout the 19th century. These artifacts are likely related to disposal activities associated with the Civil War map-project Mrs. Hilliard's House. The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy along with a low number of artifacts suggests this site has little research potential. As such this leads H&P to recommend that this site is not eligible for the NRHP.

44NK0308 is a moderate concentration of artifacts dating from the late 18th to mid-19th

century located in the northwestern section of the APE. The artifact concentration extends outside the APE to the east. Given the relative lack of architectural artifacts this concentration is likely not related to a structure in this area but instead might be related to disposal activities associated with the Civil War map-projected Mrs. Hilliard's House. This house, which has yet to be recorded or located, potentially lies to the northeast of the property boundaries near the central region outside of the project parcel.

The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests it has little research potential. This leads H&P to recommend that the portion of 44NK0308 located within the present APE does not contribute to the potential eligibility of the larger site. Despite the 18th century date of some of these artifacts, their low number and the lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests this site has little research potential. As such this leads H&P to recommend that this site is not eligible for the NRHP.

In summary, all three sites, or portions thereof, identified within the APE during the current survey, have little research potential because of the lack of intact stratigraphy and discernible features, and relatively low artifact densities. H&P recommends no further work within the APE.

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- 2020b State Plan and Research Design Late Archaic (2500 BC–1100 BC). In *The Archaeology of Virginia's First People*. Edited by Elizabeth A. Moore and Bernard K. Means. The Archeological Society of Virginia, Richmond.
- 2020c State Plan and Research Design Early Woodland (1100 BC 500 BC). In *The Archaeology of Virginia's First People*. Edited by Elizabeth A. Moore and Bernard K. Means. The Archaeological Society of Virginia, Richmond.

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ARTIFACT INVENTORY

Site Number STP Num	ber	Category	Туре	Form Length (cm)	Size (mm)	Weight (g)	Count
MD-1		Shotgun Shell Cap	.,,,,	zengan (em)	22	4.2	1
MD-2		Shotgun Shell Cap			22	4.5	1
MD-3		Shotgun Shell Cap			22	7.4	1
MD-4		Shotgun Shell Cap			22	5.9	1
MD-5		Wire Nail		6.8		6.2	1
MD-6		Wire Nail		7.5		7.2	1
T11-12		Whiteware			25	1.4	1
T11-12	RE	Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		60	26.8	1
T11-13	3	Bottle Glass			15	0.7	1
T11-13	RE	Cutter Bar Fragment		5.6		76.5	1
T11-13	RE	Bottle Glass	Press Molded		35	3.9	1
T11-13	RE	Bottle Glass	Press Molded		35	5.3	1
T11-13	RE	Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		15-70	134.6	12
T11-13	RE	Ironstone			20-45	9.1	2
T11-13	RE	Whiteware			10-30	4.5	2
T11-13	RE	Pearlware	Shell Edged		10-20	0.7	2
T11-13	RE	European Hard Paste Porcleain			30	2.9	1
T11-14		Whiteware			20	1.6	1
T11-14		American Salt Glazed			50	32.2	1
T11-14		Cut Nail		4.4-4.5		11.3	3
T11-14		Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		35-110	43.1	2
T11-14		Black Lead Glazed Redware			25	4	1
T11-14 I		Brick				66.6	
T11-14		Lime Mortar		4.6.2.0		11.3	-
T11-14 I		Unidentified Nail		1.6-3.9		21.7	7
T11-14		Cut Nail		2.1-3.6		8.9	2
T11-14		Cutter Bar		11.5	15	140.2	
T11-14		Flat Glass			15 15	0.2	6 1
T11-14 T11-14		Lightbulb Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		20	0.2	1
T11-14 I		Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		15-25	4.6	8
T11-14 I		unknown	Diowii iii iiioia		15	0.3	1
T11-14 I		American Salt Glazed			35-50	31.8	2
T11-14 I		American Salt Glazed			40	6.6	1
T11-14 I	RN	Black Lead Glazed Redware			35	2.7	1
T11-14 I	RN	Pearlware			10-20	2.4	7
T11-14 I	RN	Whiteware			25-30	3.6	2
T11-14 I	RN	Whiteware	Transfer Printed		15	0.2	1
T11-14 I	RN	Whiteware	Transfer Printed		15	0.3	1
T11-14 I	RN	Yelloware			25	1.2	1
T11-3	3	Flat Glass			15-40	12	5
T11-3	3	Whiteware			15	0.8	2
T13-12		Brick				19	
T13-12		Lime Mortar				12.3	
T13-12		Iron Bar		13.4		192.8	1
T13-12		Flat Glass			10	0.2	1
T13-12		Creamware			10	0.2	1
T13-12		Pearlware			15	0.7	3
T13-12		Unidentified Ceramic			10	0.9	2
T13-12		Whiteware Brick			20	2.5 39	1
T13-13		Lime Mortar				18.3	
T13-13		Bottle Glass			35	4	1
T13-13		Pearlware			10-15	0.9	3
T13-13		Whiteware	Transfer Printed		10-13	0.3	1
T13-13 I		Brick				4.5	
T13-13 F		Brick				213.6	
T13-13 F		Kaolin Pipestem		2.8		1.8	1
T13-13 F		Dresser Pull		8.5		10.4	1
T13-13 F		Flat Glass			20-25	1.1	2
T13-13 F	RW	Creamware			10	0.3	2

T13-13 RW	Pearlware			10	0.6	3
T13-13 RW	Whiteware	Transfer Printed		15	0.4	1
T13-13 RW	Lowfire Earthenware-Prehistoric	Sand Tempered		35	3.9	1
T13-16	Brick				14.5	
T13-16	Whiteware			10	0.4	2
T17-3	Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		45	11.8	1
T19-3	Brick				1	
T19-3	Brick				2.9	
T19-3	Lime Mortar				3.9	
T19-3	Cut Nail		3.0-5.0		12.2	3
T25-2	Brick				30.4	
T25-2	Cut Nail		5.4		7.7	1
T25-2	Wire Nail		3.0-12.6		13.3	2
T25-2	Sheet Fragment			20	0.8	1
T25-2	Bottle Glass			15-45	13.7	4
T25-2	Bottle Glass	Press Molded		20-35	5.6	3
T25-2 RN	Can Fragment			25-65	12.62	2
T25-2 RN	Bottle Glass	Press Molded		20-40	16.8	3
T25-2 RN	Bottle Glass	Press Molded		10-60	61.9	34
T26-2	Primary Flake	Quartzite		45	13.2	1
T30-1	Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		15-40	15.3	2
T7-11	Kaolin Pipestem		1.0-2.1		2.6	4
T7-11	Bottle Glass	Blown in mold		15-25	3.2	3
T7-11 RN	Unidentified Nail		3.2		2.4	1
T7-11 RN	Iron Fragment			40-80	251.5	2
T7-11 RN	Flat Glass			15	0.6	1
T7-11 RN	Ironstone			40	13.7	1
T7-11 RS	Whiteware	Hand Painted		10	0.1	1
T7-11 RW	Terra Cotta			10	0.6	2
T7-6	Brick				156	
T9-5	Pearlware	Transfer Printed		15	0.5	1
						189

INVESTIGATOR QUALIFICATIONS

Curriculum Vita

Jessica Gantzert, RPA

41 Cabell Street, #402 Lynchburg, VA 24504 Phone (727) 421-6602

Education

The University of South Florida, Tampa, FL.

Successfully completed PhD. coursework, 2018-2021. PhD estimated: Spring 2023.

The University of South Florida, Tampa, FL

M.A.: Anthropology with specialization in cultural resource management, May 2020.

Sweet Briar College, Sweet Briar, VA

B.A.: Double major in Archaeology and Classic, May 2016.

Experience

May 2020-Present	Principal Investigator and Director of the Archaeological Materials Laboratory, Hurt & Proffitt, Inc., Lynchburg.
May 2020-Present	Conservator, Hurt & Proffitt, Inc., Lynchburg.
2016-2018	Land Use Manager, Md7, San Diego
2014-2016	Field Technician, Hurt & Proffitt, Inc. Lynchburg
2012-2016	Laboratory Technician, Hurt & Proffitt, Inc. Lynchburg

Papers Presented

What Happens After Dishes Break?: A Study on Trash Dispersal Patterns at Sandusky House in Lynchburg, Virginia. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology, January 2022 Philadelphia, PA.

Crime and Punishment in Early Virginia. Paper presented at the Colloquium for Graduate Research, March 2020 Tampa, Florida.

Crime and Criminality in Colonial Virginia: A Case Study of Cabellsville. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology, January 2016 Washington, DC.

Crime and Criminality in Colonial Virginia: A Case Study of Cabellsville. Paper presented at the Mid Atlantic Regional Conference for Undergraduate Research, Fall 2015 Amherst, Virginia.

Vox Populi: Latin Epigraphy at Ephesus. Paper presented at the Southern Anthropological Society, March 2014 Cherokee, North Carolina.

Vox Populi: Latin Epigraphy at Ephesus. Poster presented at the Archaeological Institute of America Research, January 2014 Chicago, Illinois.

Vox Populi: Latin Epigraphy at Ephesus. Poster presented at the Mid Atlantic Regional Conference for Undergraduate Research, Fall 2013 Amherst, Virginia.

Professional Memberships

Register of Professional Archaeologists, 2020-Present Council of Virginia Archaeologists (COVA), 2020-Present Ethics Committee 2020-Present; Chair, Archeological Society of Virginia (ASV), 2016-Present

DWAYNE W. PICKETT, RPA

34 St Simons Dr.
Bluffton, SC 29910
Phone: (843) 422-5556
Email: dwayne.pickett@gmail.com

EDUCATION:

M.A. in Anthropology, The College of William & Mary

EMPLOYMENT:

2007-Present

Director, Pickett Educational Resources LLC, Bluffton, SC

- Develop, schedule, and teach educational programs for K-12 students and adults with museums, local schools and homeschool groups.
- Work with museums to create unique and insightful programs using real and replica artifacts.
- Prepare written lesson plans for teaching interdisciplinary history and archaeology courses as well as for educational DVDs.
- Write and present lectures for mainstream and academic audiences.
- Maintain website and conduct online marketing as well as use social media to promote educational DVDs that the company produced.
- Create proposals and cost-effective budgets for programs.

2002-Present

Cultural Resource Specialist, Self-Employed, Bluffton, SC

- Successfully bid on archaeological projects by coming up with competitive budget proposals.
- Direct and organize field excavations as well as supervise archaeological technicians and volunteers.
- Catalogue artifacts and prepared them for curation in accordance with federal standards set by the National Park Service's 36 CFR Part 79.
- Help local historical sites with identifying, cataloging and preserving collections including a letter by Thomas Jefferson valued at \$700,000.
- Conduct historical research, author reports as well as give lectures.
- Coordinate efforts between multiple agencies and landowners resulting in assured cooperation and the timely completion of projects.

2000-2002

Project Manager, TRC Garrow and Associates, Inc., Durham, NC

- Team leader who arranged, organized and directed multiple archaeological projects.
- Complied information from various sources, wrote reports and proposals.
- Prepared artifacts for curation in accordance with federal standards.
- Presented research findings at professional conferences and to the public.

1998-2000

Assistant Director, CHRS, Inc., North Wales, PA

 Planned, coordinated, and managed numerous archaeological projects as a team leader.

Project Commission # 20211813

Page 51

- Complied background research in publishable format.
- Prepared artifacts for curation in accordance with federal standards set forth by the National Park Service's 36 CFR Part 79.
- Authored detailed reports as well as proposals and marketing material.
- Presented research findings at professional conferences and to the public.
- Coordinated with clients, landowners, and review agencies resulting in the timely completion of projects.

1993-1998

Project Director, Colonial Williamsburg, Williamsburg, VA

- Planned, organized and managed multiple archaeological projects.
- Conducted intensive historical research and wrote reports.
- Developed and lead educational programs.
- Cataloged and accessioned artifacts and prepared them for curation.
- Gave public and professional lectures.
- Taught advanced archaeological field school.

VOLUNTERR EXPERIENCE:

2013-2020

Instructor, Osher Lifelong Learning Institute at University of South Carolina Beaufort, SC

- Taught classes on 16th and 17th history of the southeastern United States and Beaufort County, South Carolina.
- Classes were based on two books that I have written or co-authored.

2018-2019

President Board of Directors, Lowcountry Montessori, Beaufort, SC

- Provided direction for achieving the school's mission statement.
- Served on Fundraising Committee.
- Strengthen programs and services to achieve academic goals.
- Evaluated performance of the Director.

MEMBERSHIPS:

Register of Professional Archaeologists (RPA) Society for Historical Archaeology National Trust for Historic Preservation

SELECT PUBLICATIONS:

Phase III Archaeological Excavation of the Mead's Tavern Basement (44CP0244), Campbell County, Virginia. Prepared for Liberty University, Lynchburg, Virginia. In progress.

Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Proposed Springfield Solar Site. Westmoreland County, Virginia. Prepared for Springfield Solar LLC, Charlottesville, Virginia. October 2021.

Project Commission # 20211813

Page 52

Archaeological Survey of the Banister River, Pittsylvania County, Virginia. Prepared for the Virginia Department of Historic Resources, Richmond. September 2021.

Phase I Archaeological Survey of the Proposed Dry Bridge Energy Center, LLC Chesterfield County, Virginia. Prepared for Dry Bridge Energy, LLC Charlottesville, Virginia. January 2021.

Captain William Hilton and the Founding of Hilton Head Island. The History Press. July 1, 2019

Archaeological Survey in Advance of Construction Activities at the Morris Center for Lowcountry Heritage Ridgeland, South Carolina. Prepared for The Morris Center for Lowcountry Heritage. June 2018.

Going Green at Jamestown. Dig Magazine. July 1, 2014

The European Struggle to Settle North America: Colonizing Attempts by England, France and Spain, 1521-1608. McFarland. Feb 8, 2011

Pivotal Decisions in American History: Revolution or Resolution? Bacon's Rebellion in Virginia 1676. Educational DVD. © Pickett Educational Resources LLC. 2008

Meet Joan Peirce "an honest, industrious woman" Living History at Historic Jamestowne. Educational DVD. © Pickett Educational Resources LLC. 2007

Archaeological Excavations and Monitoring of Construction Activities at Historic Elk Landing, Elkton, Maryland. Aug. 2004.

Historical and Archaeological Research into the Entrance Avenue to Tryon Palace Historic Sites & Gardens New Bern, North Carolina. Tryon Palace research publication. Oct. 2003

Limited Archaeological Testing Within the Foundation of the Log Structure at Historic Elk Landing, Elkton Maryland. For the Historic Elk Landing Foundation, Inc. Oct. 2002.

Archaeological Survey and Testing at Historic Elk Landing, Elkton Maryland. For the Historic Elk Landing Foundation, Inc. Aug. 2002.

Maryland's War of 1812 Battlefield Sites: An Archaeological Assessment. *Maryland Humanities*. Sept 2001

Archaeology of the Tucker House Revisited: Recent Excavations of the Kitchen. *Bermuda Journal of Archaeology and Maritime History*. Volume 10. Oct. 1998

Phase III Data Recovery in Advance of Waterproofing Activities at Site 44YO755, the Thomas Pate House, Yorktown, Virginia. Department of Archaeological Research Publications, Colonial Williamsburg Foundation. Jan. 1998

The John Page House Site: An Example of the Increase in Domestic Brick Architecture in Seventeenth-Century Tidewater Virginia. Masters Thesis. Dec. 1996

Changing Landscapes: Recent Excavations at the John Page House Site. *The Colonial Williamsburg Interpreter*, volume 16 number 4, pages 9-13. Dec. 1995

CONFERENCE PAPERS:

"It was a busy bustling place": The Rise and Decline of Commerce at Elk Landing. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology conference, January 2003, Providence, Rhode Island.

Frenchtown to Elkton: Upland Investigations of the War of 1812 in Maryland. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology conference, January 2001, Long Beach California.

Mr. Madison's War: An Archaeological Assessment of Maryland's War of 1812 Battlefield Sites. Paper presented at the American Battlefield Protection Program conference, November 2000, Baltimore Maryland.

The John Page House Site: An Artifactual Analysis of a Colonial Chesapeake Home. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology Conference, January 1997, Corpus Christi, Texas.

The John Page House Site: 1996 Update. Paper presented at the Jamestown Conference, November 1996, Jamestown, Virginia.

Changing Landscapes: The Adoption of Brick Architecture in Seventeenth-Century Tidewater Virginia. Paper presented at the Society for Historical Archaeology Conference, January 1996, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Excavations at the John Page House Site. Paper presented at the Jamestown Conference, November 1995, Jamestown, Virginia.

SITE FORMS

Virginia Department of Historic Resources

Archaeological Site Record

DHR ID: 44NK0306

Snapshot Date Generated: September 13, 2022

Site Evaluation Status

Site Name: No Data

Site Classification: Terrestrial, open air

, 1790 - 1829, 1830 - 1860, 1861 - 1865, 1866 - 1916, 1917 - 1945, 1946 - 1991, 1992 - ? Year(s):

Site Type(s): Artifact scatter, Artifact scatter

Other DHR ID: No Data **Temporary Designation:** No Data

Locational Information

USGS Quad: TOANO

County/Independent City: New Kent (County) **Physiographic Province:** Coastal Plain **Elevation:** No Data Aspect: No Data Drainage: James Slope: 2-6% Acreage: 0.050 Landform: Other **Ownership Status:** Private **Government Entity Name:** No Data

Site Components

Component 1

Category: Indeterminate Site Type: Artifact scatter **Cultural Affiliation:** Native American **Cultural Affiliation Detail:** No Data **DHR Time Period:** Pre-Contact

Start Year: No Data End Year: No Data

Comments: Quartzite primary flake

Component 2

Category: Indeterminate Site Type: Artifact scatter **Cultural Affiliation:** Indeterminate **Cultural Affiliation Detail:** No Data

DHR Time Period:

Early National Period (1790 - 1829), Antebellum Period (1830 - 1860), Civil War (1861 - 1865), Reconstruction and Growth (1866 - 1916), World War I to World War II (1917 - 1945), The New Dominion (1946 - 1991), Post Cold War (1992 - Present)

Start Year: No Data End Year: No Data

Comments: Press molded bottle glass, wire nail, macine-headed cut nail

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

No Data

Informant Data:

Virginia Department of Historic Resources Archaeological Site Record

DHR ID: 44NK0306

No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I

Project Staff/Notes:

No Data

Project Review File Number:No DataSponsoring Organization:No DataOrganization/Company:Hurt & ProffittInvestigator:Jessica GantzertSurvey Date:6/4/2022

Survey Description:

H&P first completed a reconnaissance survey of the project corridor which consists of a heavily wooded silviculture forest. Thirty-six shovel test transects were laid out and spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart running north to south across the APE. Three additional transects were placed running east to west on the southern border of the APE where the road easement exists. A total of 441 shovel test pits (STPs) were then placed at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along those transects. Another 44 STPs were placed at 25-foot (7.62m) intervals around STPs that were positive for cultural material. A total of 485 STPs were excavated with 25 being positive for cultural material. This resulted in the discovery of two historic sites, four isolated historic artifacts and one dual component historic/pre-contact site.

 Current Land Use
 Date of Use 1/1/1860
 Comments No Data

 Forest
 1/1/1860
 No Data

 Threats to Resource:
 Demolition, Development

Site Conditions: Surface Deposits Present But With No Subsurface Integrity

Survey Strategies: Subsurface Testing

Specimens Collected: Yes
Specimens Observed, Not Collected: No

Artifacts Summary and Diagnostics:

17 total artifacts consisting of wire nails, iron can fragments, press molded bottle glass, and a single cut nail. A quartzite flake was also recovered but could not be dated.

Summary of Specimens Observed, Not Collected:

No Data

Current Curation Repository: H&P
Permanent Curation Repository: DHR
Field Notes: Yes
Field Notes Repository: DHR
Photographic Media: Digital
Survey Reports: Yes

Survey Report Information:

Gantzert, Jessica. 2022. "Phase I Archaeological Assessment of the Polish Town Solar Site."

Survey Report Repository: DHR

DHR Library Reference Number: No Data

Significance Statement: The presence of the press molded bottle glass fragments dates the site as post-1905 when press molded bottles were introduced to the American context. The cut nail was introduced

press molded bottles were introduced to the American context. The cut nail was introduced around the turn of the 19th century, however they are still currently being made and sold in home improvement stores in Virginia, and can be found in many houses due to continuous occupation. The flake recovered was a primary flake which cannot be dated, and was of a rock that is commonly found in the region. This site was likely a refuse scatter from the early to mid-20th century, and therefore is recommended as Not Eligible for NRHP listing.

Surveyor's Eligibility Recommendations: Recommended Not Eligible

Surveyor's NR Criteria Recommendations:

No Data

Surveyor's NR Criteria Considerations:

No Data

Virginia Department of Historic Resources

Archaeological Site Record

DHR ID: 44NK0307

Snapshot Date Generated: September 13, 2022

Site Name: No Data

Site Classification: Terrestrial, open air

Year(s): 1830 - 1860, 1861 - 1865, 1866 - 1916

New Kent (County)

Site Type(s):Artifact scatterOther DHR ID:No DataTemporary Designation:No Data

Site Evaluation Status

Locational Information

County/Independent City:

USGS Quad: TOANO

Physiographic Province: Coastal Plain **Elevation:** No Data Aspect: No Data Drainage: James Slope: No Data 0.380 Acreage: Landform: Other Ownership Status: Private **Government Entity Name:** No Data

Site Components

Component 1

Category:IndeterminateSite Type:Artifact scatterCultural Affiliation:IndeterminateCultural Affiliation Detail:No Data

DHR Time Period: Antebellum Period (1830 - 1860), Civil War (1861 - 1865), Reconstruction and Growth (1866 - 1916)

Start Year: No Data
End Year: No Data

Comments: Machine headed cut nail, blown in mold bottle glass, brick fragments

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

No Data

Informant Data:

No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I

Project Staff/Notes:

No Data

Project Review File Number:No DataSponsoring Organization:No DataOrganization/Company:Hurt & ProffittInvestigator:Jessica GantzertSurvey Date:6/4/2022

Survey Description:

H&P first completed a reconnaissance survey of the project corridor which consists of a heavily wooded silviculture forest. Thirty-six shovel test transects were laid out and spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart running north to south across the APE. Three additional transects were placed running east to west on the southern border of the APE where the road easement exists. A total of 441 shovel test pits (STPs) were then placed at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along those transects. Another 44 STPs were placed at 25-foot (7.62m) intervals around STPs that were positive for cultural material. A total of 485 STPs were excavated with 25 being positive for cultural material. This resulted in the discovery of two historic sites, four isolated historic artifacts and one dual component historic/pre-contact site.

Current Land UseDate of Use
1/1/1860Comments
No DataThreats to Resource:Demolition, Development

Site Conditions: Surface Deposits Present But With No Subsurface Integrity

Survey Strategies: Subsurface Testing

Specimens Collected: Yes
Specimens Observed, Not Collected: No

Artifacts Summary and Diagnostics:

3 cut nails, 1 press molded bottle glass, 3.0g brick, and 3.9g lime mortar.

Summary of Specimens Observed, Not Collected:

No Data

 Current Curation Repository:
 H&P

 Permanent Curation Repository:
 DHR

 Field Notes:
 Yes

 Field Notes Repository:
 DHR

 Photographic Media:
 Digital

 Survey Reports:
 Yes

Survey Report Information:

Gantzert, Jessica. 2022. "Phase I Archaeological Assessment of the Polish Town Solar Site."

Survey Report Repository: DHR **DHR Library Reference Number:** No Data

Significance Statement:

This site consists of only one shard of press molded bottle glass and three cut nails along with 3.0g brick and 3.9g lime morter that were recovered from two STPs. The leak of

with 3.0g brick and 3.9g lime mortar that were recovered from two STPs. The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy along with a low number of artifacts suggests this site has little research potential. As such this leads H&P to recommend that this site is

not eligible for the NRHP

Surveyor's Eligibility Recommendations: Recommended Not Eligible

Surveyor's NR Criteria Recommendations: No Data
Surveyor's NR Criteria Considerations: No Data

Archaeological Site Record

Snapshot Date Generated: September 13, 2022

Site Evaluation Status

Site Name: No Data

Site Classification: Terrestrial, open air

Year(s): , 1790 - 1829, 1830 - 1860, 1861 - 1865, 1866 -

1916

Site Type(s): Artifact scatter Other DHR ID: No Data **Temporary Designation:** No Data

Locational Information

USGS Quad: TOANO

County/Independent City: New Kent (County) **Physiographic Province:** Coastal Plain **Elevation:** No Data Aspect: No Data

Drainage: Lower Chesapeake, James

Slope: No Data Acreage: 2.390 Landform: Ridge Finger **Ownership Status:** Private **Government Entity Name:** No Data

Site Components

Component 1

Category: Domestic Site Type: Artifact scatter

Cultural Affiliation: Euro-American, Native American

Cultural Affiliation Detail:

Early National Period (1790 - 1829), Antebellum Period (1830 - 1860), Civil War (1861 - 1865), **DHR Time Period:**

Reconstruction and Growth (1866 - 1916), Pre-Contact

Start Year: No Data End Year: No Data

Comments: Gilmer map project homestead named "Mrs. Hilliard." Artifacts found include: brick fragments, lime

mortar fragments, creamware, whiteware, ironstone, cut nails, iron cutter bar, iron can fragments, kaolin pipesteam fragments, bottle glass, and a sherd of sand tempered pottery.

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

No Data

Informant Data:

No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I

Project Staff/Notes:

No Data

Project Review File Number:No DataSponsoring Organization:No DataOrganization/Company:Hurt & ProffittInvestigator:Jessica GantzertSurvey Date:6/4/2022

Survey Description:

H&P first completed a reconnaissance survey of the project corridor which consists of a heavily wooded silviculture forest. Thirty-six shovel test transects were laid out and spaced 50 feet (15.24m) apart running north to south across the APE. Three additional transects were placed running east to west on the southern border of the APE where the road easement exists. A total of 441 shovel test pits (STPs) were then placed at 50-foot (15.24m) intervals along those transects. Another 44 STPs were placed at 25-foot (7.62m) intervals around STPs that were positive for cultural material. A total of 485 STPs were excavated with 25 being positive for cultural material. This resulted in the discovery of two historic sites, four isolated historic artifacts and one dual component historic/pre-contact site.

Current Land UseDate of UseCommentsForest1/1/1918No Data

Threats to Resource: Demolition, Development, Erosion
Site Conditions: Unknown Portion of Site Destroyed
Survey Strategies: Subsurface Testing, Historic Map Projection

Specimens Collected: Yes
Specimens Observed, Not Collected: No

Artifacts Summary and Diagnostics:

The site boundaries continue beyond the parcel boundaries and as such, were not subject to the Phase I survey. The area features a small ridge finger that creates a relatively flat plateau surrounded by steep washes leading away from the project parcel.

A total of 118 artifacts, in addition to 352.7g of brick and 41.9g lime mortar were recovered. The artifacts consisted mostly of bottle glass, flat glass, whiteware, pearlware, creamware, and five cut nails. Five kaolin pipestem fragments and four creamware fragments were also recovered. The prehistoric pottery sherd was a sand tempered low fire earthenware fragment.

Given the lack of nails and high amount of glass and ceramics recovered, this concentration of artifacts is likely a trash midden associated with the Civil War mapped structure in the area (Mrs. Hilliard's House). The construction date of the house is unknown, however the presence of the kaolin pipestems and the creamware and pearlware suggests that an 18th century construction date is most likely. The house no longer existed by the 20th century when more mapping took place in the region, which aligns with the sharp drop off in late-19th century artifacts.

Summary of Specimens Observed, Not Collected:

No Data

Current Curation Repository: H&P
Permanent Curation Repository: DHR
Field Notes: Yes
Field Notes Repository: DHR
Photographic Media: Digital
Survey Reports: Yes

Survey Report Information:

Gantzert, Jessica. 2022. "Phase I Archaeological Assessment of the Polish Town Solar Site."

Survey Report Repository: DHR
DHR Library Reference Number: No Date

Significance Statement: This site is a moderate concentration of artifacts dating from the late 18th to mid-19th

century located in the northwestern section of the APE. The artifact concentration extends outside the APE to the east. Given the relative lack of architectural artifacts this concentration is likely not related to a structure in this area but instead might be related to disposal activities associated with the Civil War map-projected Mrs. Hilliard's House. This house, which has yet to be recorded or located, potentially lies to the northeast of the property boundaries near the central region outside of the project parcel.

The lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests it has little research potential. This leads H&P to recommend that the portion of this site located within the present APE does not contribute to the potential eligibility of the larger site. Despite the 18th century date of some of these artifacts, their low number and the lack of discernible features and intact stratigraphy suggests this site has little research potential. As such this

leads H&P to recommend that this site is not eligible for the NRHP

Surveyor's Eligibility Recommendations: Surveyor's NR Criteria Recommendations: Surveyor's NR Criteria Considerations: Recommended Not Eligible

No Data No Data

A RECONNAISSANCE ARCHITECTURE SURVEY

POLISH TOWN SOLAR I, LLC.

New Kent County



H&P PROJECT NO.

20220779

SUBMITTED BY:

Sarah M. Clarke Senior Architectural Historian **SUBMITTED TO**

Quentin Wood 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851

2524 Langhorne Road | Lynchburg, VA 24501 (434) 847-7796 | www.HandP.com



Project Commission # 20220779

Table of Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
1. INTRODUCTION
2. SETTING
3. HISTORIC CONTEXT
Settlement to Society (1607-1750)
Early National Period (1789-1830)
Antebellum Period (1830-1861)
Civil War (1861-1865)
Reconstruction and Growth (1865-1917)
The New Dominion (1945 to Present)14
4. FIELD METHODS
5. RESULTS
6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
REFERENCES CITED
VCRIS FORMS
<u>Figures</u>
Figure 1. Project location. Figure 2. Project parcel as depicted in New Kent County GIS, with direct effects APE in red (accessed May 2022).
Figure 3. 2019 aerial view of the project parcel, direct effects APE in red (Google Earth)

Page 2

Figure 7. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on a 1860s exact date unknown Civil	
War map, Gilmer and Minis. Map of New Kent, Charles City, James City and York counties.	
Retrieved from the Library of Congress, www.loc.gov	12
Figure 8. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1918 West Point and 1917 Toano,	VA
1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022).	13
Figure 9. Project parcel depicted on 1950 West Point and 1953 Toano, VA 1:24000 USGS	
topographic maps (USGS 2022)	14
Figure 10. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1965 Toano and West Point, VA	
1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022).	15
Figure 11. House at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144)	16
Figure 12. House at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145)	17
Figure 13. Henrico County Regional Jail (VDHR No. 063-5146)	18
Figure 14. Angel View Baptist Church (VDHR No. 063-5147).	19

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the results of a reconnaissance survey of four architectural resources in New Kent County, Virginia. The survey was completed by Hurt & Proffitt (H&P) on behalf of Polish Town Solar 1, LLC. The fieldwork for this project was conducted on June 20, 2022.

The architecture survey conducted for this project resulted in the identification of four new architecture properties. The four newly identified properties consist of house at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145), house at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144), the Henrico Regional Prison (VDHR No. 063-5146), and the Angel View Baptist Church at 6911 Angel View Lane (VDHR No. 063-5147).

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC proposes to construct a solar farm on a 194-acre project parcel that is bordered by Polish Town Road (SR 634) on the south and Eltham Road (SR 33) on the west and surrounded by special conservation zoned area on the north and east in New Kent County, Virginia. The Area of Potential Effects (APE) for architecture includes those parcels within 0.5 miles of the proposed location of the solar farm, specifically those parcels visible from the proposed solar farm and the vicinity where alterations to setting and feeling may occur.

The reconnaissance-level surveys completed for this project include background research at New Kent County records and survey files at the Virginia Department of Historic Resources (VDHR). The fieldwork for the project entailed photographing and drawing site plans for each resource.

Based on the results of the survey, H&P recommends that none of the newly identified architectural resources: house at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145), house at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144), Henrico Regional Jail (VDHR No. 063-5146), and the Angel View Baptist Church (VDHR No. 063-5147) are eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion A, B, or C.

1. INTRODUCTION

The proposed Polish Town Solar site lies in the eastern portion of New Kent County. It is situated between Eltham Road (SR 33), approximately 0.41 miles to the northwest, and New Kent Highway (Rte. 30) approximately 0.30 miles to the southeast. The unincorporated community of Eltham is approximately 2.5 miles to the northeast of the parcel along Eltham Road.

This report presents the results of reconnaissance architectural surveys completed for a proposed solar farm near the community of Eltham in New Kent County, Virginia. The survey for this project was conducted by Hurt & Proffitt (H&P) on behalf of Polish Town Solar 1, LLC. H&P completed the fieldwork for this project on June 20, 2022 (Figure 1).

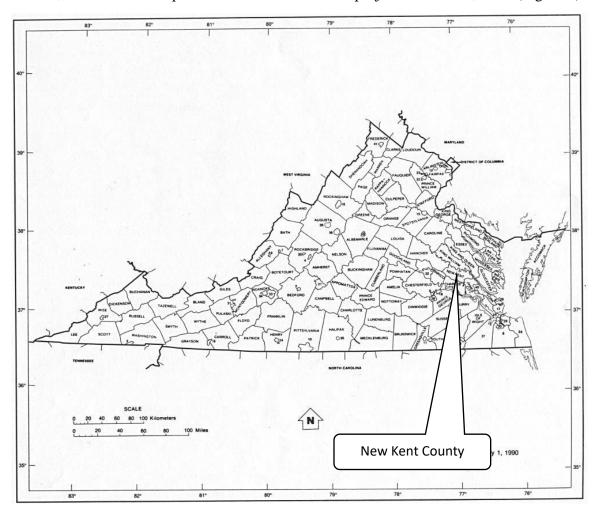


Figure 1. Project location.

Project Commission # 20220779

Page 5

The resources surveyed for this project are located north and east of the intersection of Eltham Road (Rt. 33) and New Kent Highway (Rt. 30) southeast of the unincorporated community of Eltham. Polish Town Solar 1, LLC proposes to construct a 25-acre solar farm on a 194-acre parcel to the east of Eltham Road and to the north of New Kent Highway. The parcel proposed for the solar farm is heavily wooded and does not appear to have been recently farmed. The architecture APE for the project is the project parcel, and those parcels within 0.5 miles of the proposed location of the solar farm, specifically those parcels visible from the proposed solar farm, where alterations to feeling and setting may occur (Figure 2).

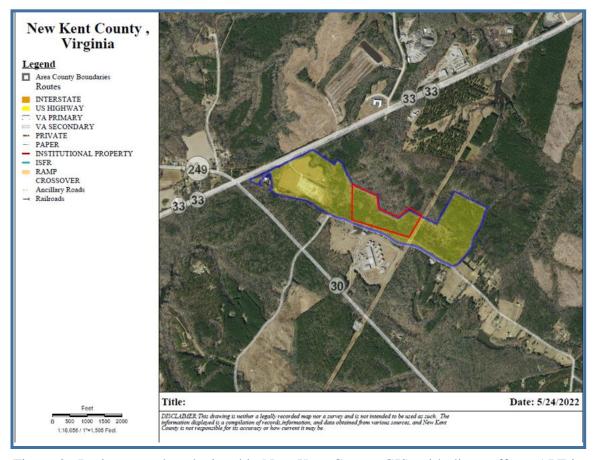


Figure 2. Project parcel as depicted in New Kent County GIS, with direct effects APE in red (accessed May 2022).

Prior to beginning the fieldwork for the project, H&P completed background and historic research at VDHR and New Kent County, which included a site file review of previously recorded architectural resources in the VDHR's Virginia Cultural Resources Information System (V-CRIS).

Project Commission # 20220779

Page 6

The fieldwork for this project was completed by Sarah M. Clarke, H&P Senior Architectural Historian. The field investigations and technical report meet the requirements specified in the *Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines for Archeology and Historic Preservation* (Federal Register 48:190:44716-44742) and the Virginia Department of Historic Resources (VDHR) *Guidelines for Conducting Cultural Resource Survey In Virginia* (2017). The Principal Investigator performing the cultural resource investigations meets or exceeds the qualifications described in the Secretary of the Interior's *Professional Qualifications Standards* (48 FR 44738-9).

2. SETTING

The proposed Polish Town Solar site lies in the eastern portion of New Kent County. It is situated between Eltham Road (SR 33), approximately 0.41 miles to the northwest, and New Kent Highway (Rte. 30) approximately 0.30 miles to the southeast. The unincorporated community of Eltham is approximately 2.5 miles to the northeast of the parcel along Eltham Road (Figure 3).



Figure 3. 2019 aerial view of the project parcel, direct effects APE in red (Google Earth).

3. HISTORIC CONTEXT

Settlement to Society (1607-1750)

New Kent County resulted from the division of York County in 1654. The original area of New Kent County included the land of what would later become Hanover, King William, King, and King and Queen Counties. New Kent County is surrounded by the Pamunkey River to the north and the Chickahominy River to the south. Prior to European settlement, New Kent County was home to the Powhatan confederacy, the Pamunkeys, and the Chickahominy tribe. Three villages in particular, Orapax near the present day Hanover County line, Moysonec on the Chickahominy River, and Matchot along the Pamunkey River, were once thriving Native American communities (Gwathmey 1937).

The plantation system dominated seventeenth century New Kent County economy and society. Tobacco plantations in particular were common features on the New Kent County landscape. The seventeenth-century plantation "function [ed] as centers of political, social, and economic control." The self-sufficient nature of the plantation slowed the development of towns in the county. The first incorporated town in New Kent County was the Brickhouse property in 1680. Brickhouse remained the county seat of New Kent County until 1691, when it moved to the village of New Kent (Hornum and Williams 1994).

Colony to Nation (1750-1789)

The eighteenth century ushered in the end of British rule in Virginia. New Kent County was not the setting for any Revolutionary War battles, however the county was crisscrossed by both American and British troops (Gwathmey 1937:58). The residents of New Kent County, like many of their colonial counterparts, struggled in those years following the Revolutionary War. Residents who had lost crops and livestock due to looting armies on both sides, appealed to the state for aid and reimbursement. In addition, the constant farming of tobacco had worn out the land, making profits possible for only the wealthiest of farmers (Figure 4) (Hornum and Williams 1994:35).



Figure 4. Project vicinity depicted on Fry, Joshua, Peter Jefferson, Robert Sayer, and Thomas Jefferys, 1775 *A map of the most inhabited part of Virginia containing the whole province of Maryland with part of Pensilvania, New Jersey and North Carolina*. Printed for Robt. Sayer, London (Library of Congress).

Early National Period (1789-1830)

At the end of the Revolutionary War, Tidewater Virginia entered a period of social, political, and economic decline. Nearly two centuries of intensive tobacco monoculture exhausted the farmland throughout New Kent, as elsewhere, and the relocation of Virginia's government from the colonial capital of Williamsburg to Richmond hastened the westward movement of people and political power from Tidewater to the Piedmont.

The War of 1812 only added to the difficulties of the residents of New Kent County. The threat of a British invasion in 1814 resulted in the establishment of a large training camp in western New Kent County. The combination of these factor resulted in a less than prosperous economy in New Kent County (Gwathmey 1937)(Figure 5).

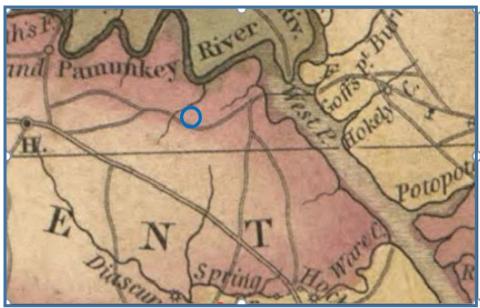


Figure 5. Project area depicted on Boye, Herman, Henry Schenck Tanner, E.B. Dawson, and William Branch Giles, *1827 A Map of the State of Virginia* (Library of Congress, accessed June 2022).

Antebellum Period (1830-1861)

The nineteenth century witnessed the gradual lifestyle transition from agrarian to urban in cities like Richmond, Norfolk, Alexandria, and Petersburg. The establishment of the Board of Public Works facilitated the construction of roads, canals, and railroads in the state. Slavery continued to be a common practice in Virginia during the antebellum years. Farms began to decrease in size, a result of improved farming techniques that allowed for higher yields on smaller tracts of land (Hornum and Williams 1994:36).

Transportation methods improved as well, with canals, turnpikes, railroads, and steampowered riverboats introduced or expanded during the first half of the nineteenth century (Cressy 1999). The Richmond and York River Railroad, chartered in 1853 and in use by 1859, increased the importance of the port at West Point. By the late antebellum era, the steamer West Point, berthed at West Point, served Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, and Baltimore. Grist mills became the primary industry in the county during the antebellum era (Gray 1952).

Civil War (1861-1865)

New Kent County residents faced the coming of war with a mixture of trepidation and resolution, and within a year they would find two rival armies literally on their doorstep. From March to June 1862, the Federal Army of the Potomac under Major General George B. McClellan fought its way up the Virginia Peninsula with the hope of seizing the

Project Commission # 20220779

Page 10

Confederate capital of Richmond and thus crushing the secessionist cause. This massive military undertaking, known as the Peninsula Campaign, brought the retreating Confederate and advancing Federal armies directly through New Kent County (Figures 6 and 7).

The area around Eltham's Landing, opposite the town of West Point, saw brief but pitched skirmishing on the morning of May 7, 1862. Once Yorktown had been seized from its Confederate defenders, Union commander George B. McClellan sent troops under General William B. Franklin to seize West Point, the strategic terminus of the Richmond and York River Railroad. The Federal flotilla of civilian boats and navy gunships arrived off Eltham on May 6th, and the soldiers disembarked under fire from a hidden Confederate battery. The following morning, two Confederate brigades under General W.H.C. Whiting pushed Franklin's men back, forcing them to abandon the point. Federal casualties numbered 48 killed, 110 wounded and 28 captured, and the Confederates lost 8 killed and 32 wounded in what became known as the Battle of West Point, Barhamsville, or Eltham's Landing (Sears 1992).



Figure 6. Project area depicted on 1863 Civil War map Confederate States Of America. Army. Dept. Of Northern Virginia. Chief Engineer'S Office. *Map of New Kent, Charles City, James City and York counties*. [S.l.: Chief Engineer's Office, D.N.V, 1863] Map. The Library of Congress, accessed June 2022.

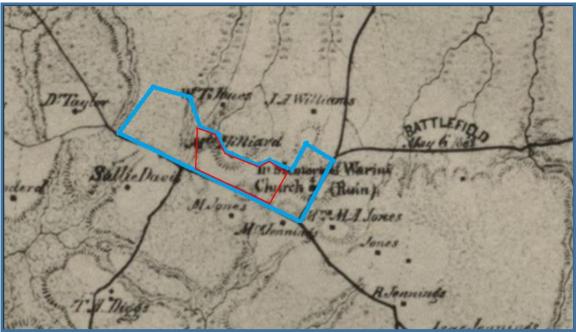


Figure 7. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on a 1860s exact date unknown Civil War map, Gilmer and Minis. *Map of New Kent, Charles City, James City and York counties*. Retrieved from the Library of Congress, www.loc.gov

Reconstruction and Growth (1865-1917)

As with most of the South, Virginia experienced a period of economic instability following the end of the Civil War. However, this began to change by the end of the nineteenth century with the growth of industry in the state. The exploitation of natural resources like coal, lumber, and other minerals aided in its economic recovery. In addition, improvements in transportation, particularly the railroad and shipping, contributed to the expansion of the Virginia economy.

It was during this time that many African Americans in Virginia established their own institutions. The migration of African Americans out of the rural areas and into the cities resulted in the creation of distinctly black communities and neighborhoods. Emancipation did not guarantee equality, therefore, blacks founded churches, businesses, schools, and philanthropic institutions to serve the needs of African Americans.

The state of Virginia experienced an increase in industrialization during the post bellum years. The nature of agriculture also began to change. In areas like New Kent County, the number of farms increased while the size of the farms decreased. Though commercial businesses did grow significantly during this time, New Kent County remained a rural and agrarian county (Homum and Williams 1994)(Figure 8).



Figure 8. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1918 West Point and 1917 Toano, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022).

World War I to World War II (1917-1945)

Though still overwhelmingly rural, New Kent County entered the twentieth century slowly but surely, taking advantage of the technological benefits of a modern, industrialized society. Many local roads were hard-surfaced during the 1920s, and were incorporated into the State Secondary Highway System by 1932. With new and better roads, automobiles and trucks began to supersede rail and river transportation through the county. It was now easier to reach Richmond, Williamsburg, and Newport News, and property values in New Kent increased as a result. New Kent's economy remained rooted in agriculture, but improved transportation allowed area growers to participate in the growing truck farming business. The forestry products industry also developed into an important part of the economy during this period (Tyler 1984)(Figures 9 and 10).

The New Dominion (1945 to Present)

Agriculture remained the mainstay of New Kent's economy until the mid-twentieth century, though the improvement of road networks in other parts of the state brought increased competition for area farmers. The relatively recent expansion of Richmond's population into New Kent County led to the construction of new shopping centers, supermarkets, and office parks along Routes 33 and 64 (Hornum and Williams 1994).

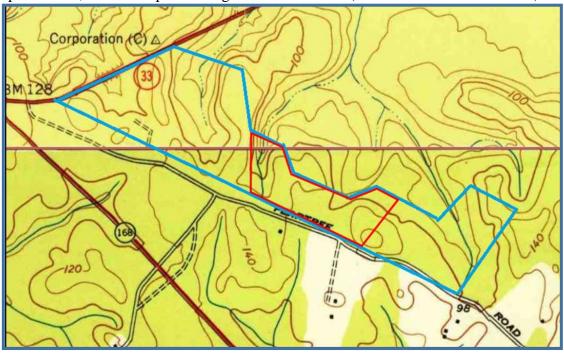


Figure 9. Project parcel depicted on 1950 West Point and 1953 Toano, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022).

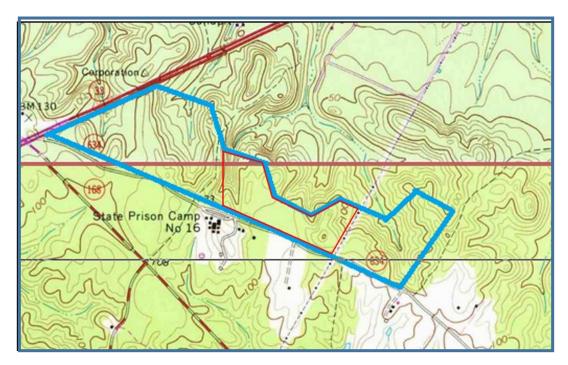


Figure 10. Project parcel depicted in blue and APE in red on 1965 Toano and West Point, VA 1:24000 USGS topographic maps (USGS 2022).

4. FIELD METHODS

The purpose of the architectural investigation was to survey and evaluate four properties for individual eligibility for listing in the NRHP. The four recorded resources include: house at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145), the house at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144), the Henrico County Regional Jail (VDHR No. 063-5146), and the Angel View Baptist Church (VDHR No. 063-5147). The APE for this project includes the property parcels that are within 0.5 mile, specifically those that are visible from the proposed solar farm, the vicinity where alterations to feeling and setting may occur. Background research was completed at New Kent County and survey files at VDHR. H&P staff conducted a site visit to photograph and survey the architectural resources. The resources were photographed and site plans were drawn depicting the relationship of the resources to the landscape, and each other.

5. RESULTS

H&P completed reconnaissance level survey for four properties:



Figure 11. House at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144).

House at 17701 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5144):

This is a one-story, masonry and frame dwelling constructed around 1965 c. The dwelling is composed of stretcher-bond brick with two additions sided in vinyl siding. The vinyl windows are one-over-one with a double-hung sash and windows with a single, fixed light. The one-story, one-bay porch has a molded railing with turned spindles. The shed roof of the porch is supported by turned, wood posts. The house has an exterior-end masonry flue and an interior-end chimney clad in a stone veneer. The cross-gable roof is covered with asphalt shingles.

Additions/Alterations: There is a one-story frame addition on the façade of the dwelling, and a one-story frame addition on the rear elevation.

Outbuildings: There are numerous outbuildings associated with the dwelling. The outbuildings sit to the rear (south) of the dwelling along a dirt drive. The types of

outbuildings include: one barn, one chicken coop, one garage, one modern aboveground pool, four sheds, one vehicle shed, three workshops, and a mobile home.

H&P recommends that the house at 17701 Polish Town Road is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.



Figure 12. House at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145).

House at 17800 Polish Town Road (VDHR No. 063-5145):

This is a one-and-a-half story masonry dwelling constructed in 1945 c, that is clad in American bond brick. The wood windows are six-over-one with a double-hung sash, three gable dormers pierce the roofline on the façade of the dwelling. The porch stoop has brick steps. There is an exterior-end brick chimney. The side-gable roof is covered with standing-seam metal.

H&P recommends that the house at 17800 Polish Town Road is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

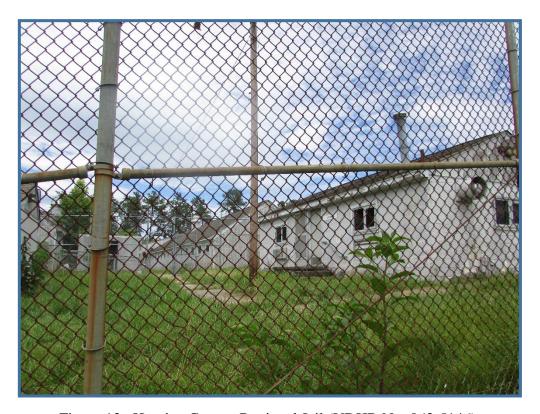


Figure 13. Henrico County Regional Jail (VDHR No. 063-5146).

Henrico County Regional Jail (VDHR No. 063-5146):

The Henrico County Regional Jail consists of a collection of buildings that sits to the south of Polish Town Road. Based on topographic maps, it appears that the facility was constructed between 1953 and 1965, and is identified as State Prison Camp #16. The buildings are constructed in a combination of masonry composed of concrete blocks and frame clad in vertical boards, and wood siding. A majority of the buildings sit behind a 12-foot chain link fence. The facility also includes two watch towers, a physical plant, and a greenhouse. A modern jail facility sits to the southeast of the original mid-twentieth century facility.

H&P recommends that the Henrico County Regional Jail is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.



Figure 14. Angel View Baptist Church (VDHR No. 063-5147).

Angel View Baptist Church (VDHR No. 063-5147):

The Angel View Baptist Church is a one-story, masonry church composed of concrete blocks that was built in 1973. The vinyl, six-over-six windows have a double-hung sash and brick sills. The porch stoop has brick steps with a wrought-iron railing. The cross-gable roof is covered with asphalt shingles. According to the church's website the congregation was founded in 1887 and the current 1973 building has been added onto twice.

A modern cemetery with approximately 37 burials with death dates between 1919 and 2005, sits to the rear of the church. A frame shed and vehicle shed sit to the west of the church.

H&P recommends that the Angel View Baptist Church is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

As a result of the survey, H&P recommends none of the architectural resources surveyed for this project are individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable.

Table 1. Eligibility Recommendations for Architectural Resources

VDHR No.	Resource	Eligibility
		Recommendation
063-5144	House, 17701 Polish Town	Not Eligible
	Road	
063-5145	House, 17800 Polish Town	Not Eligible
	Road	
063-5146	Henrico County Regional	Not Eligible
	Jail	
063-5147	Angel View Baptist	Not Eligible
	Church	

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Virginia Department of Historic Resources (VDHR)

2017 Guidelines for Conducting Cultural Resource Survey in Virginia.

Available at http://www.dhr.virginia.gov/review/Survey Manual Web.pdf

VCRIS FORMS

Architectural Survey Form

DHR ID: 063-5144 Other DHR ID: No Data

Property Information

Property Names

Name Explanation Name

Function/Location House, 17701 Polish Town Road

Property Evaluation Status

Property Addresses

Current - 17701 Polish Town Road

County/Independent City(s): New Kent (County)

Incorporated Town(s):No DataZip Code(s):23011, 23181Magisterial District(s):No DataTax Parcel(s):No DataUSGS Quad(s):TOANO

Additional Property Information

Architecture Setting: Rural
Acreage: No Data

Site Description:

June 2022: The dwelling sits to the south of Polish Town Road on a clear, level lot. The paved drive is lined with crepe myrtles and few foundation plantings are visible along the facade. The property contains multiple outbuildings including: one barn, one chicken coop, one garage, one modern aboveground pool, four sheds, one vehicle shed, and three workshops. The outbuildings sit to the rear of the dwelling.

Surveyor Assessment:

June 2022: H&P recommends that the house at 17701 Polish Town Road is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

Surveyor Recommendation: Recommended Not Eligible

Ownership

Ownership Category Ownership Entity

Private No Data

Primary Resource Information

Resource Category:DomesticResource Type:Single DwellingNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic Other ID Number: No Data **Architectural Style:** Ranch Form: No Data **Number of Stories:** 1.0 Condition: Good Threats to Resource: None Known **Cultural Affiliations:** Indeterminate **Cultural Affiliation Details:** No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, masonry and frame dwelling constructed around 1965 c. The dwelling is composed of stretcher-bond brick with two additions sided in vinyl siding. The vinyl windows are one-over-one with a double-hung sash and windows with a single, fixed light. The

July 01, 2022 394 Page: 1 of 8

Architectural Survey Form Other DHR ID: No Data

DHR ID: 063-5144

one-story, one-bay porch has a molded railing with turned spindles. The shed roof of the porch is supported by turned, wood posts. The house has an exterior-end masonry flue and an interior-end chimney clad in a stone veneer. The cross-gable roof is covered with asphalt shingles. Additions/Alterations: There is a one-story frame addition on the façade of the dwelling, and a one-story frame addition on the rear elevation.

Exterior Components

Material Treatment Component Component Type Material Chimneys Interior End Brick American/Common Bond

Exterior End Siding Chimneys Stone Foundation Solid/Continuous No Data Not Visible Porch Stoop/Deck No Data Asphalt Cross Gable No Data Roof Structural System and Wood Frame Stretcher Bond Brick Exterior Treatment

Structural System and Wood Frame Vinyl Veneer Exterior Treatment Double-hung No Data No Data Windows

Secondary Resource Information

Secondary Resource #1

Resource Category: Agriculture/Subsistence

Resource Type: Building NR Resource Type: **Date of Construction:** ca 1965 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Subsistence/Agriculture

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data **Number of Stories:** 1.0 **Condition:** Good **Threats to Resource:** None Known

Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate **Cultural Affiliation Details:** No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, gable-end-entry barn clad in vertical boards. The front gable roof is covered with standing-seam metal.

Exterior Components

Component Type **Material Treatment** Component Material Roof Front Gable Metal No Data Structural System and Wood Frame Wood Vertical Board

Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #2

Resource Category: Agriculture/Subsistence Resource Type: Chicken House/Poultry House

NR Resource Type: Building **Date of Construction:** ca 1965 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Subsistence/Agriculture

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data **Number of Stories:** 1.0 **Condition:** Good

July 01, 2022 395 Page: 2 of 8 Architectural Survey Form Other DHR ID: No Data

DHR ID: 063-5144

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, gable-end entry, frame chicken coop composed of wood boards and capped with a front gable roof covered in standing-seam metal.

Exterior Components

ComponentComponent TypeMaterialMaterial TreatmentRoofFront GableMetalNo DataStructural System and
Exterior TreatmentWoodWeatherboard

Secondary Resource #3

Resource Category:DomesticResource Type:GarageNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 2000Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: Post Cold War (1992 - Present)

Historic Context(s): Domestic **Other ID Number:** *No Data*

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.5

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-and-a-half story, two-bay, modern garage clad in vinyl siding. The front gable roof is covered with metal sheets.

Exterior Components

Component
RoofComponent Type
Front GableMaterial
MetalMaterial Treatment
No DataStructural System andWood FrameVinylSiding

Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #4

Resource Category: Social/Recreational **Resource Type:** Pool/Swimming Pool

NR Resource Type:StructureDate of Construction:ca 2000Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: Post Cold War (1992 - Present)

Historic Context(s): Recreation/Arts
Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: No Data

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Kn

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a modern, above ground vinyl pool.

July 01, 2022 3 of 8

DHR ID: 063-5144 Other DHR ID: No Data

Secondary Resource #5

Resource Category: Domestic Shed Resource Type: NR Resource Type: Building **Date of Construction:** ca 1965 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data **Number of Stories:** 1.0 **Condition:** Good Threats to Resource: None Known **Cultural Affiliations:** Indeterminate **Cultural Affiliation Details:** No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Shed #1 is a one-story, frame shed clad in vinyl siding and capped with front gable roof covered with standing-seam metal.

Exterior Components

Component Component Type Material **Material Treatment** Roof Front Gable Metal Wood Frame Siding

Structural System and **Exterior Treatment**

Secondary Resource #6

Resource Category: Domestic Resource Type: Shed Building NR Resource Type: **Date of Construction:** ca 1965 Date Source: Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data 1.0 **Number of Stories: Condition:** Good Threats to Resource: None Known **Cultural Affiliations:** Indeterminate **Cultural Affiliation Details:** No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Shed #2 is a one-story, gable-end-entry frame shed clad in wood siding. The gable roof is covered with metal sheets. There is an interior-end, brick flue.

Exterior Components

Component Type Component **Material Treatment** Material Chimneys Interior End Brick American/Common Bond Front Gable Metal Roof No Data Siding Structural System and Wood Frame Wood Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #7

Resource Category: Domestic Resource Type: Shed NR Resource Type: Building

July 01, 2022 397 Page: 4 of 8

DHR ID: 063-5144

Date of Construction: ca 1965 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic
Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.0

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Shed #3 is a one-story, gable-end entry, masonry shed composed of concrete blocks with wood shingles in the gable end. The front gable roof is covered with metal sheets.

Exterior Components

Component Component Type Material Material Treatment

Roof Front Gable Metal No Date
Structural System and Masonry Concrete Block
Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #8

Resource Category:DomesticResource Type:ShedNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic
Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: 1.0
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Shed #4 is a one-story, frame shed clad in vertical boards and capped with front gable roof covered with metal.

Exterior Components

Component
RoofComponent Type
Front GableMaterial
MetalMaterial Treatment
No DataStructural System and
Exterior TreatmentWood FrameWoodVertical Board

Secondary Resource #9

Resource Category:DomesticResource Type:Shed - VehicleNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic **Other ID Number:** *No Data*

July 01, 2022 398 Page: 5 of 8

DHR ID: 063-5144

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: 1.0
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, two-bay vehicle shed composed of vertical boards. The side gable roof is covered with metal sheets.

Exterior Components

Component
RoofComponent Type
Side GableMaterial
MetalMaterial TreatmentStructural System and
Exterior TreatmentWood FrameWoodVertical Board

Secondary Resource #10

Resource Category: Agriculture/Subsistence

Resource Type:WorkshopNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Subsistence/Agriculture

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.0

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Workshop #1 is a one-story, gable-end entry, frame shed composed of vertical boards. The front gable roof is composed of metal sheets.

Exterior Components

ComponentComponent TypeMaterialMaterial TreatmentRoofFront GableMetalNo DataStructural System and
Exterior TreatmentWood FrameWoodVertical Board

Secondary Resource #11

Resource Category: Agriculture/Subsistence

Resource Type:WorkshopNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Subsistence/Agriculture

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: 1.0
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known

July 01, 2022 399 Page: 6 of 8

DHR ID: 063-5144

 Cultural Affiliations:
 Indeterminate

 Cultural Affiliation Details:
 No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Workshop #2 is a one-story, frame building clad in a combination of vertical boards and metal siding. The side gable roof is

covered with metal siding.

Exterior Components

ComponentComponent TypeMaterialMaterial TreatmentRoofSide GableMetalNo DataStructural System and
Exterior TreatmentWoodVertical Board

Secondary Resource #12

Resource Category: Agriculture/Subsistence

Resource Type:WorkshopNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1965Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Subsistence/Agriculture

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.0

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: Workshop #3 is a one-story, frame building clad in board-and-batten siding, capped with a side gable roof covered with metal sidin

g.

Exterior Components

Component
RoofComponent Type
Side GableMaterial
MetalMaterial Treatment
No DataStructural System andWood FrameWoodBoard-and-Batten

Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #13

Resource Category: Domestic

Resource Type: Mobile Home/Trailer

NR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 2000Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: Post Cold War (1992 - Present)

Historic Context(s): Domestic
Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: 1.0
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a modern, mobile home clad in vinyl siding.

July 01, 2022 400 Page: 7 of 8

DHR ID: 063-5144 Other DHR ID: No Data

Exterior Components

Material Treatment Component Material

Component Type Side Gable Wood Frame Roof Metal No Data Siding Structural System and Vinyl **Exterior Treatment**

Historic District Information

Historic District Name: No Data **Local Historic District Name:** No Data **Historic District Significance:** No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I/Reconnaissance

Project Review File Number: No Data

Investigator: Ben Leatherland Organization/Company: Hurt & Proffitt Photographic Media: Digital **Survey Date:** 6/20/2022 **Dhr Library Report Number:** No Data

Project Staff/Notes:

Sarah M. Clarke

Senior Architectural Historian

Hurt & Proffitt

Project Bibliographic Information:

New Kent County Property Search

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

New Kent County Property Records

Property Notes:

No Data

July 01, 2022 401 Page: 8 of 8

Property Information

Property Names

Name Explanation Name

Function/Location House, 17800 Polish Town Road

Property Evaluation Status

DHR ID: 063-5145

Property Addresses

Current - 17800 Polish Town Road

County/Independent City(s): New Kent (County)

Incorporated Town(s):No DataZip Code(s):23181Magisterial District(s):No DataTax Parcel(s):No DataUSGS Quad(s):TOANO

Additional Property Information

Architecture Setting: Rural
Acreage: No Data

Site Description:

June 2022: The dwelling sits to the north of Polish Town Road at the end of a long, gravel drive. The dwelling is surrounded by large trees and cleared fields.

Surveyor Assessment:

June 2022: H&P recommends that the house at 17800 Polish Town Road is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

Surveyor Recommendation: Recommended Not Eligible

Ownership

Ownership Category Ownership Entity

Private No Data

Primary Resource Information

Resource Category:DomesticResource Type:Single DwellingNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1945Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: World War I to World War II (1917 - 1945)

Historic Context(s): Domestic **Other ID Number:** *No Data*

Architectural Style: Colonial Revival

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: 1.5
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate
Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-and-a-half masonry dwelling constructed in 1945 c, that is clad in American bond brick. The wood windows are six-over-one with a double-hung sash, three gable dormers pierce the roofline on the façade of the dwelling. The porch stoop has brick steps. There is an exterior-end brick chimney. The side-gable roof is covered with standing-seam metal.

July 01, 2022 402 Page: 1 of 2

DHR ID: 063-5145 Other DHR ID: No Data

Exterior Components

 Component
 Component Type
 Material
 Material Treatment

 Chimneys
 Exterior End
 Brick
 American/Common Bond

 Desertion
 Cobbin
 No Desertion

Dormer Gable No Data No Data Foundation Solid/Continuous No Data No Data Stoop/Deck No Data Not Visible Porch Side Gable No Data Roof Metal

Structural System and Masonry Brick American/Common Bond Exterior Treatment

Windows Double-hung Wood No Data

Secondary Resource Information

Historic District Information

Historic District Name: No Data
Local Historic District Name: No Data
Historic District Significance: No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I/Reconnaissance

Project Review File Number: No Data

Investigator:Ben LeatherlandOrganization/Company:Hurt & ProffittPhotographic Media:DigitalSurvey Date:6/20/2022

No Data

Project Staff/Notes:

Sarah M. Clarke

Senior Architectural Historian

Dhr Library Report Number:

Hurt & Proffitt

Project Bibliographic Information:

New Kent County Property Search

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

New Kent County Property Search

Property Notes:

No Data

July 01, 2022 403 Page: 2 of 2

DHR ID: 063-5146 Other DHR ID: No Data

Property Information

Property Names

Name Explanation Name

Current Name Henrico County Regional Jail East

Property Evaluation Status

Property Addresses

Current - Polish Town Road

County/Independent City(s): New Kent (County)

Incorporated Town(s):No DataZip Code(s):23089Magisterial District(s):No DataTax Parcel(s):No DataUSGS Quad(s):TOANO

Additional Property Information

Architecture Setting: Rural
Acreage: No Data

Site Description:

June 2022: The Henrico County Regional Jail sits to the south of Polish Town Road on a large parcel of land. The original jail sits on top of a gently sloping hill, the modern facility sits to the east of the original jail.

Surveyor Assessment:

June 2022: H&P recommends that the Henrico County Regional Jail is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

Surveyor Recommendation: Recommended Not Eligible

Ownership

Ownership Category Ownership Entity

Local Govt No Date

Primary Resource Information

Resource Category:GovernmentResource Type:JailNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:ca 1960Date Source:Written Data

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)
Historic Context(s): Government/Law/Political

Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.0

Condition: Poor

Threats to Resource: None Known

Cultural Affiliations: Indeterminate

Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: The Henrico County Regional Jail consists of a collection of buildings that sits to the south of Polish Town Road. Based on topographic maps, it appears that the facility was constructed between 1953 and 1965, and is identified as State Prison Camp #16. The buildings are constructed in a combination of masonry composed of concrete blocks and frame clad in vertical boards, and wood siding. A majority of the buildings sit behind a 12-foot chain link fence. The facility also includes two watch towers, a physical plant, and a greenhouse.

July 01, 2022 404 Page: 1 of 2

DHR ID: 063-5146 Other DHR ID: No Data

A modern jail facility sits to the southeast of the original mid-twentieth century facility.

Exterior Components

Component Component Type Material **Material Treatment**

No Data Block Roof Side Gable Asphalt Masonry Structural System and Concrete Exterior Treatment

Structural System and Wood Frame Vinyl Vertical Board

Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource Information

Historic District Information

Historic District Name: No Data **Local Historic District Name:** No Data **Historic District Significance:** No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I/Reconnaissance

Project Review File Number: No Data

Investigator: Ben Leatherland Organization/Company: Hurt & Proffitt Photographic Media: Digital **Survey Date:** 6/20/2022 **Dhr Library Report Number:**

No Data

Project Staff/Notes:

Sarah M. Clarke

Senior Architectural Historian

Hurt & Proffitt

Project Bibliographic Information:

New Kent County Property Search

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

New Kent County Property Search

Property Notes:

No Data

July 01, 2022 405 Page: 2 of 2

Other DHR ID: No Data

DHR ID: 063-5147

Property Information

Property Names

Name Explanation Name

Current Name Angel View Baptist Church

Property Evaluation Status

Property Addresses

Current - 6911 Angel View Lane

County/Independent City(s): New Kent (County)

Incorporated Town(s):No DataZip Code(s):23089Magisterial District(s):No DataTax Parcel(s):No DataUSGS Quad(s):NEW KENT

Additional Property Information

Architecture Setting: Rural
Acreage: No Data

Site Description:

June 2022: The Angel View Baptist Church sits to the northwest of the intersection of Angel View Land and Eltham Road. The church sits on a cleared, level lot with a parking lot located to the west of the building. A small shed and a vehicle shed sits to the northwest of the church building. A cemetery is to the rear of the church.

Surveyor Assessment:

June 2022: H&P recommends that the Angel View Baptist Church is not individually eligible for the NRHP under Criteria A, B, or C; Criterion D is not applicable. The building does not represent any important people or events in history and the design, workmanship, and materials are stock and unremarkable.

Surveyor Recommendation: Recommended Not Eligible

Ownership

Ownership Category Ownership Entity

Private No Data

Primary Resource Information

Resource Category:ReligionResource Type:Church/ChapelNR Resource Type:BuildingDate of Construction:1973

Date Source: Date Stone/Cornerstone

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Religion
Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data

Number of Stories: 1.0

Condition: Good

Threats to Resource: None Known

Cultural Affiliations: African American

Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: The Angel View Baptist Church is a one-story, masonry church composed of concrete blocks that was built in 1973. The vinyl, six-over-six windows have a double-hung sash and brick sills. The porch stoop has brick steps with a wrought-iron railing. The cross-gable roof is covered with asphalt shingles. According to the church's website the congregation was founded in 1887 and the current 1973 building has been

July 01, 2022 406 Page: 1 of 4

DHR ID: 063-5147 Architectural Survey Form Other DHR ID: No Data

added onto twice.

Exterior Components

Component Type Material **Material Treatment** Component Side Gable Roof Asphalt No Data

Structural System and Block Masonry Concrete Exterior Treatment Windows Double-hung No Data No Data

Secondary Resource Information

Secondary Resource #1

Resource Category: Domestic Shed Resource Type: NR Resource Type: Building **Date of Construction:** ca 1975 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: The New Dominion (1946 - 1991)

Historic Context(s): Domestic Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data **Number of Stories:** 1.0 **Condition:** Good

Threats to Resource: None Known **Cultural Affiliations:** African American

Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, gable-end-entry, masonry shed composed of concrete blocks and capped with a roof of standing-seam metal.

Exterior Components

Component Component Type Material **Material Treatment**

Roof Front Gable Metal Structural System and Masonry Concrete Block Exterior Treatment

Secondary Resource #2

Resource Category: Domestic Resource Type: Shed - Vehicle Building NR Resource Type: **Date of Construction:** ca 2000 **Date Source:** Site Visit

Historic Time Period: Post Cold War (1992 - Present)

Historic Context(s): Domestic Other ID Number: No Data

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data 1.0 **Number of Stories: Condition:** Good **Threats to Resource:** None Known **Cultural Affiliations:** African American

Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: This is a one-story, one-bay, modern vehicle pole shed.

July 01, 2022 Page: 2 of 4 407

DHR ID: 063-5147

Exterior Components

Component Component Type Material Material Treatment

Roof Front Gable Metal No Data

Secondary Resource #3

Resource Category:FuneraryResource Type:CemeteryNR Resource Type:SiteDate of Construction:ca 1919Date Source:Site Visit

Historic Time Period: World War I to World War II (1917 - 1945)

Historic Context(s): Funerary **Other ID Number:** *No Data*

Architectural Style: No discernible style

Form: No Data
Number of Stories: No Data
Condition: Good
Threats to Resource: None Known
Cultural Affiliations: African American

Cultural Affiliation Details: No Data

Architectural Description:

June 2022: The cemetery contains a combination of modern, granite markers, concrete copings, and stone headers and footers.

Cemetery Information

Current Use: Religious
Historic Religious Affilitation: Baptist

Ethnic Affiliation: African Descent

Has Marked Graves:YesHas Unmarked Graves:YesEnclosure Type:NoneNumber Of Gravestones:26 - 50Earliest Marked Death Year:1919Latest Marked Death Year:2005

Historic District Information

Historic District Name: No Data
Local Historic District Name: No Data
Historic District Significance: No Data

CRM Events

Event Type: Survey:Phase I/Reconnaissance

Project Review File Number: No Data

 Investigator:
 Ben Leatherland

 Organization/Company:
 Hurt & Proffitt

 Photographic Media:
 Digital

 Survey Date:
 6/20/2022

 Dhr Library Report Number:
 No Data

Project Staff/Notes: Sarah M. Clarke

July 01, 2022 408 Page: 3 of 4

Virginia Department of Historic Resources

Architectural Survey Form

DHR ID: 063-5147 Other DHR ID: No Data

Senior Architectural Historian Hurt & Proffitt

Project Bibliographic Information:

New Kent County Property Search

Bibliographic Information

Bibliography:

New Kent County Property Search

Property Notes:

No Data

July 01, 2022 409 Page: 4 of 4

APPENDIX E ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTED RESOURCE ASSESSMENT



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTED RESOURCES ASSESSMENT

Polish Town Road – New Kent – VA DG Barhamsville, New Kent County, Virginia LaBella Project No. 2222419

Prepared For: Polish Town Solar 1, LLC

55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, Massachusetts 01851

Mr. Quentin Wood, PE

978-513-2605

qwood@newleafenergy.com

Prepared By: LaBella Associates, D.P.C.

1604 Ownby Lane

Richmond, Virginia 23220

Date: October 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

2	0 INTRODUCTION	1.0
OIES2	.O FEDERAL AND STATE PROTECTED SPE	2.0
	2.1 UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (USFWS) INFORMAT CONSULTATION (IPAC):	2.1 CO
4	2.2 DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES (DWR) WEBSERVICES	2.2
4	2.1.1 VIRGINIA FISH AND WILDLIFE INFORMATION SERVICES (VAFWIS)	2
AT AND ROOST TREES 4	2.1.2 NORTHERN LONG-EARED BAT (MYOTIS SEPTENTRIONALIS) HABIT	2
•	2.1.3 LITTLE BROWN BAT (MYOTIS LUCIFUGUS - MYLU) AND TRI-COLO SUBFLAVUS - PESU)	
5	2.1.4 COLONIAL WATERBIRD	2
5	2.3 COASTAL AVIAN PROTECTION ZONE (CAPZ)	2.3
6	2.4 THE CENTER FOR CONSERVATION BIOLOGY BALD EAGLE MAPPER	2.4
	2.5 VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION (DC DATA EXPLORER	
7	.O PRIME FARMLAND AND SOILS	3.0
7	.0 SUMMARY	4.0
ESSIONALS8	.O SIGNATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROF	5.0
10	.0 REFERENCES	6.0

TABLES

TABLE 1. FARMLAND CLASSIFICATION WITHIN THE STUDY AREA

TABLE 2. SPECIES SUMMARY

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: THREATENED AND ENDANGERED (T&E) SPECIES REVIEW

APPENDIX B: FARMLAND CLASSIFICATION MAP

APPENDIX C: COLONIAL WATERBIRD ROOKERY SURVEY REPORT



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (Client) retained LaBella Associates, D.P.C. (LaBella) to perform an environmental protected resources assessment (EPRA), which included evaluating the potential for threatened and endangered (T&E) species and their associated habitats to occur in the Polish Town Rd - New Kent - VA DG project (Project). As part of the EPRA, LaBella performed a Colonial Waterbird Rookery Survey for the Project. Polish Town Solar 1, LLC plans to construct a solar facility along the north side of Polish Town Road in New Kent County, Virginia (Project Site). For the purposes of the habitat evaluation and survey, the Study Area included the proposed Project Site limits as well as a 100-foot buffer as a conservative effort to obtain additional clearance outside of the Project Site limits. The Project Site is defined as an approximately 41-acre area consisting of forest communities and utility right-of-ways (ROWs), in Barhamsville, New Kent County, Virginia. Please refer to Appendix A, Figure 1 for the Project Site location and boundary. The geographic coordinates of the approximate Project Site center are: 37.498239 (Latitude), -76.850597 (Longitude) (NAD83).

2.0 FEDERAL AND STATE PROTECTED SPECIES

2.1 United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC):

An Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) Beta review was conducted through the USFWS database to evaluate documented occurrences or potential habitat for federally listed species on or surrounding the subject site. According to USFWS, three species and no critical habitats were identified on the Beta Official Species List ([OSL], Appendix A) as having the potential to occur at or surrounding the project site (USFWS, 2023a).

Federally Endangered Northern Long-eared Bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*)

According to the USFWS Species Fact Sheet (2023c), the male bat prefers large caves and abandoned mines during the winter and summer. Female bats prefer caves and mines during the winter and summer. Maternity colonies are located in riparian forests along streams. It is also known that this bat species generally roosts in trees greater than three inches in diameter at breast height (dbh) that are found on south-facing slopes and have exfoliating bark or snags during the summer months.

The USFWS classified the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) as endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), initially effective on January 30, 2023, however, the final rule release was delayed 60 days to March 31, 2023. The USFWS previously implemented a standardized process through a General Programmatic Biological Opinion (PBO) for projects to navigate allowable incidental take more efficiently under the 4(d) rule for this species. As of March 31, 2023, the 4(d) rule and General PBO have been superseded by Interim



Consultation Framework for the Northern Long-eared Bat (USFWS, 2023d). The Interim Consultation Framework provides the steps to complete formal section 7 consultation, provided the federal actions (i.e., fund, authorize, permit, or otherwise carry out) are consistent with the former 4(d) rule. Activities that do not comply with the conditions and requirements of the former 4(d) rule must obtain separate consultation. These activities include:

- a. Activities that result in the disturbance or disruption of northern long-eared bats in their hibernacula during hibernation,
- b. Activities that result in the physical or other alteration of a hibernaculum's entrance or environment during any time of the year,
- c. If it results in tree removal activities within ¼-mile of known hibernaculum at any time of year,
- d. The activity cuts or destroys a known, occupied maternity roost tree or other trees within a 150- foot radius from the maternity roost tree during the pup season from June 1 through July 31.

The Study Area is located in the town of Barhamsville, Pulaski County, Virginia. The Study Area is not within ½-mile of known hibernacula or within 150-feet of a known maternity roost nest tree. Please refer to Section 2.1.1 below for additional discussions regarding these observations and habitat.

To determine potential project impacts and environmental permitting process more accurately, LaBella ran the Project through the USFWS IPaC Beta Website (2023a) which allows users to informally test the determination key (D-key) for NLEB without initiating consultation with USFWS. Based on the current project design the D-key reached a determination of "may affect, but not likely to adversely affect" ([NLAA], Appendix A). The "NLAA" determination was produced by assuming a voluntary time of year restriction (TOYR) of tree clearing. The NLAA determination indicates additional coordination with USFWS would be required to determine if USFWS would require a survey (acoustic, absence/presence, emergence) as part of Section 7 Consultation and compliance.

Proposed Federally Endangered Tricolored Bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*)

According to the USWFS Species Fact Sheet (2023d), Tricolored bats have a wide range stretching from eastern to central United States and portions of southern Canada, south to Mexico and Central America. In winter months, Tricolored bats roost and hibernate in caves and mines, however where caves are sparse as in the southern United States, Tricolored bats roost in road-associated culverts. During the remainder of the year, Tricolored bats inhabit forested habitats, roosting among leaves. At this time, the species is listed as *Proposed Species* with no Section 7 requirements. A proposed ruling for the Tricolored bat will be



released by USFWS on September 23, 2023. A "proposed endangered" listing does not qualify a species under Section 7 requirements, but there is the potential USFWS and/or DWR could request a bat survey and/or TOYR in the future.

Candidate Species Monarch Butterfly (*Danaus plexippus*)

The Monarch butterfly prefers a variety of habitats throughout the Unites States. In North America, the eastern population migrates north to the United States and Canada in March and migrate back to overwintering sites in Mexico from August to November during fall migration. They require milkweed (*Asclepias* spp.) for breeding and are often observed in open grass areas during their breeding season, but they utilize a variety of habitats ranging from mature forests to open fields throughout their lifespan (USFWS, 2023c). The Monarch butterfly is being considered as a federally listed species under the ESA. At this time, the species is listed as a *Candidate Species* with no Section 7 requirements. It is not anticipated additional studies will be needed for this listing unless the species' status changes to threatened or endangered.

2.2 Department of Wildlife Resources (DWR) Webservices

The Department of Wildlife Resources (DWR), formerly known as the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries (DGIF), operates multiple mapping tools for state and/or federally listed species. Below is a description of the databases searched for the purposes of this study.

2.1.1 Virginia Fish and Wildlife Information Services (VAFWIS)

LaBella conducted a search of the DWR VAFWIS database to evaluate documented occurrences of listed threatened and endangered species within a two-mile radius of the Study Area. According to VAFWIS, no state-listed threatened or endangered species are identified within a 2-mile radius of the Study Area, however, the Pamunkey River, a T& E water is located approximately 1.5-miles from the Study Area (Appendix A; Figure 1). The Project will not impact or affect the Pamunkey River as the Project Site and Pamunkey River are separated by roadways and forests.

2.1.2 Northern Long-Eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis) Habitat and Roost Trees

A review of the Northern Long-Eared Bat (NLEB) Habitat and Roost Trees Data Explorer database was reviewed to evaluate if documented occurrences or potential habitat for the federally threatened NLEB are within the project boundaries. The review identified the Study Area is not located within 150-feet of a known occupied maternity roost or within 1/4-mile of a known NLEB hibernaculum (Appendix A; Figure 2).



2.1.3 Little Brown Bat (Myotis lucifugus – MYLU) and Tri-colored Bat (Perimyotis subflavus – PESU)

A review of the Little Brown Bat (MYLU)/Tri-colored Bat (PESU) Habitat Data Explorer database was reviewed to evaluate if documented occurrences or potential habitat for the state endangered species are within the project boundaries. The review identified the Study Area is not located within the 1/2-mile or 5.5-mile hibernaculum buffer zones (Appendix A; Figure 3).

2.1.4 Colonial Waterbird

A review of the Colonial Waterbird database was reviewed to evaluate if documented observations are within the Study Area or within a 1/2-mile buffer which is DWR's trigger buffer to request additional information and/or surveys. The review identified a Great Blue Heron (GBHE, *Ardea herodias*) observation approximately 1.0 mile to the southeast of the Project Site (Appendix A, Figure 4). At the request of the Client, LaBella conducted a Colonial Waterbird Survey for the Project Site for potential evidence of all colonial waterbirds, but specifically focused on the GBHE. Based on the survey results presented in the Colonial Waterbird Rookery Survey Report (Appendix C, [LaBella Associates, 2023]) no GBHE observations (nests, tracks, calls) were documented throughout the Study Area during the survey.

2.3 Coastal Avian Protection Zone (CAPZ)

The Coastal Avian Protection Zone (CAPZ) map was created by the Center for Conservation Biology at the College of William and Mary and Virginia Commonwealth University (VCU), the Department of Wildlife Resources (DWR), the Virginia Coastal Zone Management Program (CZM) and the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation–Natural Heritage Program (DCR-NH) to assist small renewable energy project applicants in identifying zones that are critically important for avian resources. The map is intended to be utilized for informational purposes only.

There are fourteen CAP zones in the Commonwealth of Virginia. If a project qualifies for Solar Permit By Rule (PBR), The Solar PBR requires projects located in part or in whole within zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, or 14 on the CAPZ map shall contribute \$1000 per megawatt of rated capacity, or partial megawatt thereof, to a fund in support of research investigating impacts of projects in CAPZ on avian resources. The Study Area falls within Zone 11, mapped as an area of regional importance for birds (Appendix A; Figure 5). Zone 11 includes the lower reaches of the Mattaponi and Pamunkey tributaries. The zone encompasses lands and waters that have been designated as "Important Bird Areas" by the National Audubon Society for their local, regional, continental, or global importance to birds and potential breeding bald eagles (DEQ, 2012).



2.4 The Center for Conservation Biology Bald Eagle Mapper

The Center for Conservation Biology's (CCB) mapping tool was utilized to evaluate if bald eagle roosts and/or nests are located within close proximity of the Study Area (Appendix A; Figure 6). There are two buffers associated with Bald Eagle nests: (1) 330-foot buffer which is the "primary buffer" where human activities are considered to be detrimental to breeding pairs; and (2) 660-foot buffer which is the "secondary buffer" where human activities are considered to impact the integrity of the primary buffer. The Study Area does not fall within a bald eagle nest or roost buffer zone.

2.5 Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR) Natural Heritage Data Explorer

DCR manages the Virginia Natural Heritage Data Explorer which identifies areas such as Stream Conservation Units (SCU) and Conserved Land that is considered protected Commonwealth Land under DCR's jurisdiction. A review of the Virginia Natural Heritage Data Explorer database shows three Natural Heritage Conservation Sites and no SCU within a 2-mile radius of the Study Area. The resources within the two-mile radius include Lee Marsh, Warreneye (Wahrani) Nature Trail, and Pamunkey River – Big Island to Lee Marsh Stream Conservation Site (SCS).

The Lee Marsh site is located approximately 1.57 miles north of the Study Area. This "high priority" conservation site delineates an area that provides habitat and buffer for one or more natural heritage resources (rare plants, animals, animal assemblages, significant natural community or geologic features). Impacts to this Conservation Site as a result of the proposed project are unlikely as the Study Area and Conservation Site are separated by several roadways and the Pamunkey River. The Conservation Site does not extend onto the Study Area (Appendix A).

The Study Area is located within the Warreneye (recently renamed Wahrani) Nature Trail Conservation Site. This site is delineated as area that provides habitat and a buffer for one or more natural heritage resources. Impacts to this Conservation Site as a result of the proposed project may occur. Further consultation with DCR is recommended to determine if the proposed project will have an impact on the Conservation Site.

The Pamunkey River – Big Island to Lee Marsh SCS is located approximately 0.39-miles north of the Study Area. This conservation site delineates stream reaches and adjacent areas that provides and support habitat for one or more natural heritage resources. Impacts to this Conservation Site as a result of the proposed project are unlikely as the Study Area and Conservation Site are separated by roadways and the Conservation Site does not extend onto the Study Area.



3.0 PRIME FARMLAND AND SOILS

The Soil Survey of New Kent County, Natural Resources Conservation Services (NRCS, 2019) Web Soil Survey Farmland Classification indicates there are six soil map units within the Study Area, five of which are rated as prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance as outlined in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Farmland Classification within the Study Area

NRCS Soil Map Unit	Map Unit Symbol	Farmland Rating	Acres in Study Area
Caroline-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	7B	All areas are prime farmland	9.7
Craven loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	10C	Farmland of statewide importance	4.6
Craven-Caroline complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	11B	All areas are prime farmland	1.6
Nevarc-Remlik complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes	26D	Farmland of statewide importance	8.8
Nevarc-Remlik complex, 25 to 60 percent slopes	26F	Not prime farmland	10.7
Slagle-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	34B	All areas are prime farmland	5.9

Source: USDA, NRCS, 2019; Soil Survey Staff 2019

The Farmland Classification ratings outlined in Table 1 and the Web Soil Survey map provided in Appendix B, indicates approximately 10.7 acres of the Study Area is not considered prime farmland. However, the remaining 30.5 acres is rated as prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance as detailed above.

Prime farmlands as defined in Agriculture (43 Code of Federal Regulations [C.F.R.] § 657.5, 1978) as land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics to producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oil seed crops, and is also available for uses such as cropland, pastureland, rangeland, forest land, or other land, but not urban land built-up land or water. Farmland of statewide importance is defined as lands important to the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oil seed crops (43 C.F.R. § 657.5, 1978).

Currently the state of Virginia does not regulate ground-mounted solar development on prime farmlands. However, local or county zoning ordinances should be reviewed prior to development to ensure local regulations and requirements are followed.

4.0 SUMMARY

Review of DWR Webservices and the IPaC OSL indicated there is a potential for one federally endangered species, one federal candidate species, one state endangered/federally



proposed endangered species to occur within the Study Area, which are provided in Table 2 below.

Table 2. Species Summary

Species Name	Federal/ State Status	Suitable Habitat Present (Y/N?)	Regulatory Agency	Permitting Requirements
Mammals				
Northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	FE/ST	Υ	USFWS/DWR	Potential for bat survey and/or TOYR.
Tri-colored bat (Perimyotis subflavus)	SE/ Proposed FE	Υ	DWR	Potential for bat survey and/or TOYR if listed as FE in Fall 2023.
Insects				
Monarch butterfly (Danaus plexippus)	FC	Υ	USFWS	Currently no permitting requirements for this species.

Notes: FC, federal candidate; FE, federally endangered; SE, state endangered; ST, state threatened.

Based on the IPaC OSL and D-key, there is potential USFWS will impose surveys or TOYR for NLEB due to suitable roosting habitat present in the Study Area. Based on the current project design the D-key reached a determination of "NLAA". The "NLAA" determination was obtained by agreeing to TOYR for tree clearing. However, consultation with USFWS is still required in order to obtain a concurrence letter based on the D-key results.

Tricolored bat may be listed as federally endangered in Fall 2023. At such time, USFWS may request a bat survey or mitigation, such as a TOYR, due to potential suitable habitat present within the Study Area. Currently, the "proposed endangered" listed does not subject a species to Section 7 requirements.

Five of the six mapped soil units are considered prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance. Currently, Virginia does not regulate ground-mounted solar development on prime farmlands. However, local or county zoning ordinances may regulate the development of solar projects depending on existing zoning for the project site.

5.0 SIGNATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONALS

We appreciate the opportunity to serve your professional environmental needs. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact Branson Mauck at 804-513-5052



Report Prepared By:

Branson Mauck, CE, PWS

Environmental Manager



6.0 REFERENCES

- CFR. 1978. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 7: Agriculture; Regulations of the Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture, Support Activities, Prime and Unique Farmlands.
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- Virginia DWR. 2020. Northern Long-eared Bat. Virginia Department of Wildlife Resources. Available at: https://dwr.virginia.gov/wildlife/information/northern-long-eared-bat/. Accessed October 2023.
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Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries Northern Long Eared Bat Winter Habitat & Roost Tree Application. Available at:

https://www.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=32ea4ee4935942c092e41ddc d19e5ec5. Accessed October 2023.

Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries Little Brown Bat (Myotis lucifugus – MYLU) and Tri-colored Bat (Perimyotis subflavus – PESU) Application. Available at: https://dgif-

virginia.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=15cf32b9c82b426fb6be47b6 c8d5b624. Accessed October 2023.



APPENDIX A

THREATENED AND ENDANGERED (T&E) SPECIES REVIEW



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Virginia Ecological Services Field Office 6669 Short Lane Gloucester, VA 23061-4410 Phone: (804) 693-6694 Fax: (804) 693-9032

In Reply Refer To: October 30, 2023

Project Code: 2024-0010325 Project Name: Polish Town Road

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). Any activity proposed on National Wildlife Refuge lands must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

424

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/endangered-species-consultation-handbook.pdf

Migratory Birds: In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts, see https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-permit/what-we-do.

The MBTA has no provision for allowing take of migratory birds that may be unintentionally killed or injured by otherwise lawful activities. It is the responsibility of the project proponent to comply with these Acts by identifying potential impacts to migratory birds and eagles within applicable NEPA documents (when there is a federal nexus) or a Bird/Eagle Conservation Plan (when there is no federal nexus). Proponents should implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize the production of project-related stressors or minimize the exposure of birds and their resources to the project-related stressors. For more information on avian stressors and recommended conservation measures, see https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/threats-birds.

In addition to MBTA and BGEPA, Executive Order 13186: *Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds*, obligates all Federal agencies that engage in or authorize activities that might affect migratory birds, to minimize those effects and encourage conservation measures that will improve bird populations. Executive Order 13186 provides for the protection of both migratory birds and migratory bird habitat. For information regarding the implementation of Executive Order 13186, please visit https://www.fws.gov/partner/council-conservation-migratory-birds.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Project Code in the header of this

letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Bald & Golden Eagles
- Migratory Birds

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Virginia Ecological Services Field Office

6669 Short Lane Gloucester, VA 23061-4410 (804) 693-6694

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Code: 2024-0010325
Project Name: Polish Town Road
Project Type: Power Gen - Solar

Project Description: Proposed ground mounted solar array.

Project Location:

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@37.49880305000001,-76.86191884459251,14z



Counties: New Kent County, Virginia

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

There is a total of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

MAMMALS

NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045	Endangered
Tricolored Bat <i>Perimyotis subflavus</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10515	Proposed Endangered
INSECTS NAME	STATUS

Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus

Candidate

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

USFWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE LANDS AND FISH HATCHERIES

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

BALD & GOLDEN EAGLES

Bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act¹ and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to bald or golden eagles, or their habitats³, should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described below.

- 1. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.
- 2. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

There are bald and/or golden eagles in your project area.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME BREEDING SEASON

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read the supplemental information and specifically the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (■)

Green bars; the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during that week of the year.

Breeding Season (

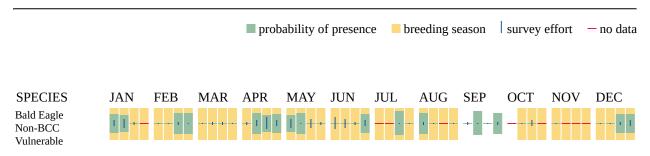
Yellow bars; liberal estimate of the timeframe inside which the bird breeds across its entire range.

Survey Effort (|)

Vertical black lines; the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps.

No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.



Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Eagle Managment https://www.fws.gov/program/eagle-management
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-measures.pdf
- Supplemental Information for Migratory Birds and Eagles in IPaC https://www.fws.gov/media/supplemental-information-migratory-birds-and-bald-and-golden-eagles-may-occur-project-action

MIGRATORY BIRDS

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act¹ and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats³ should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described below.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.

3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Bald Eagle <i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626	Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31
Chimney Swift <i>Chaetura pelagica</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9406	Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 25
Eastern Whip-poor-will <i>Antrostomus vociferus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10678	Breeds May 1 to Aug 20
King Rail <i>Rallus elegans</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8936	Breeds May 1 to Sep 5
Prairie Warbler <i>Dendroica discolor</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9513	Breeds May 1 to Jul 31
Prothonotary Warbler <i>Protonotaria citrea</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9439	Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31
Red-headed Woodpecker <i>Melanerpes erythrocephalus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9398	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10
Rusty Blackbird <i>Euphagus carolinus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9478	Breeds elsewhere

10/30/2023

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina	Breeds May 10
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA	to Aug 31
and Alaska.	J
https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9431	

PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read the supplemental information and specifically the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (■)

Green bars; the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during that week of the year.

Breeding Season (

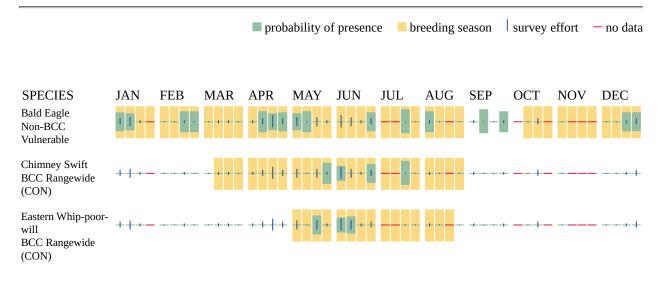
Yellow bars; liberal estimate of the timeframe inside which the bird breeds across its entire range.

Survey Effort (|)

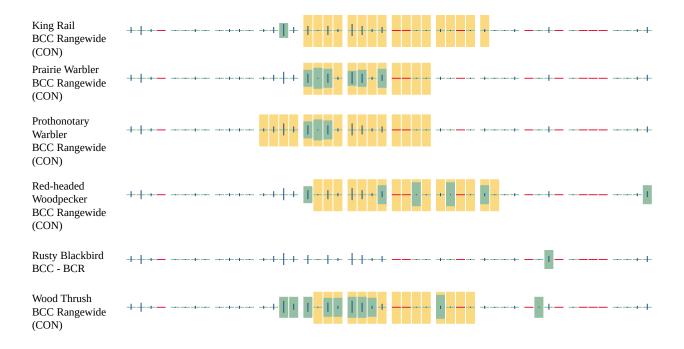
Vertical black lines; the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps.

No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.



10/30/2023 10



Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Eagle Management https://www.fws.gov/program/eagle-management
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-measures.pdf
- Supplemental Information for Migratory Birds and Eagles in IPaC https://www.fws.gov/media/supplemental-information-migratory-birds-and-bald-and-golden-eagles-may-occur-project-action

10/30/2023

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: LaBella Associates Name: Branson Mauck Address: 1604 Ownby Lane

City: Richmond

State: VA Zip: 23220

Email bmauck@labellapc.com

Phone: 8049772208



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Virginia Ecological Services Field Office 6669 Short Lane Gloucester, VA 23061-4410 Phone: (804) 693-6694 Fax: (804) 693-9032

In Reply Refer To: October 30, 2023

Project code: 2024-0010325 Project Name: Polish Town Road

Federal Nexus: yes

Federal Action Agency (if applicable): Army Corps of Engineers

Subject: Technical assistance for 'Polish Town Road'

Dear Branson Mauck:

This letter records your determination using the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system provided to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) on October 30, 2023, for 'Polish Town Road' (here forward, Project). This project has been assigned Project Code 2024-0010325 and all future correspondence should clearly reference this number. **Please carefully review this letter. Your Endangered Species Act (Act) requirements are not complete.**

Ensuring Accurate Determinations When Using IPaC

The Service developed the IPaC system and associated species' determination keys in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA; 87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and based on a standing analysis. All information submitted by the Project proponent into IPaC must accurately represent the full scope and details of the Project.

Failure to accurately represent or implement the Project as detailed in IPaC or the Northern Long-eared Bat Rangewide Determination Key (Dkey), invalidates this letter. *Answers to certain questions in the DKey commit the project proponent to implementation of conservation measures that must be followed for the ESA determination to remain valid.*

Determination for the Northern Long-Eared Bat

Based upon your IPaC submission and a standing analysis, your project is not reasonably certain to cause incidental take of the northern long-eared bat. Unless the Service advises you within 15 days of the date of this letter that your IPaC-assisted determination was incorrect, this letter verifies that the Action is not likely to result in unauthorized take of the northern long-eared bat.

435

Other Species and Critical Habitat that May be Present in the Action Area

The IPaC-assisted determination for the northern long-eared bat does not apply to the following ESA-protected species and/or critical habitat that also may occur in your Action area:

- Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus Candidate
- Tricolored Bat Perimyotis subflavus Proposed Endangered

You may coordinate with our Office to determine whether the Action may cause prohibited take of the animal species listed above. Note that if a new species is listed that may be affected by the identified action before it is complete, additional review is recommended to ensure compliance with the Endangered Species Act.

Next Step

<u>Consultation with the Service is necessary.</u> The project has a federal nexus (e.g., Federal funds, permit, etc.), but you are not the federal action agency or its designated (in writing) non-federal representative. Therefore, the ESA consultation status is <u>incomplete</u> and no project activities should occur until consultation between the Service and the Federal action agency (or designated non-federal representative), is completed.

As the federal agency or designated non-federal representative deems appropriate, they should submit their determination of effects to the Service by doing the following.

- 1. Log into IPaC using an agency email account and click on My Projects, click "Search by record locator" to find this Project using **109-133942096**. (Alternatively, the originator of the project in IPaC can add the agency representative to the project by using the Add Member button on the project home page.)
- 2. Review the answers to the Northern Long-eared Bat Range-wide Determination Key to ensure that they are accurate.
- 3. Click on Review/Finalize to convert the 'not likely to adversely affect' consistency letter to a concurrence letter. Download the concurrence letter for your files if needed.

If no changes occur with the Project or there are no updates on listed species, no further consultation/coordination for this project is required for the northern long-eared bat. However, the Service recommends that project proponents re-evaluate the Project in IPaC if: 1) the scope, timing, duration, or location of the Project changes (includes any project changes or amendments); 2) new information reveals the Project may impact (positively or negatively) federally listed species or designated critical habitat; or 3) a new species is listed, or critical habitat designated. If any of the above conditions occurs, additional coordination with the Service should take place before project implements any changes which are final or commits additional resources.

If you have any questions regarding this letter or need further assistance, please contact the Virginia Ecological Services Field Office and reference Project Code 2024-0010325 associated with this Project.

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

10/30/2023

Polish Town Road

2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'Polish Town Road':

Proposed ground mounted solar array.

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@37.49880305000001,-76.86191884459251,14z



DETERMINATION KEY RESULT

Based on the answers provided, the proposed Action is consistent with a determination of "may affect, but not likely to adversely affect" for the Endangered northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*).

QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW

1. Does the proposed project include, or is it reasonably certain to cause, intentional take of the northern long-eared bat or any other listed species?

Note: Intentional take is defined as take that is the intended result of a project. Intentional take could refer to research, direct species management, surveys, and/or studies that include intentional handling/encountering, harassment, collection, or capturing of any individual of a federally listed threatened, endangered or proposed species?

No

2. The action area does not overlap with an area for which U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service currently has data to support the presumption that the northern long-eared bat is present. Are you aware of other data that indicates that northern long-eared bats (NLEB) are likely to be present in the action area?

Bat occurrence data may include identification of NLEBs in hibernacula, capture of NLEBs, tracking of NLEBs to roost trees, or confirmed NLEB acoustic detections. Data on captures, roost tree use, and acoustic detections should post-date the year when whitenose syndrome was detected in the relevant state. With this question, we are looking for data that, for some reason, may have not yet been made available to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

No

3. Does any component of the action involve construction or operation of wind turbines?

Note: For federal actions, answer 'yes' if the construction or operation of wind power facilities is either (1) part of the federal action or (2) would not occur but for a federal agency action (federal permit, funding, etc.).

No

4. Is the proposed action authorized, permitted, licensed, funded, or being carried out by a Federal agency in whole or in part?

Yes

5. Is the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), or Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding or authorizing the proposed action, in whole or in part?

6. Are you an employee of the federal action agency or have you been officially designated in writing by the agency as its designated non-federal representative for the purposes of Endangered Species Act Section 7 informal consultation per 50 CFR § 402.08?

Note: This key may be used for federal actions and for non-federal actions to facilitate section 7 consultation and to help determine whether an incidental take permit may be needed, respectively. This question is for information purposes only.

No

7. Is the lead federal action agency the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or Federal Communications Commission (FCC)? Is the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or Federal Communications Commission (FCC) funding or authorizing the proposed action, in whole or in part?

No

- 8. Is the lead federal action agency the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)? *No*
- 9. Have you determined that your proposed action will have no effect on the northern longeared bat? Remember to consider the <u>effects of any activities</u> that would not occur but for the proposed action.

If you think that the northern long-eared bat may be affected by your project or if you would like assistance in deciding, answer "No" below and continue through the key. If you have determined that the northern long-eared bat does not occur in your project's action area and/or that your project will have no effects whatsoever on the species despite the potential for it to occur in the action area, you may make a "no effect" determination for the northern long-eared bat.

Note: Federal agencies (or their designated non-federal representatives) must consult with USFWS on federal agency actions that may affect listed species [50 CFR 402.14(a)]. Consultation is not required for actions that will not affect listed species or critical habitat. Therefore, this determination key will not provide a consistency or verification letter for actions that will not affect listed species. If you believe that the northern long-eared bat may be affected by your project or if you would like assistance in deciding, please answer "No" and continue through the key. Remember that this key addresses only effects to the northern long-eared bat. Consultation with USFWS would be required if your action may affect another listed species or critical habitat. The definition of Effects of the Action can be found here: https://www.fws.gov/media/northern-long-eared-bat-assisted-determination-key-selected-definitions

No

10. [Semantic] Is the action area located within 0.5 miles of a known northern long-eared bat hibernaculum?

Note: The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your State wildlife agency.

Automatically answered

11. Does the action area contain any caves (or associated sinkholes, fissures, or other karst features), mines, rocky outcroppings, or tunnels that could provide habitat for hibernating northern long-eared bats?

No

12. Is suitable summer habitat for the northern long-eared bat present within 1000 feet of project activities?

(If unsure, answer "Yes.")

Note: If there are trees within the action area that are of a sufficient size to be potential roosts for bats (i.e., live trees and/or snags ≥3 inches (12.7 centimeter) dbh), answer "Yes". If unsure, additional information defining suitable summer habitat for the northern long-eared bat can be found at: https://www.fws.gov/media/northern-long-eared-bat-assisted-determination-key-selected-definitions

Yes

13. Will the action cause effects to a bridge?

No

14. Will the action result in effects to a culvert or tunnel?

No

15. Does the action include the intentional exclusion of northern long-eared bats from a building or structure?

Note: Exclusion is conducted to deny bats' entry or reentry into a building. To be effective and to avoid harming bats, it should be done according to established standards. If your action includes bat exclusion and you are unsure whether northern long-eared bats are present, answer "Yes." Answer "No" if there are no signs of bat use in the building/structure. If unsure, contact your local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services Ecological Services Field Office to help assess whether northern long-eared bats may be present. Contact a Nuisance Wildlife Control Operator (NWCO) for help in how to exclude bats from a structure safely without causing harm to the bats (to find a NWCO certified in bat standards, search the Internet using the search term "National Wildlife Control Operators Association bats"). Also see the White-Nose Syndrome Response Team's guide for bat control in structures

No

- 16. Does the action involve removal, modification, or maintenance of a human-made structure (barn, house, or other building) known or suspected to contain roosting bats?
 No
- 17. Will the action directly or indirectly cause construction of one or more new roads that are open to the public?

Note: The answer may be yes when a publicly accessible road either (1) is constructed as part of the proposed action or (2) would not occur but for the proposed action (i.e., the road construction is facilitated by the proposed action but is not an explicit component of the project).

18. Will the action include or cause any construction or other activity that is reasonably certain to increase average daily traffic on one or more existing roads?

Note: For federal actions, answer 'yes' when the construction or operation of these facilities is either (1) part of the federal action or (2) would not occur but for an action taken by a federal agency (federal permit, funding, etc.).

No

19. Will the action include or cause any construction or other activity that is reasonably certain to increase the number of travel lanes on an existing thoroughfare?

For federal actions, answer 'yes' when the construction or operation of these facilities is either (1) part of the federal action or (2) would not occur but for an action taken by a federal agency (federal permit, funding, etc.).

No

- 20. Will the proposed action involve the creation of a new water-borne contaminant source (e.g., leachate pond pits containing chemicals that are not NSF/ANSI 60 compliant)? *No*
- 21. Will the proposed action involve the creation of a new point source discharge from a facility other than a water treatment plant or storm water system?

No

22. Will the action include drilling or blasting?

No

- 23. Will the action involve military training (e.g., smoke operations, obscurant operations, exploding munitions, artillery fire, range use, helicopter or fixed wing aircraft use)?

 No
- 24. Will the proposed action involve the use of herbicides or pesticides other than herbicides (e.g., fungicides, insecticides, or rodenticides)?

 No
- 25. Will the action include or cause activities that are reasonably certain to cause chronic nighttime noise in suitable summer habitat for the northern long-eared bat? Chronic noise is noise that is continuous or occurs repeatedly again and again for a long time.

Note: Additional information defining suitable summer habitat for the northern long-eared bat can be found at: https://www.fws.gov/media/northern-long-eared-bat-assisted-determination-key-selected-definitions *No*

26. Does the action include, or is it reasonably certain to cause, the use of artificial lighting within 1000 feet of suitable northern long-eared bat roosting habitat?

Note: Additional information defining suitable roosting habitat for the northern long-eared bat can be found at: https://www.fws.gov/media/northern-long-eared-bat-assisted-determination-key-selected-definitions

No

27. Will the action include tree cutting or other means of knocking down or bringing down trees, tree topping, or tree trimming?

Yes

28. Has a presence/probable absence summer bat survey targeting the northern long-eared bat following the Service's <u>Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern Long-Eared Bat Survey Guidelines</u> been conducted within the project area? If unsure, answer "No."

No

29. Does the action include emergency cutting or trimming of hazard trees in order to remove an imminent threat to human safety or property? See hazard tree note at the bottom of the key for text that will be added to response letters

Note: A "hazard tree" is a tree that is an immediate threat to lives, public health and safety, or improved property and has a diameter breast height of six inches or greater.

No

- 30. Are any of the trees proposed for cutting or other means of knocking down, bringing down, topping, or trimming suitable for northern long-eared bat roosting (i.e., live trees and/or snags ≥3 inches dbh that have exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, and/or cavities)? *Yes*
- 31. [Semantic] Does your project intersect a known sensitive area for the northern long-eared bat?

Note: The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your <u>state agency or USFWS field office</u>

Automatically answered

No

32. <u>Will all tree cutting/trimming or other knocking or bringing down of trees be restricted to the inactive season for the northern long-eared bat?</u>

Note: Inactive Season dates for summer habitat outside of staging and swarming areas can be found here: https://www.fws.gov/media/inactive-season-dates-swarming-and-staging-areas.

Yes

33. Will the action cause trees to be cut, knocked down, or otherwise brought down across an area greater than 10 acres?

Yes

PROJECT QUESTIONNAIRE

Enter the extent of the action area (in acres) from which trees will be removed - round up to the nearest tenth of an acre. For this question, include the entire area where tree removal will take place, even if some live or dead trees will be left standing.

58

In what extent of the area (in acres) will trees be cut, knocked down, or trimmed during the <u>inactive</u> (hibernation) season for northern long-eared bat? **Note:** Inactive Season dates for spring staging/fall swarming areas can be found here: https://www.fws.gov/media/inactive-season-dates-swarming-and-staging-areas

58

In what extent of the area (in acres) will trees be cut, knocked down, or trimmed during the <u>active</u> (non-hibernation) season for northern long-eared bat? **Note:** Inactive Season dates for spring staging/fall swarming areas can be found here: https://www.fws.gov/media/inactive-season-dates-swarming-and-staging-areas

0

Will all potential northern long-eared bat (NLEB) roost trees (trees ≥3 inches diameter at breast height, dbh) be cut, knocked, or brought down from any portion of the action area greater than or equal to 0.1 acre? If all NLEB roost trees will be removed from multiple areas, select 'Yes' if the cumulative extent of those areas meets or exceeds 0.1 acre.

Yes

Enter the extent of the action area (in acres) from which all potential NLEB roost trees will be removed. If all NLEB roost trees will be removed from multiple areas, entire the total extent of those areas. Round up to the nearest tenth of an acre.

58

For the area from which all potential northern long-eared bat (NLEB) roost trees will be removed, on how many acres (round to the nearest tenth of an acre) will trees be allowed to regrow? Enter '0' if the entire area from which all potential NLEB roost trees are removed will be developed or otherwise converted to non-forest for the foreseeable future.

0

Will any snags (standing dead trees) ≥3 inches dbh be left standing in the area(s) in which all northern long-eared bat roost trees will be cut, knocked down, or otherwise brought down?

Yes

Will all project activities by completed by April 1, 2024?

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: LaBella Associates Name: Branson Mauck Address: 1604 Ownby Lane

City: Richmond

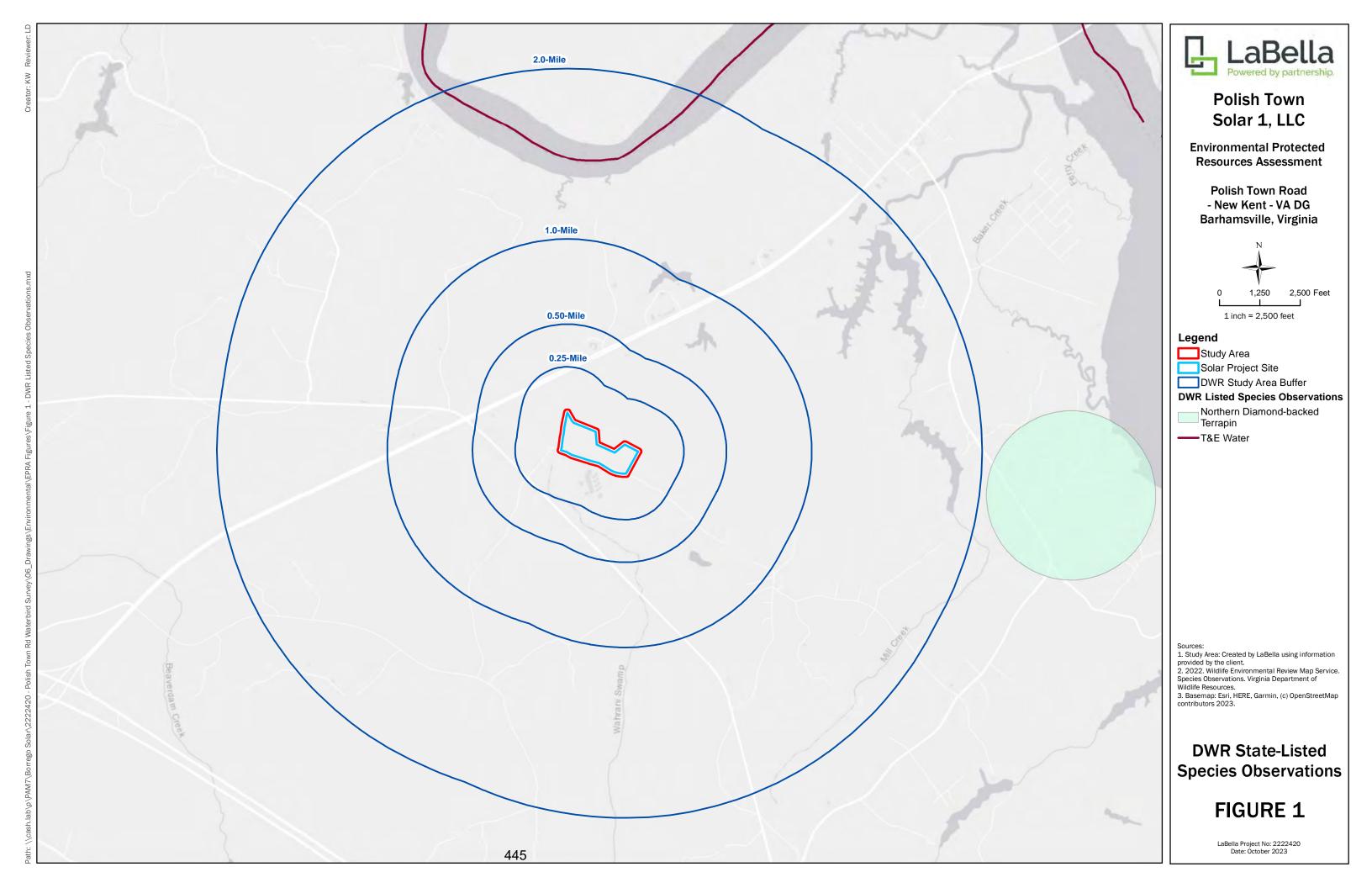
State: VA Zip: 23220

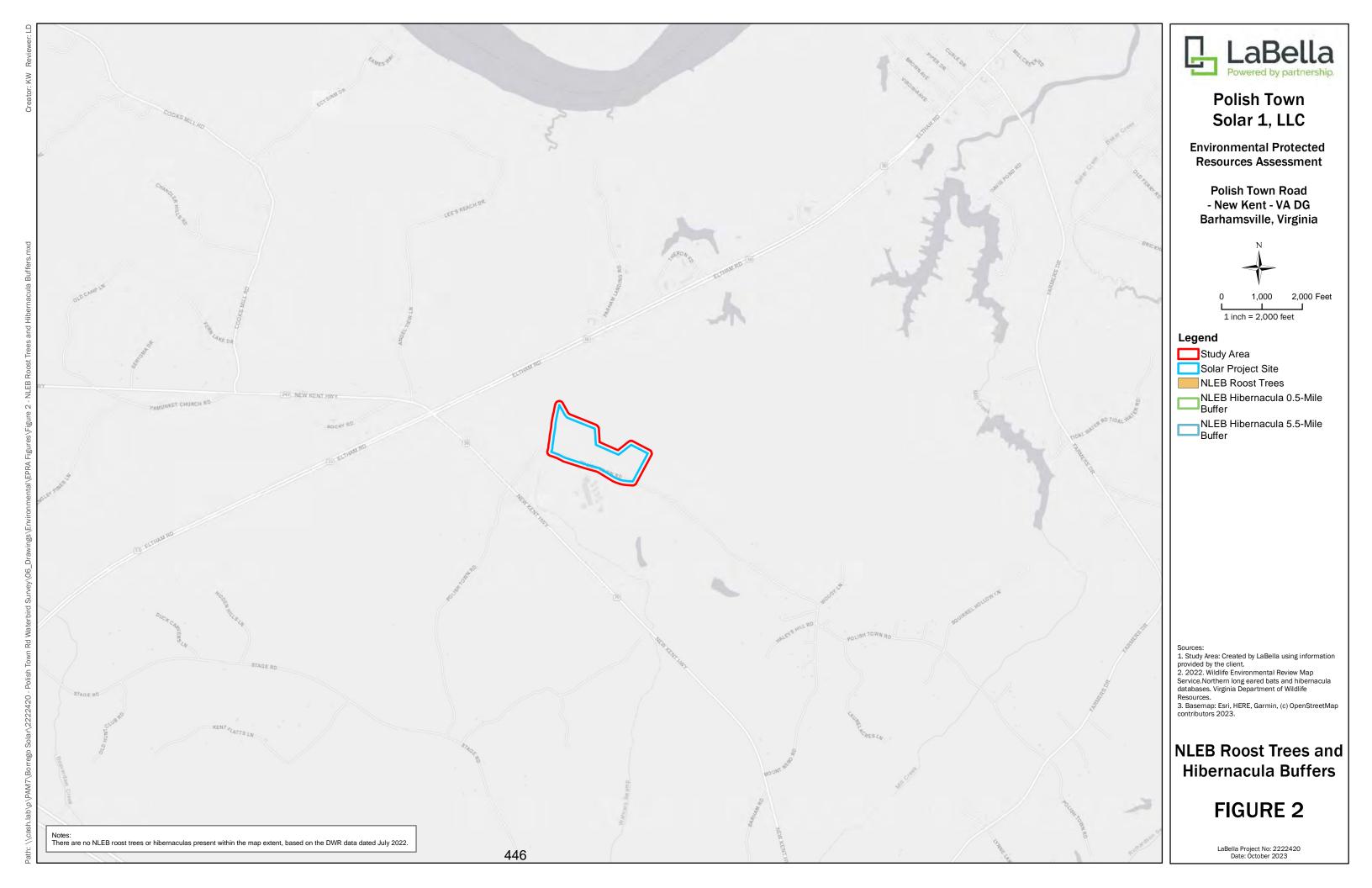
Email bmauck@labellapc.com

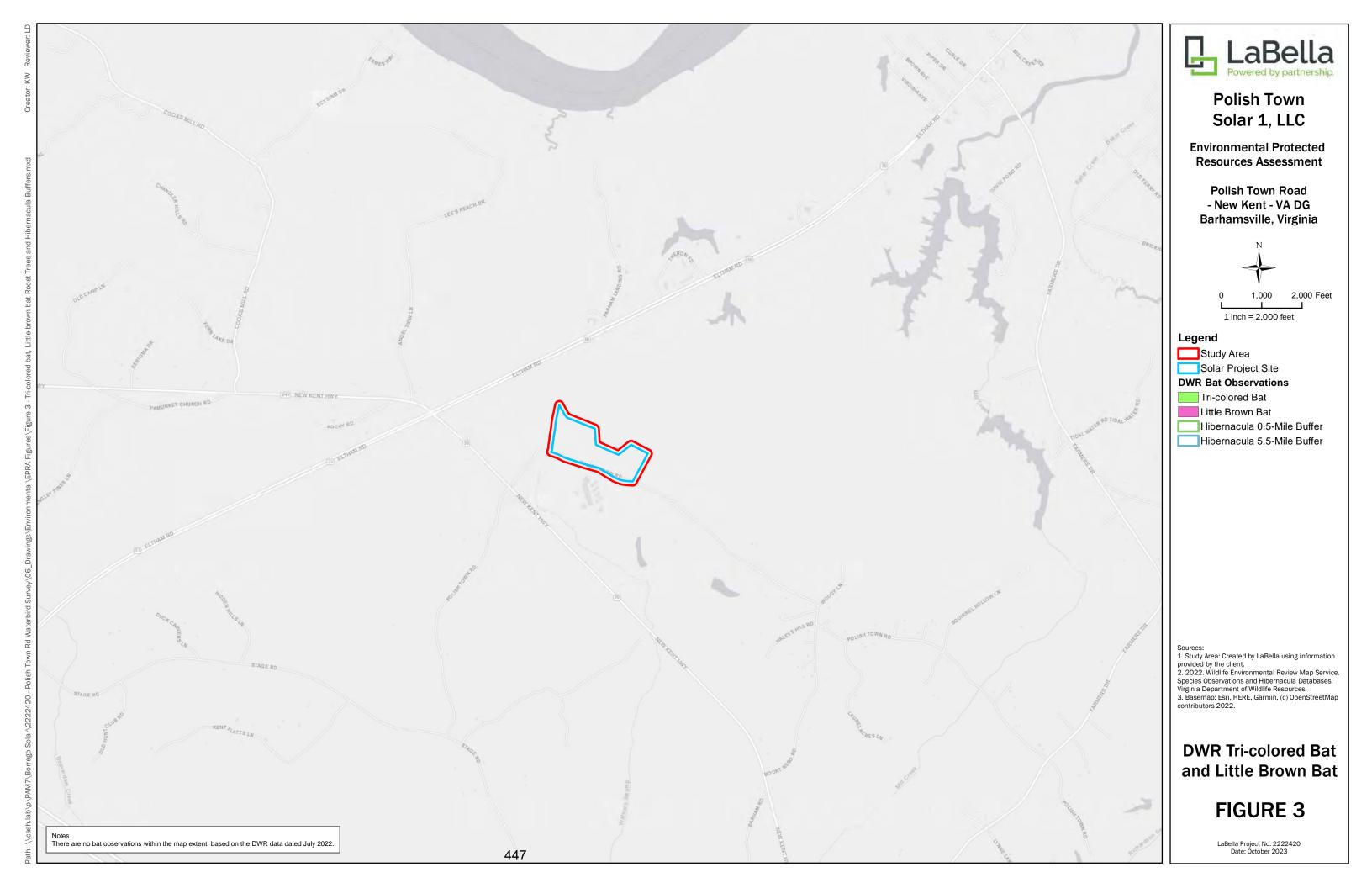
Phone: 8049772208

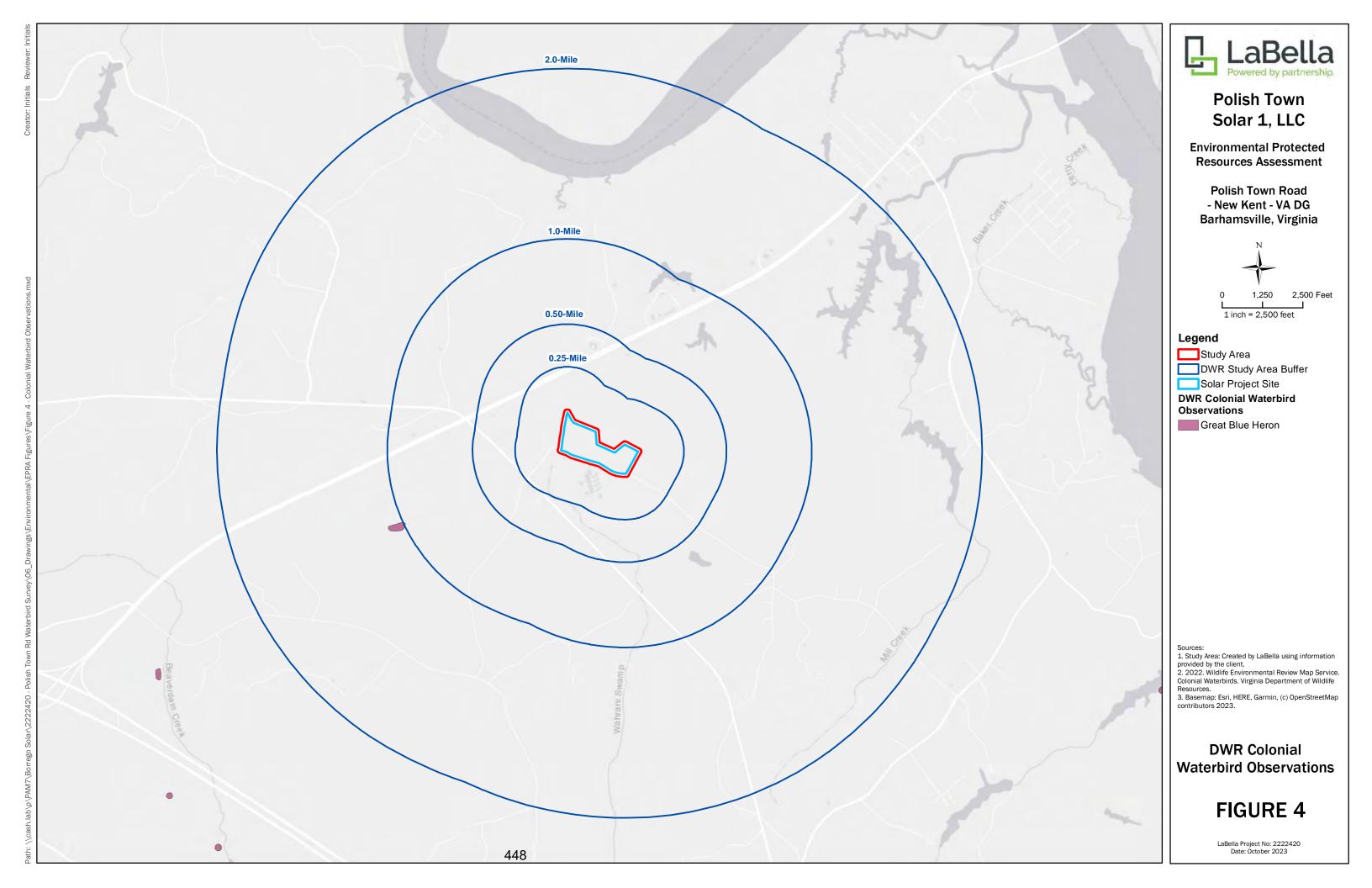
LEAD AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

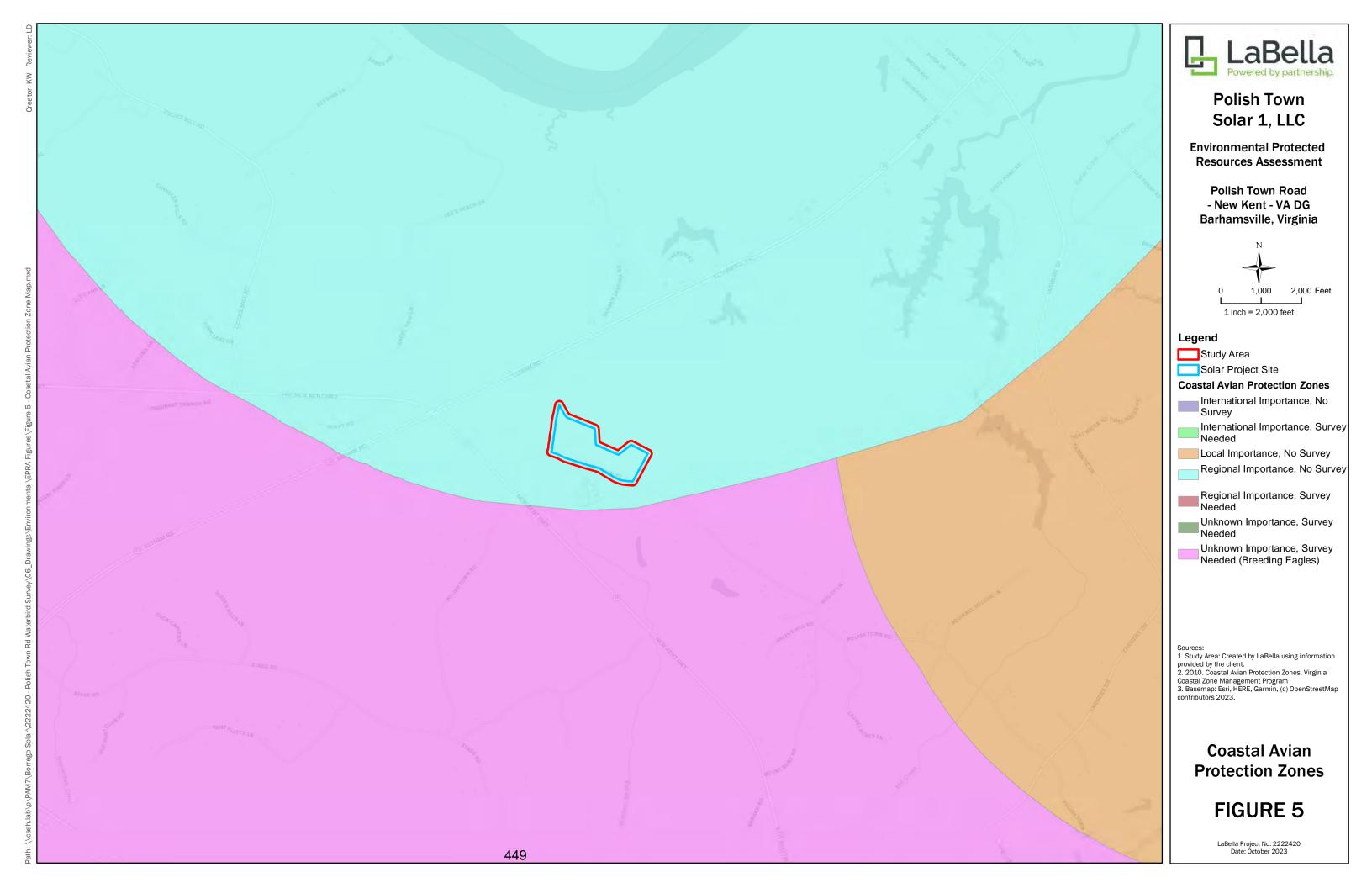
Lead Agency: Army Corps of Engineers

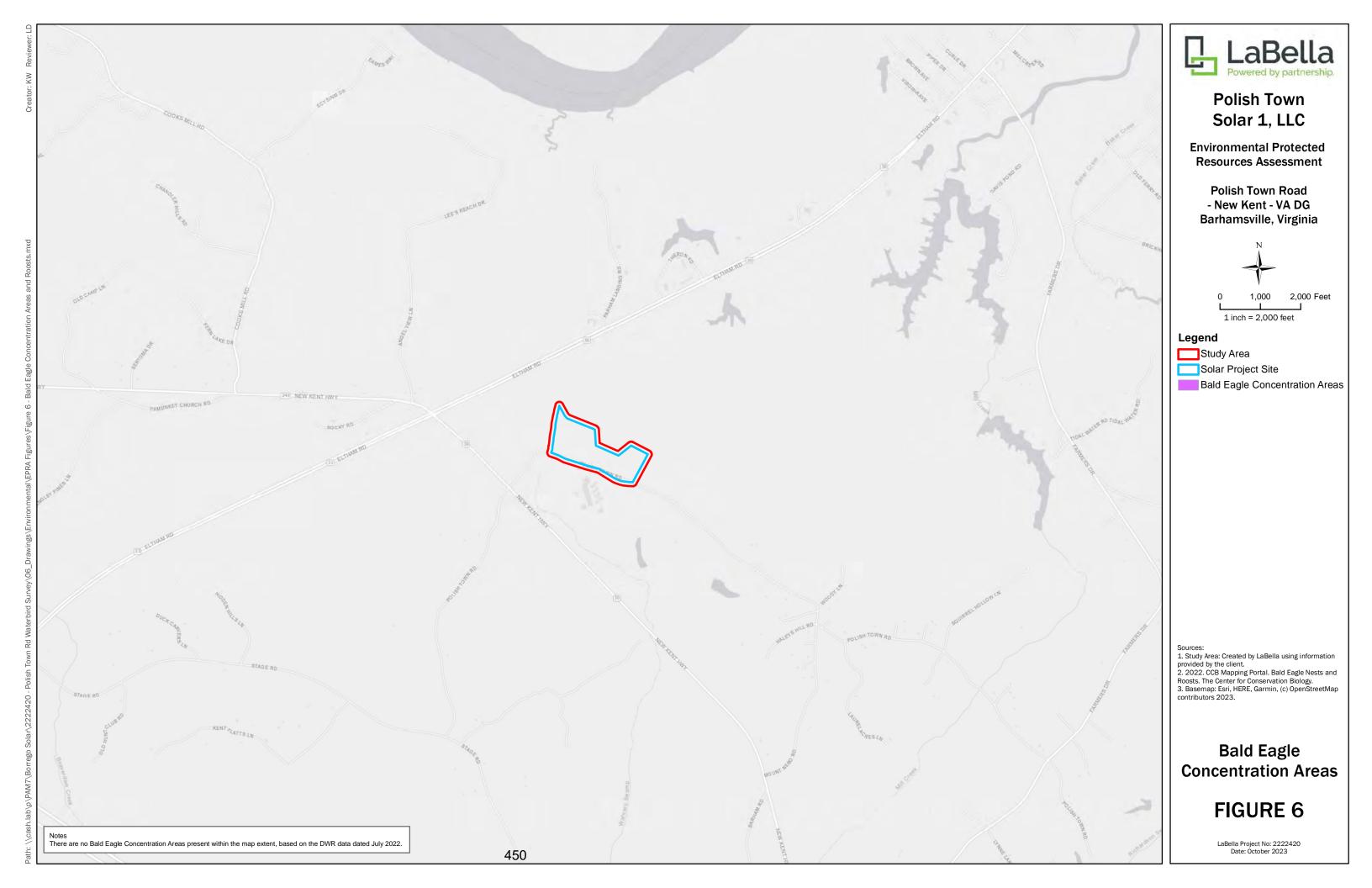




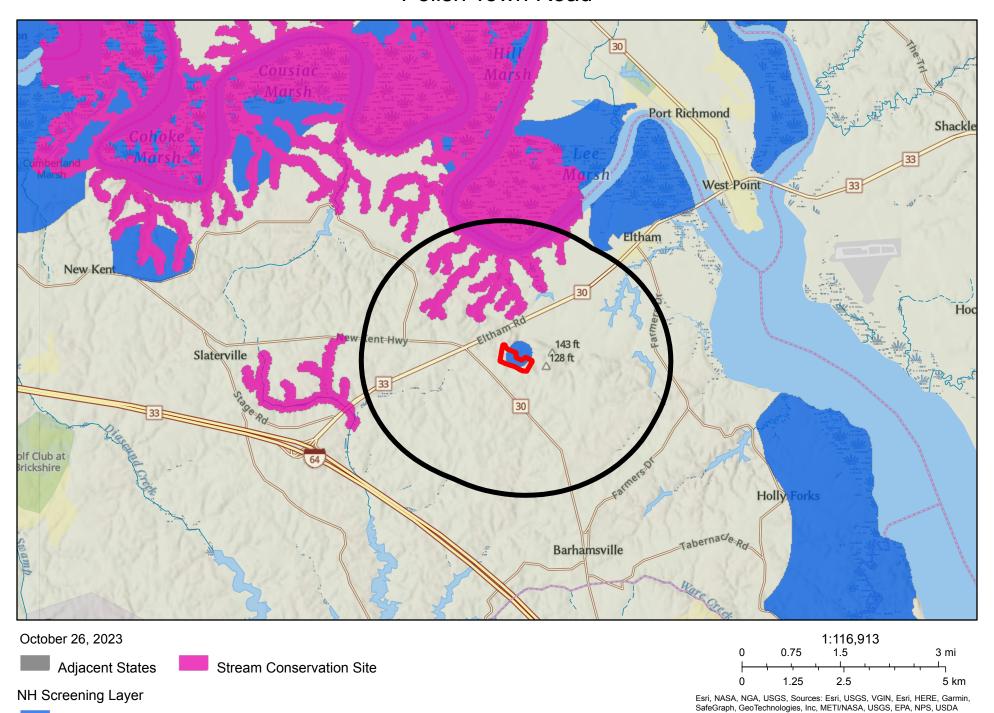








Polish Town Road



Conservation Site

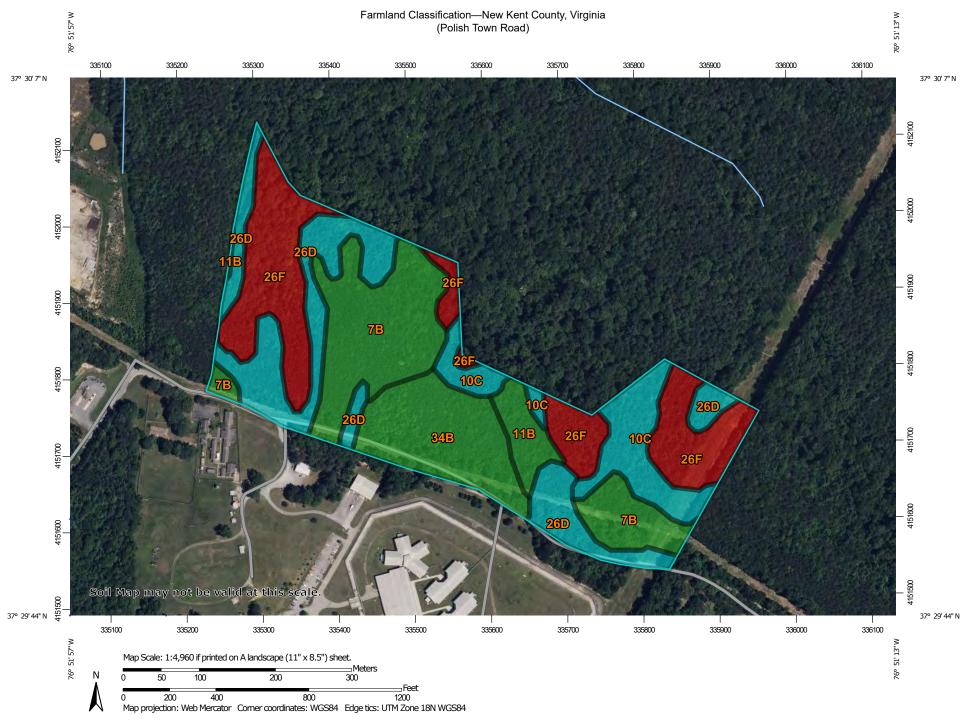
451

Conservation Site ID	Conservation Site Name	Biodiversity Rank	Legal Status	Acres	Description	Туре	Essential Conservation Site?
1203	LEE MARSH	B5	NL	1540	This "High Priority"	Conservation Site	YES - High Priority
1203	LEE WARSH	l _D 3	INL	1340		Conservation Site	TES - High Phonity
					conservation site		
					delineates an area that		
					provides habitat and		
					buffer for one or more		
					natural heritage		
					resources(NHRs = rare		
					plants, animals, animal		
					assemblages,		
					significant natural		
					communities or		
					geologic features)		
					including: 1 High		
					Priority NHR.		
45	WARRENEYE	B4	NL	72	This conservation site	Conservation Site	NO - General
	NATURE TRAIL				delineates an area that		
					provides habitat and		
					buffer for one or more		
					natural heritage		
		1			resources(rare plants,		
					animals, animal		
					assemblages,		
					significant natural		
					communities or		
					geologic features)		
3240	Pamunkey River - Big	B3	FL	17827	This SCS delineates	Stream Conservation	NO - General
	Island to Lee Marsh				stream reaches and	Site	
	scs				adjacent areas that		
					provide and support		
					habitat for one or more		
					aquatic natural heritage		
					resources (aquatic		
					plants, animals, animal		
					assemblages or		
					significant aquatic		
	I	1	1	1	communities)		1



APPENDIX B

FARMLAND CLASSIFICATION MAP



Farmland Classification—New Kent County, Virginia (Polish Town Road)

***	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer		Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently	****	Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium	***	Farmland of unique importance Not rated or not available	Prime farmland if subsoiled, completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
~	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60	~	flooded during the growing season Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained	***	Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the	Soil Rat	ing Points Not prime farmland All areas are prime farmland	Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60
~ ? ? ?		~ ~		? ? ? ?				

Farmland Classification—New Kent County, Virginia (Polish Town Road)

- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
 - Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and drained
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if subsoiled. completely removing the root inhibiting soil layer
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed

- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
- Farmland of statewide importance, if drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough, and either drained or either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Farmland of statewide importance, if warm enough
- Farmland of statewide importance, if thawed
- Farmland of local importance
- Farmland of local importance, if irrigated

- Farmland of unique importance
- Not rated or not available

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads 04

Background

Aerial Photography

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: New Kent County, Virginia Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 5, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 21, 2022—Jul 13, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Farmland Classification

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
7B	Caroline-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	9.7	23.5%
10C	Craven loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	4.6	11.1%
11B	Craven-Caroline complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	1.6	3.9%
26D	Nevarc-Remlik complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Farmland of statewide importance	8.8	21.3%
26F	Nevarc-Remlik complex, 25 to 60 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	10.7	26.0%
34B	Slagle-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland	5.9	14.2%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest	41.2	100.0%	

Description

Farmland classification identifies map units as prime farmland, farmland of statewide importance, farmland of local importance, or unique farmland. It identifies the location and extent of the soils that are best suited to food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. NRCS policy and procedures on prime and unique farmlands are published in the "Federal Register," Vol. 43, No. 21, January 31, 1978.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: No Aggregation Necessary

Tie-break Rule: Lower



APPENDIX C

COLONIAL WATERBIRD SURVEY REPORT

Prepared For:

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC 55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, Massachusetts 01851

Prepared By:

LaBella Associates 1604 Ownby Lane Richmond, Virginia 23220





Colonial Waterbird Rookery Survey Report Polish Town Rd – New Kent – VA DG

BARHAMSVILLE, NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA JUNE 2022; REVISED JUNE 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	1
1.2	PURPOSE	1
1.3	COASTAL AVIAN PROTECTION ZONE	1
1.4	STUDY AREA	2
2.0	TARGET SPECIES	2
2.1	GREAT BLUE HERON	2
3.0	METHODOLOGY	2
3.1	SURVEY TRANSECTS AND HABITAT	2
3.2	INCIDENTAL OBSERVATIONS	3
4.0	RESULTS	3
4.1	GREAT BLUE HERON OBSERVATIONS	3
4.3	INCIDENTAL OBSERVATIONS	3
4.4	OTHER BIRD SPECIES OBSERVATIONS	3
5.0	CONCLUSION	4
6.0	SIGNATURE OF ECOLOGICAL PROFESSIONALS	4
7.0	REFERENCES	F



LIST OF TABLES
TABLE 1. BIRD SPECIES OBSERVATIONS
LIST OF APPENDICES
APPENDIX A - FIGURES
FIGURE 1 - USGS SITE LOCATION MAP

FIGURE 2 - COASTAL AVIAN PROTECTION ZONE (CAPZ) MAP

FIGURE 3 – DWR COLONIAL WATERBIRD RECORDS MAP

FIGURE 4 - COLONIAL WATERBIRD SURVEY OBSERVATIONS

APPENDIX B – PHOTOLOG

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (Applicant) plans to construct a solar facility along Polish Town Road in New Kent County, Virginia (Project). The Applicant retained LaBella Associates, D.P.C. (LaBella) to complete a Colonial Waterbird Survey for the Polish Town Rd – New Kent – VA DG project, pursuant to a Department of Wildlife Resource (DWR) colonial waterbird observation approximately 1.0 mile from the Study Area. The Colonial Waterbird Survey Study Area included the proposed Project Site limits as well as a 100-foot buffer as a conservative effort to obtain additional clearance outside of the Study Area's limits. Please refer to Appendix A, Figure 1: USGS Site Location Map for the location and boundaries of the Project Site and Study Area. The geographic coordinates of the approximate Project Site center are: 37.498239, - 76.860597 (NAD83). The Colonial Waterbird Survey field work was performed on May 25 and 26, 2022.

1.2 PURPOSE

This report was prepared for the purpose of summarizing Colonial Waterbird Survey results at the request of Polish Town Solar 1, LLC. The Colonial Waterbird observations were outside of 0.5 miles from the Project Site, which is the trigger buffer for DWR to request additional information and/or surveys. As a result, this survey was not at the request of DWR. The survey was completed for potential evidence of all colonial waterbirds, but specifically focused on the great blue heron (GBHE, *Ardea herodias*) due to a DWR species observation just outside 1.0 miles from the Study Area (Appendix A, Figure 3).

This report describes the results of the survey efforts performed by LaBella, and a description of field observations within the Study Area during the field survey.

1.3 COASTAL AVIAN PROTECTION ZONE

The Coastal Avian Protection Zone (CAPZ) map was created by the Center for Conservation Biology at the College of William and Mary and Virginia Commonwealth University (VCU), the Department of Wildlife Resources (DWR), the Virginia Coastal Zone Management Program (CZM) and the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation–Natural Heritage Program (DCR-NH) to assist small renewable energy project applicants in identifying zones that are critically important for avian resources. The map is intended to be utilized for informational purposes only.

There are fourteen CAP zones in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Study Area falls within Zone 11, mapped as an area of regional importance for birds (Appendix A, Figure 2). Zone 11 includes the lower reaches of the Mattaponi and Pamunkey tributaries. The zone encompasses lands and waters that have been designated as "Important Bird Areas" by the National Audubon Society for their local, regional, continental, or global importance to birds and potential breeding bald eagles (DEQ, 2012).

1.4 STUDY AREA

The Project Site is located in the Inner Coastal Plain Land Resource Region (LRR P), Southern Coastal Plain Major Land Resource Area (MLRA 133A). The majority of the Study Area is forested with utility corridors along the eastern and southern portions of the Study Area. A USACE and DEQ jurisdictional stream and wetland are present in the northwestern portion of the Study Area. The southern portion of the Study Area is gently sloped with moderate slopes to the northeast. Steep slopes facing northwest and southeast are present in the northwestern portion of the Study Area. The elevation range is from approximately 50 feet to 130 feet above mean sea level. Photographs of the Study Area are attached as Appendix B.

The soils within the Study Area are mapped as Caroline-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes (7B), Craven loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes (10C), Craven-Caroline complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes (11B), Nevarc-Remlik complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes (26D), Nevarc-Remlik complex, 25 to 60 percent slopes (26F), and Slagle-Emporia complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes (34B).

2.0 TARGET SPECIES

2.1 GREAT BLUE HERON

GBHE is the largest heron species in North America that inhabits a variety of habitats but prefers marshes, swamps, shores, tidal flats, inland rivers, and lakeshores. Both male and female GBHE are relatively the same size and can measure up to 53 inches long with a wingspan of up to 79 inches. Adults are a grayish blue with white on their head and a wide black stripe over the eyes, a cinnamon toned neck, yellowish bill, and black legs (DWR, 2022).

GBHE depend on wetlands for feeding and on relatively undisturbed sites for breeding. GBHE roost in trees in mature or old-growth forests as well as on the ground (i.e. bushes, mangroves) and on structures (e.g. duck blinds, channel markers) with a preference near a waterbody (Cornell University, 2019). Breeding birds nest in colonies that can number several hundred pairs, where they build stick nests in trees, on bushes, or on the ground. Nests can range from a simple platform measuring 20 inches across to more elaborate structures used over multiple years, reaching 4 feet across and nearly 3.5 feet deep (Cornell University, 2019). GBHE is considered an opportunistic species with a wide diet variety of fish, amphibians, reptiles, small mammals, insects, and other birds.

3.0 METHODOLOGY

3.1 SURVEY TRANSECTS AND HABITAT

According to DWR, suitable survey time for colonial waterbirds is between March and August of any given year. The survey was conducted on May 25 and May 26, 2022. The field survey for the colonial waterbirds was conducted by performing transects spaced approximately 20 feet apart (or less in better quality habitat to systematically cover all potentially suitable forested habitat within the Study Area). Vegetation cover, slope, wetland and/or stream features, nests, tracks, vocalization, and visual observations were noted during the field survey.

The survey was not conducted during inclement weather, including heavy precipitation, fog, or moderate to strong wind speeds. All bird species observed during the survey were noted and are listed in Table 1 below.

3.2 INCIDENTAL OBSERVATIONS

Incidental species observations were considered if other colonial waterbirds and/or State-listed birds were observed within the Study Area during the survey.

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 GREAT BLUE HERON OBSERVATIONS

A wetland and stream were identified in the northwestern corner of the Study Area in a mature forested portion of the site. The highest quality potential suitable habitat for the GBHE within the Study Area limits was considered the mature deciduous forest surrounding the wetland and stream in the northwestern portion of the site. No GBHE observations (nests, tracks, calls) were documented throughout the Study Area during the survey (Appendix A, Figure 4).

4.3 INCIDENTAL OBSERVATIONS

No evidence of other colonial waterbirds or State-listed species were observed or noted within the Study Area during the survey. As a result, no incidental observations of State-listed birds occurred during the survey.

4.4 OTHER BIRD SPECIES OBSERVATIONS

Seven observations of other bird species were documented during all surveys; however, these species are not listed as rare, threatened, or endangered species nor are they listed as a State species of critical concern. Please refer to Table 1 below for a list of the species occurrences observed during the survey. These bird species are considered common and typical of the habitats found within the Study Area.

Table 1. Bird Species Observations

Species Name	Common Name	Observation Type and Notes
Hylocichla mustelina	Wood thrush	Vocalization, Sighting
Dryocopus pileatus	Pileated woodpecker	Vocalization, Sighting
Vireo olivaceus	Red-eyed vireo	Vocalization
Picoides pubescens	Downy woodpecker	Vocalization
Seiurus aurocapilla	Ovenbird	Vocalization
Baeolophus bicolor	Tufted titmouse	Vocalization

Species Name	Common Name	Observation Type and Notes
Cardinalis cardinalis	Northern cardinal	Vocalization

5.0 CONCLUSION

No GBHE, other colonial waterbird species, or rare, threatened and endangered species were observed flying, foraging, perching, or nesting throughout the Study Area.

6.0 SIGNATURE OF ECOLOGICAL PROFESSIONALS

We appreciate the opportunity to serve your professional environmental needs. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact Kaelyn Davis at 804-301-4424.

Report Prepared By:	Report Prepared By:	
Beth Clement	Hallyn Ravis	
Beth Clements, PWS	Kaelyn Davis, PWS	
Lead Wetland Scientist	Environmental Manager	

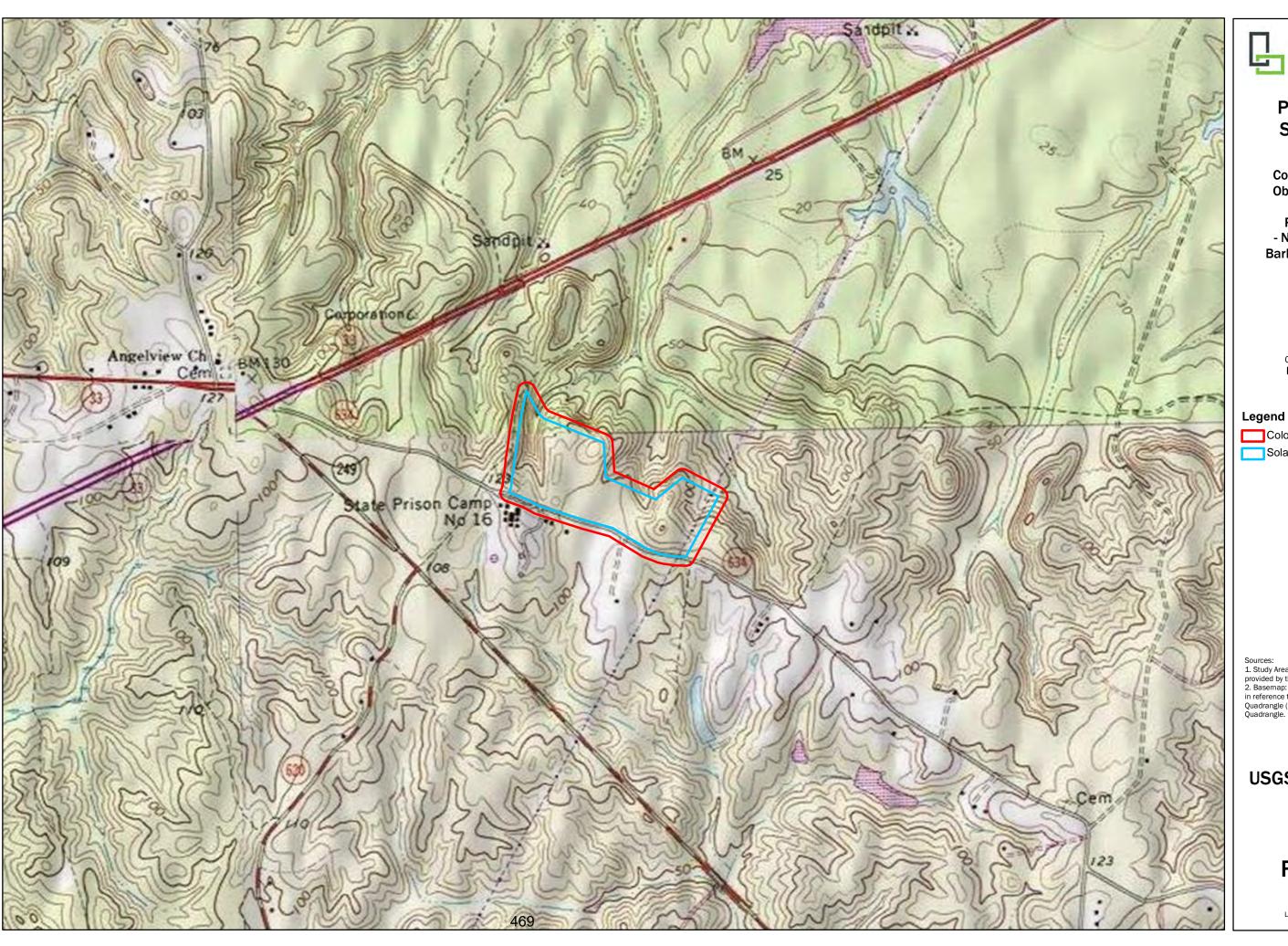
7.0 REFERENCES

- Cornell Lab of Ornithology. 2019. All About Birds: Great Blue Heron. Available from: https://www.allaboutbirds.org/guide/Great_Blue_Heron. Accessed June 6, 2022.
- Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Coastal Avian Protection Zones (CAPZ). 2012. Available from: https://gaia.vcu.edu/GemsMap/. Accessed June 6, 2022.
- Virginia Department of Wildlife Resources (DWR). 2022. Fish and Wildlife Information Service. Available from: https://vafwis.dgif.virginia.gov/fwis. Accessed June 6, 2022.



APPENDIX A

FIGURES

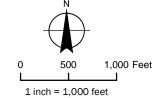




Polish Town Solar 1, LLC

Colonial Waterbird Observation Survey

Polish Town Rd - New Kent - VA DG Barhamsville, Virginia



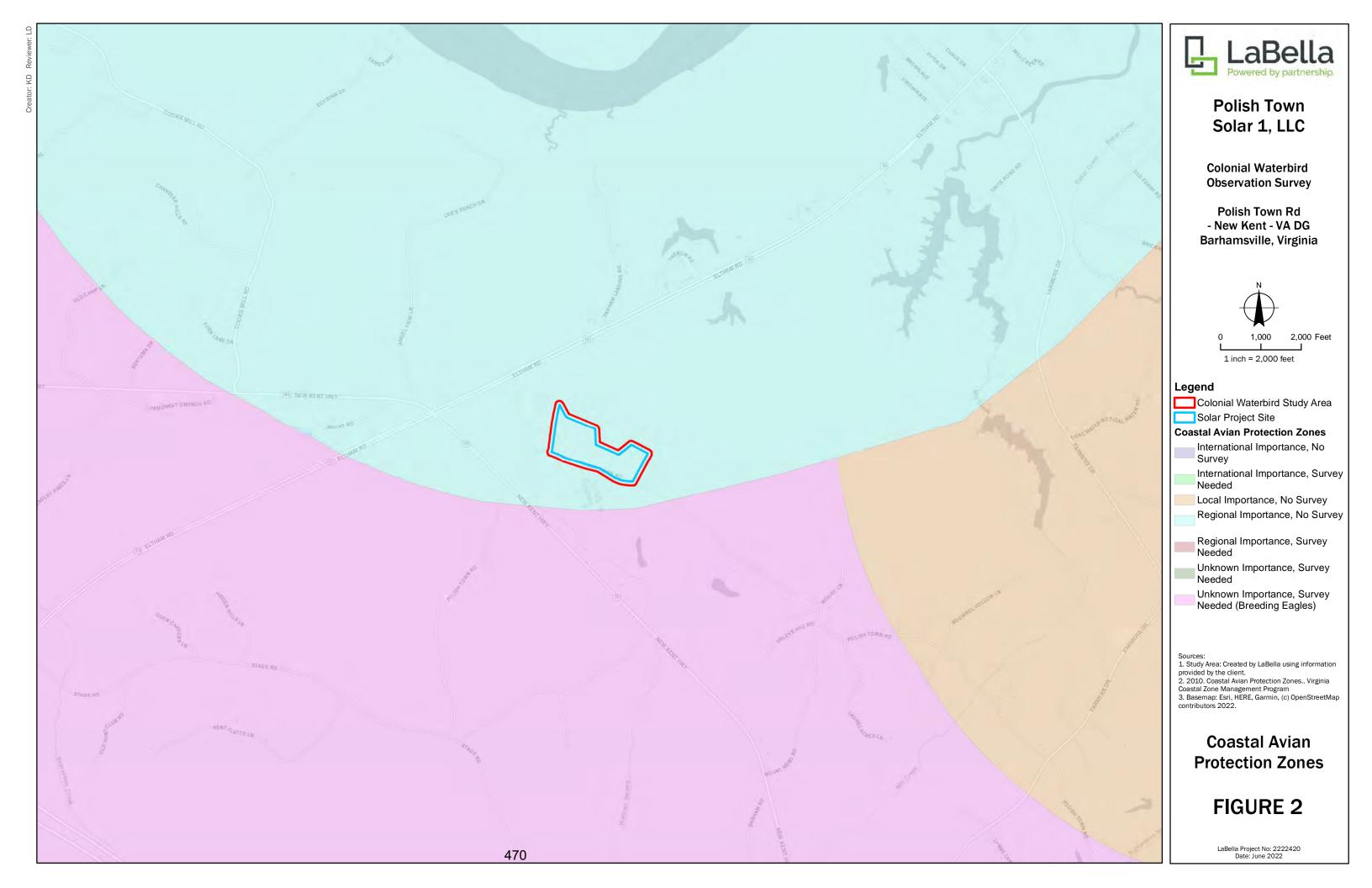
Colonial Waterbird Study Area Solar Project Site

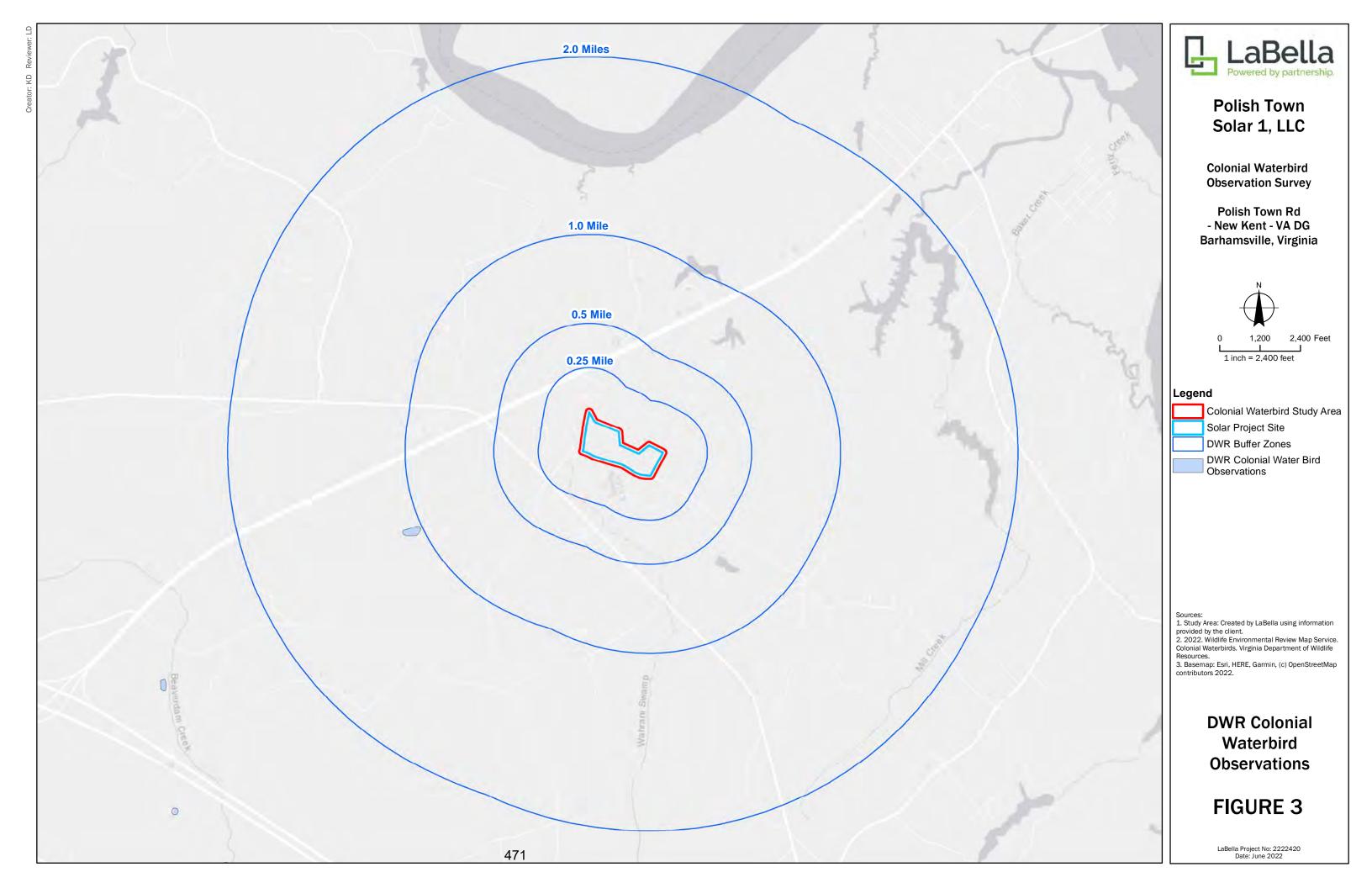
- Sources:
 1. Study Area: Created by LaBella using information provided by the client.
 2. Basemap: ESRI USA Topo Map (Updated: 2020) in reference to USGS Topographic Toano, VA Quadrangle (2019) and West Point, VA (2019) Quadrangle.

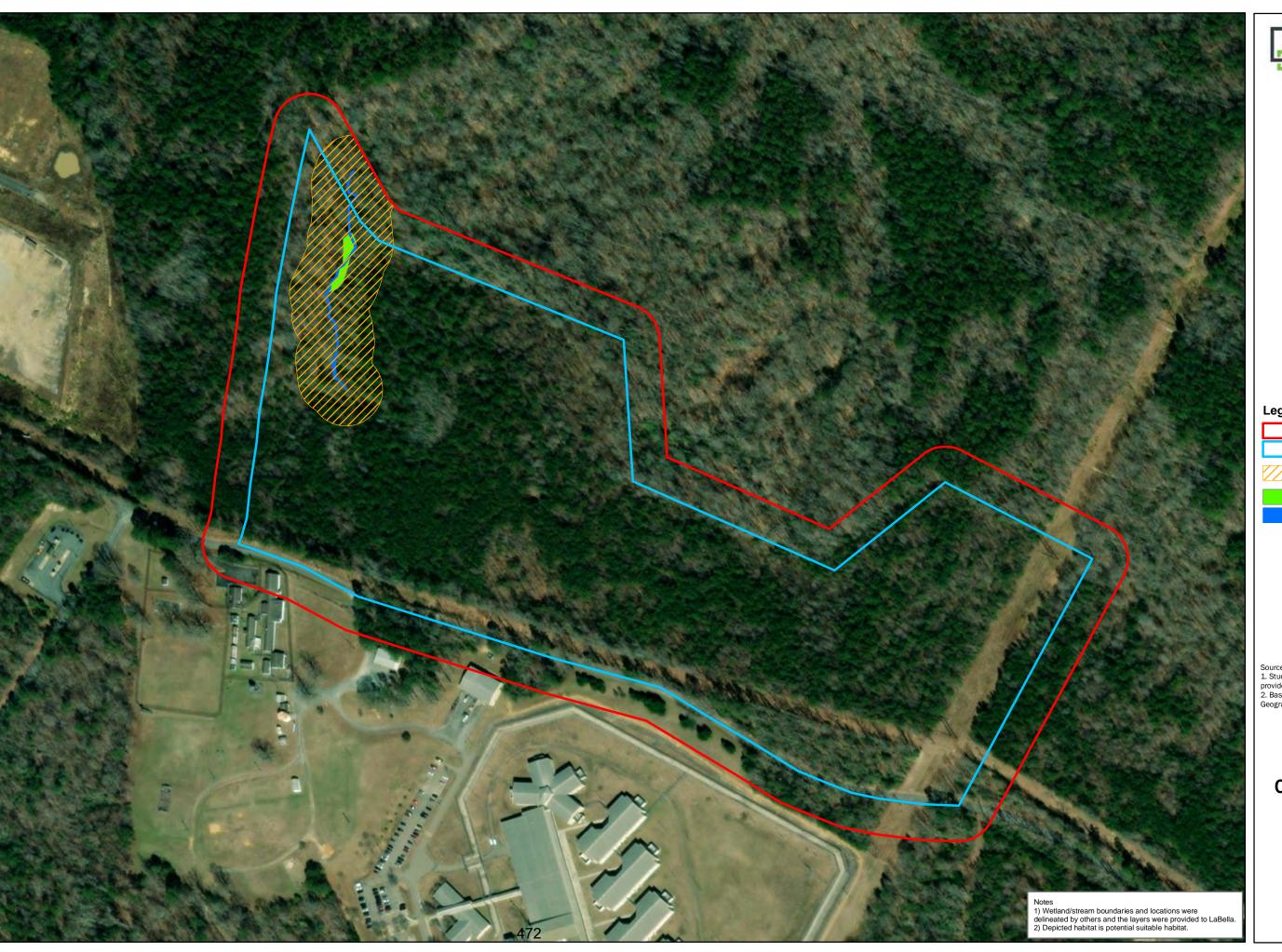
USGS Site Location

FIGURE 1

LaBella Project No: 2222420 Date: June 2022





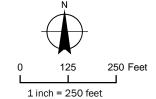




Polish Town Solar 1, LLC

Colonial Waterbird Observation Surve

Polish Town Rd - New Kent - VA DG Barhamsville, Virginia



Legend

Colonial Waterbird Study Area

Solar Project Site

Medium Quality Colonial Waterbird Habitat

Delineated Wetland

Delineated Stream

- Sources:
 1. Study Area: Created by LaBella using information provided by the client.
 2. Basemap: Esri, DigitalGloce, GeoEye, Earthstar, Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS

Colonial Waterbird Survey

FIGURE 3

LaBella Project No: 2222420 Date: June 2022



APPENDIX B

PHOTOLOG



Colonial Waterbird Survey Photos – Polish Town Road

New Kent County, Virginia - May 25 and 26, 2022



View of the forest community in the southeastern portion of the Study Area.



View of the relatively young forest community in the central portion of the Study Area.



View of the relatively young forest community in the eastern portion of the Study Area.



View of the forest community along the northern boundary of the Study Area.



Colonial Waterbird Survey Photos - Polish Town Road

New Kent County, Virginia - May 25 and 26, 2022



View facing east at the utility corridor along the southern boundary of the Study Area.



View of the young forest community in the northwestern portion of the Study Area.



View of the forest community in the northwestern portion of the Study Area.



View of the forest community in the western portion of the Study Area.



Colonial Waterbird Survey Photos – Polish Town Road

New Kent County, Virginia - May 25 and 26, 2022



View of the forest community in the east-central portion of the Study Area.



View of the forest communities on the north and south side of Polish Town Road.



View of the utility corridor along the eastern portion of the Study Area.



View of the maintained lawn south of Polish Town Road.

APPENDIX F COMMUNITY MEETING

APPENDIX G CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT PLAN

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT SET

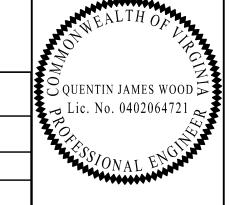
POLISH TOWN SOLAR 1, BARHAMSVILLE, VA 23011 3 MW AC STC RATED SOLAR ELECTRIC SYSTEM

GENERAL NOTES PROJECT SCOPE **LOCATION MAP** DRAWING LIST OUENTIN JAMES WOOD SCALE: 1"=2.000' OR GREATE Sheet Number | Sheet Title THIS PROJECT CONSISTS OF THE INSTALLATION OF SOLAR MODULES PER THE SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, THE CONDITIONAL USE PLAN DEPICTS THE PROPOSED SOLAR FACILITY LOCATION, PROPOSED BELOW. THE MODULES WILL BE INSTALLED ON A GROUND MOUNTED RACKING SYSTEM. THE IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN THE PROPERTY, IDENTIFY AND DEPICT ANY ENVIRONMENTAL TITLE PAGE RESOURCES THAT ARE AFFECTED OR ADJACENT TO THE FACILITY, AND DEPICT THE MODULES WILL BE WIRED IN SERIES STRINGS AND CONNECTED IN PARALLEL TO THE INVERTER(S WHICH CONVERT THE PHOTOVOLTAIC OUTPUT POWER FROM DC TO AC. THE SOLAR ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS/SETBACKS/STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO THE ZONING DISTRICT IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS. UPON RECEIVING THE CONDITIONAL USE WILL BE INTERCONNECTED WITH THE EXISTING SITE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE C - 1.0EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN APPLICABLE ELECTRICAL CODE AND DOMINION REQUIREMENTS. APPROVAL A FORMAL DESIGN OF THE PROJECT WILL BE PREPARED AND SUBMITTED TO TREE CLEARING PLAN COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS AND ANY CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY THE LAYOUT AND MATERIALS PLAN COUNTY AS PART OF THE CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT. THIS PROJECT CONSISTS OF THE INSTALLATION OF ENERGY STORAGE EQUIPMENT, PER THE SYSTEM DESCRIPTION, BELOW. THE ENERGY STORAGE MODULES WILL BE INSTALLED IN A PURPOSE BUILT THE EXISTING FEATURES, TOPOGRAPHY, PROPERTY LINES OR BOUNDARIES IS FOR LANDSCAPE PLAN C - 4.0INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES. UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE. UNIT(S), AND FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS. THE ENERGY STORAGE MODULES WILL BE WIRED IN C - 5.0CIVIL DETAILS THE EXISTING FEATURES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE BASED AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY OBTAINED SERIES STRINGS AND CONNECTED THROUGH DC/DC CONVERTERS, WHICH WILL CONVERT DC TO AC DECOMMISSIONING PLAN FROM VIRGINIA GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION NETWORK (VGIN) AND SUPPLEMENTED BY FIELD WHILE THE BATTERIES ARE DISCHARGING. SURVEYS PERFORMED BY COLLIERS ENGINEERING AND DESIGN. PROJECT PARCEL 4. THE PROPERTY LINES FOR THE SUBJECT PARCEL SURROUNDING THE PROJECT IS BASED ON A BOUNDARY SURVEY. ALL OTHER BOUNDARY LINES DEPICTED WERE OBTAINED FROM NEW KENT COUNTY'S TAX PARCEL INFORMATION. THE CONTOURS ARE SHOWN AT 2 FOOT INTERVALS AND WERE GENERATED FROM PUBLICLY Comply AVAILABLE LIDAR DATA TO PREPARE A CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN. THE INFORMATION SHOWN ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES AND WILL NOT BE USED FOR THE DESIGN, MODIFICATION Jail East OR CONSTRUCTION OF IMPROVEMENTS TO REAL PROPERTY A WETLAND AND STREAM INVESTIGATION WAS PERFORMED BY ECS MID-ATLANTIC, LLC MAY 2021. A SUPPLEMENTARY WETLAND AND STREAM INVESTIGATION WAS PERFORMED BY ECS MID-ATLANTIC, LLC JULY 2021. WETLANDS, STREAM AND THEIR ASSOCIATED BUFFERS SHOWN BEYOND THE PROPERTY IS BASED ON GIS DATA OBTAINED FROM VIRGINIA GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION NETWORK, WHICH INCORPORATE NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY AND FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) DATA. **AERIAL VIEW** SCALE: 1"=2,000' OR GREATER THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUMS ARE AS FOLLOWS: HORIZONTAL: VIRGINIA STATE PLAN NAD 83 SOUTH ZONE US SURVEY FOOT VERTICAL: NAD83 Z 8. UNLESS INDICATED AS EXISTING (E), ALL PROPOSED MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE POLISH TOWN RT 33 ELTH/ BRAHAMSVILLE CONSIDERED TO BE NEW. 9. ALL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS SHALL BE MOUNTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS, CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, AND APPLICABLE STATE/FEDERAL CONSTRUCTION CODE REQUIREMENTS. 10. TO THE EXTENT THAT TRESS AND OTHER FEATURES AFFECT THE SYSTEM'S PRODUCTION, SUCH PRODUCTION MODELING IS BASED ON THE EXISTING APPROXIMATE HEIGHTS AND PROJECT SITE LOCATIONS RELATIVE TO THE SYSTEM AND MAY BE IMPACTED AS TREES GROW AND OTHER FEATURES CHANGE. 11. PROPOSED TREES ASSOCIATED WITH THE PROPOSED LANDSCAPING WILL BE PERIODICALLY MAINTAINED TO PREVENT SHADING THAT MAY RESULT IN A NEGATIVE AFFECT ON THE SYSTEM PROJECT NUMBER: 111-5247 PROJECT DIRECTORY **GENERAL ABBREVIATIONS** PROPERTY OWNER CIVIL ENGINEER NORTH-SOUTH AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION NOT TO SCALE WIER CREEK, LLC NEW LEAF ENERGY, INC dba NEW LEAF ENERGY DEVELOPMENT, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL C/O JONATHAN KINNEY ALUMINUM CONTACT: QUENTIN WOOD, PE ON CENTER APPROX APPROXIMATE 2311 WILSON BLVD. STE 500 OUTSIDE DIAMETER PHONE: 978-513-2608 ARRAY ARLINGTON, VA 22201 OWNER FURNISHED CONTRACTOR BUILDING BLDG INSTALLED PROPERTY ADDRESS BORREGO SOLAR SYSTEM PHOTOVOLTAIC RT 33 ELTHAM RD CENTERLINE POLY VINYL CHLORIDE PVC BARHAMSVILLE, VA 23011 DAS DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM NEW LEAF ENERGY, INC dba SCHEDULE DIA DIAMETER NEW LEAF ENERGY DEVELOPMENT, INC. STAINLESS STEEL SYSTEM / PROJECT OWNER CONTACT: CHELSEA MUDGE SOLAR SUPPORT STRUCTURE EAST-WEST POLISH TOWN SOLAR 1, LLC 978-973-5022 STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS FURNISHED BY OTHERS 55 TECHNOLOGY DRIVE, SUITE 102 TO BE DETERMINED FORWARD FACING LOWELL, MA 01851 TAMPER PROOF GALVANIZED ELECTRICAL ENGINEER TYPICAL HOT DIP GALVANIZED AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED NEW LEAF ENERGY, INC dba HEATING VENTILATION AND AIR NEW KENT COUNTY NEW LEAF ENERGY DEVELOPMENT, INC. VERIFY IN FIELD CONDITIONING 12007 COURTHOUSE CIRCLE SCALES STATED ON DRAWINGS ARE VALID ONLY WHEN PLOTTED ARCH D 24" X 36" CONTACT: AHARON WRIGHT, P.E. WEATHER PROOF INSIDE DIAMETER NEW KENT, VA 23124 PHONE: 978-221-3081 MANUFACTURER REV 1.0 SOLAR MODULE MOD UTILITY **DOMINION**

UTILIZATION FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE, ITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT IS STRICT new leaf energy

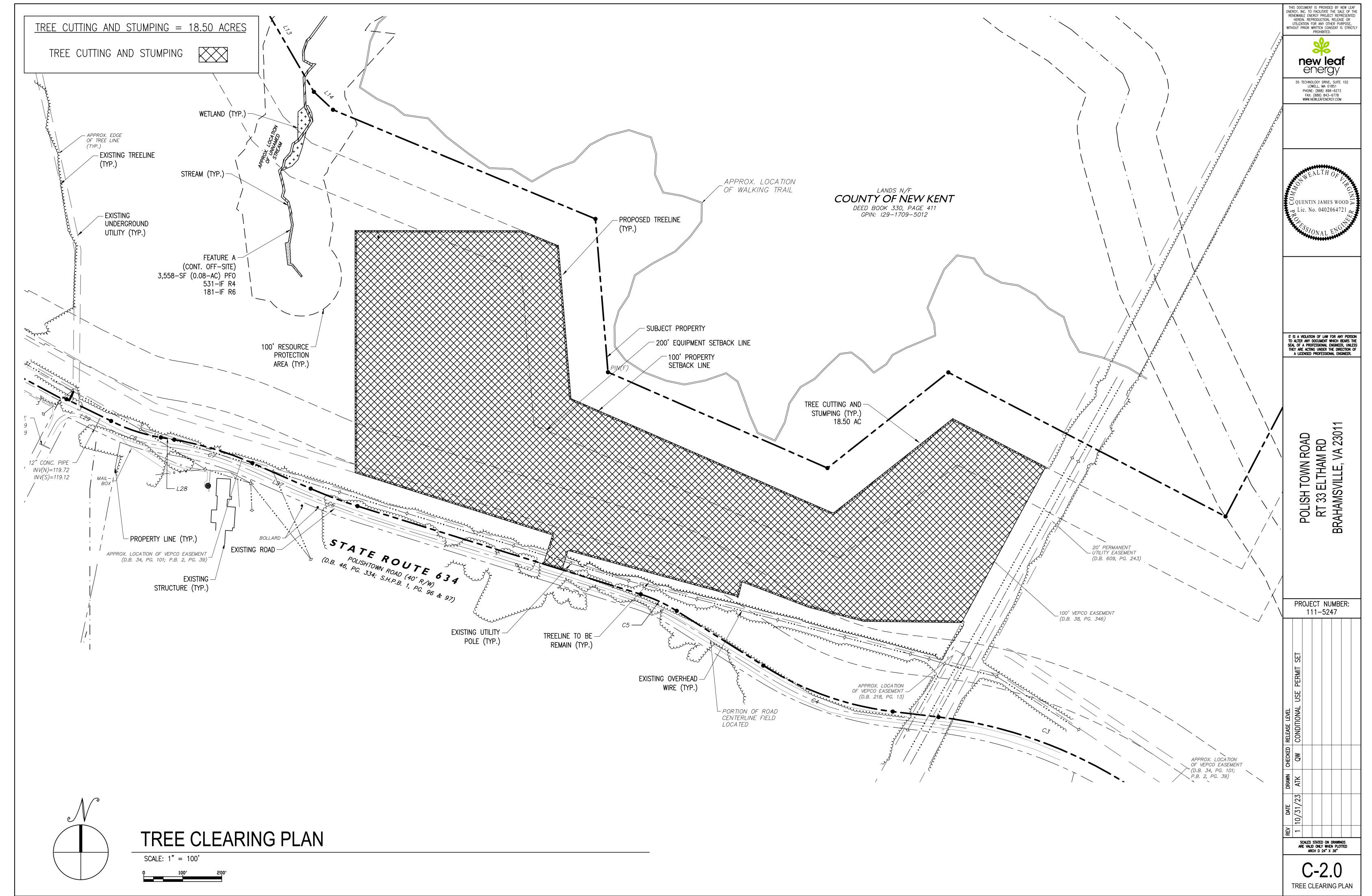
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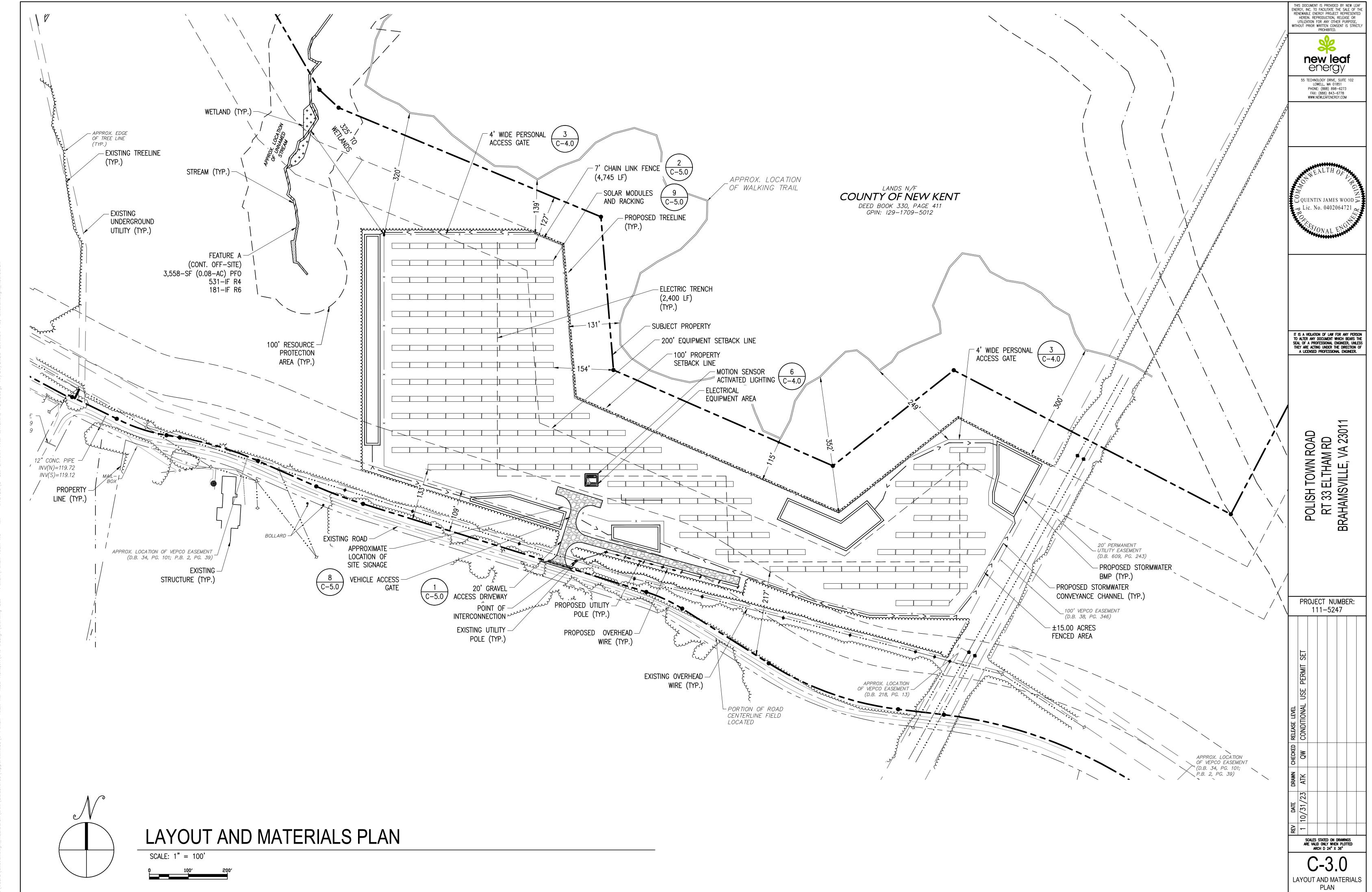
55 TECHNOLOGY DRIVE, SUITE 102 LOWELL, MA 01851 PHONE: (888) 898–6273 FAX: (888) 843–6778 WWW.NEWLEAFENERGY.COM

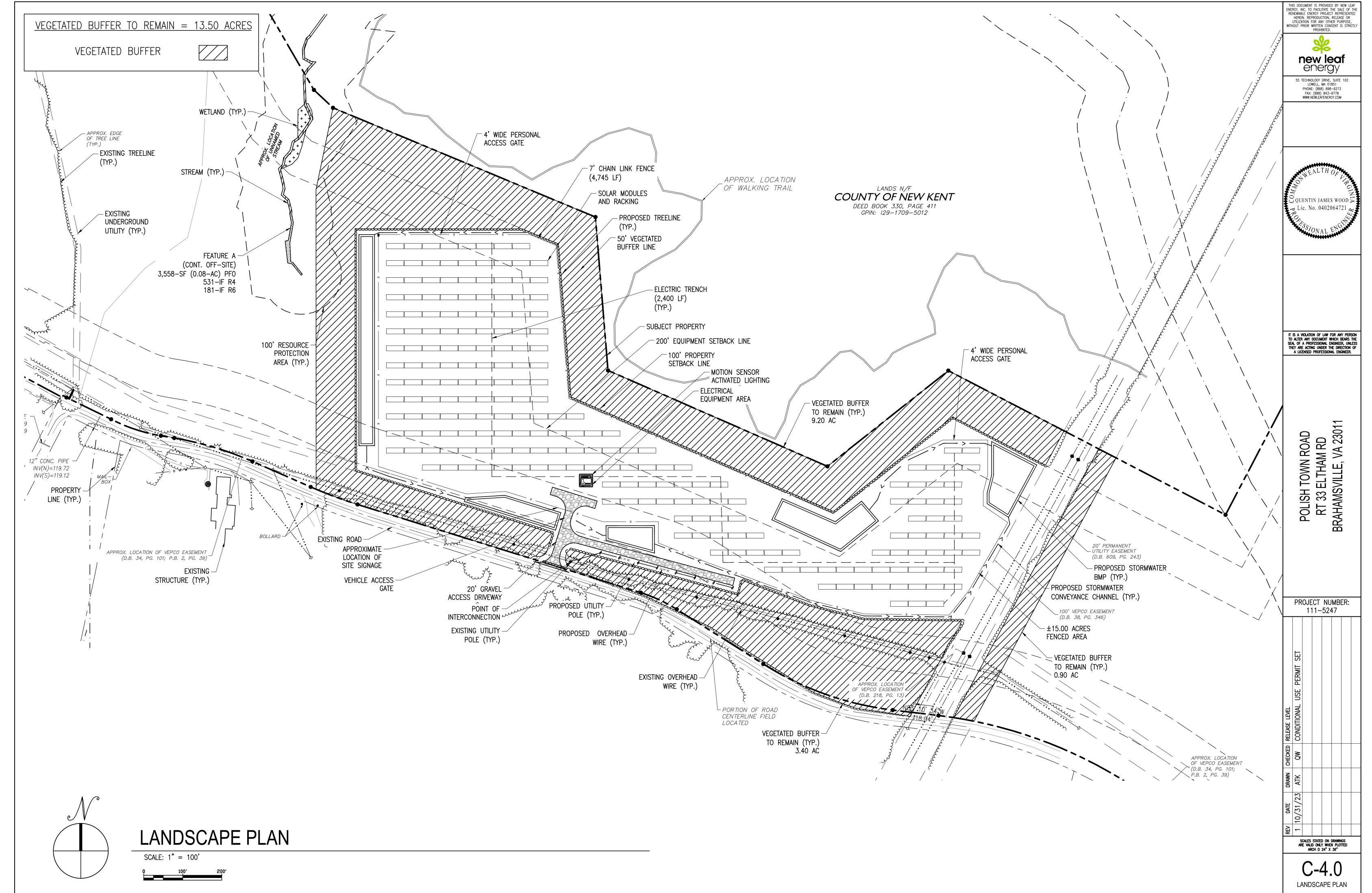


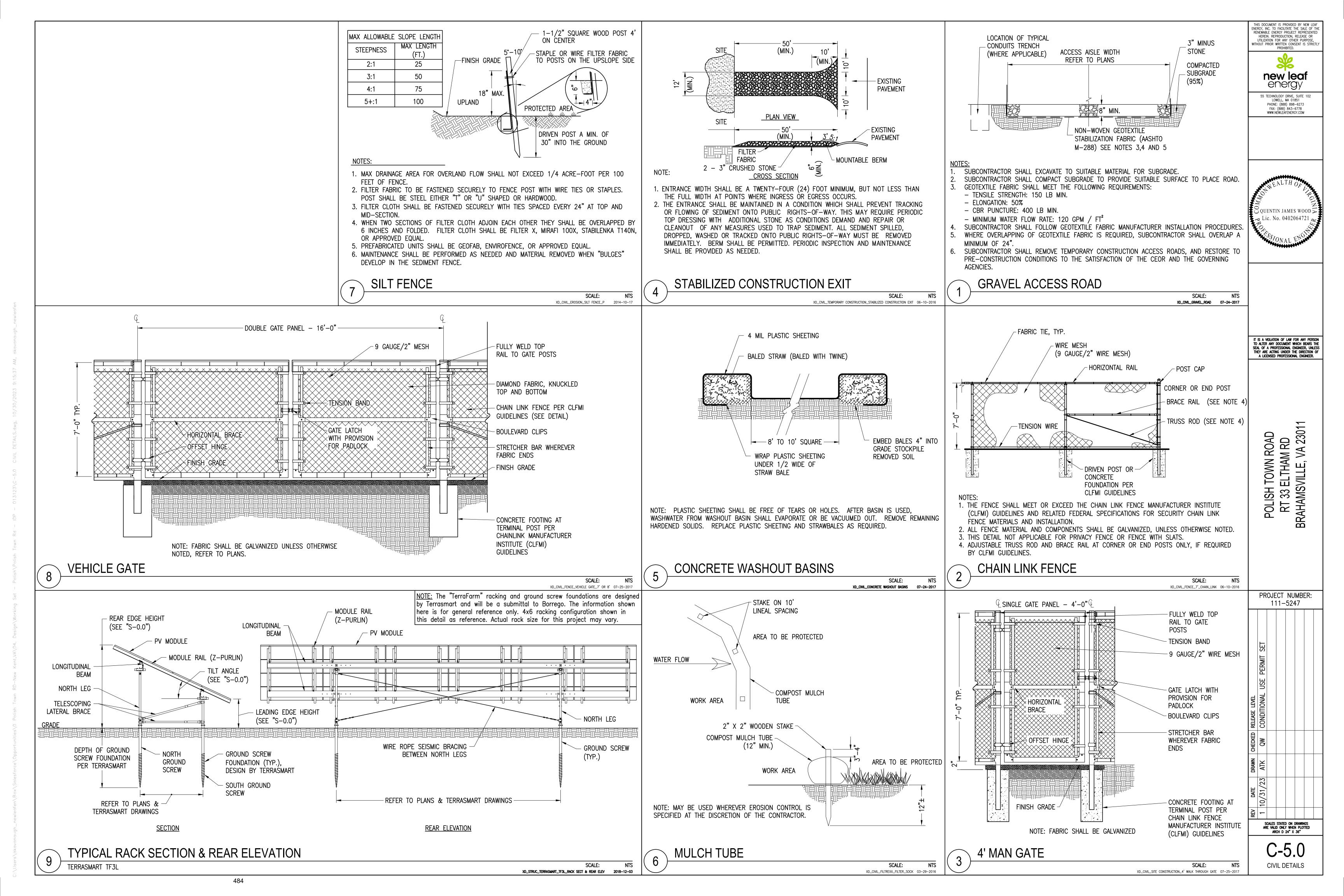
T IS A VIOLATION OF LAW FOR ANY PERSON TO ALTER ANY DOCUMENT WHICH BEARS THE SEAL OF A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, UNLESS THEY ARE ACTING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

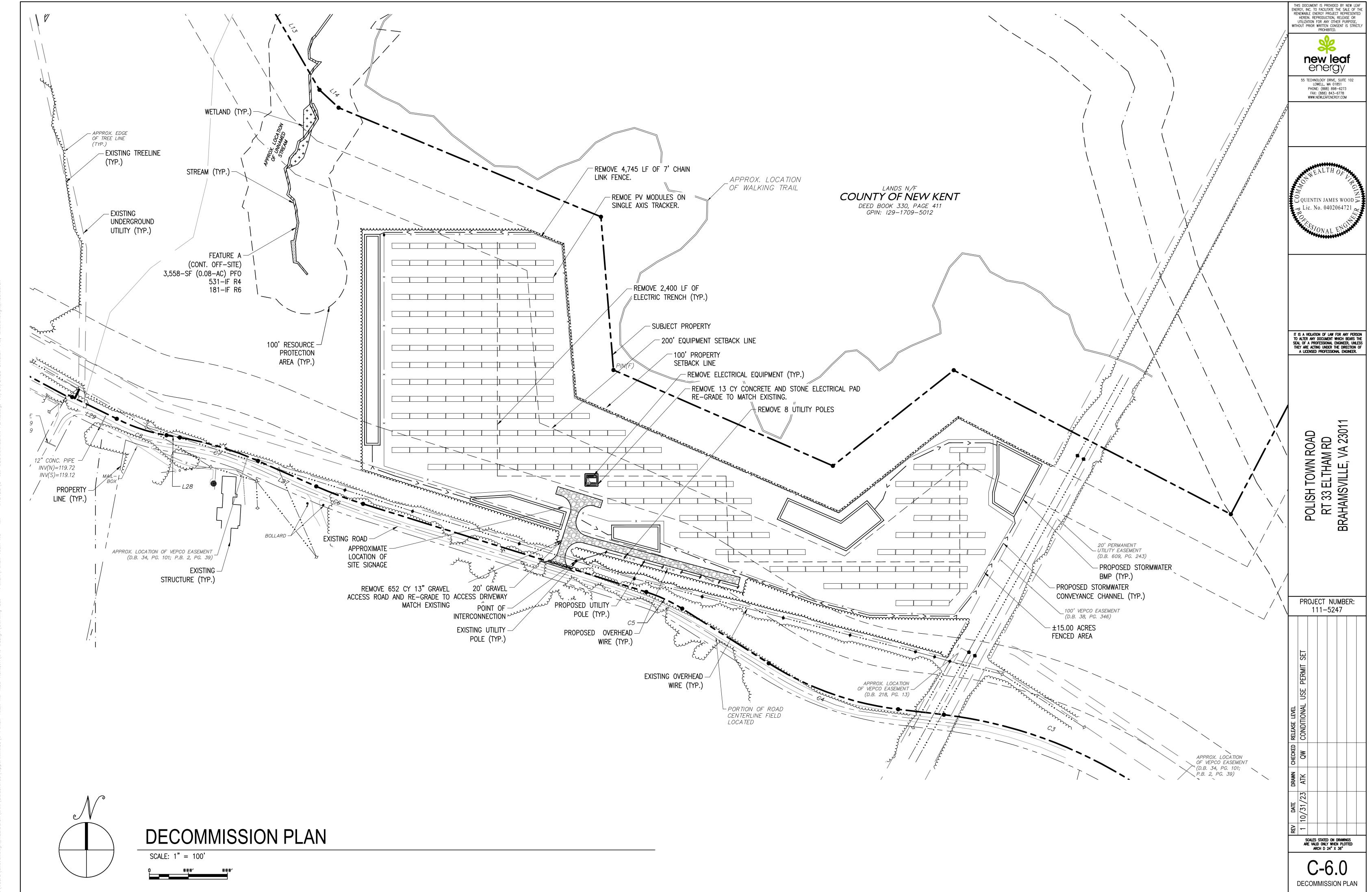
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Community Meeting Summary: Polish Town Rd

December 6, 2023

New Leaf Energy, Inc. held a community meeting for neighbors within 1 mile of the Polish Town Rd project on December 6, 2023 at the Tony & Georges Seafood/Italian in West Point, VA. There were 20 attendees. New Leaf provided printed copies of the presentation slides at the meeting. New Leaf went through a short presentation about the project. Neighbors wrote down questions during the presentation on provided sticky notes. New Leaf collected the questions at the end of the short presentation and went through the questions.

The remaining questions and responses from the December 6 meeting are below categorized by topic:

How do solar panels catch on fire? Is there a notice?

- o Per the NC Clean Energy Technology Center, the majority of solar panel components are non-flammable, including the tempered glass covering that comprises about 75 percent of the panel's weight. The components that are considered flammable include the wiring insulation, plastic junction boxes that house the electrical wires, and the polymer components that surround PV cells and polymer backsheets in framed panels. These items are unable to self sustain a fire.
- Fires with solar panels are uncommon. It typically requires an electrical fault for one to ignite.
 - It's industry practice to build solar farms with knox boxes, which is a lock that allows fire departments to access the fenced area using one master key. This allows them to quickly respond to a fire should one occur.
 - New Leaf uses panels with the electrical standard of UL 61730, which has a requirement for the panels to go through two fire safety tests called Spread of Flame Test and Burning Brand Test, where the modules must meet these conditions:
 - No glowing or burning part of PV modules may fall from test rig
 - Spread of flame cannot exceed 1.82 meters (Class A), 2.4 meters (Class B), or 3.9 meters (Class C), where class C is passing at minimum standards
 - Lateral flame spread is limited
- Do solar panels shut off if there is a fire?

55 Technology Drive, Suite 102 Lowell, MA 01851 newleafenergy.com



- The monitoring system will identify if there is an electrical fire, which would prompt the disconnection of the inverter or other locations within the system. The panels do not shut off during a fire.
- An emergency response plan will be put together during the site plan process in coordination with the County and local fire and rescue departments to ensure the agencies have proper training, products, and safety information on how to respond appropriately.
- Fires at solar facilities are uncommon and similarly the spread of fires to the surrounding property is very unlikely as the intent of the emergency response for a fire is to prevent the fire from spreading, similar to house fire or any other fire. Similar to quail farms and other ground bird farms, our project will incorporate cool-weather native grasses around the perimeter of the facility that are often used as natural firebreaks when conducting a controlled burn to reestablish habitat.

Has New Leaf decommissioned projects?

New Leaf Energy was previously part of Borrego Solar, a company that developed, built, and maintained projects. In 2022, the development arm spun off and became New Leaf Energy. As Borrego Solar, the company had decommissioned two solar projects, one rooftop and one ground mounted system. In both cases, the solar panels from those projects were sold for reuse. The rest of our projects are still in operation.

How many solar projects have been decommissioned?

 We were unable to find a statistic that stated how many solar projects have been decommissioned in the US or world to date. The majority of solar projects are expected to reach end of life and decommissioning after 2030.

How do European countries dispose of solar panels?

- Countries in the European Union treat solar panels as e-waste also known as Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE). The EU prioritizes reusing electronic items or recycling materials from electronics as much as possible before disposal.
- The majority of solar projects in the EU are expected to start decommissioning around 2030-2035.



The questions asked and answered at the community meeting are below:

- Environmental
 - Plan for displacement of wildlife, mainly deer?
 - o Who did the environmental studies?
 - o Will it effect wildlife such as birds, geese, etc?
- Benefits
 - o What tax contributions to the County? Only property?
 - o What are benefits to people in the area?
 - Describe the long term jobs. Is two to four a realistic number?
 - Do locals get the construction and maintenance jobs?
 - With a current maximum or 200 MW for Shared Solar, how many MWs are currently allocated?
- Interconnection
 - o Which houses get to use the power generated?
 - o Does this project need its own substation?
 - o Will there be a change in our power bills?
- Property Value and Taxes
 - o Will our property values and taxes increase?
 - Describe the generators of the \$272,000 of the tax revenue and over what lifespan?
 - o What federal grants do you receive?
- Site Design
 - o Why not put the panels on existing homes instead of disturbing land?
 - o Where do the panels come from?
 - Any battery storage on-site?
 - o Can you see the solar farm from the Wahrani Trail?
 - o Will sheep or goats be grazing the property?
- Permitting
 - o Is this your first project in New Kent?
 - Have you already applied for a CUP?
- Construction, Maintenance and Decommissioning
 - o What is the life of the panel? How do you dispose of the panels?
 - o Road maintenance?
 - o What kind of construction will occur off the immediate site?
 - o Your company maintains the site or a third party?
 - Who pays for damage to neighboring properties or result of excessive runoff?
 - Do you have or plan any restoration on interference of radio or telephone lines?

NEW KENT COUNTY Notice of Mailing

Applicant Name:	New Leaf Energy/Jonathan Kinney	
Application Number:	CUP-02-23	
Public Hearing Date:	Monday, February 12, 2024	

STATE OF VIRGINIA COUNTY OF NEW KENT, to wit

I, Kelli L Z Le Duc, of the New Kent County Planning Department, do make oath that notices as required by Section 15.1-431 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, were mailed on the 30th day of January, 2024, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the persons whose names and addresses are attached.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of January, 2024.

PUBLIC REG # 224610 AY COMMISSION

12/31/2027

My commission expires:

December 31,2027.

Sheri Lynn ad

§ 15.2-2204. ADVERTISEMENT OF PLANS, ORDINANCES, ETC.; JOINT PUBLIC HEARINGS; WRITTEN NOTICE OF CERTAIN AMENDMENTS.

A. Plans or ordinances, or amendments thereof, recommended or adopted under the powers conferred by this chapter need not be advertised in full, but may be advertised by reference. Every such advertisement shall identify the place or places within the locality where copies of the proposed plans, ordinances or amendments may be examined.

The local planning commission shall not recommend nor the governing body adopt any plan, ordinance or amendment thereof until notice of intention to do so has been published once a week for two successive weeks in some newspaper published or having general circulation in the locality, with the first notice appearing no more than 14 days before the intended adoption; however, the notice for both the local planning commission and the governing body may be published concurrently. The notice shall specify the time and place of hearing at which persons affected may appear and present their views. The local planning commission and governing body may hold a joint public hearing after public notice as set forth in this subsection. If a joint hearing is held, then public notice as set forth in this subsection need be given only by the governing body. As used in this subsection, "two successive weeks" means that such notice shall be published at least twice in such newspaper, with not less than six days elapsing between the first and second publication. In any instance in which a locality has submitted a correct and timely notice request to such newspaper and the newspaper fails to publish the notice, or publishes the notice incorrectly, such locality shall be deemed to have met the notice requirements of this subsection so long as the notice was published in the next available edition of a newspaper having general circulation in the locality. After enactment of any plan, ordinance or amendment, further publication thereof shall not be required.

B. When a proposed amendment of the zoning ordinance involves a change in the zoning map classification of 25 or fewer parcels of land, then, in addition to the advertising as required by subsection A, the advertisement shall include the street address or tax map parcel number of the parcels subject to the action. Written notice shall be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least five days before the hearing to the owner or owners, their agent or the occupant, of each parcel involved; to the owners, their agent or the occupant, of all abutting property and property immediately across the street or road from the property affected, including those parcels that lie in other localities of the Commonwealth; and, if any portion of the affected property is within a planned unit development, then to such incorporated property owner's associations within the planned unit development that have members owning property located within 2,000 feet of the affected property as may be required by the commission or its agent. However, when a proposed amendment to the zoning ordinance involves a tract of land not less than 500 acres owned by the Commonwealth or by the federal government, and when the proposed change affects only a portion of the larger tract, notice need be given only to the owners of those properties that are adjacent to the affected area of the larger tract. Notice sent by registered or certified mail to the last known address of such owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall be deemed adequate compliance with this requirement. If the hearing is continued, notice shall be remailed. Costs of any notice required under this chapter shall be taxed to the applicant.

When a proposed amendment of the zoning ordinance involves a change in the zoning map classification of more than 25 parcels of land, or a change to the applicable zoning ordinance text regulations that decreases the allowed dwelling unit density of any parcel of land, then, in addition to the advertising as required by subsection A, the advertisement shall include the street address or tax map parcel number of the parcels as well as the approximate acreage subject to the action. For more than 100 parcels of land, the advertisement may instead include a description of the boundaries of the area subject to the changes and a link to a map of the subject area. Written notice shall be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least five days before the hearing to the owner, owners, or their agent of each parcel of land involved, provided, however, that written notice of such changes to zoning ordinance text regulations shall not have to be mailed to the owner, owners, or their agent of lots shown on a subdivision plat approved and recorded pursuant to the provisions of Article 6 (§ 15.2-2240 et seq.) where such lots are less than 11,500 square feet. One notice sent by first class mail to the last known address of such owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall be deemed adequate compliance with this requirement, provided that a representative of the local commission shall make affidavit that such mailings have been made and file such affidavit with the papers in the case. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as to invalidate any subsequently adopted amendment or ordinance because of the inadvertent failure by the representative of the local commission to give written notice to the owner, owners or their agent of any parcel involved.

The governing body may provide that, in the case of a condominium or a cooperative, the written notice may be mailed to the unit owners' association or proprietary lessees' association, respectively, in lieu of each individual unit owner.

Whenever the notices required hereby are sent by an agency, department or division of the local governing body, or their representative, such notices may be sent by first class mail; however, a representative of such agency, department or division shall make affidavit that such mailings have been made and file such affidavit with the papers in the case.

A party's actual notice of, or active participation in, the proceedings for which the written notice provided by this section is required shall waive the right of that party to challenge the validity of the proceeding due to failure of the party to receive the written notice required by this section.

- C. When a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment thereto; a proposed change in zoning map classification; or an application for special exception for a change in use or to increase by greater than 50 percent of the bulk or height of an existing or proposed building, but not including renewals of previously approved special exceptions, involves any parcel of land located within one-half mile of a boundary of an adjoining locality of the Commonwealth, then, in addition to the advertising and written notification as required by this section, written notice shall also be given by the local commission, or its representative, at least 10 days before the hearing to the chief administrative officer, or his designee, of such adjoining locality.
- D. When (i) a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment thereto, (ii) a proposed change in zoning map classification, or (iii) an application for special exception for a change in use involves any parcel of land located within 3,000 feet of a boundary of a military base, military installation, military airport, excluding armories operated by the Virginia National Guard, or licensed public-use airport then, in addition to the advertising and written notification as required by this section, written notice shall also be given by the local commission, or its representative, at least 30 days before the hearing to the commander of the military base, military installation, military airport, or owner of such public-use airport, and the notice

shall advise the military commander or owner of such public-use airport of the opportunity to submit comments or recommendations.

- E. The adoption or amendment prior to July 1, 1996, of any plan or ordinance under the authority of prior acts shall not be declared invalid by reason of a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by such act or by this chapter, provided a public hearing was conducted by the governing body prior to such adoption or amendment. Every action contesting a decision of a locality based on a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by this chapter shall be filed within 30 days of such decision with the circuit court having jurisdiction of the land affected by the decision. However, any litigation pending prior to July 1, 1996, shall not be affected by the 1996 amendment to this section.
- F. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, general or special, the City of Richmond may cause such notice to be published in any newspaper of general circulation in the city.
- G. When a proposed comprehensive plan or amendment of an existing plan designates or alters previously designated corridors or routes for electric transmission lines of 150 kilovolts or more, written notice shall also be given by the local planning commission, or its representative, at least 10 days before the hearing to each electric utility with a certificated service territory that includes all or any part of such designated electric transmission corridors or routes.
- H. When any applicant requesting a written order, requirement, decision, or determination from the zoning administrator, other administrative officer, or a board of zoning appeals that is subject to the appeal provisions contained in § 15.2-2311 or 15.2-2314, is not the owner or the agent of the owner of the real property subject to the written order, requirement, decision or determination, written notice shall be given to the owner of the property within 10 days of the receipt of such request. Such written notice shall be given by the zoning administrator or other administrative officer or, at the direction of the administrator or officer, the requesting applicant shall be required to give the owner such notice and to provide satisfactory evidence to the zoning administrator or other administrative officer that the notice has been given. Written notice mailed to the owner at the last known address of the owner as shown on the current real estate tax assessment books or current real estate tax assessment records shall satisfy the notice requirements of this subsection.

This subsection shall not apply to inquiries from the governing body, planning commission, or employees of the locality made in the normal course of business.

Code 1950, § 15-961.4; 1962, c. 407, § 15.1-431; 1964, c. 632; 1968, cc. 354, 714; 1973, cc. 117, 334; 1974, cc. 100, 570; 1975, c. 641; 1976, c. 642; 1977, c. 65; 1982, c. 291; 1990, c. 61; 1992, cc. 353, 757; 1993, cc. 128, 734; 1994, c. 774; 1995, c. 178; 1996, cc. 613, 667; 1997, c. 587; 2001, c. 406; 2002, c. 634; 2004, cc. 539, 799; 2005, c. 514; 2007, cc. 761, 813; 2011, c. 457; 2012, c. 548; 2013, cc. 149, 213; 2022, c. 478; 2023, cc. 506, 507.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS NEW KENT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Notice is hereby given that the New Kent County Board of Supervisors will hold public hearings, and may or may not take action, on Monday, February 12, 2024 at 7:00 p.m. or as soon thereafter as possible, in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building located at 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124, to consider the following:

- 1. Ordinance O-09-23 R1: Application PUD-01-22, Liberty Landing (Bridgewater Crossing, Inc.): Kenneth Merner of Bridgewater Crossing Inc. (property owner) and Jeffrey Geiger of Hirschler Fleischer (agent) have requested the rezoning from Business to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 113 acres of land, and the rezoning from A-1 to Planned Unit Development (PUD) of approximately 4.6 acres of land. The subject properties are located to the south of Route 60 (across from the Five Lakes Subdivision), and are identified as Tax Parcels 19-11-1, 19-11-2, 19-11-3, 19-11-4, 19-11-5, 19-11-A, 19-11-B, 19-46-A, 29-2A, and 29-2B. The applicants are proposing to create a mixed-use development with approximately 60,000 square feet of Business/Commercial uses in the front (northern) portion of the property, 145 townhomes, and 145 single-family residential lots. The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on April 17, 2023 and voted 6:4:1 to forward a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.
- 2. Resolution R-02-24, Application CUP-02-23, New Leaf Energy, Inc.: Representatives from New Leaf Energy, Inc. have requested a Conditional Use Permit to construct a 2 MW solar system (facility) on approximately 23 acres located within Tax Parcel 27-6J (GPIN #I28-3826-5374) in eastern New Kent County. The parcel is currently zoned Industrial and is generally located east of State Route 30 and north of Henrico County's Regional Jail East on the north side of Route 634 (Polish Town Road.) The Planning Commission considered this application at their meeting on December 18, 2023 and voted 7:1:3 to send a favorable recommendation to the Board of Supervisors.
- 3. Ordinance O-03-24, Amendments to New Kent County Code Chapter 82, Articles V and VI: The Board of Supervisors will consider amendments, primarily involving public notification requirements, to Chapter 82 Environment, Article V Wetlands and Article VI Sand Dunes and Beaches. The amendments will align the County Code with the Code of Virginia as a result of amendments that were adopted during the 2023 Legislative Session.

All interested persons may appear and present their views at the above time and place. If a member of the public cannot attend, comments may be submitted by mail to P. O. Box 150, New Kent, VA 23124; by fax to (804) 966-9370; or by email to bos@newkent-va.us. Comments received by 12:00 noon on the day of the hearings will be distributed to Board members and made a part of the public record. Copies of any proposed ordinances, resolutions, applications and staff reports may be viewed approximately one week prior to the hearing in the Office of the County Administrator at 12007 Courthouse Circle, New Kent, VA 23124, during regular business hours or at http://www.co.new-kent.va.us. Anyone needing assistance or accommodation under the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act should call the County Administrator's Office

at (804) 966-9687. If the meeting cannot be held because of the closing of State and/or County offices, it will be held on the next business day that the County offices are open.

By authority of Rodney A. Hathaway Clerk of the Board

Please use 10 point upper case type in the heading as indicated. Use 8 point type in the body.

Please publish notice once a week for two successive weeks.

Kindly send certification of publication and bill to Wanda Watkins, New Kent Administration Office.

WEIR CREEK LLC ATTN: JOHN KINNEY 2311 WILSON BLVD, STE 500 ARLINGTON, VA 22201

CUP-02-23

MARTIN KATHY GRYMULSKI 27024 FORT EMORY RD PETERSBURG, VA 23805

CUP-02-23

KUBAS LLC PO BOX 305 MIDLOTHIAN, VA 23113 COUNTY OF NEW KENT PO BOX 150 NEW KENT, VA 23124

CUP-02-23

ANATOLIO FERNANDEZ PLANCARTE 17701 POLISH TOWN RD BARHAMSVILLE, VA 23011

CUP-02-23

JRAF JC LLC 612 ALEXANDER LEE PARKWAY WILLIAMSBURG, VA 23185 VIRGINIA LC AND C/O VA PROPERTIES MGMT. LLC 4600 N FAIRFAX DR. STE 1002 ARLINGTON, VA 22203

CUP-02-23

PLANCARTE MANAGEMENT LLC 17655 POLISH TOWN RD BARHAMSVILLE, VA 23011

CUP-02-23

PLANNING COMMISSION COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

PC-12-23

At the regular meeting of the Planning Commission of the County of New Kent, in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 18th day of December, 2023:

Present:	Vote:
Katherine Butler	Aye
Marc Bennett	Aye
Joanne Schmit	Aye
Laura Rose	Aye
Amy Pearson	Abstain
Gary Larochelle	Aye
John Moyer	Abstain
Joseph Davis	Aye
Tommy Tiller	Abstain
Patricia Townsend	Aye
Curtisa Thomas	Nay

Motion was made by Patricia Townsend, which carried 7:1:3, to adopt the following resolution:

A RESOLUTION TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION CUP-02-23, POLISH TOWN SOLAR 1/ NEW LEAF ENERGY, INC. AND JONATHAN KINNEY (PROPERTY OWNER) TO AUTHORIZE THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY LOCATED ON A PORTION OF TAX MAP 27-6J (GPIN #I28-3826-5374)

WHEREAS, Weir Creek LLC C/O John Kinney (property owner) and representatives from New Leaf Energy/Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (applicant) have submitted a "Conditional Use Permit Application" dated October 31, 2023; and

WHEREAS, said application requests a conditional use permit to construct a 2 MW solar system/facility on a portion of a parcel identified on the New Kent County digital map as GPIN #I28-3826-5374 (Tax Map and parcel 27-6J); and

WHEREAS, subsequent to receiving a complete application and within the timeframes established by Code, the Planning Commission scheduled and conducted a formal and duly advertised public hearing, carefully considering the public comment received; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has evaluated the application based on the current zoning of the parcel, which is Industrial, the standards set forth in the Conditional Use Permit Provisions of the Zoning Ordinance (Article XIX, § 98-741 et seq.), and the proposed conditions in the staff memo; and

WHEREAS, the Commission finds that CUP-02-23 is substantially in accord with the Comprehensive Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Commission finds that approval of CUP-02-23 with the conditions stated herein is appropriate to address, protect, and promote public convenience, necessity, general welfare, and good zoning practices in the County and the health, safety, and general welfare of the Citizens in the County;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that on this, the 18th day of December, 2023, by the New Kent County Planning Commission, that Conditional Use Permit Application CUP-02-23, submitted by Weir Creek LLC C/O John Kinney (property owner) and representatives from New Leaf Energy/Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (applicant) be forwarded to the New Kent County Board of Supervisors with a recommendation of approval with the following conditions:

- 1. The following conditions will apply to the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application and will be binding on Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Solar Facility").
- 2. The Solar Facility must meet all requirements set forth in New Kent County Code Article XXII Site Plans; Performance Standards, Section 98-878 Specific conditions applicable to energy storage projects and solar generation facilities.
- 3. Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Applicant") will consent to administrative inspections by New Kent County staff for compliance with the requirements of this Conditional Use Permit, with a 24-hour notice provided by the county to the designated company representative.
- 4. Per Virginia Code § 15.2-2288.8, the Applicant will pay the County \$50,000 (the "Trail Upgrade Payment") for future upgrades and maintenance to the Wahrani hiking and biking trails, adjacent to the project site and which the County has determined are reasonably related to the Solar Facility. The Trail Upgrade Payment will be paid to the County within ninety (90) days of building permit approval, and will be in lieu of any other payments (excluding taxes) to the County.
- 5. All federal, state, and local laws, regulations, permit requirements and ordinances will be adhered to, including but not limited to:
 - a. All active solar systems shall meet all requirements of the latest editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC), National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), American

Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), Underwriters Laboratories (UL), or International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) as applicable and state building code and shall be inspected by a county building inspector throughout the building permit process. If there are any conflicts between standards, the Uniform Statewide Building Code (USBC) shall control.

- b. An Erosion and Sediment Control plan and a Stormwater Management Plan must be submitted and approved prior to any land disturbance.
- 6. The Solar Facility will be limited to no more than the 23 acres of the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application, excluding additional acreage deemed necessary during the site plan review process for proper stormwater and erosion management, and a temporary laydown area during construction of the Facility.
- 7. All site activity required for the construction and operation of the Solar Facility will be limited to the following:
 - a. All pile driving activity will be limited to the hours from the earlier of sunrise or 8:00 a.m. to the later or 6:00 p.m. or sunset, Monday through Saturday.
 - b. All other construction activity on site will be permitted Monday through Sunday in accordance with the provisions of the County's Noise Ordinance.
- 8. All solar panels will use anti-reflective coatings to help prevent glare.
- 9. The applicant will work directly with New Kent County's Chamber of Commerce and the Economic Development Department to enable the inclusion of local contractors within the County in the bidding process for construction and post-construction.
- 10. A weather proof/resistant Emergency Response Plaque/Poster will be mounted near the front gate. The Plaque/Poster will include contact information for the facility, an Emergency Response Chain of Command, including information for Police, Fire, and Rescue services and other pertinent information associated with the facility during an emergency response.
- 11. All landscaping will be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee following installation and as necessary thereafter to ensure the landscape is being maintained. The applicant will work with the County to identify the species that will provide the best aesthetic and environmental benefit.
- 12. In areas where there is an existing timber buffer remaining on the parcel, then the existing timber buffer will be retained as part of the perimeter landscaping, as per the "Tree Clearing Plan" submitted with the application. Hand-clearing of trees within the existing timber buffer for purposes of safety or removal of dead trees is permitted, so as long as the applicant plants appropriate replacements in accordance with ordinance standards. All existing timber buffers, which may require supplementation with planted trees or shrubs if the existing buffer consists of a relatively thin block of trees or lacks significant understory, are subject to review and approval by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee. The use of existing timber

- and natural screening is preferable. Buffer clearing is permitted to an access road to serve the Project and the view is not required to be obscured within the access road's right of way.
- 13. Excluding the required landscape buffer areas, the ground between the panels and areas not otherwise covered by gravel or infrastructure will be planted and maintained with a vegetative cover. This vegetative cover will be managed with regularly schedule landscape maintenance at intervals deemed appropriate by the County and applicant during site plan review.
- 14. The applicant must enter into a standard form BMP Maintenance Agreement with New Kent County which will detail the applicant's responsibilities to maintain its stormwater facilities.
- 15. The applicant will prepare a Transportation Plan as part of building permit approval. The Transportation Plan will be required for all facility traffic. Truck traffic will be limited to only the routes shown in the Transportation Plan. No other local routes in New Kent County may be used. The Transportation Plan will be revisited at time of decommissioning with the County and applicant to reflect the latest status of the roads.
- 16. Access roads will be marked by the Applicant with identifying signage.
- 17. A Construction Traffic Management Plan and mitigation measures will be developed by the Applicant and submitted to the County and Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) for review. The Plan will address traffic control measures, a pre- and post-construction road evaluation, and any necessary repairs to the public road that are required as a result of damage from the Project. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days after construction. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days prior to decommissioning and no greater than 30 days after decommissioning of the facility. If a traffic issue arises during the construction of the Project, the Applicant will develop with input from the County and VDOT appropriate measures to mitigate the issue.
- 18. This Conditional Use Permit will expire on the 3rd anniversary of its issuance if the applicant has not obtained a building permit and commenced construction, unless an extension of the Conditional Use Permit is approved by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors.

Attested:

V. Marc Bennett, Chairman

New Kent County Planning Commission

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

R-02-24

At the regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New Kent, in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 12th day of February, 2024:

Vote:

Present:
Thomas W. Evelyn
John P. Moyer
Amy M. Pearson
Ron Stiers
Jordan T. Stewart

Motion was made by _____, which carried _____, to adopt the following resolution:

A RESOLUTION TO APPROVE
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION CUP-02-23,
POLISH TOWN SOLAR 1/NEW LEAF ENERGY, INC.
AND JONATHAN KINNEY (PROPERTY OWNER)
TO AUTHORIZE THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY
LOCATED ON A PORTION OF TAX MAP 27-6J (GPIN #I28-3826-5374)

WHEREAS, Weir Creek LLC C/O John Kinney (property owner) and representatives from New Leaf Energy/Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (applicant), have submitted a "Conditional Use Permit Application" dated October 31, 2023; and

WHEREAS, said application requests a conditional use permit to construct a 2 MW solar system/facility on a portion of a parcel identified on the New Kent County Digital map as GPIN #I28-3826-5374 (Tax Map and parcel 27-6J); and

WHEREAS, said application was considered by the New Kent County Planning Commission (the "Planning Commission") in accordance with applicable procedures at a formal and duly advertised public hearing on December 18, 2023, where they carefully considered the public comment received and voted 7:1:3 to forward a recommendation of approval to the Board of Supervisors; and

WHEREAS, within the timeframes established by the Code of Virginia and New Kent County Code, the Board of Supervisors scheduled and conducted a formal and duly advertised

public hearing on February 12, 2024, and carefully considered the comments received, the application and conditions; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors has evaluated the application based on the current zoning of the parcel, which is Industrial, the standards set forth in the Conditional Use Permit Provisions of the Zoning Ordinance (Article XIX, § 98-741 et seq.), and the proposed conditions in the staff memo; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors finds that CUP-02-23 is substantially in accord with the Comprehensive Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors finds that the standards for granting a Conditional Use Permit have been satisfied; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors finds that approval of this application would address, protect, and promote public convenience, necessity, general welfare, and good zoning practices in the County and the health, safety, and general welfare of the Citizens in the County;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that on this, the 12th day of February, 2024, by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors, that Conditional Use Permit Application CUP-02-23 submitted by Weir Creek LLC C/O John Kinney (property owner) and representatives from New Leaf Energy/Polish Town Solar 1, LLC (applicant), be, and it hereby is, approved, subject to the following conditions:

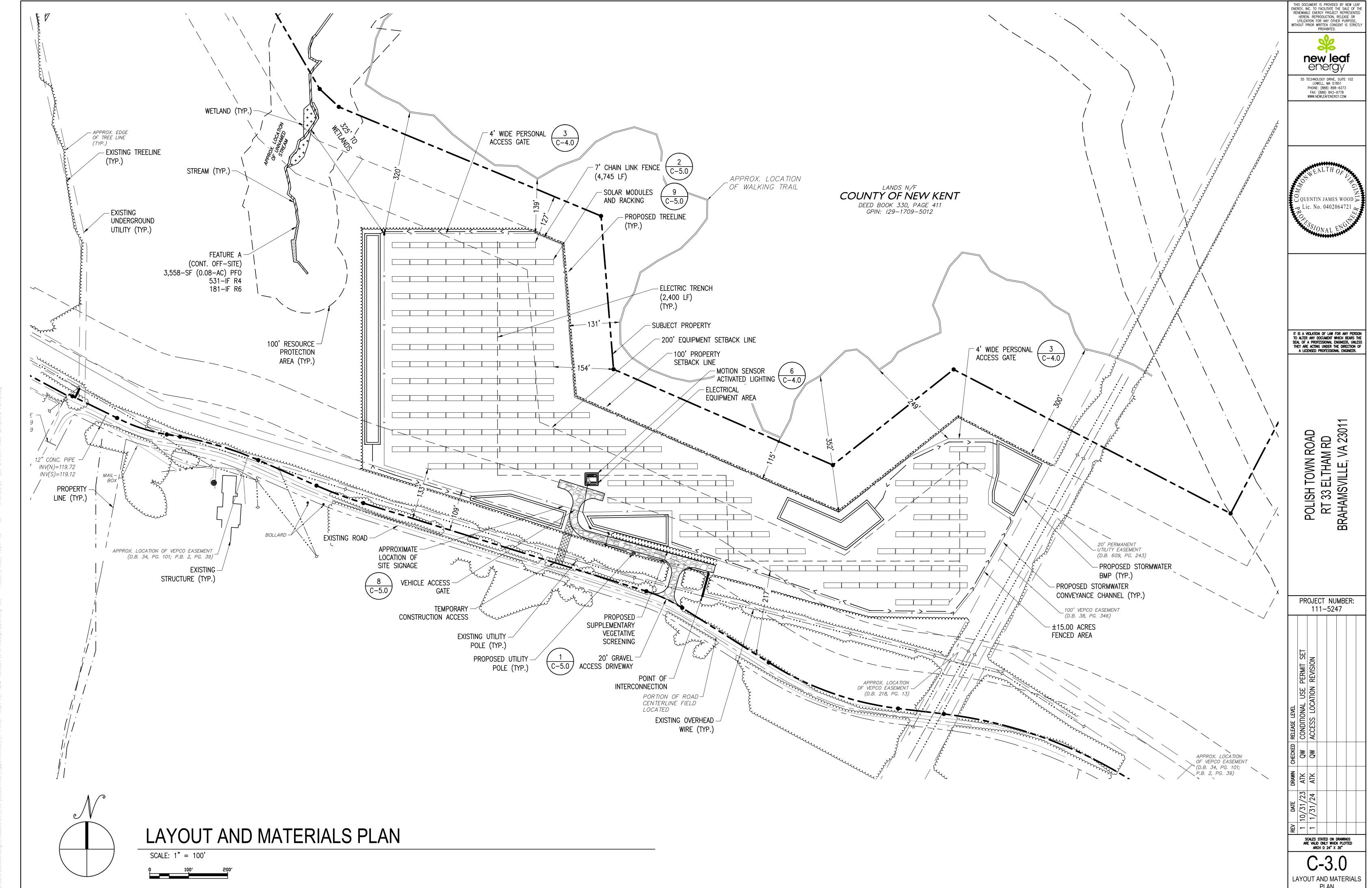
- 1. The following conditions will apply to the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application and will be binding on Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Solar Facility").
- 2. The Solar Facility must meet all requirements set forth in New Kent County Code Article XXII Site Plans; Performance Standards, Section 98-878 Specific conditions applicable to energy storage projects and solar generation facilities.
- 3. Polish Town Solar 1, LLC, New Leaf Energy, or any successors, assignees, current or future lessee, sub-lessee, or owner of the solar energy facility (the "Applicant") will consent to administrative inspections by New Kent County staff for compliance with the requirements of this Conditional Use Permit, with a 24-hour notice provided by the county to the designated company representative.
- 4. Per Virginia Code § 15.2-2288.8, the Applicant will pay the County \$50,000 (the "Trail Upgrade Payment") for future upgrades and maintenance to the Wahrani hiking and biking trails, adjacent to the project site and which the County has determined are reasonably related to the Solar Facility. The Trail Upgrade Payment will be paid to the County within ninety (90) days of building permit approval, and will be in lieu of any other payments (excluding taxes) to the County.

- 5. All federal, state, and local laws, regulations, permit requirements and ordinances will be adhered to, including but not limited to:
 - a. All active solar systems shall meet all requirements of the latest editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC), National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), Underwriters Laboratories (UL), or International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) as applicable and state building code and shall be inspected by a county building inspector throughout the building permit process. If there are any conflicts between standards, the Uniform Statewide Building Code (USBC) shall control.
 - b. An Erosion and Sediment Control plan and a Stormwater Management Plan must be submitted and approved prior to any land disturbance.
- 6. The Solar Facility will be limited to no more than the 23 acres of the property identified on the "Conditional Use Permit Plan Set" dated 10/31/23 prepared by New Leaf Energy and submitted with the application, excluding additional acreage deemed necessary during the site plan review process for proper stormwater and erosion management, and a temporary laydown area during construction of the Facility.
- 7. All site activity required for the construction and operation of the Solar Facility will be limited to the following:
 - a. All pile driving activity will be limited to the hours from the earlier of sunrise or 8:00 a.m. to the later or 6:00 p.m. or sunset, Monday through Saturday.
 - b. All other construction activity on site will be permitted Monday through Sunday in accordance with the provisions of the County's Noise Ordinance.
- 8. All solar panels will use anti-reflective coatings to help prevent glare.
- 9. The applicant will work directly with New Kent County's Chamber of Commerce and the Economic Development Department to enable the inclusion of local contractors within the County in the bidding process for construction and post-construction.
- 10. A weather proof/resistant Emergency Response Plaque/Poster will be mounted near the front gate. The Plaque/Poster will include contact information for the facility, an Emergency Response Chain of Command, including information for Police, Fire, and Rescue services and other pertinent information associated with the facility during an emergency response.
- 11. All landscaping will be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee following installation and as necessary thereafter to ensure the landscape is being maintained. The applicant will work with the County to identify the species that will provide the best aesthetic and environmental benefit.
- 12. In areas where there is an existing timber buffer remaining on the parcel, then the existing timber buffer will be retained as part of the perimeter landscaping, as per the "Tree Clearing Plan" submitted with the application. Hand-clearing of trees within the existing timber

buffer for purposes of safety or removal of dead trees is permitted, so as long as the applicant plants appropriate replacements in accordance with ordinance standards. All existing timber buffers, which may require supplementation with planted trees or shrubs if the existing buffer consists of a relatively thin block of trees or lacks significant understory, are subject to review and approval by the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee. The use of existing timber and natural screening is preferable. Buffer clearing is permitted to an access road to serve the Project and the view is not required to be obscured within the access road's right of way.

- 13. Excluding the required landscape buffer areas, the ground between the panels and areas not otherwise covered by gravel or infrastructure will be planted and maintained with a vegetative cover. This vegetative cover will be managed with regularly schedule landscape maintenance at intervals deemed appropriate by the County and applicant during site plan review.
- 14. The applicant must enter into a standard form BMP Maintenance Agreement with New Kent County which will detail the applicant's responsibilities to maintain its stormwater facilities.
- 15. The applicant will prepare a Transportation Plan as part of building permit approval. The Transportation Plan will be required for all facility traffic. During construction, the construction traffic will be limited to the temporary construction access, generally depicted on Sheet C-3.0 Layout and Materials Plan (included in the CUP materials and dated 1/31/24), and only the routes shown in the Transportation Plan. Upon completion of construction, the permanent access entrance will be required for all facility traffic, and the temporary access will be removed, restored, and screened. No other local routes in New Kent County may be used. The Transportation Plan will be revisited at time of decommissioning with the County and applicant to reflect the latest status of the roads.
- 16. Access roads will be marked by the Applicant with identifying signage.
- 17. A Construction Traffic Management Plan and mitigation measures will be developed by the Applicant and submitted to the County and Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) for review. The Plan will address traffic control measures, a pre- and post-construction road evaluation, and any necessary repairs to the public road that are required as a result of damage from the Project. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days after construction. The applicant will inspect and video document the secondary roads associated with the Transportation Plan to assess any roadway damage no greater than 30 days prior to decommissioning and no greater than 30 days after decommissioning of the facility. If a traffic issue arises during the construction of the Project, the Applicant will develop with input from the County and VDOT appropriate measures to mitigate the issue.
- 18. This Conditional Use Permit will expire on the 3rd anniversary of its issuance if the applicant has not obtained a building permit and commenced construction, unless an extension of the Conditional Use Permit is approved by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the directed to have a fully executed copy of this Reso County in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Cou	<u> </u>
Attest:	
Rodney A. Hathaway County Administrator	Thomas W. Evelyn Chair



New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 PUBLIC HEARINGS

Motion: "Mr.

Chairman, I move to (not required for Consent

Agenda items)

adopt Ordinance O-03-24 to amend New Kent County Code Chapter 82, Article V and Article VI to comply with the Code of Virginia, relating to the Marine Resources Commission and local wetlands boards; permit applications; and public notice.

Subject

PUBLIC HEARING - Ordinance O-03-24, Amendments to New Kent County Code Chapter 82, Articles V and VI -Environmental Director Josh Airaghi

Issue

The Board of Supervisors will consider amendments, primarily involving public notification requirements, to Chapter 82 - Environment, Article V - Wetlands and Article VI - Sand Dunes and Beaches. The amendments will align the County Code with the Code of Virginia.

Recommendation

Staff recommends adoption of the proposed motion.

Fiscal Implications

None

Policy Implications

When a wetlands or dunes and beaches application necessitates a public hearing, staff is now required to publish a newspaper ad once in the seven days prior to the hearing, to post a notice on the website at least 14 days prior to the hearing, and to notify the Marine Resources Commission so they may submit the notice to the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall.

During the 2023 Legislative Session of the General Assembly, changes were made to the laws governing both the Wetlands Zoning Ordinance and the Coastal Primary Sand Dune Zoning Ordinance relating to notification requirements and public hearings.

Legislative History

New Kent County previously adopted both of these ordinances; thus, the County Code needs to be amended to comply with the changes made to the Code of Virginia.

The amendments to the Code of Virginia did not alter the substance of the Wetlands Zoning Ordinance or the Coastal Primary Sand Dune Zoning Ordinance; however, they did change some procedural aspects of how applications requiring public hearings are advertised.

Discussion

Additionally, staff has taken the opportunity to correct grammatical errors, capitalizations, and missing verbiage from prior amendments.

Time Needed:

10 Minutes

Person Appearing:

Environmental Director Josh Airaghi

Request prepared by:	Josh Airaghi	Telephone:	804-966-8580
Copy provided to:			

ATTACHMENTS:

Description Type

Ordinance O-03-24 Cover Memo

REVIEWERS:

Department	Reviewer	Action	Date
Environmental Division	Airaghi, Josh	Approved	1/30/2024 - 4:09 PM
Administration	Hathaway, Rodney	Approved	1/31/2024 - 3:14 PM
Attorney	Everard, Joshua	Approved	2/5/2024 - 8:34 AM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF NEW KENT VIRGINIA

O-03-24

At the regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New Kent, in the Boardroom of the Administration Building in New Kent, Virginia, on the 12th day of February, 2024:

	<u>Present</u> :		<u>Vote</u> :	
	Thomas W. Evelyn			
	John Moyer			
	Amy Pearson			
	Ron Stiers			
	Jordan Stewart			
Motion was made by		_, which carried	d:, to adopt the following	lowing
ordinance:				

ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 82 - ENVIRONMENT, ARTICLE V - WETLANDS AND ARTICLE VI - SAND DUNES AND BEACHES OF THE NEW KENT COUNTY CODE

WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Virginia, during the 2023 Legislative Session, amended § 28.2-606, 28.2-1302, and 28.2-1403 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Marine Resources Commission and local wetlands boards, permit applications, and public notice; and

WHEREAS, The New Kent County Board of Supervisors finds that the proposed amendments are necessary for compliance with the Code of Virginia.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED AND ENCATED, by the New Kent County Board of Supervisors pursuant to the authority granted in the Code of Virginia, that Chapter 82, Article V and Article VI of the New Kent Couty Code be amended as follows:

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Article V. Wetlands

Sec. 82-131. Wetlands board.

- (a) There is hereby created a wetlands board in the county which consists of five residents of the county appointed by the board of supervisors. All board members terms of office are for five years, and the term of one board member will expire each vear. The chairman of the wetlands board will notify the board of supervisors at least 30 days in advance of the expiration of any term of office and will also notify the board of supervisors promptly if any vacancy occurs. Such vacancy may be filled by the board of supervisors without delay upon receipt of such notice. Appointments to fill vacancies will be only for the unexpired portion of the term. Members may serve successive terms. Members of the wetlands board may not hold other public office in the county except that they may be members of the planning commission, Chesapeake Bay Preservation Board, directors of soil and water conservation boards, or members of the board of zoning appeals. A member whose term expires shall will continue to serve until his successor is appointed and qualified. When members of the wetlands board are also members of the planning commission, Chesapeake Bay Preservation Board, directors of soil and water conservation boards, or members of the board of zoning appeals, their terms of appointment to the wetlands board shall will be coterminous with their membership on such other boards. The governing body may appoint one alternate member to the board. The qualifications, terms, and compensation of alternate members will be the same as those of members.
- (b) The wetlands board shall will elect from its membership a chairman and such other officers as it deems necessary who shall will serve one-year terms as such and may succeed themselves. For the conduct of any hearing and the taking of any action, a quorum shall will be three members of the board. The board may make, alter, and rescind rules and forms for its procedures consistent with the ordinances of the county and the general laws of the commonwealth. The board shall will keep a full public record of its proceedings and shall must submit a report of its activities to the board of supervisors at least once a year and a copy of its report to the state marine resources cCommission.
- (c) The board of supervisors shall will supply reasonable meeting space and such reasonable secretarial, clerical, legal, and consulting services as may be needed by the wetlands board. Any wetlands board member may be removed for malfeasance, misfeasance or nonfeasance in office, or for other just causes by the board of supervisors after a hearing held after at least 15 days' notice to such board member.

 Upon a hearing with at least 15 days' notice to the board member thereof, any board member may be removed for malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in

office, or for other just cause, by the board of supervisors. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, a member of the local wetlands board may be removed from office by the board of supervisors without limitation in the event that the board member is absent from any three consecutive meetings of the board, or is absent from any four meetings of the board within any 12-month period. In either such event, a successor may be appointed by the board of supervisors for the unexpired portion of the term of the member who has been removed.

Secs. 82-132 – 82-140. Reserved.

Secs. 82-141. Adoption of division.

The county board of supervisors acting pursuant to Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1300 et seq., adopts this division regulation regulating the use and development of wetlands.

Sec. 82-142. Definitions

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this division, shall will have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Back Bay and its tributaries means the following, as shown on the United States Geological Survey Quadrangle Sheets for Virginia Beach, North Bay and Knotts Island: Back Bay north of the Virginia-North Carolina state line; Capsies Creek north of the Virginia-North Carolina state line; Deal Creek; Devil Creek; Nawney Creek; Redhead Bay; Sand Bay; Shipps Bay; North Bay; and the waters connecting them; Beggars Bridge Creek; Muddy Creek; Ashville Bridge Creek; Hells Point Creek; Black Gut; and all coves, ponds and natural waterways adjacent to or connecting with the above-named bodies of water.

Commission means the state marine resources commission Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

Commissioner means the state commissioner of marine resources Commissioner of Marine Resources.

Governmental activity means any of the services provided by this county to its citizens for the purpose of maintaining this county including, but not limited to, such services as constructing, repairing and maintaining roads; providing sewage facilities and streetlights; supplying and treating water; and constructing public buildings.

Nonvegetated wetlands means unvegetated lands lying contiguous to mean low water and between mean low water and mean high water, including those unvegetated areas of Back Bay and its tributaries and the North Landing River and its tributaries subject to flooding by normal and wind tides but not hurricane or tropical storm tides.

North Landing River and its tributaries means the following, as shown on the United States Geological Survey Quadrangle Sheets for Pleasant Ridge, Creeds, and Fentress: the North Landing River from the Virginia-North Carolina line to Virginia Highway 165 at North Landing Bridge; the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal from Virginia Highway 165 at North Landing Bridge to the locks at Great Bridge; and all named and unnamed streams, creeks and rivers flowing into the North Landing River and the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal except West Neck Creek north of Indian River Road, Pocaty River West of Blackwater Road, Blackwater River west of its forks located at a point approximately 6,400 feet due west of the point where Blackwater Road crosses the Blackwater River at the Village of Blackwater, and Millbank Creek west of Blackwater Road.

Person means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, company, business, trust, joint venture, or other legal entity.

Vegetated wetlands means lands lying between and contiguous to mean low water and an elevation above mean low water equal to the factor 1.5 times the mean tide range at the site of the proposed project in the county, and upon which is growing any of the following species: saltmarsh cordgrass (Spartina alterniflora), saltmeadow hay (Spartina patens), saltgrass (distichlis spicata), black needlerush (Juncus roemerianus), saltwort (Salicornia spp.), sea lavender (Limonium spp.), marsh elder (Iva frutescens), groundsel bush (Baccharis halimifolia), wax myrtle (Myrica sp.), sea oxeye (Borrichia frutescens), arrow arum (Peltandra virginica), pickerelweed (Pontederia cordata), big cordgrass (Spartina cynosuroides), rice cutgrass (Leersia oryzoides), wildrice (zizania aquatica), bulrush (Scirpus Validus), spikerush (Eleocharis sp.), sea rocket (Cakile edentula), southern wildrice (Zizaniopsis miliacea), cattail (Typha spp.), threesquare (Scirpus spp.), buttonbush (Cephalanthus occidentalis), bald cypress (Taxodium distichum), black gum (Nyssa sylvatica), tupelo (Nyssa aquatica), dock (Rumex spp.), yellow pond lily (Nuphar sp.), marsh fleabane (Pluchea purpurascens), royal fern (Osmunda regalis), marsh hibiscus (Hibiscus moscheutos), beggar's tick (Bidens sp.), smartweed (Polygonum sp.), arrowhead (Sagittaria spp.), sweet flag (Acorus calamus), water hemp (Amaranthus cannabinus), reed grass (Phragmites communis), or switch grass (Panicum virgatum).

Vegetated wetlands of Back Bay and its tributaries and vegetated wetlands of the North Landing River and its tributaries mean all marshes subject to flooding by normal and wind tides but not hurricane or tropical storm tides, and upon which is growing any of the following species: saltmarsh cordgrass (Spartina alterniflora), saltmeadow hay (Spartina patens), black needlerush (Juncus roemerianus), marsh elder (Iva frutescens), groundsel bush (Baccharis halimifolia), wax myrtle (Myrica sp.), arrow arum (Peltandra virginica), pickerelweed (Pontederia cordata), big cordgrass (Spartina cynosuroides), rice cutgrass (Leersia oryzoides), wildrice (zizania aquatica), bulrush (Scirpus Validus), spikerush (Eleocharis sp.), cattail (Typha spp.), three-square (Scirpus spp.), dock (Rumex spp.), smartweed (Polygonum sp.), yellow pond lily (Nuphar sp.), royal fern (Osmunda regalis), marsh hibiscus (Hibiscus moscheutos), beggar's tick (Bidens sp.), arrowhead (Sagittaria spp.), water hemp (Amaranthus cannabinus), reed grass (Phragmites communis), or switch grass (Panicum virgatum).

Wetlands means both vegetated and **n**onvegetated wetlands.

Wetlands board and *board* mean the New Kent County Wetlands Board, created pursuant to Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1303.

Sec. 82-143. Authorized uses and activities.

The following uses of and activities in wetlands are authorized if otherwise permitted by law:

- The construction and maintenance of noncommercial catwalks, piers, boathouses, boat shelters, fences, duckblinds, wildlife management shelters, footbridges, observation decks and shelters and other similar structures, provided that such structures are so constructed on pilings as to permit the reasonably unobstructed flow of the tide and preserve the natural contour of the wetlands;
- 2) The cultivation and harvesting of shellfish and worms for bait;
- 3) Noncommercial outdoor recreational activities, including hiking, boating, trapping, hunting, fishing, shellfishing, horseback riding, swimming, skeet and trap shooting, and shooting on shooting preserves, provided that no structure shall may be constructed except as permitted in subsection (1) of this section;
- 4) Other outdoor recreational activities, provided that they do not impair the natural functions or alter the natural contour of the wetlands;
- 5) Grazing, haying, and cultivating and harvesting agricultural, forestry or horticultural products;
- 6) Conservation, repletion and research activities of the eCommission, the Virginia Institute
 Institute of Marine Science, the state dDepartment of game and inland fisheries Wildlife
 Resources and other conservation-related agencies;
- 7) The construction or maintenance of aids to navigation which that are authorized by governmental authority;
- 8) Emergency measures decreed by any duly appointed health officer of a governmental subdivision acting to protect the public health;
- 9) The normal maintenance and repair of, or addition to, presently existing roads, highways, railroad beds or facilities abutting on or crossing wetlands, provided that no waterway is altered and no additional wetlands are covered;

- 10) Governmental activity in wetlands owned or leased by the **<u>e</u>C**ommonwealth or a political subdivision thereof; and
- 11) The normal maintenance of manmade drainage ditches, provided that no additional wetlands are covered. This subsection does not authorize the construction of any drainage ditch; and
- 12) The construction of living shoreline projects authorized pursuant to a general permit developed under subsection B of § 28.2-104.1.

Sec. 82-144. Applications, maps and documents are public records.

All applications, maps and documents submitted under this division shall will be open for public inspection at the office of the county director of environmental programs and specified in the public notice for public hearing required under section 82-162 of this division.

Sec. 82-145. Fulfillment of responsibilities of the board.

In fulfilling its responsibilities under this division, the board shall will preserve and prevent the despoliation and destruction of wetlands within its jurisdiction while accommodating necessary economic development in a manner consistent with wetlands preservation and any standards set by the Commonwealth in addition to those identified in § 28.2-1308 to ensure protection of shorelines and sensitive coastal habitats from sea level rise and coastal hazards, including the provisions of guidelines and minimum standards promulgated by the Commission pursuant to § 28.2-1301 of the Code of Virginia.

Sec. 82-146. Violations; penalties.

- (a) No person shall may conduct any activity which would require a permit under this division unless such person has a permit therefor.
- (b) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, negligently or continually violates any order, rule or regulation of the wetlands board, or violates any provision of this division, or any provision of a permit granted by the wetlands board, shall be is guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor.
- (c) Upon the petition of the eCommission or the wetlands board to the county circuit court, when any act is done or threatened which is unlawful under this division, the court may enjoin the unlawful act and order the defendant to take any steps necessary to restore, protect and preserve the wetlands involved. This remedy shall be is exclusive of and in addition to any criminal penalty which may be imposed under subsection (b) of this section.

Secs. 82-147 – 82-160. Reserved.

Sec. 82-161. Required; application.

- (a) Any person who desires to use or develop any wetland within this county, other than for the purpose of conducting the activities specified in section 82-143, shall must first file an application for a permit directly with the wetlands board or with the eCommission.
- (b) The permit application shall must include the following: the name and address of the applicant; a detailed description of the proposed activities; a map, drawn to an appropriate and uniform scale, showing the area of wetlands directly affected, the location of the proposed work thereon, the area of existing and proposed fill and excavation, the location, width, depth and length of any proposed channel and disposal area, and the location of all existing and proposed structures, sewage collection and treatment facilities, utility installations, roadways, and other related appurtenances or facilities, including those on adjacent uplands; a statement indicating whether use of a living shoreline as defined in § 28.2-104.1 for a shoreline management practice is not suitable, including reasons for the determination; a description of the type of equipment to be used and the means of equipment access to the activity site; the names and addresses of owners of record of adjacent land and known claimants of water rights in or adjacent to the wetland of whom the applicant has notice; an estimate of cost; the primary purpose of the project; any secondary purposes of the project, including further projects; the public benefit to be derived from the proposed project; a complete description of measures to be taken during and after the alteration to reduce detrimental off-site effects; the completion date of the proposed work, project or structure; and such additional materials and documentation as the wetlands board may require.
- (c) A nonrefundable processing fee as provided in <u>aA</u>ppendix A to this Code <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> accompany each permit application. The fee is set by the board of supervisors with due regard for the services to be rendered, including the time, skill and administrator's expense involved.

Sec. 82-162. Notice and hearing.

Not later than Within 60 days after receipt of a complete application, the wetlands board shall will hold a public hearing on the application. The applicant, board of supervisors, commissioner, owner of record of any land adjacent to the wetlands in question, known claimants of water rights in or adjacent to the wetlands in questions, the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, the state dDepartment of game and inland fisheries Wildlife Resources, the sState wWater eControl bBoard, the state dDepartment of tTransportation, and any governmental agency expressing an interest in the application shall will be notified of the hearing. The Commission or board shall will mail or email these notices not less than at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing. The wetlands board shall will also:

- cause notice of the hearing to be published at least once a week for two weeks in the seven days prior to such hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
- (ii) post a notice of the hearing on its website at least 14 days prior to such hearing; and
- (iii) provide a copy of such notice to the Commission for submittal to the Virginia

 Regulatory Town Hall. The published notice shall will specify the place or places within the county where copies of the application may be examined. The costs of publications shall must be paid by the applicant. In the event that the board submits a correct and timely notice for publication and the newspaper fails to publish the notice or publishes the notice incorrectly, the board will be deemed to have met the notice requirements of this subsection so long as the notice is published in the next available edition of such newspaper.

Sec. 82-163. Hearing procedures.

- (a) Approval of a permit application shall requires the affirmative vote of three members of the five-member board.
- (b) The chairman of the board, or in his absence the acting chairman, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. Any person may testify at the public hearing. Each witness at the hearing may submit a concise written statement of his testimony. The board shall will make a record of the proceeding, which shall will include the application, any written statements of witnesses, a summary of statements of all witnesses, the findings and decision of the board, and the rationale for the decision.
- (c) The board shall will make its determination within 30 days of the hearing. If the board fails to act within that time, the application shall will be deemed approved. Within 48 hours of its determination, the board shall will notify the applicant and the ecommissioner of its determination. If the board fails to make a determination within the 30-day period, it shall will promptly notify the applicant and the ecommission that the application is deemed approved. For purposes of this section, the term "act" means taking a vote on the application. If the application receives less than three affirmative votes from the five-member board, the permit application shall be is denied.
- (d) If the board's decision is reviewed or appealed, the board shall will transmit the record of its bhearing to the eCommissioner. Upon a final determination by the eCommission, the record shall will be returned to the board. The record shall will be open for public inspection at the same office as was designated under section 82-144.

Sec. 82-164. Compliance guarantees; suspension or revocation of permit.

The board may require a reasonable bond or letter of credit in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to it, securing to the eCommonwealth compliance with the conditions and limitations set forth in the permit. The board may, after a hearing held pursuant to this division, suspend or revoke a permit if the applicant has failed to comply with any of the conditions or limitations set forth in the permit or has exceeded the scope of the work described in the application. The board may, after a hearing, suspend a permit if the applicant fails to comply with the terms and conditions set forth in the application.

Sec. 82-165. Standards for review.

- (a) In deciding whether to grant, grant in modified form or deny a permit, the board shall must consider the following:
 - (1) The testimony of any person in support of or in opposition to the permit application; and
 - (2) The impact of the proposed development on the public health, safety and welfare; and
 - (3) The proposed development's conformance with standards prescribed in Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1308 and guidelines promulgated pursuant to Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1301.
- (b) The board shall will grant the permit if all of the following criteria are met:
 - (1) The anticipated public and private benefit of the proposed activity exceeds its anticipated public and private detriment; and
 - (2) The proposed development conforms with the standards prescribed in Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1308 and guidelines promulgated pursuant to Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1301; and
 - (3) The proposed activity does not violate the purposes and intent of this division or Code of Virginia, § 28.2-1300 et-seq.
- (c) If the board finds that any of the criteria listed in subsection (b) of this section are not met, the board shall will deny the permit application but allow the applicant to resubmit the application in modified form.

Sec. 82-166. Permits generally.

- (a) The permit shall <u>must</u> be in writing, <u>and</u> signed by the chairman of the board or his authorized representative, <u>and notarized</u>. A copy of the permit <u>shall will</u> be transmitted to the <u>eC</u>ommissioner.
- (b) No permit shall will be granted without an expiration date established by the board. Upon proper application, the board may extend the permit expiration date.
- (c) No permit granted by the wetlands board shall will in any way affect the applicable zoning and land use ordinances of the county or the right of any person to seek compensation for any injury in fact incurred by him because of the proposed activity.

Secs. 82-167 – 82-180. Reserved.

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Article VI. Sand Dunes and Beaches¹

Sec. 82-181. Adoption of article.

The board of supervisors, acting pursuant to Code of Virginia § 28.2-1400 *et seq.*, adopts this article regulating the use and development of coastal primary sand dunes. Whenever coastal primary sand dunes are referred to in this article, such references shall also include beaches.

Sec. 82-182. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall will have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Beach means the shoreline zone comprised of unconsolidated sandy material upon which there is a mutual interaction of the forces of erosion, sediment transport and deposition that extends from the low water line landward to where there is a marked change in either material composition or physiographic form such as a dune, bluff, or marsh, or where no such change can be identified, to the line of woody vegetation (usually the effective limit of storm waves), or the nearest impermeable man-made structure, such as a bulkhead, revetment, or paved road.

Coastal primary sand dune or dune means a mound of unconsolidated sandy soil which that is contiguous to mean high water, whose landward and lateral limits are marked by a change in grade from ten 10 percent or greater to less than ten 10 percent, and upon which is growing any of the following species: American beach grass (Ammophila breviligulata); beach heather (Hudsonia tomentosa); dune bean (Strophostyles spp.); dusty miller (Artemisia stelleriana); saltmeadow hay (Spartina patens); seabeach sandwort (Honckenya peploides); sea oats (Uniola paniculata); sea rocket (Cakile edentula); seaside goldenrod(Solidago sempervirens); Japanese sedge or Asiatic sand sedge (Carexkobomugi); Virginia pine (Pinus virginiana); broom sedge (Andropogonvirginicus); and short dune grass (Panicum amarum). For purposes of this article, "coastal primary sand dune" shall does not include any mound of sand, sandy soil, or dredge spoil deposited by any person for the purpose of temporary storage, beach replenishment, or beach nourishment, nor shall will the slopes of any such mound be used to determine the landward or lateral limits of a coastal primary sand dune.

Commission means the Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

Commissioner means the eCommissioner of mMarine resources.

Governmental activity means any of the services provided by the eCommonwealth or a county, city or town to its citizens for the purpose of maintaining public facilities, including but not limited to, such services as constructing, repairing, and maintaining roads; providing streetlights and sewage facilities; supplying and treating water; and constructing public buildings.

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¹Note(s)—See the editor's note to Art. IV.

Wetlands board or board means the board created pursuant to Code of Virginia § 28.2-1303.

Sec. 82-183. Authorized uses and activities.

The following uses of and activities in dunes are authorized if otherwise permitted by law:

- (1) The construction and maintenance of noncommercial walkways which that do not alter the contour of the coastal primary sand dune;
- (2) The construction and maintenance of observation platforms which that are not an integral part of any dwelling and which that do not alter the contour of the coastal primary sand dune;
- (3) The planting of beach grasses or other vegetation for the purpose of stabilizing coastal primary sand dunes;
- (4) The placement of sand fences or other material on or adjacent to coastal primary sand dunes for the purpose of stabilizing such features, except that this provision shall will not be interpreted to authorize the placement of any material which that presents a public health or safety hazard;
- (5) Sand replenishment activities of any private or public concern, provided no sand shall will be removed from any coastal primary sand dune unless authorized by lawful permit;
- (6) The normal maintenance of any groin, jetty, riprap, bulkhead, or other structure designed to control beach erosion which that may abut a coastal primary sand dune;
- (7) The normal maintenance or repair of existing roads, highways, railroad beds, and facilities of the United States, this eCommonwealth or any of its counties or cities, or of any person, provided no coastal primary sand dunes are altered;
- (8) Outdoor recreational activities, provided the activities do not alter the natural contour of the coastal primary sand dune or destroy the vegetation growing thereon;
- (9) The conservation and research activities of the e<u>C</u>ommission, Virginia Institute of Marine Science, Department of <u>Game and Inland Fisheries</u> <u>Wildlife Resources</u>, and other conservation-related agencies;
- (10) The construction and maintenance of aids to navigation which that are authorized by governmental authority;
- (11) Activities pursuant to any emergency declaration by the governing body of any local government or the gGovernor of the eCommonwealth or any public health officer for the purposes of protecting the public health and safety; and
- (12) Governmental activity in coastal primary sand dunes owned or leased by the <u>eC</u>ommonwealth or a political subdivision thereof: and
- (13) The construction of living shoreline projects authorized pursuant to a general permit developed under subsection B of § 28.2-104.1.

Sec. 82-184. Applications, maps, and documents are public records.

All applications, maps, and documents submitted under this article shall will be open for public inspection at the office of the county director of planning environmental programs.

Sec. 82-185. Fulfillment of responsibilities of the board.

In fulfilling its responsibilities under this article, the board shall will preserve and protect coastal primary sand dunes and beaches and prevent their despoliation and destruction. However, whenever practical, the board shall will accommodate necessary economic development in a manner consistent with the protection of these features.

Sec. 82-186. Violations; penalties.

- (a) No person shall may conduct any activity which would require a permit under this article unless such person has a permit therefore.
- (b) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, negligently, or continually violates any order, rule, or regulation of the wetlands board, or violates any provision of this article, or any provision of a permit granted by the wetlands board, shall be is guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor.
- (c) Upon the petition of the eCommission or the wetlands board to the county circuit court, when any act occurs or is threatened which is unlawful under this article, the court may enjoin the unlawful act and order the defendant to take any steps necessary to restore, protect, and preserve the wetlands involved. This remedy shall be is exclusive of and in addition to any criminal penalty which may be imposed under subsection (b) of this section.

Secs. 82-187—82-200. Reserved.

Sec. 82-201. Required; application.

- (a) Any person who desires to use or alter any coastal primary sand dune within this county, other than for the purpose of conducting the activities specified in section 82-183, shall must first file an application directly with the wetlands board or with the eCommission.
- (b) The permit application shall must include the following: the name and address of the applicant; a detailed description of the proposed activities and a map, drawn to an appropriate and uniform scale, showing the area of dunes directly affected, the location of the proposed work thereon, the area of any proposed fill and excavation, the location, width, depth and length of any disposal area, and the location of all existing and proposed structures, sewage collection and treatment facilities, utility installations, roadways, and other related appurtenances or facilities, including those on adjacent uplands; a description of the type of equipment to be used and the means of equipment access to the activity site; the names and addresses of owners of record of adjacent land; an estimate of cost; the primary purpose of the project; any secondary purposes of the project, including further projects; the public benefit to be derived from the proposed project; a complete description of measures to be taken during and after the alteration to reduce detrimental offsite effects; the completion date of the proposed work, project, or structure; and such additional materials and documentation as the wetlands board may require.

(c) A nonrefundable processing fee shall as provided in Appendix a A to this Code shall must accompany each permit application. The fee shall will be set by the board of supervisors with due regard for the services to be rendered, including the time, skill, and administrator's expense. No person shall will be required to file two separate applications for permits if the proposed project will require permits under section 82-161 and Code of Virginia § 28.2-1300 et seq. Under those circumstances, the fee shall will be established pursuant to section 82-161.

Sec. 82-202. Notice and hearing.

Not later than Within 60 days after receipt of a complete application, the wetlands board shall will hold a public hearing on the application. The applicant, local governing body, eCommissioner, owner of record of any land adjacent to the coastal primary sand dunes in question, the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, the dDepartment of game and inland fisheries Wildlife Resources, the sState wWater eControl bBoard, the dDepartment of tTransportation, and any governmental agency expressing an interest in the application shall will be notified of the hearing. The Commission or board shall will mail or email these notices not less than at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing. The wetlands board shall will also

- cause notice of the hearing to be published at least once a week for two weeks in the seven days prior to such hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in this county; and
- (ii) post a notice of the hearing on its website at least 14 days prior to such hearing; and
- (iii) provide a copy of such notice to the Commission for submittal to the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. The costs of publication shall must be paid by the applicant. In the event that the board submits a correct and timely notice for publication and the newspaper fails to publish the notice or publishes the notice incorrectly, the board will be deemed to have met the notice requirements of this subsection so long as the notice is published in the next available edition of such newspaper.

Sec. 82-203. Hearing procedures.

- (a) Approval of a permit application shall requires the affirmative vote of three members of a five-member board.
- (b) The chairman of the board, or in his absence the acting chairman, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. Any person may appear and be heard at the public hearing. Each witness at the hearing may submit a concise written statement of his testimony. The board shall will make a record of the proceeding, which shall will include the application, any written statements of witnesses, a summary of statements of all witnesses, the findings, and decision of the board, and the rationale for the decision.
- (c) The board shall <u>must</u> make its determination within 30 days of the hearing. If the board fails to act within that time, the application shall <u>will</u> be deemed approved. Within 48 hours of its determination, the board shall <u>will</u> notify the applicant and the eCommissioner of its determination. If the board fails to make a determination within the 30-day period, it shall <u>will</u> promptly notify the applicant and the eCommission that the application is deemed approved.
- (d) If the board's decision is reviewed or appealed, the board shall must transmit the record of its hearing to the eCommissioner. Upon a final determination by the eCommission, the record shall will be returned to the board. The record shall will be open for public inspection at the same office as was designated under section 82-184.

Sec. 82-204. Compliance guarantees; suspension or revocation of permit.

The board may require a reasonable bond or letter of credit in an amount and with surety and conditions satisfactory to it, securing to the eCommonwealth compliance with the conditions and limitations set forth in the permit. The board may, after a hearing held pursuant to this article, suspend or revoke a permit if the applicant has failed to comply with any of the conditions or limitations set forth in the permit or has exceeded the scope of the work described in the application. The board may, after a hearing, suspend a permit if the applicant fails to comply with the terms and conditions set forth in the application.

Sec. 82-205. Standards for review.

- (a) In deciding whether to grant, grant in modified form, or deny a permit, the board shall <u>must</u> consider the following:
 - (1) The testimony of any person in support of or in opposition to the permit application;
 - (2) The impact of the proposed development on the public health, safety, and welfare; and
 - (3) The proposed development's conformance with standards prescribed in Code of Virginia § 28.2-1408 and guidelines promulgated pursuant to Code of Virginia § 28.2-1401.
- (b) The board shall will grant the permit if all of the following criteria are met:
 - (1) The anticipated public and private benefit of the proposed activity exceeds its anticipated public and private detriment; and

- (2) The proposed development conforms to the standards prescribed in Code of Virginia § 28.2-1408 and guidelines promulgated pursuant to Code of Virginia § 28.2-1401; and
- (3) The proposed activity does not violate the purposes and intent of this article or Code of Virginia § 28.2-1400 *et seq*.
- (c) If the board finds that any of the criteria listed in subsection (b) of this section are not met, the board shall <u>must</u> deny the permit application but allow the applicant to resubmit the application in modified form.

Sec. 82-206. Permits generally.

- (a) The permit shall must be in writing, and signed by the chairman of the board, and notarized. A copy of the permit shall will be transmitted to the eCommissioner.
- (b) No permit shall will be granted without an expiration date established by the board. Upon proper application, the board may extend the permit expiration date.
- (c) No permit granted by a wetlands board shall will in any way affect the right of any person to seek compensation for any injury in fact incurred by him because of the permitted activity.

Effective Date. This Ordinance will be e	effective immediately
Rodney A. Hathaway	Thomas W. Evelyn Chairman

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 APPOINTMENTS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move to (not required for Consent Agenda items)			
Subject	Appointments - Dele	gated by District	
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implications			
Policy Implications			
Legislative History			
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
	Watkins, Deputy rk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
to:			
ATTACHMENTS: Description Appointments Delega	ated by District (PDF)	Type Cover Memo	
REVIEWERS: Department Clerk Administration Attorney	Reviewer Watkins, Wanda Hathaway, Rodney Everard, Joshua	Action Approved Approved Approved	Date 2/2/2024 - 12:29 PM 2/2/2024 - 2:36 PM 2/5/2024 - 8:20 AM

DISTRICT ONE APPOINTMENTS

NONE

DISTRICT TWO APPOINTMENTS

I move to appoint	as District Two representative to
the Board of Road Viewers to se	rve a four-year term beginning January 1,
2024 and ending December 31,	2027. (The term of Charles Edwards
expired December 31, 2023 and	he has declined reappointment.)
I move to appoint	as a District Two representative
• •	nmission to serve a four-year term
•	•
beginning January 1, 2024 and (ending December 31, 2027. (The term of
Thomas Richart expired Decemb	per 31 2015)

DISTRICT THREE APPOINTMENTS

NONE

DISTRICT FOUR APPOINTMENTS

I move to appoint **Dr. Kelly Broz** as District Four representative to the Parks and Recreation Advisory Commission to complete a three-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This seat was held by Kara Larochelle who has resigned.)

DISTRICT FIVE APPOINTMENTS

I move to appoint the Airport Advisory Commission to serve January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, Wright expired December 31, 2023.)	a four-year term beginning
I move to appoint the Purchase of Development Rights Comrterm ending June 30, 2024. (The term of 2021.)	nittee to complete a three-year
I move to appoint the Social Services Advisory Board to com 30, 2025. (The seat was previously held be a seat which h	plete a four-year term ending June

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 APPOINTMENTS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Cons Agenda items)			
Subject	Appointments - Not	Delegated by District	
Issue			
Recommendation			
Fiscal Implicatior	ns		
Policy Implication	ns		
Legislative Histor	-y		
Discussion			
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:	
Request prepared by: Copy provided to:	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687
ATTACHMENTS: Description	DT Delegated by District (Type (PDF) Cover Memo	
REVIEWERS:			
Department Clerk Administration Attorney	Reviewer Watkins, Wanda Hathaway, Rodney Everard, Joshua	Action Approved Approved Approved	Date 2/2/2024 - 12:30 PM 2/2/2024 - 2:36 PM 2/5/2024 - 8:24 AM

Boards and Commissions not Delegated by District

Board of Building Code Appeals/Bo complete a four-year term ending	as an at large member of the large of the large of Fire Prevention Code Appeals to December 31, 2025. (The term of David 2021. This appointment should be made
Board of Building Code Appeals/Bo serve a four-year term beginning J	as an at large member of the pard of Fire Prevention Code Appeals to lanuary 1, 2024 and ending December 31, clin expired December 31, 2019. This are <u>District 2 BOS Member</u> .)
Board of Building Code Appeals/Bo complete a four-year term ending	as an at large member of the ard of Fire Prevention Code Appeals to December 31, 2026. (The term of Jeffrey 2022. This appointment should be made
Board of Building Code Appeals/Bo	as an <u>alternate</u> member of the pard of Fire Prevention Code Appeals to 31, 2025. <i>(This position has been vacant</i>
as a member of the Board of Equa	for Circuit Court appointment lization to serve a term ending December ominated for 2022. This appointment appoint
the Clean County Committee to se	as an at large representative to rve a four-year term beginning January 1, 26. (This is a new position created by the January 9, 2023.)
	as an at large representative to rve a four-year term beginning January 1, 26. (This is a new position created by the January 9, 2023.)

PLEASE NOTE – The following 4 appointments are for the Housing Advisory Committee. This committee was chartered by Resolution R-19-23 on July 13, 2023. Members will serve until the work is completed and **your** appointees DO NOT have to reside within your district.

I move to appoint	_ as a representative to the
Housing Advisory Committee. (This is a I	new position created by the
adoption of Resolution R-19-23 on July 1.	
be made by the <u>District 1 BOS Member</u> .)	
,,	
I move to appoint	as a representative to the
Housing Advisory Committee. (This is a I	
adoption of Resolution R-19-23 on July 1.	
be made by the District 4 BOS Member.	o, acad made appearance and and
be made by the <u>bistrict i bee Hember</u> ly	
I move to appoint	as a representative to the
Housing Advisory Committee. (This is a I	new position created by the
adoption of Resolution R-19-23 on July 1.	
be made by the <u>District 4 BOS Member</u> .)	5, 2025. This appointment should
be made by the bistrict 4 bos Member.	
I move to appoint	as a representative to the
Housing Advisory Committee. (This is a I	
adoption of Resolution R-19-23 on July 1.	•
be made by the <u>District 5 BOS Member</u> .)	5, 2025. This appointment should
be made by the bistrict 5 bos member.)	
I move to appoint	as an at large representative to
the Purchase of Development Rights Com	_ as an actarge representative to
beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 3	
expired June 30, 2023. Mr. Gray was app	
representative on January 10, 2024.)	Jointed as the District 2
representative on January 10, 2024.)	
I move to appoint	as an at large representative to
the Purchase of Development Rights Com	
beginning July 1, 2022 and ending June 3	
Wallace, III expired on June 30, 2022.)	ou, 2025. (The term of william
Wallace, III explied oil Julie 30, 2022.)	
PLEASE NOTE - The following 11 appoin	itments are for the Youth
Community Service Committee. The term	
DO NOT have to reside within your di	
adult member positions are currently vac	
addit member positions are currently vac	unc.
I move to appoint	as a youth member of the New
Kent County Youth Community Service Co	ommittee to serve a one-vear term
rent country routin committee of the co	Similated to serve a one year term

ending December 31, 2024. (This seat was held by Ella Joel who graduated in 2023. This appointment should be made by the <u>District 1 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This seat was held by Lucy Vick who graduated in 2022. This appointment should be made by the District 1 BOS Member.)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This seat was held by Lauren Vick who graduated in 2022. This appointment should be made by the District 1 BOS Member.)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (Alexis Sarquah had been serving and her term expired on December 31, 2022. Alexis will be a 2024 graduate. This appointment should be made by the <u>District 2 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (Andel Sarquah had been serving and her term expired on December 31, 2022. Andel will be a 2024 graduate. This appointment should be made by the <u>District 2 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This appointment should be made by the <u>District 4 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This appointment should be made by the <u>District 4 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This appointment should be made by the <u>District 4 BOS Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term

ending December 31, 2024. <i>(This seat was held by Ellie Davis who</i> graduated in 2023. This appointment should be made by the <u>District 5 BOS</u> <u>Member</u> .)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (Sarah Miller had been serving and her term expired on December 31, 2023. Sarah will be a 2024 graduate. This appointment should be made by the District 5 BOS Member.)
I move to appoint as a youth member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a one-year term ending December 31, 2024. (This seat was held by Serra Swartout who graduated in 2023. This appointment should be made by the District 5 BOS Member.)
I move to appoint as an adult member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a three-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2026. (Joe Swartout had been serving and his term expired December 31, 2023.)
I move to appoint as an adult member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a three-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2026. (This seat was held by Peggy Spiak who stepped down effective June 30, 2022.)
I move to appoint as an adult member of the New Kent County Youth Community Service Committee to serve a three-year term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, 2026. (Tonnie Swartout had been serving and her term expired December 31, 2023.)
I move to appoint <u>Lee Tyson</u> as an alternate representative to the Board of Zoning Appeals to complete a Five-year term beginning January 1, 2022 and ending June 30, 2026. (Lee Tyson had been serving and his term expired on December 31, 2021. Lee consistently files the annual conflict of interest report although he has not officially been reappointed.)

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 APPOINTMENTS

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conse Agenda items)					
Subject	Appointments - Reg	Appointments - Regional Boards and Commissions			
Issue					
Recommendation					
Fiscal Implication	s				
Policy Implication	s				
Legislative Histor	у				
Discussion					
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:			
	W. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687		
Copy provided to:					
ATTACHMENTS: Description Appointments - R (PDF)	egional Boards and Com	Type nmissions Cover Memo)		
REVIEWERS: Department Clerk Administration Attorney	Reviewer Watkins, Wanda Hathaway, Rodney Everard, Joshua	Action Approved Approved Approved	Date 2/2/2024 - 12:30 PM 2/2/2024 - 2:38 PM 2/5/2024 - 8:29 AM		

Regional Boards and Commissions

the Heritage Library Board of Tru- July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, expired on June 30, 2023. Appoi	as the District 5 representative to stees to serve a four-year term beginning 2027. (The term of Connie C. Nalls ntees are limited to two consecutive terms
and Ms. Nalls is not eligible for re	appointment.)
Commission representative to the Commission to serve a one-year	n Hathaway as New Kent's Planning PlanRVA Regional Planning District term beginning January 1, 2024 and ending Commission has recommended Rev. Dr. (1)
Richmond Regional Transportation serve a four-year term beginning 2027. (This seat was held by Pat 31, 2023. New Kent has two sea	as a New Kent appointee to the n Planning Organization Policy Board to January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, ricia Paige and the term expired December ts on this board and John Moyer has been as Evelyn is currently the alternate.)
Richmond Regional Transportation serve a four-year term beginning 2027. (This seat was held by Pat	as New Kent's appointee to the Planning Organization Executive Board to January 1, 2024 and ending December 31, cricia Paige and the term expired December pointed as alternate on 1/10/24 to fill a s Tiller, Jr.)
term ending December 31, 2025.	
I move to appoint Thrive Virginia Board to complete 2024. (Inc. Swartout had been se	as a New Kent representative to the a four-year term ending December 31,

New Kent County Board of Supervisors P O Box 150, 12007 Courthouse Circle New Kent, VA 23124

AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

(TO BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 12 DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING)

Meeting Date: 2/12/2024 ADJOURNMENT

Motion: "Mr. Chairman, I move (not required for Conser Agenda items)	IACHOURN.			
Subject	Adjournment			
Issue				
Recommendation	Approval			
Fiscal Implications				
Policy Implications				
Legislative History				
Discussion	Supervisors will be 2024 and the next February 27, 2024	The next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Supervisors will be held at 6:00 p.m. on Monday, March 11, 2024 and the next work session will be held on Tuesday, February 27, 2024, both in the Boardroom of the County Administration Building.		
Time Needed:		Person Appearing:		
	V. Watkins, Deputy Clerk of the Board	Telephone:	804-966-9687	
Copy provided to:				
ATTACHMENTS: Description Closed Session Mo	tions (PDF)	Type Cover Memo)	
REVIEWERS: Department	Reviewer	Action	Date	

Watkins, Wanda Approved

Clerk

2/2/2024 - 12:42 PM

MOTIONS FOR CONVENING A CLOSED SESSION

1	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.1 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or resignation of specific public officers, appointees, or County employees) involving	
3	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.3 of the Code of Virginia for discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the County) involving	
4	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.4 of the Code of Virginia for (the protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business) involving	
5	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.5 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in locating or expanding its facilities in the community) involving	
6	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.6 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the County would be adversely affected) involving	
7	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.7 of the Code of Virginia for (consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the negotiating or litigating posture of the public body; and consultation will legal counsel employed or retained by the Board regarding specific legal matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel) involving	
19	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.19 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity and briefings by staff members, legal counsel, or law-enforcement or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to respond to such activity or a related threat to public safety; or discussion of reports or plans related to the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of persons using such facility, building or structure) involving	
28	I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.28 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion or consideration of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected local jurisdiction, as those terms are defined in § 56-557, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise the responsible public entity concerning such records) involving	

- I move to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711A.32 of the Code of Virginia for (discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary records and trade secrets excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6.) involving _____

CERTIFICATION OF CLOSED SESSION

A. Motion

I move that the Board certify by roll call vote that to the best of each member's knowledge only public business matters lawfully exempted from open session requirements of the Freedom of Information Act and identified in the motion to go into closed session were heard, discussed or considered in the closed session.

B. Vote taken on certification.

Present:	Vote
riesem.	VOLE

Thomas W. Evelyn John P. Moyer Amy M. Pearson Ron Stiers Jordan T. Stewart